

ft\_irc
Internet Relay Chat

Summary: This project is about creating your own IRC server.
You will use an actual IRC client to connect to your server and test it.
The Internet is governed by solid standard protocols that allow connected computers to interact with each other.

 ${\it It's always beneficial to understand these protocols.}$ 

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## Chapter I

## Introduction

**Internet Relay Chat** or IRC is a text-based communication protocol on the Internet. It offers real-time messaging that can be either public or private. Users can exchange direct messages and join group channels.

IRC clients connect to IRC servers in order to join channels. IRC servers are connected together to form a network.

## Chapter II

### General rules

- Your program should not crash in any circumstances (even when it runs out of memory), and should not quit unexpectedly.
  If it happens, your project will be considered non-functional and your grade will be 0.
- You have to turn in a Makefile which will compile your source files. It must not relink.
- Your Makefile must at least contain the rules: \$(NAME), all, clean, fclean and re.
- Compile your code with c++ using the flags -Wall -Wextra -Werror.
- Your code must comply with the C++ 98 standard. Then, it should still compile if you add the flag -std=c++98.
- Try to always code using C++ features when available (for example, choose <cstring> over <string.h>). You are allowed to use C functions, but always prefer their C++ versions if possible.
- Any external library and Boost libraries are forbidden.

# Chapter III Mandatory Part

Program name	ircserv							
Turn in files	Makefile, *.{h, hpp}, *.cpp, *.tpp, *.ipp,							
	an optional configuration file							
Makefile	NAME, all, clean, fclean, re							
Arguments	port: The listening port							
	password: The connection password							
External functs.	Everything in C++ 98.							
	socket, close, setsockopt, getsockname,							
	getprotobyname, gethostbyname, getaddrinfo,							
	freeaddrinfo, bind, connect, listen, accept, htons,							
	htonl, ntohs, ntohl, inet_addr, inet_ntoa, send,							
	recv, signal, sigaction, lseek, fstat, fcntl, poll							
	(or equivalent)							
Libft authorized	n/a							
Description	An IRC server in C++ 98							

You are required to develop an IRC server using the C++ 98 standard.

You **must not** develop an IRC client.

You must not implement server-to-server communication.

Your executable will be run as follows:

- ./ircserv <port> <password>
- port: The port number on which your IRC server will be listening to for incoming IRC connections.
- password: The connection password. It will be needed by any IRC client that tries to connect to your server.



Even though poll() is mentionned in the subject and the evaluation scale, you may use any equivalent such as select(), kqueue(), or epoll().

#### III.1 Requirements

- The server must be capable of handling multiple clients simultaneously without hanging.
- Forking is prohibited. All I/O operations must be **non-blocking**.
- Only 1 poll() (or equivalent) can be used for handling all these operations (read, write, but also listen, and so forth).



Because you have to use non-blocking file descriptors, it is possible to use read/recv or write/send functions with no poll() (or equivalent), and your server wouldn't be blocking. However, it would consume more system resources.

Therefore, if you attempt to read/recv or write/send in any file

descriptor without using poll() (or equivalent), your grade will be

• Several IRC clients exist. You have to choose one of them as a **reference**. Your reference client will be used during the evaluation process.

- Your reference client must be able to connect to your server without encountering any error.
- Communication between client and server has to be done via TCP/IP (v4 or v6).
- Using your reference client with your server must be similar to using it with any official IRC server. However, you only have to implement the following features:
  - You must be able to authenticate, set a nickname, a username, join a channel, send and receive private messages using your reference client.
  - All the messages sent from one client to a channel have to be forwarded to every other client that joined the channel.
  - You must have operators and regular users.
  - Then, you have to implement the commands that are specific to channel operators:
    - \* KICK Eject a client from the channel
    - \* INVITE Invite a client to a channel
    - \* TOPIC Change or view the channel topic
    - \* MODE Change the channel's mode:
      - · i: Set/remove Invite-only channel
      - · t: Set/remove the restrictions of the TOPIC command to channel operators
      - · k: Set/remove the channel key (password)

- · o: Give/take channel operator privilege
- · l: Set/remove the user limit to channel
- Of course, you are expected to write a clean code.

#### III.2 For MacOS only



Since MacOS does not implement write() in the same way as other Unix OSes, you are permitted to use fcntl().

You must use file descriptors in non-blocking mode in order to get a behavior similar to the one of other Unix OSes.



However, you are allowed to use fcntl() only as follows: fcntl(fd, F\_SETFL, O\_NONBLOCK);
Any other flag is forbidden.

#### III.3 Test example

Verify every possible error and issue, such as receiving partial data, low bandwidth, etc.

To ensure that your server correctly processes all data sent to it, the following simple test using nc can be performed:

```
\$> nc -C 127.0.0.1 6667 com^Dman^Dd \$>
```

Use ctrl+D to send the command in several parts: 'com', then 'man', then 'd\n'.

In order to process a command, you have to first aggregate the received packets in order to rebuild it.

# Chapter IV Bonus part

Here are additional features you may add to your IRC server to make it resemble an actual IRC server more closely:

- Handle file transfer.
- A bot.



The bonus part will only be assessed if the mandatory part is PERFECT. Perfect means the mandatory part has been integrally done and works without malfunctioning. If you have not passed ALL the mandatory requirements, your bonus part will not be evaluated at all.

### Chapter V

## Submission and peer-evaluation

Submit your assignment to your Git repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Do not hesitate to double-check the names of your files to ensure they are correct.

You are encouraged to create test programs for your project even though they will not be submitted or graded. Those tests could be especially useful to test your server during defense, but also your peer's if you have to evaluate another ft\_irc one day. Indeed, you are free to use whatever tests you need during the evaluation process.



Your reference client will be used during the evaluation process.



16D85ACC441674FBA2DF65190663F432222F81AA0248081A7C1C1823F7A96F0B74495 15056E97427E5B22F07132659EC8D88B574BD62C94BB654D5835AAD889B014E078705 709F6E02