

## MCQ

1) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
print(func(30, 75))
```

c) 15

```
2)  
numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)  
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)  
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0  
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)  
print(type(even_numbers))
```

b) Filter

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into

a) Tuple

```
4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}  
set2 = {82, 49, 62}  
set3={99,22,17}  
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
```

d) Error:

**TypeError:** unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'set' and 'set'

**5)** What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

a) raise

raise ValueError("Invalid input")

**6)** Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

c) datetime

**7)** What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

**c) 208**

**8)** Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

d) None

**9)** The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.

b)immutable

10)

The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

A. range()

### **Question 11**

**Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?**

C. Lambda function

Question 12

**The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.**

- C. Both A and B # correct answer  
(A)Serializing Python object structure and (B) De-serializing Python object structure

Question 13

**Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?**

- B. dump() method

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**Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?**

- A. load()

15.

**A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.**

- D. All of the mentioned above

Alphabets , Numbers and Special symbols

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Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {
```

```
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
"Defiant": "Sisko",  
}  
Enterprise Picard,  
Voyager Janeway  
Defiant Sisko
```

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
print(ship, captain)
```

b) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains[ship])
```

d) both a and b #correct answer

## 17)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

d) captains = {}

**18)** Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"

```
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
```

```
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
```

## 19 ) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now!

Here's what you have:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

b) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

## 20 )

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a `for` loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

a) `del captains["Discovery"]`