404 Sum of Left Leaves

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Question:

```
Find the sum of all left leaves in a given binary tree.
```

```
Example:
```

/\ 9 20 /\

15 7

There are two left leaves in the binary tree, with values 9 and 15 respectively. Return 24.

来自 <https://leetcode.com/problems/sum-of-left-leaves/description/>

计算给定二叉树的所有左叶子之和。

来自 https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/sum-of-left-leaves/description/

Solution for Python3:

```
# Definition for a binary tree node.
1
   # class TreeNode:
       def __init__(self, x):
 3
4 #
             self.val = x
5
             self.left = None
6
             self.right = None
8 class Solution1:
9
    def sumOfLeftLeaves(self, root, isleft = False):
10
11
           :type root: TreeNode
12
           :rtype: int
13
14
           if not root:
15
              return 0
           if not root.left and not root.right:
16
17
              return root.val if isleft else 0
           return self.sumOfLeftLeaves(root.left, True) + self.sumOfLeftLeaves(root.right, False);
18
19
20 class Solution2:
21
      def sumOfLeftLeaves(self, root, isleft = False):
22
23
            :type root: TreeNode
24
            :rtype: int
25
           if not root:
26
27
              return 0
28
           sum = 0
29
           from collections import deque
30
           deq = deque([root])
31
          while deq:
32
              node = deq.pop()
33
              if node.left:
34
                  if not node.left.left and not node.left.right:
35
                      sum += node.left.val
36
                  else:
37
                      deq.append(node.left)
38
              if node.right:
39
                  if node.right.left or not node.right.right:
40
                      deq.append(node.right)
41
            return sum
42
43
   class Solution3:
44
45
     def sumOfLeftLeaves(self, root, isleft = False):
```

```
47
            :type root: TreeNode
48
            :rtype: int
49
50
            if not root:
51
               return 0
52
            sum = 0
53
            if root.left and not root.left.left and not root.left.right:
54
               sum += root.left.val
55
            else:
56
               sum += self.sumOfLeftLeaves(root.left)
57
            sum += self.sumOfLeftLeaves(root.right)
58
            return sum
```

Solution for C++:

```
1
     * Definition for a binary tree node.
     * struct TreeNode {
 3
 4
           int val;
 5
           TreeNode *left;
 6
           TreeNode *right;
 7
           TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
     * };
 8
 9
     */
    class Solution1 {
10
11
    public:
12
        int sumOfLeftLeaves(TreeNode* root, bool isleft = false) {
13
            if (!root)
14
                 return 0;
15
            if (!root->left && !root->right)
16
                 return isleft ? root->val : 0;
17
            return sumOfLeftLeaves(root->left, true) + sumOfLeftLeaves(root->right, false);
18
        }
    };
19
20
21
   class Solution2 {
22
    public:
23
        int sumOfLeftLeaves(TreeNode* root, bool isleft = false) {
            if (!root)
24
25
                 return 0;
26
            int sum = 0;
27
            queue<TreeNode*> que;
28
            que.push(root);
29
            while (!que.empty()) {
30
                 TreeNode* node = que.front();
31
                 que.pop();
32
                 if (node->left)
                     if (node->left->left == NULL && node->left->right == NULL)
33
34
                         sum += node->left->val;
35
                     else
36
                         que.push(node->left);
37
                 if (node->right)
                     if (node->right->left || node->right->right)
38
39
                         que.push(node->right);
40
            }
41
            return sum;
42
        }
43
    };
```