414 Third Maximum Number

```
2018年4月11日
Given a non-empty array of integers, return the third maximum number in this array. If it
does not exist, return the maximum number. The time complexity must be in O(n).
Input: [3, 2, 1]
Output: 1
Explanation: The third maximum is 1.
Example 2:
Input: [1, 2]
Output: 2
Explanation: The third maximum does not exist, so the maximum (2) is returned instead.
Example 3:
Input: [2, 2, 3, 1]
Output: 1
Explanation: Note that the third maximum here means the third maximum distinct number.
Both numbers with value 2 are both considered as second maximum.
来自 < https://leetcode.com/problems/third-maximum-number/description/>
给定一个非空数组,返回此数组中第三大的数。如果不存在,则返回数组中最大的数。要求算法时间
复杂度必须是O(n)。
```

Solution for Python3:

```
1
   class Solution:
 2
        def thirdMax(self, nums):
 3
 4
            :type nums: List[int]
 5
            :rtype: int
 6
 7
            top3 = [float('-inf'), float('-inf'), float('-inf')]
            for num in nums:
 8
               if num not in top3:
 9
                   if num > top3[0]:
10
                       top3 = [num, top3[0], top3[1]]
11
                   elif num > top3[1]:
12
13
                       top3 = [top3[0], num, top3[1]]
14
                   elif num > top3[2]:
                       top3 = [top3[0], top3[1], num]
15
            return max(nums) if float('-inf') in top3 else top3[2]
16
17
```

Solution for C++:

```
class Solution1 {
  public:
    int thirdMax(vector<int>& nums) {
        int f = INT_MIN, s = INT_MIN, t = INT_MIN; //#include<limits.h>
        int m = 0;
        int uniqCnt = 0;
    }
}
```

```
7
             for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); i++) {</pre>
                 if (nums[i] == f || nums[i] == s || nums[i] == t) {
 8
 9
                      if (nums[i] == INT MIN)
10
                          m = 1;
11
                      continue;
12
                 }
13
                 if (nums[i] > f) {
14
                     t = s;
15
                      s = f;
                      f = nums[i];
16
17
                 } else if (nums[i] > s) {
18
                     t = s;
19
                      s = nums[i];
20
                 } else if (nums[i] > t) {
21
                     t = nums[i];
22
23
                 uniqCnt++;
24
             }
25
             return uniqCnt + m < 3 ? f : t;</pre>
26
         }
27
     };
28
29
     class Solution2 {
30
     public:
31
         int thirdMax(vector<int>& nums) {
32
             set<int> top3;
33
             for (int num : nums) {
                 top3.insert(num);
34
                 if (top3.size() > 3) {
35
                      top3.erase(top3.begin());
36
37
                 }
38
             }
             return top3.size() == 3 ? *top3.begin() : *top3.rbegin();
39
40
         }
41
     };
42
43
     class Solution3 {
44
     public:
45
         int thirdMax(vector<int>& nums) {
             set<int> top3;
46
47
             for (int num : nums) {
                 if (top3.insert(num).second && top3.size() > 3) {
48
                      top3.erase(top3.begin());
49
50
                 }
51
             }
52
             return top3.size() == 3 ? *top3.begin() : *top3.rbegin();
53
         }
54
     };
```