

Characterizing Respiratory Symptoms and COVID-19 Trends from OMOP-CDM database for Public Health Reporting



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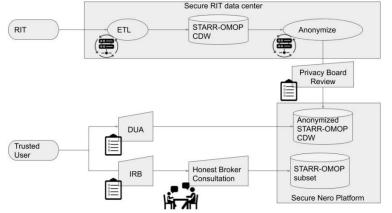
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Introduction

- CDC mandates COVID-19 case reporting but:
 - Lack info on patient demographics
 - o Interoperable health information infrastructure needed
- We used our clinical data warehouse and common data model to answer the CDC's request

"To understand the proportion of patients who present with acute respiratory illnesses being clinically tested for COVID-19 over time across age, sex, ethnicity and race"

Methods



run_date	genderConcept	variable	value	Range
2020-07-21	FEMALE	ARIVisitInTimeRange	24135	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	MALE	ARIVisitInTimeRange	20090	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	No matching concept	ARIVisitInTimeRange	15	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	FEMALE	SARSCoV2TestedInTimeRange	46859	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	MALE	SARSCoV2TestedInTimeRange	32290	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	No matching concept	SARSCoV2TestedInTimeRange	51	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	FEMALE	SARSCoV2DetectedInTimeRange	1358	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	MALE	SARSCoV2DetectedInTimeRange	1412	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	No matching concept	SARSCoV2DetectedInTimeRange	5	['2020-01-01', '2020-07-21']
2020-07-21	FEMALE	first or Last ARIto First SARS CoV2 Tested In Day Range	5860	[-1, 14]
2020-07-21	MALE	first or Last ARI to First SARS CoV2 Tested In Day Range	4541	[-1, 14]
2020-07-21	No matching concept	first or Last ARI to First SARS CoV 2 Tested In Day Range	11	[-1, 14]
2020-07-21	FEMALE	first or Last ARI to First SARS CoV 2 Detected In Day Range	598	[-1, 14]
2020-07-21	MALE	first or Last ARI to First SARS CoV 2 Detected In Day Range	612	[-1, 14]
2020-07-21	No matching concept	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2DetectedInDayRange	0	[-1, 14]

Example Data Delivery

Figure S1: Data governance for the STARR-OMOP dataset (borrowed with permission from

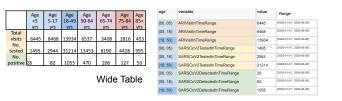
- Stanford Medicine STARR-OMOP¹ de-identified data warehouse, in OMOP-CDM schema², accessed via Google BigQuery.
 - Rapid Prototyping
 - Interoperable (Common Data Model)
 - Data Transfer Agreement

- Visits related to respiratory illnesses (ICD10CM codes)
- SARS-CoV2 NAAT tests and results
- Age, gender, race, ethnicity
- Metadata

Results

- 5 data updates: 6/10/2020 7/21/2020
 - 44,240 patients with respiratory symptoms
 - 79,200 patients receiving SARS-CoV2 tests
 - Update in 3 min, re-run on-demand
- tinyurl.com/stanfordcovidcdcmmwr

Table Design



Single Point of Truth



ARI & COVID associations

age	variable	value	range
[00, 05)	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2TestedInDayRange	199	[-1, 14]
[05, 18)	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2TestedInDayRange	369	[-1, 14]
[18, 50)	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2TestedInDayRange	4091	[-1, 14]
[00, 05)	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2DetectedInDayRange	18	[-1, 14]
[05, 18)	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2DetectedInDayRange	42	[-1, 14]
[18, 50)	firstorLastARItoFirstSARSCoV2DetectedInDayRange	451	[-1, 14]

Automated with Traceback



Conclusion

- OMOP-CDM served urgent public health need by facilitating rapid, iterative reporting for clinical trends during a pandemic.
- Limitations: Missing values (workflow/transformation issues?)

References

- Datta S, Posada J, Olson G, Li W, O'Reilly C, Balraj, D, Mesterhazy J, Pallas J, Desai P, Shah NH. A new paradigm for accelerating clinical data science at Stanford Medicine. Arxiv preprint.
- Hripcsak G, Duke JD, Shah NH, Reich CG, Huser V, Schuemie MJ, Suchard MA, Park RW, Wong ICK, Rijnbeek PR, Lei J van der, Pratt N, Norén GK, Li Y-C, Stang PE, Madigan I and Ryan PB. Observational health data sciences and informatics (OHDSI): opportunities for observational researchers. Stud Health Technol Inform. 2015; 216: 574–578