```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include "y86asm.h"
line t *y86bin listhead = NULL;
                                    /* the head of y86 binary code line list*/
line t *y86bin listtail = NULL;
                                  /* the tail of y86 binary code line list*/
int y86asm lineno = 0; /* the current line number of y86 assemble code */
#define err_print(_s, _a ...) do { \
  if (y86asm lineno < 0) \setminus
    fprintf(stderr, "[--]: "_s"\n", ## _a); \
  else \
    fprintf(stderr, "[L%d]: "_s"\n", y86asm_lineno, ## _a); \
} while (0);
int vmaddr = 0;
                  /* vm addr */
/* register table */
reg_t reg_table[REG_CNT] = {
     {"%eax", REG EAX},
     {"%ecx", REG ECX},
     {"%edx", REG EDX},
     {"%ebx", REG_EBX},
     {"%esp", REG ESP},
     {"%ebp", REG_EBP},
     {"%esi", REG ESI},
     {"%edi", REG EDI},
};
regid_t find_register(char *name)
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < REG CNT; i++)
         if (!strncmp(name, reg_table[i].name, 4))
              return reg table[i].id;
    return REG ERR;
}
/* instruction set */
instr t instr set[] = {
```

```
{"nop", 3,
                HPACK(I NOP, F NONE), 1 },
    {"halt", 4,
              HPACK(I HALT, F NONE), 1 },
    {"rrmovl", 6,HPACK(I RRMOVL, F NONE), 2 },
    {"cmovle", 6,HPACK(I RRMOVL, C LE), 2 },
    {"cmovl", 5, HPACK(I_RRMOVL, C_L), 2 },
    {"cmove", 5, HPACK(I RRMOVL, C E), 2 },
    {"cmovne", 6,HPACK(I RRMOVL, C NE), 2 },
    {"cmovge", 6,HPACK(I RRMOVL, C GE), 2 },
    {"cmovg", 5, HPACK(I_RRMOVL, C G), 2 },
    {"irmovl", 6,HPACK(I IRMOVL, F NONE), 6},
    {"rmmovl", 6,HPACK(I RMMOVL, F NONE), 6},
    {"mrmovl", 6,HPACK(I MRMOVL, F NONE), 6},
    {"addl", 4,
               HPACK(I ALU, A ADD), 2 \},
               HPACK(I ALU, A SUB), 2 },
    {"subl", 4,
    {"andl", 4,
               HPACK(I ALU, A AND), 2 \},
    {"xorl", 4,
               HPACK(I ALU, A XOR), 2 },
    {"jmp", 3,
                HPACK(I JMP, C YES), 5 },
    {"jle", 3,
               HPACK(I JMP, C LE), 5 \},
    {"il", 2,
               HPACK(I JMP, C L), 5 \},
    {"je", 2,
                HPACK(I JMP, C E), 5 \},
    {"jne", 3,
                HPACK(I JMP, C NE), 5 },
    {"jge", 3,
                HPACK(I JMP, C GE), 5 \},
    {"jg", 2,
                HPACK(I JMP, C G), 5 \},
    {"call", 4,
               HPACK(I CALL, F NONE), 5 },
               HPACK(I RET, F NONE), 1 },
    {"ret", 3,
    {"pushl", 5, HPACK(I PUSHL, F NONE), 2 },
    {"popl", 4, HPACK(I_POPL, F_NONE), 2},
    {".byte", 5, HPACK(I DIRECTIVE, D DATA), 1 },
    {".word", 5, HPACK(I DIRECTIVE, D DATA), 2},
    {".long", 5, HPACK(I DIRECTIVE, D DATA), 4},
    {".pos", 4, HPACK(I DIRECTIVE, D POS), 0},
    {".align", 6,HPACK(I DIRECTIVE, D ALIGN), 0 },
    {NULL, 1,
                  0
                      , 0 } //end
};
instr t *find instr(char *name)
    int i;
    for (i = 0; instr set[i].name; i++)
    if (strncmp(instr_set[i].name, name, instr_set[i].len) == 0)
        return &instr set[i];
    return NULL;
}
```

```
/* symbol table (don't forget to init and finit it) */
symbol_t *symtab = NULL;
/*
 * find symbol: scan table to find the symbol
 * args
        name: the name of symbol
 * return
        symbol t: the 'name' symbol
        NULL: not exist
symbol t *find symbol(char *name)
    symbol t *p = symtab - next;
    while(p != NULL) {
         if(strcmp(name,p->name)==0)
              return p;
         p = p - next;
    return NULL;
}
 * add symbol: add a new symbol to the symbol table
 * args
        name: the name of symbol
 * return
        0: success
        -1: error, the symbol has exist
int add symbol(char *name)
    /* check duplicate */
    if(find symbol(name))
         return -1;
    /* create new symbol t (don't forget to free it)*/
    symbol t *p = (symbol t*)malloc(sizeof(symbol t));
    p->name = (char*)malloc((strlen(name)+1)*sizeof(char));
    strcpy(p->name,name);
    /* add the new symbol t to symbol table */
    p->addr = vmaddr;
    p->next = symtab->next;
```

```
symtab->next = p;
    return 0:
}
/* relocation table (don't forget to init and finit it) */
reloc t *reltab = NULL;
/*
 * add_reloc: add a new relocation to the relocation table
        name: the name of symbol
 * return
        0: success
        -1: error, the symbol has exist
void add reloc(char *name, bin t *bin,int entry)
    /* create new reloc t (don't forget to free it)*/
    reloc t *p = (reloc t*)malloc(sizeof(reloc t));
    p->name = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char) * (strlen(name)+1));
    strcpy(p->name,name);
    p->y86bin = bin;
    p->entry = entry;
    /* add the new reloc t to relocation table */
    p->next = reltab->next;
    reltab->next=p;
}
/* macro for parsing y86 assembly code */
#define
                CHECK PARSE ERR( r, s)
                                                       do
                                                                   \{if(r)\}
PARSE ERR){line->type=TYPE ERR;err print(_s);goto out;}} while(0);
#define IS DIGIT(s) ((*(s)>='0' && *(s)<='9') \| *(s)=='-' \| *(s)=='+')
#define IS LETTER(s) ((*(s)>='a' && *(s)<='z') \| (*(s)>='A' && *(s)<='Z') \|
#define IS COMMENT(s) (*(s)=='#')
#define IS REG(s) (*(s)=='%')
#define IS IMM(s) (*(s)=='$')
#define IS BLANK(s) (*(s)==' ' \| *(s)=='\t')
#define IS END(s) (*(s)=='\0')
#define SKIP BLANK(s) do {
```

```
while(!IS_END(s) && IS_BLANK(s)) \
    (s)++;
} while(0);
/* return value from different parse xxx function */
typedef enum { PARSE ERR=-1, PARSE REG, PARSE DIGIT, PARSE SYMBOL,
    PARSE MEM, PARSE DELIM, PARSE INSTR, PARSE LABEL} parse t;
 * parse instr: parse an expected data token (e.g., 'rrmovl')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        inst: point to the inst t within instr set
 * return
        PARSE INSTR: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                   and store the pointer of the instruction to 'inst'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr' and 'inst' are undefined
parse t parse instr(char **ptr, instr t **inst)
    char *cur = *ptr;
    instr t *tmp;
    /* skip the blank */
    SKIP BLANK(cur);
    if (IS_END(cur))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* find instr and check end */
    tmp = find instr(cur);
    if (tmp == NULL)
         return PARSE ERR;
    cur += tmp->len;
    if (!IS END(cur) && !IS BLANK(cur))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* set 'ptr' and 'inst' */
    *inst = tmp;
    *ptr = cur;
    return PARSE INSTR;
}
```

```
/*
 * parse delim: parse an expected delimiter token (e.g., ',')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
 * return
        PARSE DELIM: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr' and 'delim' are undefined
 */
parse t parse delim(char **ptr, char delim)
     /* skip the blank and check */
     SKIP_BLANK(*ptr);
     if (IS END(*ptr))
            return PARSE ERR;
     if(**ptr==delim) {
     /* set 'ptr' */
         (*ptr)++;
         return PARSE DELIM;
     }
     return PARSE ERR;
}
/*
 * parse reg: parse an expected register token (e.g., '%eax')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        regid: point to the regid of register
 * return
        PARSE REG: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                 and store the regid to 'regid'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr' and 'regid' are undefined
 */
parse_t parse_reg(char **ptr, regid t *regid)
{
     /* skip the blank and check */
     SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
     if(IS END(*ptr) || !IS REG(*ptr) || find register(*ptr)==REG ERR)
         return PARSE ERR;
     /* find register */
     *regid=find register(*ptr);
     /* set 'ptr' and 'regid' */
     *ptr += 4;
```

```
return PARSE_REG;
}
 * parse symbol: parse an expected symbol token (e.g., 'Main')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        name: point to the name of symbol (should be allocated in this function)
 * return
        PARSE SYMBOL: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                         and allocate and store name to 'name'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr' and 'name' are undefined
parse t parse symbol(char **ptr, char **name)
     /* skip the blank and check */
     SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
     if (IS END(*ptr))
          return PARSE ERR;
     char* cur = *ptr;
     while(IS LETTER(*ptr) || (**ptr <= '9' && **ptr >= '0'))
          (*ptr)++;
     size t len = *ptr-cur;
     /* allocate name and copy to it */
     *name = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(len+2));
     strncpy(*name,cur,len);
     (*name)[len] = '\0';
     /* set 'ptr' and 'name' */
     return PARSE SYMBOL;
}
 * parse digit: parse an expected digit token (e.g., '0x100')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        value: point to the value of digit
 * return
        PARSE DIGIT: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token
                                     and store the value of digit to 'value'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr' and 'value' are undefined
parse t parse digit(char **ptr, long *value)
```

```
{
    /* skip the blank and check */
    SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
    if (IS END(*ptr))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* calculate the digit, (NOTE: see strtoll()) */
    char* dig;
    *value = strtoll(*ptr,&dig,0);
    if(dig == *ptr)
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* set 'ptr' and 'value' */
    *ptr = dig;
    return PARSE DIGIT;
}
 * parse imm: parse an expected immediate token (e.g., '$0x100' or 'STACK')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        name: point to the name of symbol (should be allocated in this function)
        value: point to the value of digit
 * return
        PARSE DIGIT: success, the immediate token is a digit,
                                     move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                     and store the value of digit to 'value'
        PARSE SYMBOL: success, the immediate token is a symbol,
                                     move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                     and allocate and store name to 'name'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr', 'name' and 'value' are undefined
 */
parse t parse imm(char **ptr, char **name, long *value)
    /* skip the blank and check */
    SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
    if (IS END(*ptr))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* if IS IMM, then parse the digit */
    if(IS IMM(*ptr)) {
         (*ptr)++; /* jump over $ */
         if(parse digit(ptr,value) == PARSE ERR)
              return PARSE ERR;
         return PARSE_DIGIT;
     }
```

```
/* if IS LETTER, then parse the symbol */
    if(IS LETTER(*ptr)) {
         if(parse symbol(ptr,name) == PARSE ERR)
              return PARSE ERR;
         return PARSE SYMBOL;
    }
    /* set 'ptr' and 'name' or 'value' */
    return PARSE ERR;
}
 * parse mem: parse an expected memory token (e.g., '8(%ebp)')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        value: point to the value of digit
        regid: point to the regid of register
 * return
        PARSE MEM: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                  and store the value of digit to 'value',
                                  and store the regid to 'regid'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr', 'value' and 'regid' are undefined
parse t parse mem(char **ptr, long *value, regid t *regid)
    /* skip the blank and check */
    SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
    if (IS END(*ptr))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* calculate the digit and register, (ex: (%ebp) or 8(%ebp)) */
    parse digit(ptr,value);
    if(parse delim(ptr,'(') == PARSE ERR)
         return PARSE ERR;
    if(parse reg(ptr,regid) == PARSE ERR)
         return PARSE ERR;
    if(parse delim(ptr,')') == PARSE ERR)
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* set 'ptr', 'value' and 'regid' */
    return PARSE MEM;
}
 * parse data: parse an expected data token (e.g., '0x100' or 'array')
```

```
* args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        name: point to the name of symbol (should be allocated in this function)
        value: point to the value of digit
 * return
        PARSE DIGIT: success, data token is a digit,
                                    and move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                    and store the value of digit to 'value'
        PARSE SYMBOL: success, data token is a symbol,
                                    and move 'ptr' to the first char after token,
                                     and allocate and store name to 'name'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr', 'name' and 'value' are undefined
parse t parse data(char **ptr, char **name, long *value)
    /* skip the blank and check */
    SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
    if (IS END(*ptr))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* if IS DIGIT, then parse the digit */
    if (IS DIGIT(*ptr))
     {
         if(parse digit(ptr,value)==PARSE ERR)
              return PARSE ERR;
         return PARSE DIGIT;
    /* if IS LETTER, then parse the symbol */
    if (IS LETTER(*ptr))
         if (parse symbol(ptr,name)==PARSE ERR)
              return PARSE ERR;
         return PARSE SYMBOL;
    }
    /* set 'ptr', 'name' and 'value' */
    return PARSE ERR;
}
 * parse label: parse an expected label token (e.g., 'Loop:')
 * args
        ptr: point to the start of string
        name: point to the name of symbol (should be allocated in this function)
```

```
* return
        PARSE LABEL: success, move 'ptr' to the first char after token
                                    and allocate and store name to 'name'
        PARSE ERR: error, the value of 'ptr' is undefined
 */
parse t parse label(char **ptr, char **name)
    /* skip the blank and check */
    SKIP BLANK(*ptr);
    if (IS END(ptr))
         return PARSE ERR;
    /* allocate name and copy to it */
    char *cur = *ptr;
    int lenth = 0;
    while (IS LETTER(cur) || (*(cur)<='9' && *(cur)>='0'))
     {
         lenth++;
         cur++;
    }
    if ((*cur)==':') {
         char *temp = malloc(lenth+1);
         memset(temp, '\0', lenth+1);
         memcpy(temp,*ptr,lenth);
          *ptr = cur+1;
         *name = temp;
         return PARSE LABEL;
    }
    /* set 'ptr' and 'name' */
    return PARSE ERR;
}
 * parse line: parse a line of y86 code (e.g., 'Loop: mrmovl (%ecx), %esi')
 * (you could combine above parse xxx functions to do it)
 * args
        line: point to a line t data with a line of y86 assembly code
 * return
        PARSE XXX: success, fill line t with assembled y86 code
          PARSE ERR: error, try to print err information (e.g., instr type and line
number)
 */
type_t parse_line(line_t *line)
```

```
bin t*y86bin;
    char * y86asm; /* a copy of line->y86asm */
    char *label = NULL;
    instr t *inst = NULL;
    char *cur;
    int ret;
    regid t regidA;
    regid t regidB;
    y86bin = \&line->y86bin;
    y86asm = (char *)
         malloc(sizeof(char) * (strlen(line->y86asm) + 1));
    strcpy(y86asm, line->y86asm);
    cur = y86asm;
/* when finish parse an instruction or label, we still need to continue check
* e.g.,
* Loop: mrmovl (%ebp), %ecx
              call SUM #invoke SUM function */
cont:
    /* skip blank and check IS END */
    SKIP BLANK(cur);
    if (IS END(cur))
         goto out; /* done */
    /* is a comment ? */
    if (IS COMMENT(cur)) {
         goto out; /* skip rest */
    }
    /* is a label ? */
    ret = parse label(&cur, &label);
    if (ret == PARSE LABEL) {
         /* add new symbol */
         if (add symbol(label) \leq 0) {
              line->type = TYPE ERR;
              err_print("Dup symbol:%s", label);
              goto out;
         }
```

```
/* set type and y86bin */
    line->type = TYPE INS;
    line->y86bin.addr = vmaddr;
    /* continue */
    goto cont;
}
/* is an instruction ? */
ret = parse instr(&cur, &inst);
CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid instr");
/* set type and y86bin */
line->type = TYPE INS;
y86bin->addr = vmaddr;
y86bin->codes[0] = inst->code;
y86bin->bytes = inst->bytes;
/* update vmaddr */
vmaddr += inst->bytes;
/* parse the rest of instruction according to the itype */
switch (HIGH(inst->code)) {
  /* further partition the y86 instructions according to the format */
  case I_HALT: /* 0:0 - e.g., halt */
  case I NOP: /* 1:0 - e.g., nop */
  case I_RET: { /* 9:0 - e.g., ret" */
    goto cont;
  }
  case I PUSHL: /* A:0 regA:F - e.g., pushl %esp */
  case I POPL: {/* B:0 regA:F - e.g., popl %ebp */
    /* parse register */
    ret = parse reg(&cur,&regidA);
    CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid REG");
    /* set y86bin codes */
    y86bin->codes[1] = HPACK(regidA,REG_NONE);
    goto cont;
  }
  case I RRMOVL:/* 2:x regA,regB - e.g., rrmovl %esp, %ebp */
  case I ALU: { /* 6:x regA,regB - e.g., xorl %eax, %eax */
    ret = parse reg(&cur,&regidA);
    CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid REG");
```

```
CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid ',"');
        ret = parse reg(&cur,&regidB);
        CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid REG");
        y86bin->codes[1] = HPACK(regidA,regidB);
        goto cont;
      }
      case I IRMOVL: { /* 3:0 Imm, regB - e.g., irmovl $-1, %ebx */
        long lval;
        char* symbol;
        ret = parse imm(&cur,&symbol,&lval);
        CHECK_PARSE_ERR(ret,"Invalid Immediate");
        int ret1 = parse delim(&cur,',');
        CHECK PARSE ERR(ret1,"Invalid',"");
        ret1 = parse reg(&cur,&regidA);
        CHECK PARSE ERR(ret1,"Invalid REG");
        y86bin->codes[1] = HPACK(0xF,regidA);
        if (ret == PARSE DIGIT) {
             y86bin->codes[2] = lval & 0xFF;
             y86bin-codes[3] = (lval>>8) \& 0xFF;
             y86bin-codes[4] = (lval>>16) & 0xFF;
             y86bin-codes[5] = (lval>>24) & 0xFF;
        else if (ret == PARSE SYMBOL)
             add reloc(symbol,y86bin,2);
        goto cont;
      }
      case I RMMOVL: { /* 4:0 regA, D(regB) - e.g., rmmovl %eax, 8(%esp)
*/
        long lval;
        ret = parse reg(&cur,&regidA);
        CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid REG");
        ret = parse delim(&cur,',');
        CHECK_PARSE_ERR(ret,"Invalid ',"");
```

ret = parse delim(&cur,',');

```
ret = parse mem(&cur,&lval,&regidB);
  CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid MEM");
  y86bin->codes[1] = HPACK(regidA,regidB);
  y86bin->codes[2] = lval & 0xFF;
  y86bin-codes[3] = (lval>>8) & 0xFF;
  y86bin-codes[4] = (lval>>16) \& 0xFF;
  y86bin-codes[5] = (lval>>24) & 0xFF;
  goto cont;
}
case I_MRMOVL: { /* 5:0 D(regB), regA - e.g., mrmovl 8(%ebp), %ecx */
  long lval;
  ret = parse mem(&cur,&lval,&regidB);
  CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid MEM");
  ret = parse delim(&cur,',');
  CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid',"");
  ret = parse reg(&cur,&regidA);
  CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid REG");
  y86bin->codes[1] = HPACK(regidA,regidB);
  y86bin->codes[2] = lval & 0xFF;
  v86bin-codes[3] = (lval>>8) & 0xFF;
  v86bin-codes[4] = (|val>>16) \& 0xFF;
  y86bin-codes[5] = (lval>>24) \& 0xFF;
  goto cont;
}
            /* 7:x dest - e.g., je End */
case I JMP:
case I_CALL: {/* 8:x dest - e.g., call Main */
  long lval;
  char* symbol;
  ret = parse imm(&cur,&symbol,&lval);
  CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid DEST");
  if(ret == PARSE SYMBOL)
      add reloc(symbol, y86bin, 1);
  if(ret == PARSE DIGIT) {
      y86bin->codes[1] = lval & 0xFF;
      v86bin-codes[2] = (lval>>8) & 0xFF;
      y86bin-codes[3] = (lval>>16) \& 0xFF;
      y86bin-codes[4] = (lval>>24) \& 0xFF;
```

```
}
  goto cont;
}
case I DIRECTIVE: {
  /* further partition directive according to dtv t */
  switch (LOW(inst->code)) {
                         /* .long data - e.g., .long 0xC0 */
    case D DATA: {
       long lval;
       char* symbol;
       ret = parse digit(&cur,&lval);
       /*CHECK_PARSE_ERR(ret,"Invalid digit");*/
       if(ret == PARSE ERR)
       {
           ret = parse symbol(&cur,&symbol);
           add_reloc(symbol,y86bin,0);
       y86bin->codes[0] = lval & 0xFF;
       if(inst->bytes>=2)
           y86bin-codes[1] = (lval>>8) & 0xFF;
       if(inst->bytes==4) {
           y86bin-codes[2] = (lval>>16) & 0xFF;
           y86bin-codes[3] = (lval>>24) & 0xFF;
       }
       goto cont;
    }
    case D POS: {
                     /* .pos D - e.g., .pos 0x100 */
       long pos;
       ret = parse digit(&cur,&pos);
       CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid digit");
       vmaddr = pos;
       y86bin->addr = pos;
       goto cont;
    }
    case D ALIGN: {
                         /* .align D - e.g., .align 4 */
       long align;
       ret = parse digit(&cur,&align);
       CHECK PARSE ERR(ret,"Invalid digit");
       if(vmaddr % align != 0) {
           vmaddr += align - vmaddr % align;
```

```
y86bin->addr = vmaddr;
               }
               goto cont;
            }
            default:
               line->type = TYPE ERR;
               err_print("Unknown directive");
               goto out;
          }
         break;
       }
       default:
         line->type = TYPE ERR;
         err print("Unknown instr");
         goto out;
     }
out:
     free(y86asm);
     return line->type;
}
 * assemble: assemble an y86 file (e.g., 'asum.ys')
 * args
        in: point to input file (an y86 assembly file)
 * return
        0: success, assmble the y86 file to a list of line t
        -1: error, try to print err information (e.g., instr type and line number)
int assemble(FILE *in)
{
     static char asm_buf[MAX_INSLEN]; /* the current line of asm code */
     line t*line;
     int slen;
     char *y86asm;
    /* read y86 code line-by-line, and parse them to generate raw y86 binary code
list */
     while (fgets(asm buf, MAX INSLEN, in) != NULL) {
         slen = strlen(asm buf);
         if ((asm\_buf[slen-1] == '\n') \parallel (asm\_buf[slen-1] == '\r')) \{
               asm buf[--slen] = '\0'; /* replace terminator */
```

```
}
         /* store y86 assembly code */
         y86asm = (char *)malloc(sizeof(char) * (slen + 1)); // free in finit
         strcpy(y86asm, asm buf);
         line = (line t *)malloc(sizeof(line t)); // free in finit
         memset(line, '\0', sizeof(line_t));
         /* set defualt */
         line->type = TYPE COMM;
         line-y86asm = y86asm;
         line->next = NULL;
         /* add to y86 binary code list */
         y86bin listtail->next = line;
         y86bin listtail = line;
         y86asm lineno ++;
         /* parse */
         if (parse line(line) == TYPE ERR)
              return -1;
     }
     /* skip line number information in err print() */
     y86asm lineno = -1;
     return 0;
}
 * relocate: relocate the raw y86 binary code with symbol address
 * return
        0: success
        -1: error, try to print err information (e.g., addr and symbol)
 */
int relocate(void)
     reloc t *rtmp = NULL;
     rtmp = reltab->next;
     while (rtmp) {
         /* find symbol */
         symbol t *symbol = find symbol(rtmp->name);
```

```
if(symbol == NULL)  {
              err print("Unknown symbol: ",rtmp->name);
              return -1;
         /* relocate y86bin according itype */
         int entry = rtmp->entry;
         rtmp->y86bin->codes[entry] = symbol->addr & 0xFF;
         rtmp->y86bin->codes[entry+1] = (symbol->addr >> 8) & 0xFF;
         rtmp->y86bin->codes[entry+2] = (symbol->addr >> 16) & 0xFF;
         rtmp->y86bin->codes[entry+3] = (symbol->addr >> 24) & 0xFF;
         /* next */
         rtmp = rtmp->next;
    }
    return 0;
}
 * binfile: generate the y86 binary file
 * args
        out: point to output file (an y86 binary file)
 * return
        0: success
        -1: error
int binfile(FILE *out)
    /* prepare image with y86 binary code */
    line t *tmp = y86bin listhead->next;
    char *buf = (char*)calloc(1,MAX INSLEN * 6);
    char *buf beg = buf;
    long pos;
    while(tmp != NULL) {
         buf = buf beg + tmp->y86bin.addr;
         memcpy(buf,tmp->y86bin.codes,tmp->y86bin.bytes);
         if(tmp->y86bin.bytes!=0)
              pos = tmp->y86bin.addr+tmp->y86bin.bytes;
         tmp = tmp->next;
    /* binary write y86 code to output file (NOTE: see fwrite()) */
    fwrite(buf beg,1,pos,out);
    return 0;
```

```
/* whether print the readable output to screen or not ? */
bool t screen = FALSE;
static void hexstuff(char *dest, int value, int len)
     int i;
     for (i = 0; i < len; i++) {
          char c;
          int h = (value >> 4*i) \& 0xF;
          c = h < 10 ? h + '0' : h - 10 + 'a';
          dest[len-i-1] = c;
     }
}
void print_line(line_t *line)
     char buf[26];
     /* line format: 0xHHH: cccccccccc | <line> */
     if (line->type == TYPE_INS) {
          bin t *y86bin = \&line->y86bin;
          int i;
          strepy(buf, " 0x000:
                                                  |");
          hexstuff(buf+4, y86bin->addr, 3);
          if (y86bin->bytes > 0)
               for (i = 0; i < y86bin->bytes; i++)
                    hexstuff(buf+9+2*i, y86bin->codes[i]&0xFF, 2);
     } else {
          strcpy(buf, "
                                                  |");
     printf("%s%s\n", buf, line->y86asm);
}
 * print screen: dump readable binary and assembly code to screen
 * (e.g., Figure 4.8 in ICS book)
void print_screen(void)
```

```
line_t *tmp = y86bin_listhead->next;
     /* line by line */
     while (tmp != NULL) {
          print line(tmp);
          tmp = tmp->next;
     }
}
/* init and finit */
void init(void)
{
     reltab = (reloc t *)malloc(sizeof(reloc t)); // free in finit
     memset(reltab, 0, sizeof(reloc t));
     symtab = (symbol_t *)malloc(sizeof(symbol_t)); // free in finit
     memset(symtab, 0, sizeof(symbol_t));
     y86bin_listhead = (line_t *)malloc(sizeof(line_t)); // free in finit
     memset(y86bin listhead, 0, sizeof(line t));
     y86bin listtail = y86bin listhead;
     y86asm_lineno = 0;
}
void finit(void)
     reloc_t *rtmp = NULL;
     do {
          rtmp = reltab->next;
          if (reltab->name)
               free(reltab->name);
          free(reltab);
          reltab = rtmp;
     } while (reltab);
     symbol t *stmp = NULL;
     do {
          stmp = symtab->next;
          if (symtab->name)
               free(symtab->name);
          free(symtab);
          symtab = stmp;
     } while (symtab);
```

```
line t *ltmp = NULL;
     do {
          ltmp = y86bin listhead->next;
          if (y86bin listhead->y86asm)
               free(y86bin listhead->y86asm);
          free(y86bin listhead);
          y86bin listhead = ltmp;
     } while (y86bin_listhead);
}
static void usage(char *pname)
{
     printf("Usage: %s [-v] file.ys\n", pname);
                -v print the readable output to screen\n");
     printf("
     exit(0);
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
     int rootlen;
     char infname[512];
     char outfname[512];
     int nextarg = 1;
     FILE *in = NULL, *out = NULL;
     if (argc < 2)
          usage(argv[0]);
     if (argv[nextarg][0] == '-') {
          char flag = argv[nextarg][1];
          switch (flag) {
            case 'v':
               screen = TRUE;
               nextarg++;
               break;
            default:
               usage(argv[0]);
          }
     }
     /* parse input file name */
     rootlen = strlen(argv[nextarg])-3;
     /* only support the .ys file */
     if (strcmp(argv[nextarg]+rootlen, ".ys"))
```

```
usage(argv[0]);
if (rootlen > 500) {
     err print("File name too long");
     exit(1);
}
/* init */
init();
/* assemble .ys file */
strncpy(infname, argv[nextarg], rootlen);
strcpy(infname+rootlen, ".ys");
in = fopen(infname, "r");
if (!in) {
     err print("Can't open input file '%s'", infname);
     exit(1);
}
if (assemble(in) < 0) {
     err print("Assemble y86 code error");
     fclose(in);
     exit(1);
fclose(in);
/* relocate binary code */
if (relocate() < 0) {
     err print("Relocate binary code error");
     exit(1);
}
/* generate .bin file */
strncpy(outfname, argv[nextarg], rootlen);
strcpy(outfname+rootlen, ".bin");
out = fopen(outfname, "wb");
if (!out) {
     err print("Can't open output file '%s'", outfname);
     exit(1);
}
```

```
if (binfile(out) < 0) {
        err_print("Generate binary file error");
        fclose(out);
        exit(1);
}
fclose(out);

/* print to screen (.yo file) */
if (screen)
        print_screen();

/* finit */
finit();
    return 0;
}</pre>
```