

CE30 – Discussion 9

Torsion

Textbook: 10.1, 10.2, 10.3

Caglar Tamur

Spring 2024

Instructor: Shaofan Li

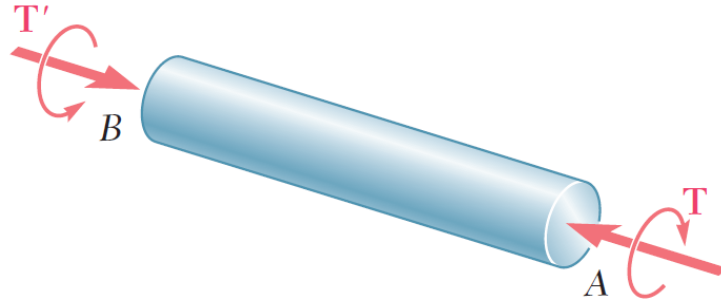
Announcements

- HW9 Problems from the textbook:

10.7, 10.32, 10.41, 10.54

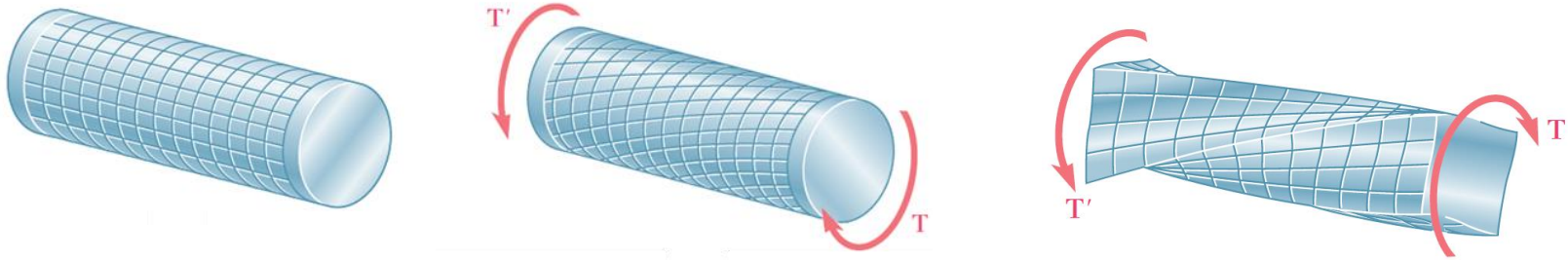
Members in Torsion

- Torsion: Twisting of an object, subjected to a moment
- A moment that causes twisting = "**Torque**"
- Torque is denoted by **T** and have units of (Force x distance)

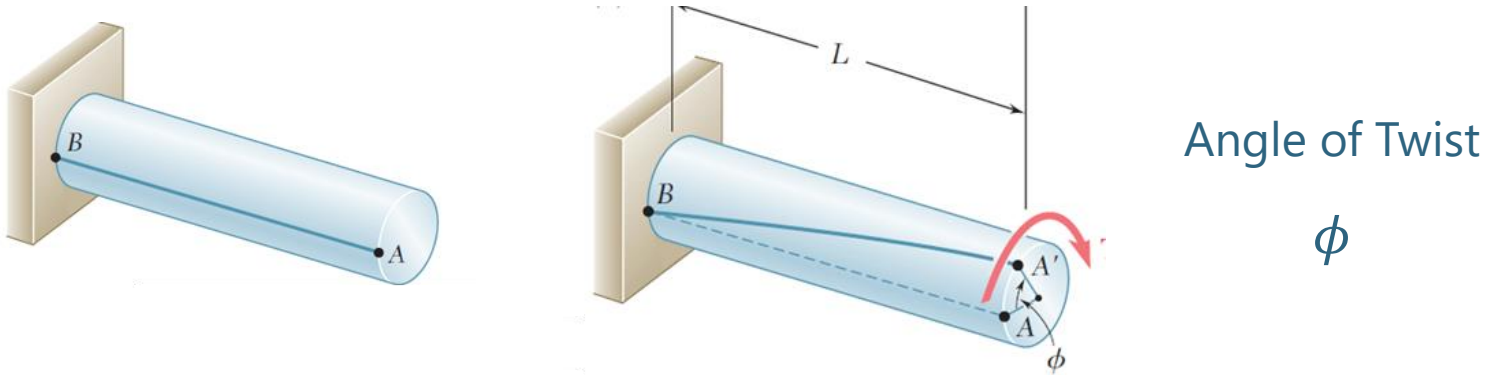


Torsion of Circular Bars

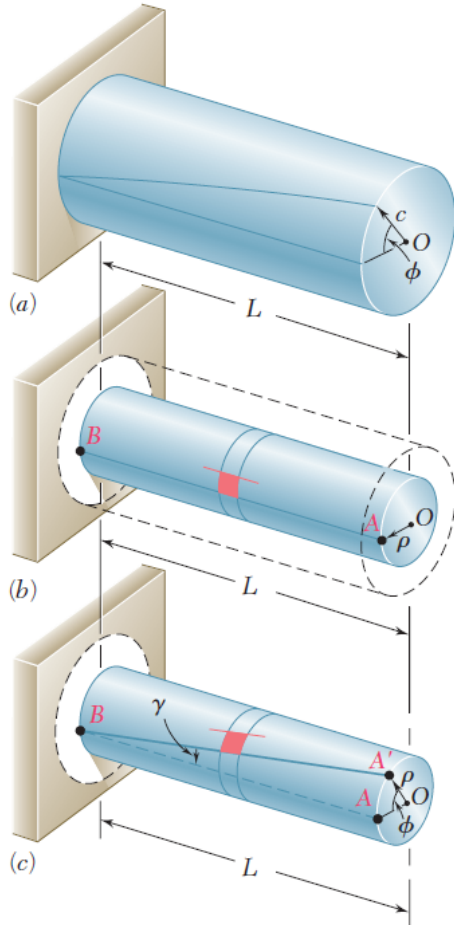
- Individual cross-sections do not get twisted (if axisymmetric)



- Deformation:



Torsion of Circular Bars



Shear Strain γ

- Measured by the change of angle
- Considering arc AA' , we get

$$\gamma = \frac{\rho\phi}{L}$$

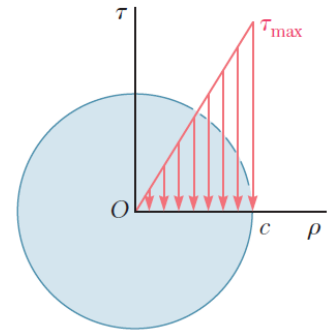
- Maximum would happen at the surface ($\rho = c$)

$$\gamma_{max} = \frac{c\phi}{L}$$

Shear Stress

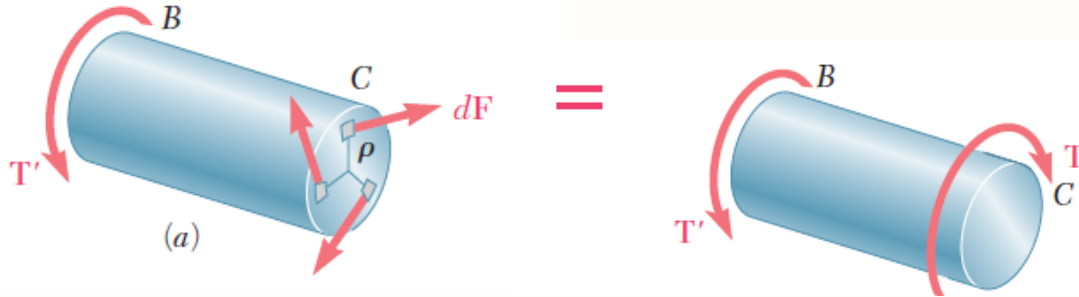
- Hooke's law for shear stress-strain:

$$\tau = G \gamma \quad G: \text{Shear modulus}$$



Shear stress τ distribution

- Moment equilibrium at each cross section:



$$\int \rho dF = \int \rho(\tau dA) = T$$

Shear Stress

- Combining moment equilibrium with strain equation and stress distribution:

$$\tau = \frac{T}{J} \rho$$

J = Polar moment of inertia

$$J = \int \rho^2 dA = I_x + I_y$$

- Polar moment of inertia (J) for circular shafts:

$$J = \frac{1}{2} \pi c^4$$

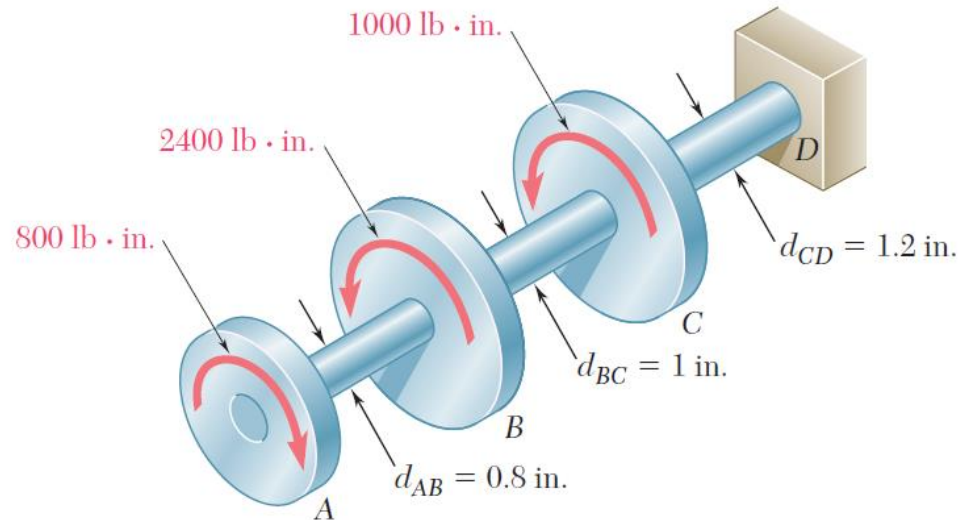
Solid shaft, radius c

$$J = \frac{1}{2} \pi (c_2^4 - c_1^4)$$

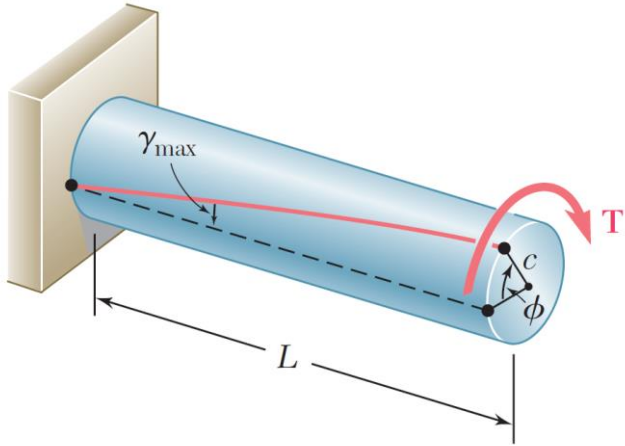
Hollow shaft with inner and outer radius c_1 and c_2

Practice – Similar to HW P10.7

Knowing that each of the shafts AB , BC , and CD consist of solid circular rods, determine (a) the shaft in which the maximum shearing stress occurs, (b) the magnitude of that stress.



Angle of Twist



Using the equations

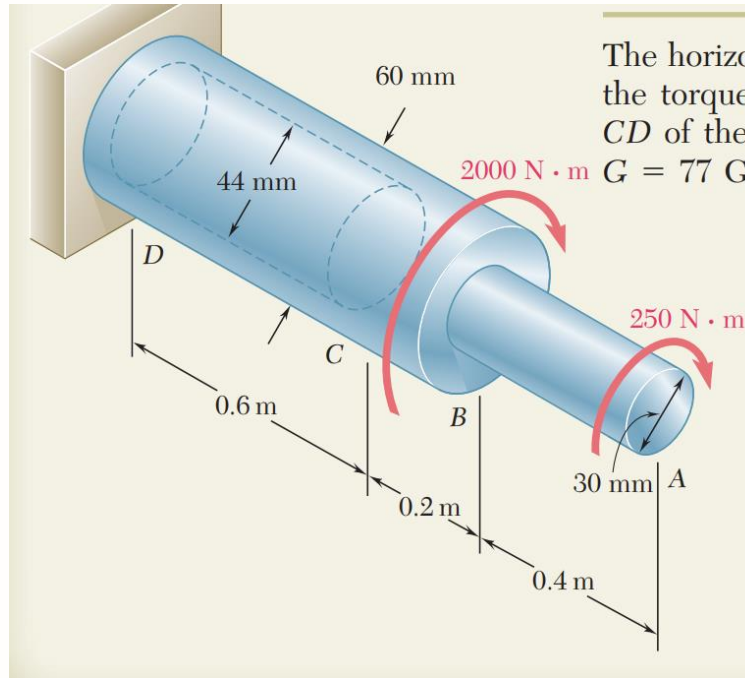
$$\tau_{max} = \frac{T}{J} c \quad \gamma_{max} = \frac{c\phi}{L} \quad \tau = G \gamma$$

We can solve for angle of twist

$$\phi = \frac{TL}{JG}$$

- If the shaft has different sections/materials:
$$\phi = \sum_i \frac{T_i L_i}{J_i G_i}$$

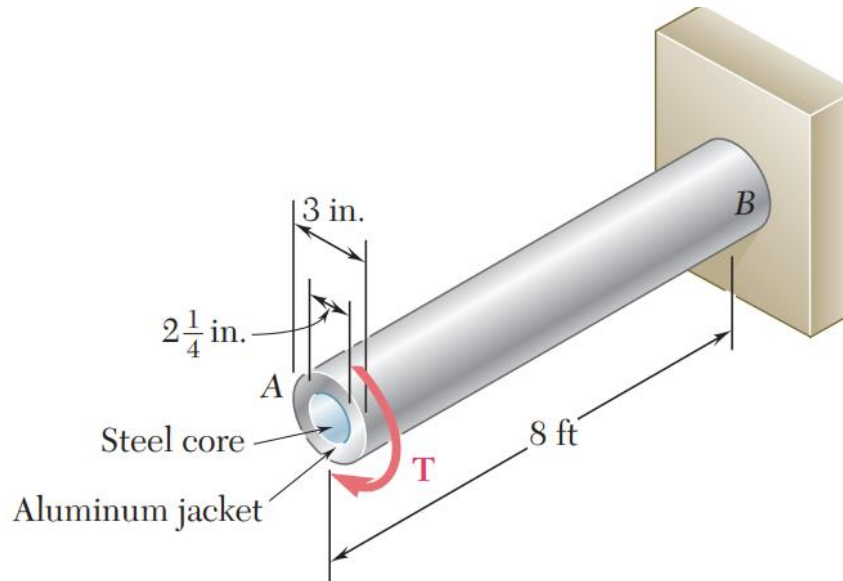
Practice – Similar to HW P10.32



The horizontal shaft AD is attached to a fixed base at D and is subjected to the torques shown. A 44-mm-diameter hole has been drilled into portion CD of the shaft. Knowing that the entire shaft is made of steel for which $G = 77 \text{ GPa}$, determine the angle of twist at end A .

Practice* – Similar to HW P10.41

A torque of magnitude $T = 35 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{in.}$ is applied at end A of the composite shaft shown. Knowing that the modulus of rigidity is $11.2 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$ for the steel and $3.9 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$ for the aluminum, determine (a) the maximum shearing stress in the steel core, (b) the maximum shearing stress in the aluminum jacket, (c) the angle of twist at A.



***Statically indeterminate problem!**