Introduction

26 March 2024 09:31

Going back in time...

In 1993, the first web browser with a user interface called Mosaic was released

In 1994, the lead developers of Mosaic founded a company called Netscape and released a more polished browser called Netscape Navigator

Web pages could only be static and there was no interactivity after a page was

In 1995, Netscape created a new scripting language called JavaScript

The name was purely for marketing purpose as Java was the hot new language back then

The advent of Microsoft

In 1995, Microsoft debuted their browser Internet Explorer

Microsoft realised that JavaScript fundamentally changed the user experience of the web and wanted the same for internet explorer

But there was no specification for them to follow

In 1996, Microsoft reverse-engineered the Navigator interpreter to create its own scripting language called JScript

The differences made it difficult for developers to make their websites work well in both browsers

"Best viewed in Netscape" and "Best viewed in Internet Explorer" badges became common

Ecma International

In Nov 1996, Netscape submitted JavaScript to Ecma International

It is an industry association dedicated to the standardization of information and communication systems

Netscape wanted a standard specification that all browser vendors could conform to as it would help keep other implementations consistent across browsers

For each new specification Ecma provides a standard specification and a committee

In case of JavaScript, the standard is called ECMA-262 and the committee that works on ECMA-262 is called Technical Committee 39 (TC39)

Ecma International contd.

Ecma however decided to use the term "ECMAScript" to talk about the official language

The reason for this is because Oracle (who acquired Microsystems) owns the trademark for the term "JavaScript"

ECMAScript refers to the standard language whereas JavaScript is what we use in practice and builds on top of ECMAScript

ECMAScript versions

1997 - ECMAScript 1

1998 - ECMAScript 2

1999 - ECMAScript 3

ECMAScript 4 never released

2009 - ECMAScript 5

2015 - ECMAScript 2015 (ES6)

One version every year since 2015

ECMAScript Summary

ECMA-262 is the language specification

ECMAScript is the language that implements ECMA-262

JavaScript is basically ECMAScript at its core but builds on top of that

JavaScript Engine

JavaScript code we write cannot be understood by the computer

A JavaScript engine is a program that converts javascript code that developers write into machine code that allows a computer to perform specific tasks

JavaScript engines are typically developed by web browser vendors

- V8 Open-source JavaScript Engine developed by Google for Chrome SpiderMonkey The JavaScript Engine powering Mozilla Firefox JavaScriptCore Open-source JavaScript Engine developed by Apple for
- Satari Chakra A JavaScript Engine for the original Microsoft Edge (The latest version of edge uses V8)

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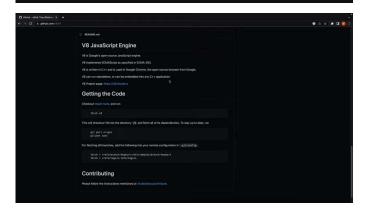
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Chrome's V8 Engine & Node.js

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By embedding V8 into your own C++ application, you can write C++ code that gets executed when a user writes JavaScript code

You can add new features to JavaScript itself

Since C++ is great for lower level operations like file handling, database connections and network operations, by embedding V8 into your own C++ program, you have the power to add all of that functionality in JavaScript

The C++ program we're talking about is Node.js*

(* Node.js is a lot more than just a C++ program)

Chrome's V8 Engine Summary

A JavaScript engine is a program that executes JavaScript code

In 2008, Google created its own JavaScript engine called V8

V8 is written in C++ and can be used independently or can be embedded into other C++ programs

That allows you to write your own C++ programs which can do everything that V8 can do and more

Your C++ program can run ECMAScript and additional features that you choose to incorporate

For example, features that are available in C++ but not available with JavaScript

JavaScript Runtime

JavaScript runtime is an environment which provides all the necessary components in order to use and run a JavaScript program

Every browser has a JavaScript Engine

A JavaScript Engine is one component in the JavaScript Runtime

What else does the JavaScript Runtime consist of?

