

# 541 Reverse String II

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Given a string and an integer  $k$ , you need to reverse the first  $k$  characters for every  $2k$  characters counting from the start of the string. If there are less than  $k$  characters left, reverse all of them. If there are less than  $2k$  but greater than or equal to  $k$  characters, then reverse the first  $k$  characters and left the other as original.

**Example:**

**Input:**  $s = \text{"abcdefg"}$ ,  $k = 2$

**Output:**  $\text{"bacdfeg"}$

**Restrictions:**

1. The string consists of lower English letters only.
2. Length of the given string and  $k$  will in the range  $[1, 10000]$

来自 <<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-string-ii/description/>>

给定一个字符串和一个整数  $k$ ，你需要对从字符串开头算起的每个  $2k$  个字符的前  $k$  个字符进行反转。如果剩余少于  $k$  个字符，则将剩余的所有全部反转。如果有小于  $2k$  但大于或等于  $k$  个字符，则反转前  $k$  个字符，并将剩余的字符保持原样。

**要求:**

1. 该字符串只包含小写的英文字母。
2. 给定字符串的长度和  $k$  在  $[1, 10000]$  范围内。

## Solution for Python3:

```
1 class Solution:
2     def reverseStr(self, s, k):
3         """
4         :type s: str
5         :type k: int
6         :rtype: str
7         """
8         a = list(s)
9         for i in range(0, len(a), 2*k):
10             a[i:i+k] = reversed(a[i:i+k])
11         return ''.join(a)
```

## Solution for C++:

```

class Solution {
public:
    string reverseStr(string s, int k) {
        for (int p = 0; p < s.length(); p +=
2 * k) {
            int i = p, j = min(p + k - 1,
int(s.length() - 1));
            while (i < j) {
                char t = s[i];
                s[i++] = s[j];
                s[j--] = t;
            }
        }
        return s;
    }
};

```