

## 637 Average of Levels in Binary Tree

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Given a non-empty binary tree, return the average value of the nodes on each level in the form of an array.

**Example 1:**

**Input:**

```
3
 / \
9 20
 / \
15 7
```

**Output:** [3, 14.5, 11]

**Explanation:**

The average value of nodes on level 0 is 3, on level 1 is 14.5, and on level 2 is 11. Hence return [3, 14.5, 11].

**Note:**

1. The range of node's value is in the range of 32-bit signed integer.

来自 <https://leetcode.com/problems/average-of-levels-in-binary-tree/description/>

给定一个非空二叉树, 返回一个由每层节点平均值组成的数组。

**注意:**

1. 节点值的范围在32位有符号整数范围内。

### Solution for Python3:

```
1  # Definition for a binary tree node.
2  # class TreeNode:
3  #     def __init__(self, x):
4  #         self.val = x
5  #         self.left = None
6  #         self.right = None
7
8  class Solution1:
9      def averageOfLevels(self, root):
10         """
11         :type root: TreeNode
12         :rtype: List[float]
13         """
14         from statistics import mean
15         return list(map(mean, self.levelOrder(root)))
16
17     def levelOrder(self, root):
18         levels = []
19         level = [root]
20         while any(level):
21             levels.append([node.val for node in level])
22             level = [kid for node in level for kid in (node.left, node.right) if kid]
23         return levels
24
25 class Solution2:
26     def averageOfLevels(self, root):
27         """
28         :type root: TreeNode
29         :rtype: List[float]
30         """
31         averages = []
32         level = [root]
33         while level:
34             averages.append(sum(node.val for node in level) / len(level))
35             level = [kid for node in level for kid in (node.left, node.right) if kid]
```

**Solution for C++:**

```
1  class Solution1 {
2  public:
3      vector<double> averageOfLevels(TreeNode* root) {
4          vector<double> res;
5          queue<TreeNode*> que;
6          que.push(root);
7          while (!que.empty()) {
8              long tmp = 0;
9              int s = que.size();
10             for (int i = 0; i < s; i++) {
11                 TreeNode* t = que.front();
12                 que.pop();
13                 if (t->left)
14                     que.push(t->left);
15                 if (t->right)
16                     que.push(t->right);
17                 tmp += t->val;
18             }
19             res.push_back((double)tmp/s);
20         }
21         return res;
22     }
23 };
```