Text Mining

Natural Language Toolkit

https://www.nltk.org/

```
In [ ]: # Load up libraries
        import pandas as pd
        import string
        import nltk
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
        from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
        from nltk.sentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
        # DownLoad NLTK resources
        nltk.download('punkt')
        nltk.download('stopwords')
        nltk.download('wordnet')
        nltk.download('vader_lexicon')
In [ ]: # Load the dataframe
        review = pd.read_csv("bartini_reviews.csv")
        # remove na values
        review = review.dropna()
        # change Date to date value
        review["Date"] = pd.to_datetime(review["Date"])
        review
```

Tokenize

Splitting the text into individual words or "tokens"

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In [ ]: review['tokens'] = review['Review'].apply(word_tokenize)
    review
```

Stopwords

Removing common words that do not carry significant meaning

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In [ ]: stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    review['tokens'] = review['tokens'].apply(lambda x: [word for word in x if word.lower() not in st
    review
```

Remove Punctation

```
In [ ]: review['tokens'] = review['tokens'].apply(lambda x: [word for word in x if word not in string.put
```

Lemmatization

Reducing words to their base or root form

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In [ ]: lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
    review['tokens'] = review['tokens'].apply(lambda x: [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in x])
```

Basic Analysis

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In []: !pip install textblob

In []: # load some libraries

from collections import Counter
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from textblob import TextBlob
```

Word Frequency Analysis

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In [ ]: word_freq = Counter(word for sublist in review['tokens'] for word in sublist)
    top_words = word_freq.most_common(10)
    print("Top 10 frequent words:", top_words)

In [ ]: # visualize

# Visualization of Word Frequencies
    plt.bar(*zip(*top_words))
    plt.xlabel('Words')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.title('Top 10 Frequent Words')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.show()
```

Vader Sentiment Analyzer

https://vadersentiment.readthedocs.io/

scores = sid.polarity_scores(text)
if scores['compound'] >= 0.05:
 return "Positive"

```
In []: # Initialize the VADER sentiment analyzer
sid = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()

In []: # Function to analyze sentiment and return sentiment label
def analyze_sentiment(tokens):
    text = ' '.join(tokens)
```

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elif scores['compound'] <= -0.05:</pre>
                return "Negative"
            else:
                return "Neutral"
In [ ]: # Apply sentiment analysis to each row of the DataFrame
        review['Opinion'] = review['tokens'].apply(analyze_sentiment)
In [ ]: # Print the DataFrame with sentiment analysis results
        print(review[['Review', 'Opinion']])
In [ ]: #bar plot for opinion
        import seaborn as sns
        sns.countplot(data = review, x = "Opinion")
        # Add title and labels
        plt.title('Opinion Sentiment')
        plt.xlabel('')
        plt.ylabel('')
        # Show plot
        plt.show()
In [ ]: # Apply sentiment analysis to each row of the DataFrame
        review['Opinion'] = review['tokens'].apply(analyze_sentiment)
        # Aggregate sentiment over time
        review['month'] = review['Date'].dt.to_period('M')
        sentiment_over_time = review.groupby(['month', 'Opinion']).size().unstack(fill_value=0).reset_inc
        # Convert period to datetime
        sentiment_over_time['month'] = sentiment_over_time['month'].dt.to_timestamp()
        # Melt the DataFrame for seaborn compatibility
        sentiment_melted = sentiment_over_time.melt(id_vars='month', value_vars=['Positive', 'Negative',
        # Plot the sentiment trends over time using seaborn
        plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
        sns.scatterplot(data=sentiment_melted, x='month', y='Count', hue='Sentiment', style='Sentiment',
        plt.title('Sentiment Analysis Over Time')
        plt.xlabel('Month')
        plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
        plt.xticks(rotation=45)
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.show()
In [ ]:
```