The Family Microbiome and Familial Adenomatous Polyposis

Research Talk

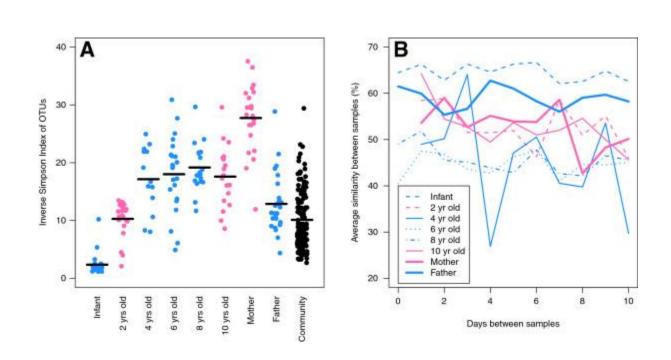
Marc Sze

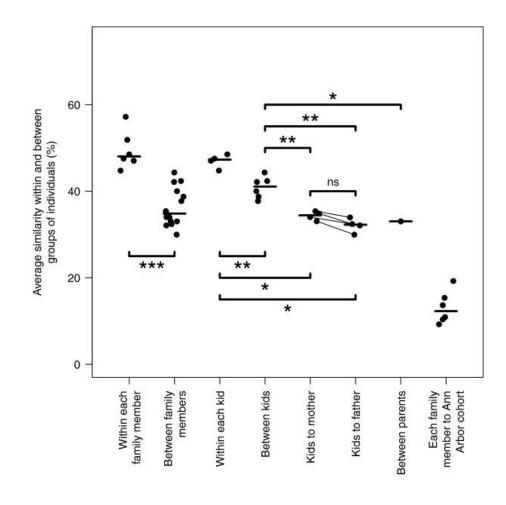
July 21st, 2016

Introduction: Previous Studies

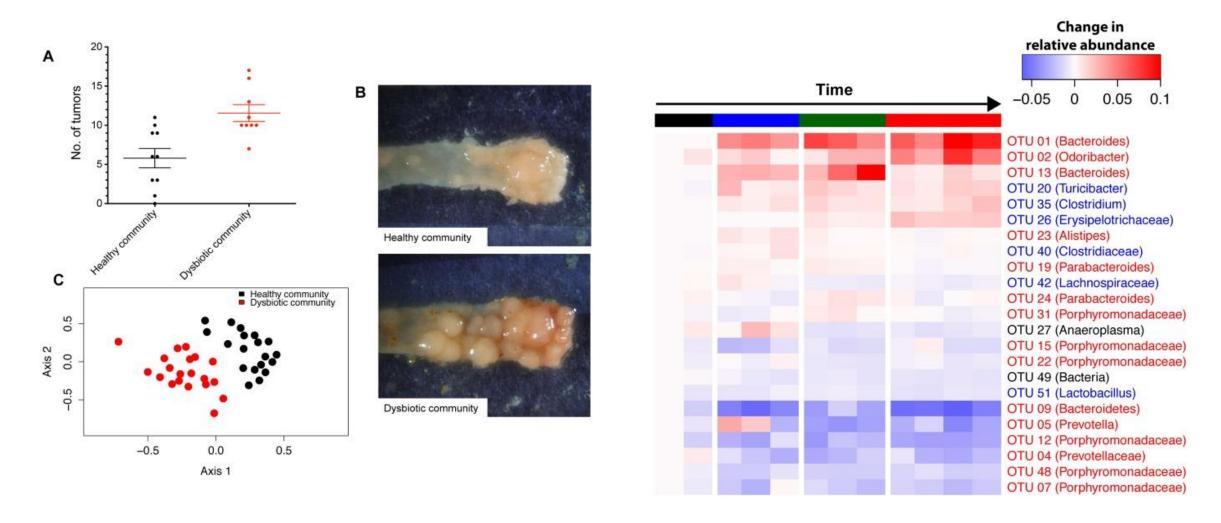
Family Centered Studies	Heritability Centered Studies
Schloss, 2014 (PMID 25061514)	Goodrich, 2014 (PMID 25417156)
Lax, 2014 (PMID 25170151)	Hua, 2015 (bioRxiv)
http://americangut.org/intra-family- microbial-dynamics/ Posted on April 2016	Davenport, 2015 (PMID 26528553)
http://www.ubiomeblog.com/the- microbiome-family/ Posted on July 2016	Lim, 2016 (PMID 27053630)
	Goodrich, 2016 (PMID 27173935)

Introduction: Previous Gut Family Study

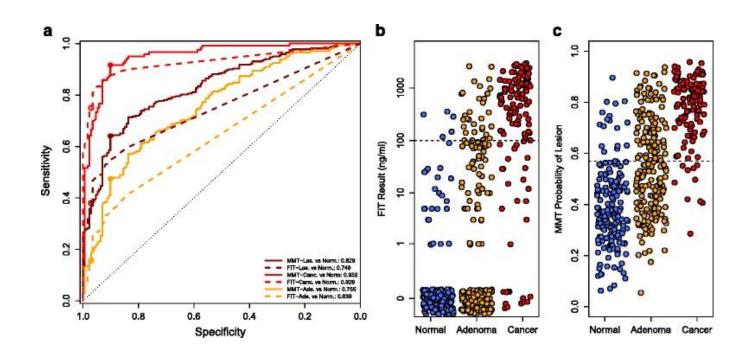


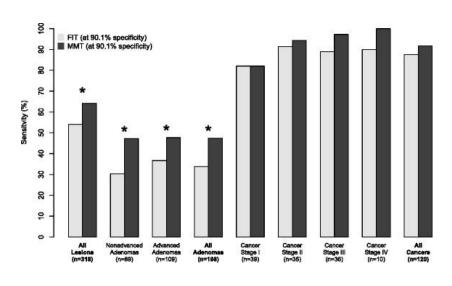


Introduction: Colorectal Cancer and the Microbiome



Introduction: Colorectal Cancer and the Microbiome

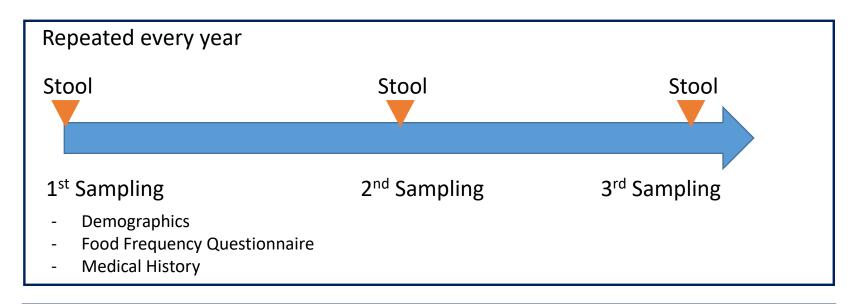




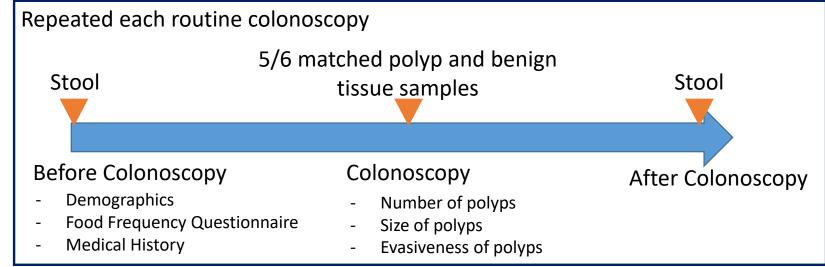
Overarching Hypothesis and Specific Aims

- Whether the bacterial community between normal and FAP families is different and whether specific members' heritability is strongly influenced by the autosomal dominant APC gene defect.
 - Aim 1: Is there a detectable difference in stool in those with and without FAP?
 - Aim2: Within the same family and across families is there a consistent microbiome signature difference between those with FAP and those without disease?
 - Aim3: Is there a detectable difference between the bacterial microbiome of benign and polyp tissue in those with FAP?

Sampling Overview



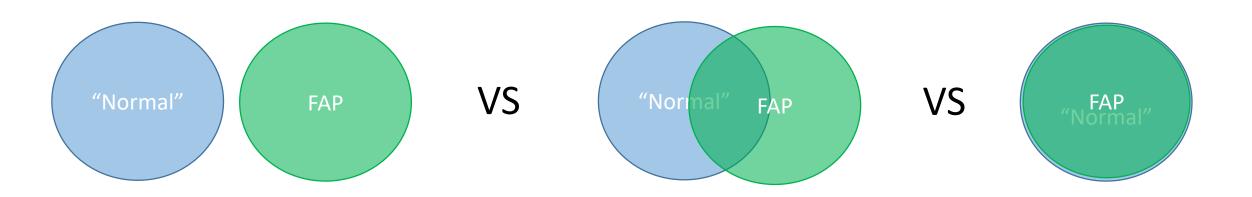
- Whole family sampled
- Assumed average n/family = 4
- Samples kits mailed to families
- Go for 10 years concurrently



- Only those needing endoscopy
- Plan on children being included
- Go for 10 years concurrently

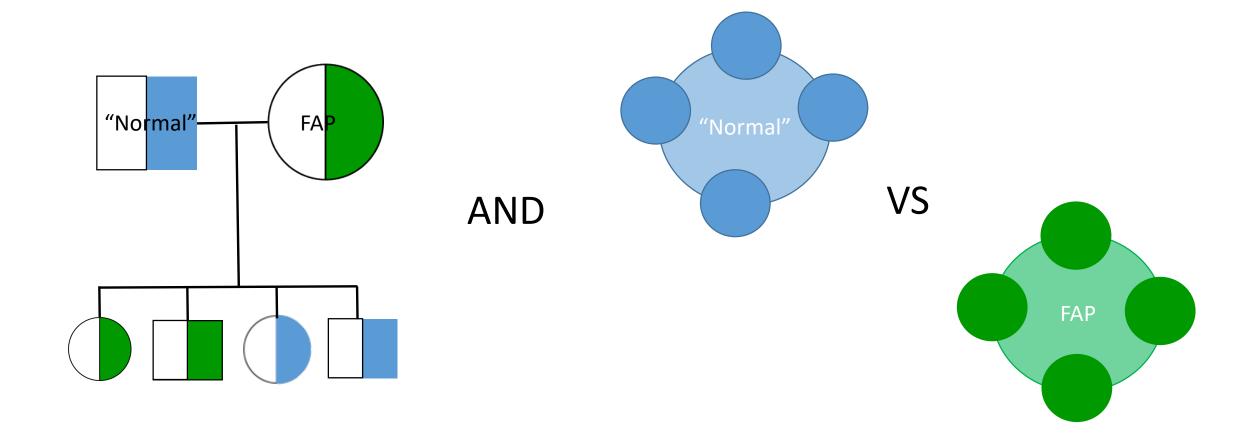
Aim 1

Is there a detectable difference in stool in those with and without FAP?



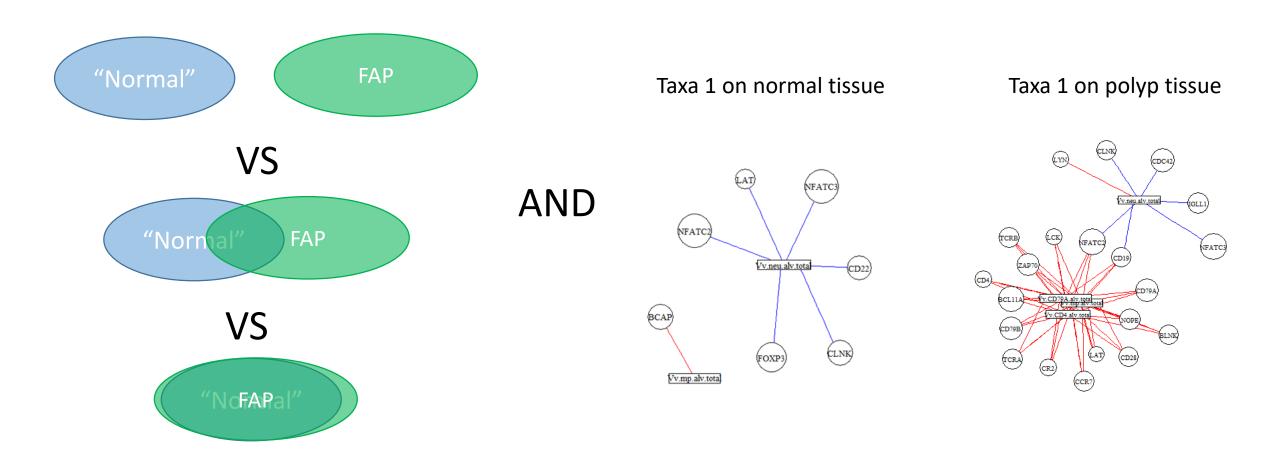
Aim 2

Within the same family and across families is there a consistent microbiome signature difference between those with FAP and those without disease?



Aim 3

Is there a detectable difference between the bacterial microbiome of benign and polyp tissue in those with FAP?



Study Progress

Overall Study Milestones IRB - *Submitted*

Clinical Section Milestones

Procedures and cohort identified – *Completed*Find half time study coordinator – *Underway*REDCap Registry Launch – *Final Approvals and User testing*

Wet Lab Section Milestones

Fecal Collection Tubes – Currently testing Zymo versus OmniGeneGut

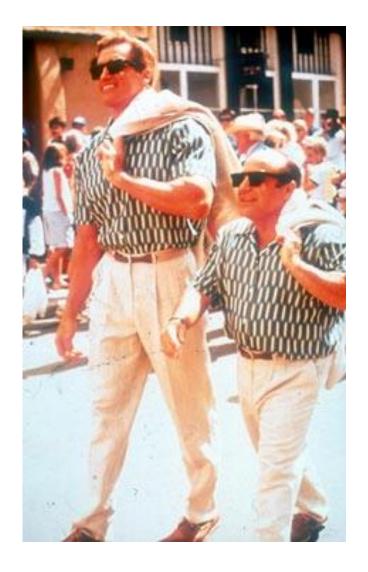
DNA/RNA joint extraction (Tissue) – Identified a working method, need to confirm and try with electronic pipette

- https://github.com/marcsze/WetLabStuff/tree/master/LabReports

Dry Lab Section Milestones
None currently underway

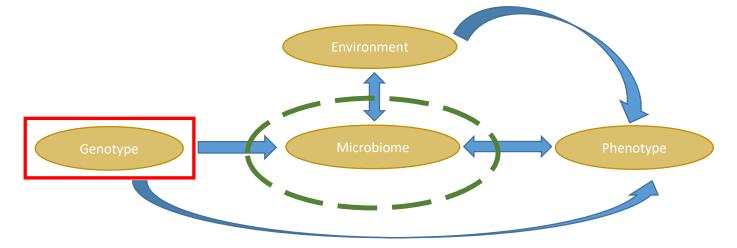
One Final Thought on Analysis

- Used ACE model
 - A (additive genetics)
 - $A = 2 * (r_{mz} r_{dz})$
 - r_{mz} = correlation of trait in identical twins
 - r_{dz} = correlation of trait in fraternal twins
 - C (common environment)
 - $C = r_{mz} A$
 - E (unique environment)
 - $E = 1 r_{mz}$
- Falconer's formula to calculate Heritability
 - $H2 = A = 2 * (r_{mz} r_{dz})$

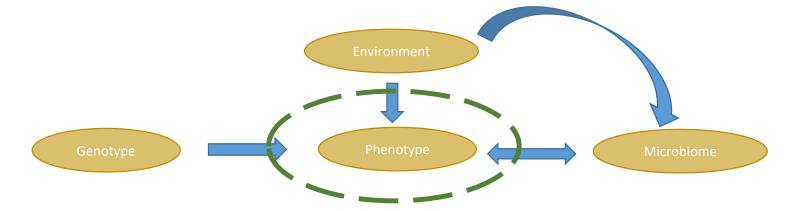


One Final Thought on Analysis

All previous Genotype microbiome studies (e.g. Goodrich, et al. 2016):



An alternative hypothesis



Thanks for your time and attention.

One Final Thought on Analysis

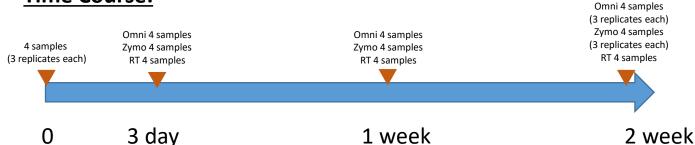
Goals:

1) Test which collection kit is better at preventing growth

Needed Disposables:

16 Zymo Fecal Collection Kits
16 OmniGene Gut Collection Kits
1 MO BIO Powersoil DNA extraction Kit
BR DNA Qubit
70 rxns 16S V4 PCR
1 MiSeq Run (or part of one)

Time Course:



Number of Samples Needed:

- *Need 4 control stool samples (20 samplings for each)
 - Added 2 extra (1 Omni and 1 Zymo)
 - Test DNA extraction with collection kit ahead of time
 - Take an aliquot, solid chunks, etc.

Wet Lab Overview:

Split Equally



Bead beating with Omni or Zymo storage



Assess optimum extraction conditions

MO BIO



Extraction Protocol



Qubit BR DNA



16S V4 30 cycle PCR

MiSeq Sequencing

