# SEPR



Assessment 1

Requirements

JORDAN CHARLES
SAMUEL HUTCHINGS
CHLOE HODGSON
GOLNAR KAVIANI
TAMOUR ATLAF
JACK THOO-TINSLEY

## Requirements

#### a) Elicitation & Negotiation Justification

We used a combination of "creativity" and "survey" [1] based techniques in order to elicit our requirements. We began by brainstorming based on the information on the assessment documentation/brief. The brainstorming was documented by a moderator figure, and no comments were made initially. Afterwards, the requirements generated were analysed and refined. Once we had a base idea of what was required from the system, we organised an interview with the customer and asked a series of unleading and unbiased questions in order to clear up any areas which we were uncertain about. The results of this survey were used to generate the remaining requirements and adapt others to better fit the customer's desire. We felt that by using a union of elicitation techniques, we would derive requirements to a high standard of completeness [1].

Below are our elicited requirements. The tabular presentation makes each requirements easily distinguishable and readable. By using unique requirement identifiers, a high level of traceability is maintained so that relationships between requirements can be comfortably understood. The unique IDs follow the format REQUIREMENTTYPE\_NAME, for example FR\_MAP. Traceability between requirements is integral to identifying cause and effect of failure (maintenance), accountability and impact analysis during change management [1].

Our requirements take the following structure:

#### - User Requirements:

Table consists of the ID, the requirement itself, and the priority. Priority is selected from *may*, *should*, *shall* and is used to influence task precedence later in the system development, as well as for testing. The requirements are written in nontechnical language, and map out the high-level tasks that the user may be able to carry out with the finished system. It is important to remember that our primary user-base is *open day visitors* - this is vital to the forming of requirements, for example when considering the game session length.

#### - System Requirements:

Derived from the URs and describes the operations that the system must carry out in order to achieve the URs, split into:

#### Functional Requirements:

For tracability's sake, each FR has at least one corresponding UR which it works towards. Also described are any assumptions or risks to be kept in mind when creating tasks, as well as a requirement type from *transformation*, *invariant*, *failure*. Including FR types helps to ensure thorough eliciting.

#### - Non-Functional Requirements:

These describe the qualities that the system must have upon completion. We considered a range of NFR topics. This range of topics helps to ensure that we are rigorous when reviewing all aspects of the prospective system.

#### - Constraints:

Describe the predefined factors which limit the global system, these are to be kept in mind during requirement elicitation and throughout development.

### b) Statement of Requirements

**SSON:** "The game shall allow a player to save York from intruding, water-fearing aliens, by tactically positioning defensive fire trucks at key locations within the city."

USER REQUIREMENTS			
ID	ID Requirement		
UR_ENJOY	The system shall offer an enjoyable user experience	Shall	
UR_AESTHETIC	The system GUI shall be clean and easy to look at		
UR_INFO	The system shall present all necessary information to the player through the GUI		
UR_ TUTORIAL	The system shall be intuitive to understand	Shall	
UR_SHOOT	The system shall allow the user to attack the ET fortresses and patrols with water from the fire engines	Shall	
UR_HEALTH	The system shall restore the health of any damaged fire engines that the user has returned to the fire station	Shall	
UR_REFILL	The system shall restore the water level of any fire engines that the user has returned to the fire station		
UR_DRIVE	The system shall allow the user to move the fire engines around the map	Shall	
UR_DIFFICULTY	The difficulty of flooding the ET fortresses shall increase with time	Should	
UR_END	The system shall award the user a victory or lose state when they have flooded all of the ET fortresses, or been defeated themselves, respectively.	Shall	
UR_MINIGAME	The system shall offer a minigame unrelated to the main game but in the same theme [see Minigame URs in website]	Shall	
UR_UPDATES	The system should be able to be updated in the future with new functionality	Should	

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS				
ID	Corresponding UR Req. ID	Description	Environmental Assumptions & Risks	Req.Type
FR_GOALS	UR_ENJOY	To make the game fun, it will have the goal of destroying fortresses	There might be too many goals for the user to focus on and the game stops being fun	Invariant
FR_VARIA TION	UR_ENJOY	To make the game fun, the fortresses will have different attacks		
FR_MAP	UR_	The map will be a simplified	The map could be too simple to	Invariant

	AESTHETIC	version of York city centre	be fun, impacting UR_ENJOY	
FR_GUI	UR_ AESTHETIC UR_INFO	The GUI will be simple and not take up more than 25% of the screen	The GUI could be too small and cluttered, or too big and take up too much screen space	Invariant
FR_ENGIN E_SPECS	UR_INFO	When a fire engine is selected, its individual specifications will be shown to the user	The specifications could confuse the player if there are too many	Transform ation
FR_ENEM Y_HEALTH	UR_INFO	The "health" status of each enemy patrol and fortress will be shown to the user	Risk of complicating the GUI with too much information, and impacting UR_AESTHETIC	Invariant
FR_TUTOR IAL	UR_TUTORIAL	The user will be shown a single page explaining the game	There might not be enough information in the tutorial to understand the game	Transform ation
FR_SHOO T	UR_SHOOT	The fire engines will shoot water at fortresses when they are within range	The range of the fire engines might be too small if the distance is realistic, making it difficult to get into range	Transform ation
FR_REGE N	UR_HEALTH	The fire engine's health is refilled at a specified rate when it reaches the fire station	The fire engines' health might regenerate too slowly, making the game too difficult	Transform ation
FR_REFILL	UR_REFILL	The fire engine's water is refilled at a specified rate when it reaches the fire station	The fire engines' water might refill too slowly, making the game too difficult	Transform ation
FR_CONT ROLS	UR_DRIVE	The fire engine can be moved using the arrow keys on the keyboard	If the computer does not have a keyboard, the game cannot be played	Transform ation
FR_SPEED	UR_DRIVE	The fire engine will move at a specified speed across the map	The fire engine might move too slowly for the game to be fun	Transform ation
FR_FORTR ESSHEALT H	UR_ DIFFICULTY	As the game progresses, the fortresses will increase in strength linearly	If the fortresses are too strong, the game cannot be won	Transform ation
FR_END	UR_END	The system will end the game if all the fortresses have reached 0 health	There might be other goals for the player to complete first	Invariant
FR_END	UR_END	The system will end the game if all the fire engines	The system may also have other reasons to end	Invariant

	have 0 health	
		1

NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS			
ID	Corresponding UR Req. ID	Description	Fit Criteria
NFR _REPEATABLE	UR_END UR_END	The game should play similarly each time	The rules must not change each time the game is played
NFR _TIME	UR_DIFFICULTY	The game should be playable within a reasonable amount of time	The game must take no longer than 10 minutes to complete
NFR _MAINTAINABILI TY	UR_UPDATES	The code should be easy to maintain in the future	There must be extensive documentation and the code kept to the specified standards
NFR _DOCUMENTATI ON	UR_UPDATES	The code should be documented	Extensive documentation, specifying the class structure and code standards, and explaining the code
NFR _RESILIENCE	UR_INFO UR_ENJOY	The system should not crash if an error occurs	Whenever an error occurs, it will be caught and reported in an error log
NFR _OPERABILITY	UR_TUTORIAL	The system shall be playable by a new player	A tutorial page will be shown explaining how to play the game
NFR _USABILITY	UR_INFO UR_TUTORIAL	The game should be simple and easy to understand	Simple colour-scheme and gameplay, and an easy to understand tutorial

Constraints			
ID	Description	Requirement type	
CR_DESKTOP	Must be able to run on a standard desktop PC	Design	
CR_CONTROLS	Playable using a mouse and keyboard	Design	
CR_COPYRIGHT	Cannot use copyright names or materials in the game	Design	
CR_TIME	Game must take less than 10 minutes to complete	Design	
CR_COST	Must use free/open-source libraries and software	Project	
CR_EXEC	Must be able to be compiled into an executable	Project	
CR_JAVA	Must be written in Java	Process	
CR_DEADLINE	Each assessment has an unnegotiable deadline	Process	

## **REFERENCES**

- [1] K. Pohl, *Requirements engineering*, 1st ed. Berlin: Springer, 2010.
- [2] M. Prensky, *Digital game-based learning*, 1st ed. St. Paul: Paragon House, 2001.
- [3] J. Dick, E. Hull and K. Jackson, *Requirements Engineering*, Cham, Switzerland: Springer, 2017,