111 Minimum Depth of Binary Tree

2018年3月31日 19:48

Question:

Given a binary tree, find its minimum depth.

The minimum depth is the number of nodes along the shortest path from the root node down to the nearest leaf node.

来自 <https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-depth-of-binary-tree/description/>

给定一个二叉树,找出其最小深度。

最小深度是从根节点到最近叶节点的最短路径的节点数量。

Solution for Python3:

```
# Definition for a binary tree node.
 2
    # class TreeNode:
 3
  # def __init__(self, x):
              self.val = x
 4
 5
              self.left = None
              self.right = None
 6
 7
 8
   class Solution1:
 9
        def minDepth(self, root):
10
11
            :type root: TreeNode
12
            :rtype: int
13
14
            if not root:
15
               return 0
16
            if not root.left:
               return 1 + self.minDepth(root.right)
17
18
            if not root.right:
19
                return 1 + self.minDepth(root.left)
            return 1 + min(self.minDepth(root.left), self.minDepth(root.right))
20
21
22
    class Solution2:
        def minDepth(self, root):
23
24
25
            :type root: TreeNode
26
            :rtype: int
27
28
            if not root: return 0
29
            d = map(self.minDepth, (root.left, root.right))
            return 1 + (min(d) or max(d))
30
            # 我们需要加上最小子树的深度,除了该子树深度为0即该子树为空。
31
32
            # 例如, 左子树为空, 右子树为1, 当前节点深度为1+右子树的深度。
33
34
    class Solution2:
35
       def minDepth(self, root):
36
37
            :type root: TreeNode
38
            ·rtvne· int
```

```
if not root: return 0
d, D = sorted(map(self.minDepth, (root.left, root.right)))
return 1 + (d or D)
```

Solution for C++:

```
1
    /**
 2
     * Definition for a binary tree node.
     * struct TreeNode {
 4
     *
            int val;
 5
            TreeNode *left;
            TreeNode *right;
 6
 7
            TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
     * };
8
9
     */
10
    class Solution1 {
    public:
11
         int minDepth(TreeNode* root) {
12
13
            if (root == NULL) {
14
                return 0;
15
            }
            if (root->left == NULL) {
16
17
                return 1 + minDepth(root->right);
18
19
            if (root->right == NULL) {
20
                return 1 + minDepth(root->left);
21
            return 1 + min(minDepth(root->left), minDepth(root->right));
22
23
    };
24
    class Solution2 {
25
26
    public:
27
         int minDepth(TreeNode* root) {
28
            if (!root) return 0;
            int L = minDepth(root->left), R = minDepth(root->right);
29
30
            return 1 + (\min(L, R) ? \min(L, R) : \max(L, R));
            // \text{ return 1 + (L \&\& R ? min(L, R) : max(L, R))};
31
32
            // \text{ return 1 + (!L - !R ? max(L, R) : min(L, R));}
33
         }
34
    };
```