OpenAccess ORM

Getting Started with Telerik OpenAccess ORM

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Overview

Telerik OpenAccess ORM is a powerful framework for mapping the objects in an object-oriented domain model to your relational database tables, views, and/or stored procedures, and vice versa. Mapping is done within Visual Studio and is independent from source code and database. Operating as a datastore-agnostic virtual layer, OpenAccess ORM can be used from within the programming language to access and manipulate data.

The Telerik enterprise-grade ORM tool works equally well across all .NET development platforms: ASP.NET AJAX, ASP.NET MVC, Silverlight, WPF, Windows Forms, and Azure. A recent enhancement to the product presents a new Web Services wizard that is capable of easily exposing your application's data to client applications using various web services, without having you write a single line of code.

Telerik OpenAccess ORM takes over the mundane tasks of generating the data access code for an application, effectively relieving you from a significant portion of their relational data persistence tasks. The generated code has been tested extensively by Telerik and conforms to the latest object-oriented development standards. By doing the heavy lifting, OpenAccess ORM can save you between 20% and 85% of development and testing time.

Telerik OpenAccess ORM provides built-in support for a wide range of databases (MS SQL Azure, MS SQL Server, Oracle, PostgreSQL and etc.) to allow you to connect to one or more databases without the need to install additional components. What is more, the tool allows you to easily switch from using one database to another. Retrieving data is abstracted using the most widely used querying language – LINQ.

While OpenAccess ORM is a very flexible and customizable product, you can start benefiting from it right away:

- 1. Install Telerik OpenAccess ORM
- 2. Build a Data Model
- 3. Connect the Model to UI

Product Installation

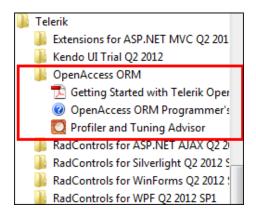
The Telerik installer is available for free download in your account area on <u>Telerik.com</u> or from the <u>OpenAccess ORM product page</u>.

Once the download completes, run the installer and it will walk you through the installation steps.

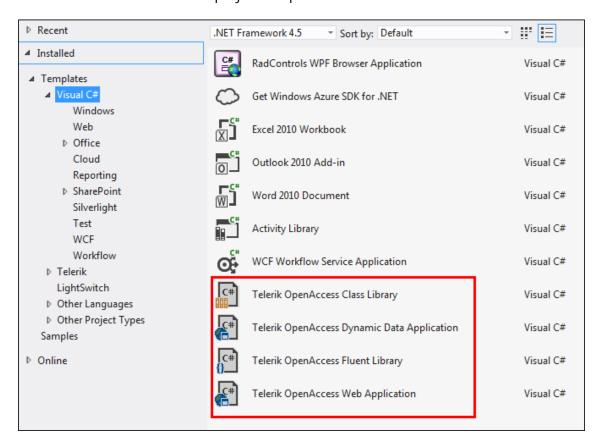
The installer will create an OpenAccess folder under the Telerik folder in the Start menu. There it will add a shortcut to Profiler and Tuning Advisor and to this document.

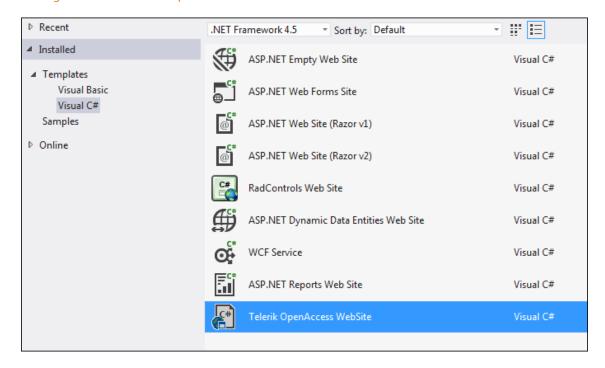


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The installer will also add new project templates to Visual Studio:





What Do These Templates Do?

Telerik OpenAccess Class Library – Creates a new class library project with an OpenAccess domain model built using Visual Designer and in a Database First or Model First manner.

Telerik OpenAccess Dynamic Data Application – Creates a new ASP.Net AJAX web application that uses ASP.NET Dynamic Data with a Telerik OpenAccess domain model built using Visual Designer and in a Database First or Model First manner.

Telerik OpenAccess Fluent Library - Creates a new project using the OpenAccess ORM <u>Fluent Mapping API</u>.

Telerik OpenAccess Web Application – Creates a new ASP.Net AJAX web project, with a Telerik OpenAccess domain model built using Visual Designer and in a Database First or Model First manner.

Telerik OpenAccess WebSite – Creates a new ASP.Net web site project with a Telerik OpenAccess domain model built using Visual Designer and in a Database First or Model First manner.

Next Steps...

Now that OpenAccess is installed, the next step is to build a domain model

Building a Domain Model

Telerik OpenAccess ORM makes it very simple to start working with data. The first choice you need to make is how you would like to configure the mapping:



- If you have an existing database, and would like to create entities from the tables, views, or stored procedures, Database-First (Reverse) Mapping will be the best path.
- If you do not have an existing database, and would like to build your classes first, and have the database generated automatically, then Model-First (Forward) Mapping will be the best path for you.
- If you would like complete control over the code in your entities, databases updates, and data mapping, then the <u>Fluent Mapping API</u> will be the best path for you.

Database-First (Reverse) Mapping

OpenAccess ORM reverse mapping allows developers to map an existing database schema to .Net objects, which can be utilized by any .Net application.

Note

For this section the guide will use a MS SQL database named **OpenAccessQuickStartDB**. To create this example database run the following script:

```
USE [master]
CREATE DATABASE [OpenAccessQuickStartDB] ON PRIMARY
( NAME = N'OpenAccessQuickStartDB', FILENAME = N'C:\Program
Files\Microsoft SQL
Server\MSSQL10.SQLEXPRESS\MSSQL\DATA\OpenAccessQuickStartDB.mdf', SIZE
= 2048KB , MAXSIZE = UNLIMITED, FILEGROWTH = 1024KB )
( NAME = N'OpenAccessQuickStartDB log', FILENAME = N'C:\Program
Files\Microsoft SQL
Server\MSSQL10.SQLEXPRESS\MSSQL\DATA\OpenAccessQuickStartDB log.ldf',
SIZE = 1024KB , MAXSIZE = 2048GB , FILEGROWTH = 10%)
GO
USE [OpenAccessQuickStartDB]
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Customer](
      [Id] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
      [Name] [varchar] (255) NULL,
      [DateCreated] [datetime] NULL,
      [EmailAddress] [varchar] (255) NULL,
CONSTRAINT [PK Customer] PRIMARY KEY ([Id]))
GO
```

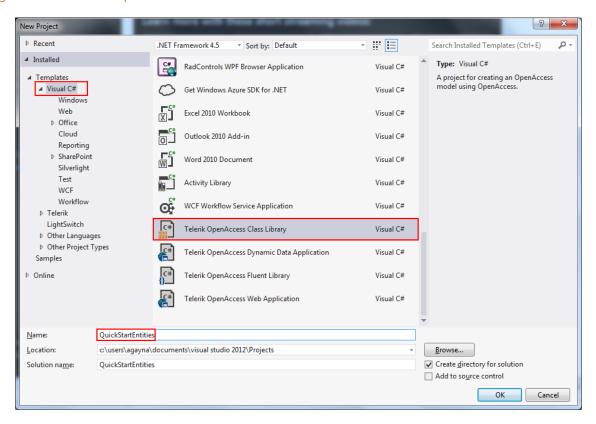
Creating the Project

To create a new Telerik OpenAccess domain model using reverse mapping we will need to create a project first:

- 1. Select File > New Project in Visual Studio
- 2. Select Visual C# / Visual Basic in the Installed Template tree.
- Then select Telerik OpenAccess Class Library. Name the project QuickStartEntities, and then click OK.



Getting Started with Telerik OpenAccess ORM

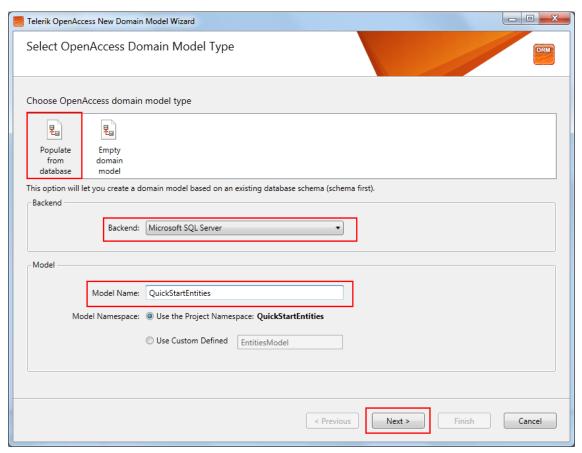


This will envoke the New Domain Model Wizard for

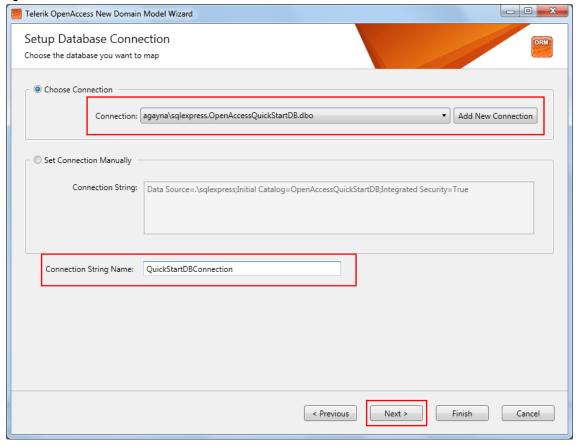
Creating Entities From the Database Schema

 In the Telerik OpenAccess New Domain Model Wizard select Populate from Database. Then select the backend database, name the model QuickStartEntities, and click Next.



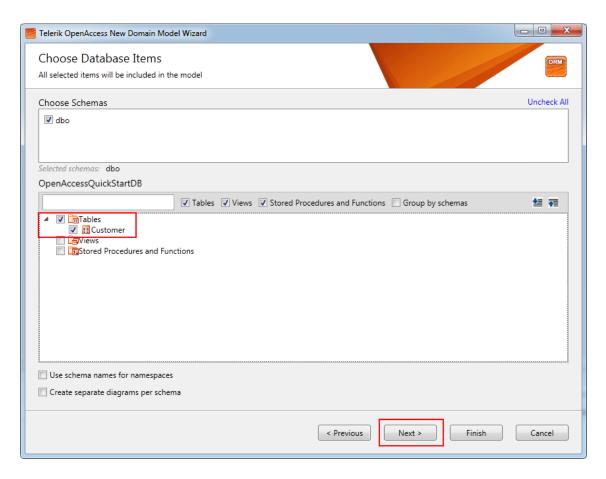


Add or select an existing connection, name the connection string QuickStartDBConnection, and then click Next.

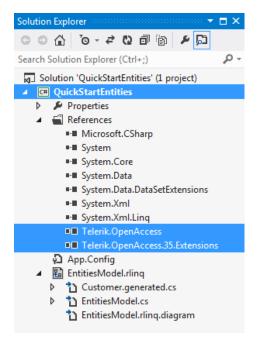




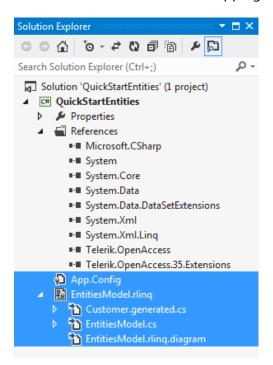
3. In the next page, select the **tables, views,** and **stored procedures** to import into the domain model, for this guide the **Customer** table will be imported. Next, click **Finish.**



Once you do that, Telerik OpenAccess ORM will add two references to your project:



It will also add an app.config file, which stores the connection string, and an .rlinq file, which stores information about the mapping.



Next Steps...

At this point the model is ready to be <u>used in an application</u>, or run the Add OpenAccess Service wizard to create a service layer over the model.

Model-First (Forward) Mapping

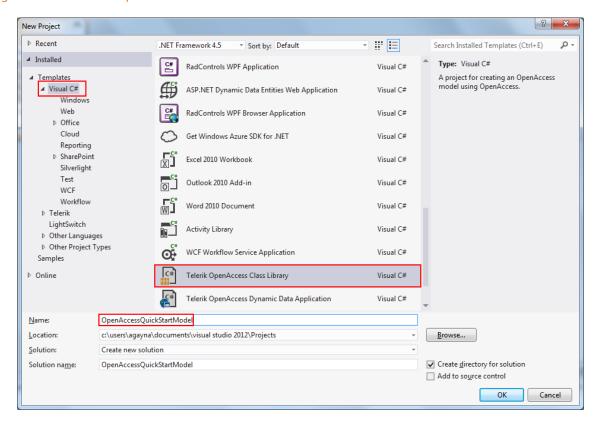
OpenAccess ORM forward mapping allows developers to concentrate on building classes, and will automatically generate a database based on those classes.

Creating the Project

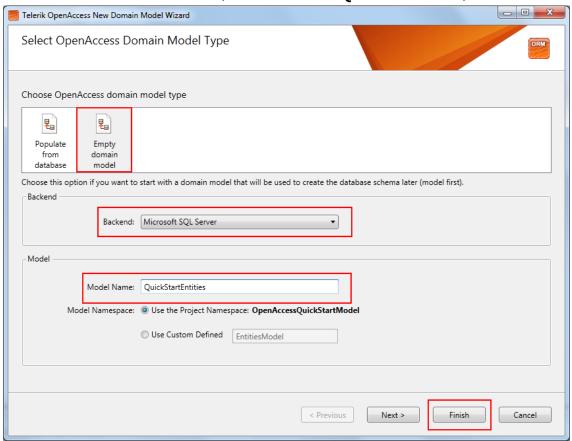
To create a new Telerik OpenAccess domain model using forward mapping:

- 1. Select File > New Project in Visual Studio
- 2. Select **Visual C# / Visual Basic** in the **Installed Template** tree.
- 3. Then select **Telerik OpenAccess Class Library**. Name the project **OpenAccessQuickStartModel**, and click **OK**.



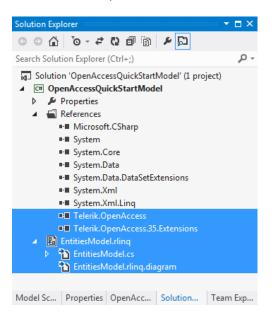


4. In the **Telerik OpenAccess New Domain Model Wizard** select **Empty Domain Model.** Then select the backend database, name the model **QuickStartEntities**, and click **Finish**.





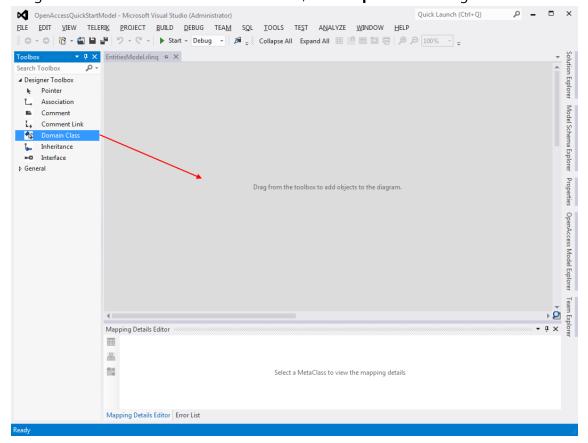
Once you do that, the wizard will enhance the project to work with OpenAccess. In addition, it will add the required references, and an .rling file to the project.



Creating an Entity

OpenAccess provides new toolbox items to make model creation a simple drag-and-drop operation.

1. Drag a new **Domain Class** out of the toolbox, and **drop** it on the design surface.

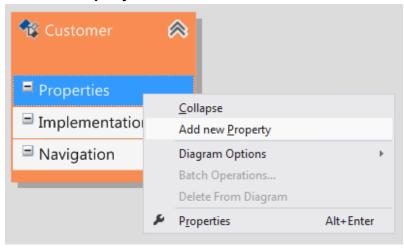




2. **Double click** on the entity title, to set its name to **Customer**.



3. Add properties to the entity by **right clicking** on the **Properties** section, and selecting **Add new Property**.



Add the following Properties to the Customer entity:

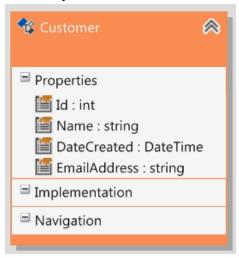
• Id : int

• Name : string

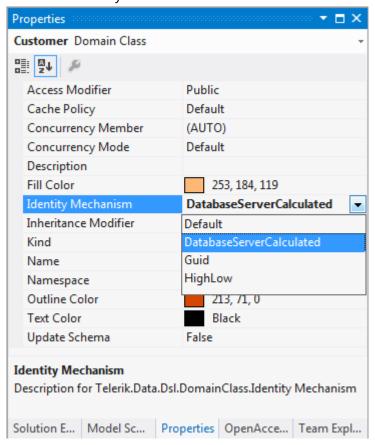
• DateCreated : DateTime

• EmailAddress: string

The entity should now look like this:

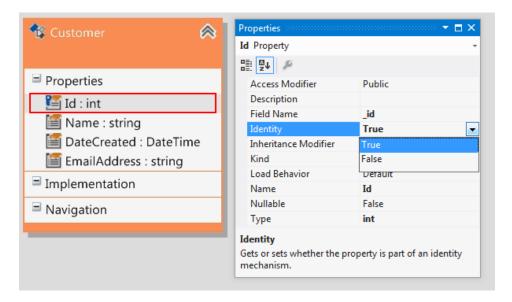


- 4. Next we need to configure the primary key, and set which property will be used as the identity mechanism.
- 5. With the **Customer** entity selected, expand the **Properties** window by pressing F4.
- 6. In the Properties window, **Select** the **Identity Mechanism** dropdown, and choose **DatabaseServerCalculated**. This tells OpenAccess that the value of the entity's identity field will be set by the database server.

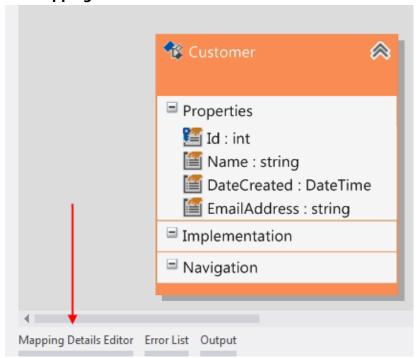


For more information about the other identity mechanisms supported by OpenAccess please read this <u>documentation article</u>.

7. Now we need to specify which property will be used as the entity's identity. To do this, select the **Id** property of the **Customer** entity. Expand the **Properties** window, and set the **Identity** property to **True**.



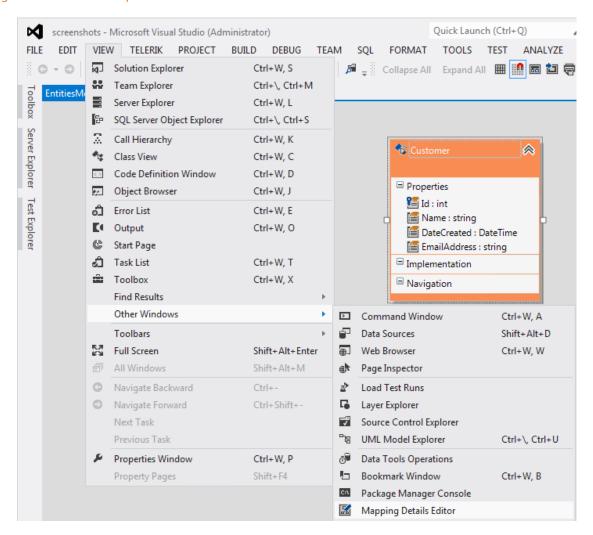
8. The last step is to map the **Customer** entity to a table in the **database**. OpenAccess provides a mechanism to automatically create this mapping. To use this feature, expand the **Mapping Details Editor**.



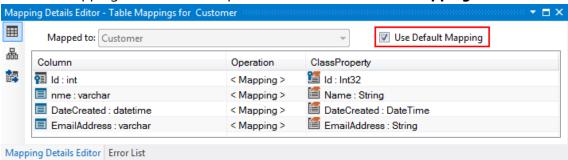
Note

If the mapping details tab is not visible as indicated in the screenshot, access through the Visual Studio Menu, by navigating to: **View > Other Windows > Model Details Explorer**.





9. With the Mapping Details Editor expanded, check Use Default Mapping.



What Just Happened?

When using the **Use Default Mapping** option, OpenAccess will automatically build a database table schema for an entity based on its properties, and their data types. To customize this mapping please read this <u>documentation article</u>.

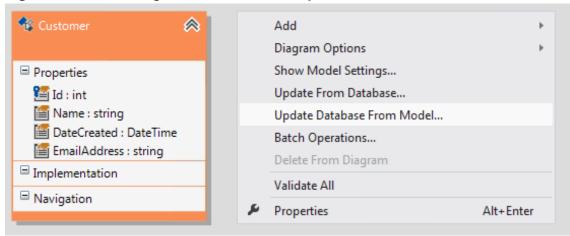
With the domain model built, the next step is to <u>create the database</u> the domain model will use to save information.



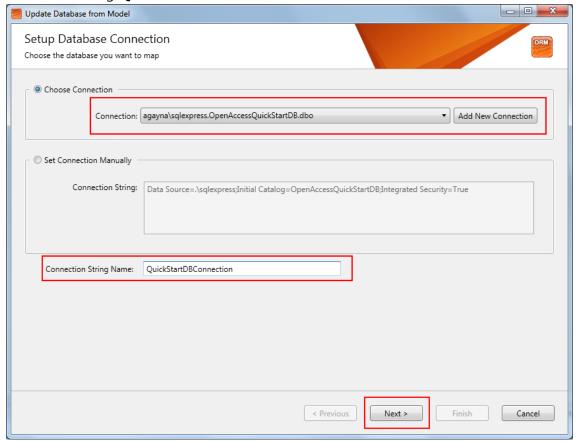
Creating the Database

OpenAccess will generate database creation, or migration, scripts based on the changes made in the designer. In addition, it can execute these scripts, making database creation, and migration very simple.

- 1. **Save** the OpenAccess Domain model by pressing **Ctrl+S**.
- 2. Right click on the design surface, and select Update Database from Model.

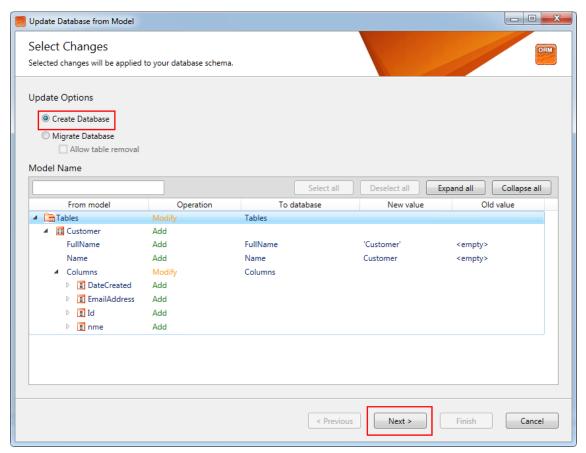


3. In the wizard, **Add** or **select** an existing database connection. Name the connectionstring **QuickStartDBConnection**, and then click **Next**.

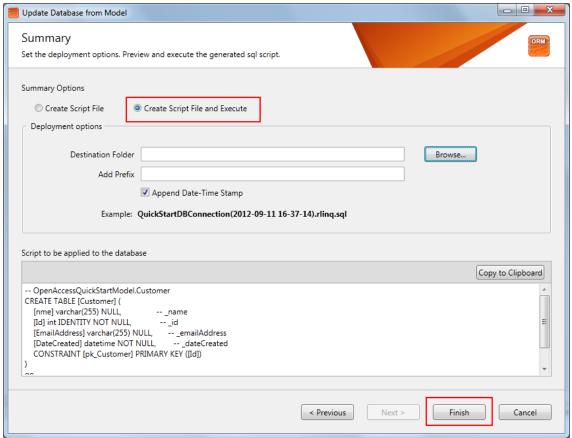


4. Ensure **Create Database** is the selected **Update Option**, and click **Next**.





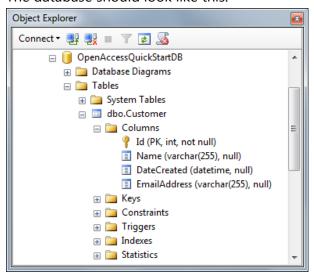
Select Create Script File and Execute, and click Finish.



6. After that, OpenAccess will save a copy of the script, and execute it against the database.



7. The database should look like this:



Next Steps...

At this point the database, and the model are ready to be <u>used in an application</u>, or run the Add OpenAccess Service wizard to create a service layer over the model.

Updaing the Model and/or the Database (aka Round-trip Mapping)

Round trip mapping is built into OpenAccess Visual Designer. It allows developers to make changes in the database schema, and pull those into their domain model, or update their domain model, and push those changes to the database schema. To leverage round trip mapping, start with either **Forward Mapping**, or **Reverse Mapping**. Once you have a model in place, you are free to push and pull changes as needed.

Pulling in Database Schema Changes

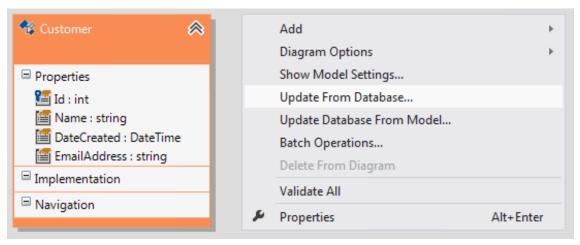
Note

For this example, a column named DOB was added to the Customer table. Use the following script to create the new column in the database:

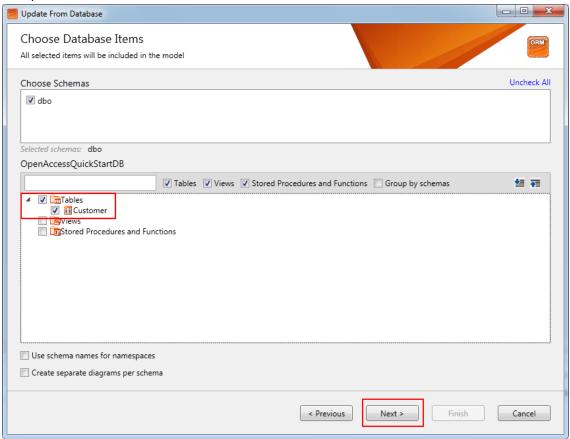
```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Customer ADD DOB datetime NULL GO
```

1. **Right click** on Visual Designer's surface, and click **Update from Database.**

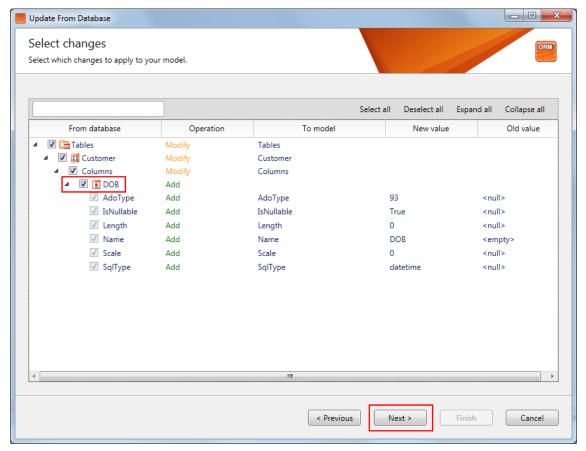




In the first page, check each table, view, or stored procedure that should be imported or updated in the domain model, and click Next. In this example the Customer entity will be updated.



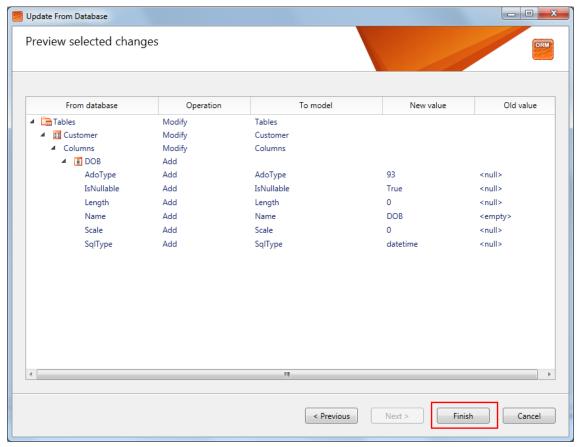
On the next page, select which changes you would like to apply to the domain model, and click Next.



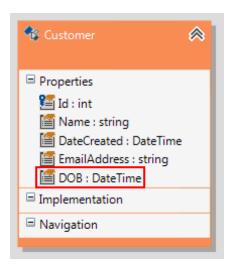
Important Note

Not all changes in the database schema have to be pushed over to the domain model. Push only the changes OpenAccess should know about.

4. On the final page, review the changes that will be applied to the domain model, and click **Finish**.



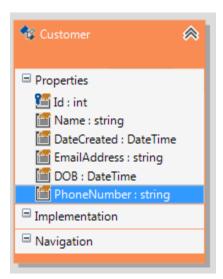
 When you click finish the domain model objects will be updated based on the selections made in the **Update from Database** wizard. In this case, a DateTime property named **DOB** was added to the **Customer** entity.



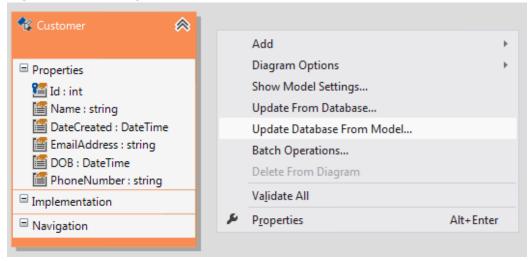
Pushing Domain Model Changes to the Database

1. Add a new string property named PhoneNumber to the Customer entity.

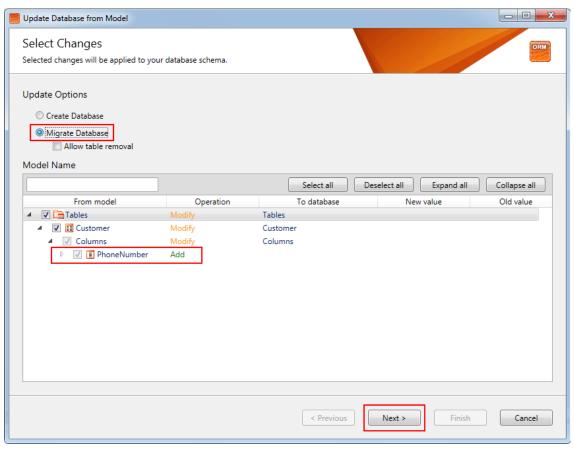




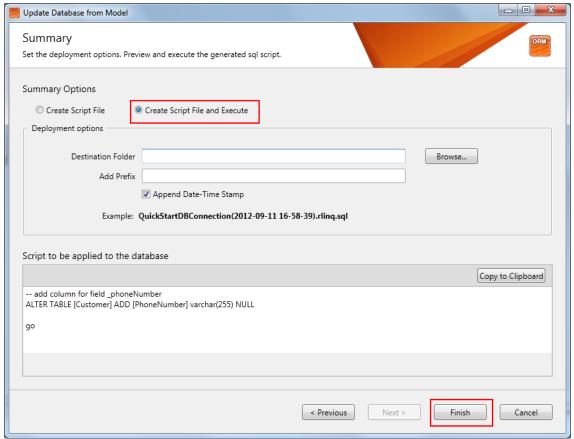
- 2. **Save** all pending changes to the domain model by pressing **Ctrl+S**.
- 3. Right click the design surface, and select Update Database from Model.



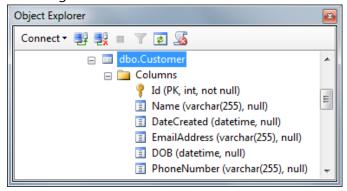
4. Select **Migrate Database**, check each change that should be **applied** to the database, and click **Next**. In this case,



5. Select Create Script File and Execute, and then click Finish.



6. At this point OpenAccess will create a script file in the specified destination folder, and will execute it against the database. Once complete the database should look like the following:



Note

In this example the column name was not specified for the PhoneNumber property. In this case OpenAccess will automatically create a column name based on the property name. To learn how to configure the column name, please read this <u>documentation</u> article.

Using Fluent Mapping API

OpenAccess provides a fluent mapping api, also known as code-first, for defining data models using only code. The fluent mapping api gives developers complete control over the domain model mapping configuration, and schema management.

Fluent Mapping API exposes the Telerik OpenAccess Fluent Model wizard that provides the developers with two opportunities:

- To start configuring their model after it is initially created on the base of an existing database schema.
- To configure their model starting with empty classes, context and metadatasource.

Note

For this section the guide will use a MS SQL database named **OpenAccessQuickStartDB**. To create this example database run the <u>script</u> provided on page 6.

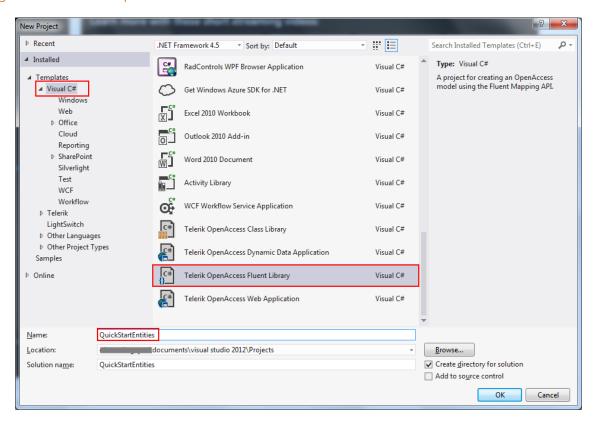
Creating the project

To create a new Telerik OpenAccess domain model using the Fluent Mapping API:

- 1. Select **File > New Project** in Visual Studio
- 2. Select **Visual C# / Visual Basic** in the **Installed Template** tree.
- 3. Then select **Telerik OpenAccess Fluent Library**. Name the project **QuickStartEntities**, and then click **OK**.



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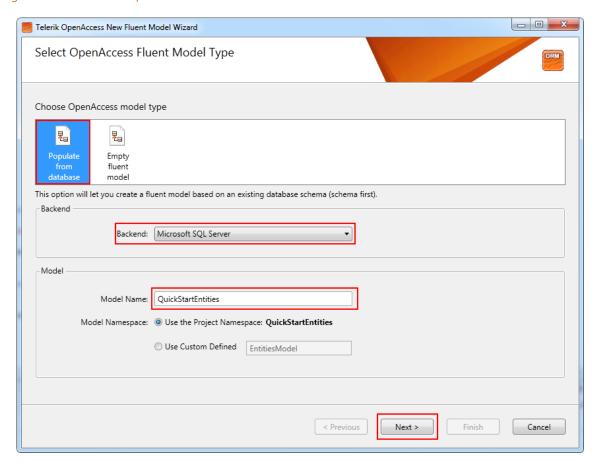


This will envoke the Telerik OpenAccess New Fluent Model Wizard for

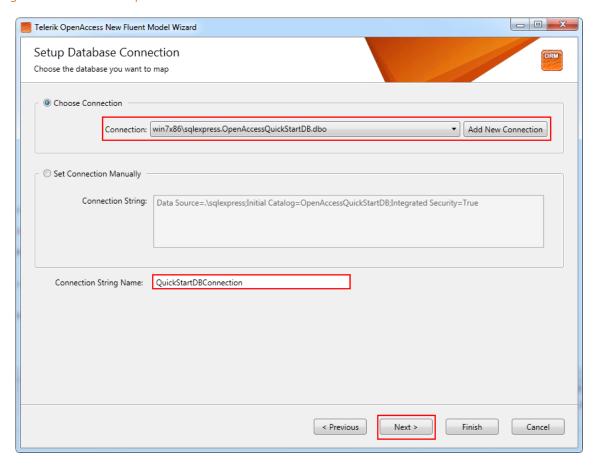
Creating Entities From the Database Schema

1. In the Telerik OpenAccess New Fluent Model Wizard select Populate from Database. Then select the backend database, name the model QuickStartEntities, and click Next.

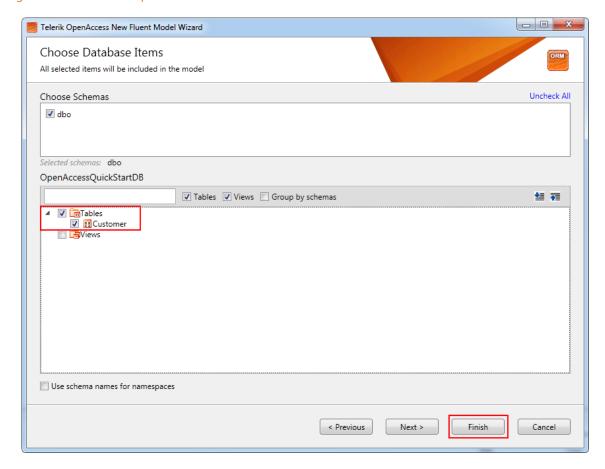




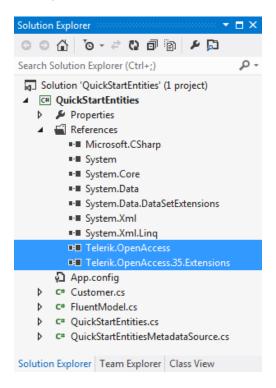
2. **Add** or **select** an existing connection, name the connection string **QuickStartDBConnection**, and then click **Next**.



3. In the next page, select the **tables** and the **views** to import into the domain model, for this guide the **Customer** table will be imported. Next, click **Finish**.



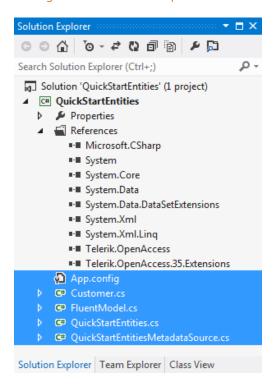
Once you do that, Telerik OpenAccess ORM will add two references to your project:



It will also add an app.config file, which stores the connection string, and the files, which store information about the generated classes and the mapping.



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Next Steps...

At this point the model is ready to be manually configured if necessary, <u>used in an application</u>, or run the Add OpenAccess Service wizard to create a service layer over the model.

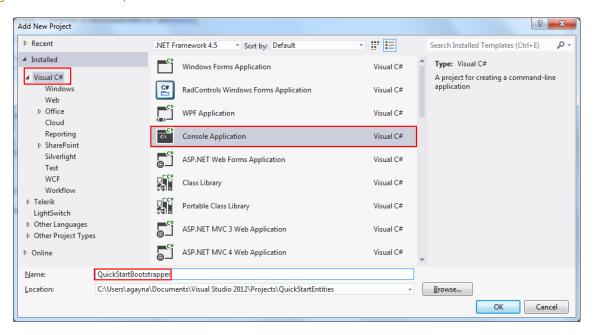
Deploying the Database

OpenAccess can generate database creation or migration scripts based on changes made in the QuickStartEntitiesMetadataSource.cs schema mapping file. In addition, it can execute these scripts, making database creation and migration very simple.

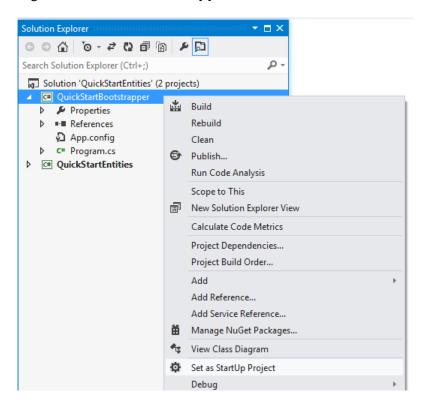
To create or update the database based on the fluent mapping configuration:

1. Create a new console application, name it QuickStartBootstrapper, and click OK.





2. Right click on the console application, and select Set as StartUp Project.



- 3. Expand Solution Explorer, right click on References, and select Add Reference.
- 4. Add References to:
 - Telerik.OpenAccess.dll
 - Telerik.OpenAccess.35.Extenstions.dll
 - The model project, in the case of this guide: QuickStartEntites
- 5. Copy the **app.config** from the **QuickStartEnities** project to the **QuickStartBootstrapper** project.
- 6. Open **Program.cs** in the console application.



7. **Replace** all of the existing code with the following:

```
using System;
using System.Linq;
using QuickStartEntities;
using Telerik.OpenAccess;
namespace QuickStartBootstrapper
    class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            UpdateDatabase();
            Console.Write("Database update complete! Press any key to
      close.");
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
        private static void UpdateDatabase()
            using (var context = new QuickStartEntitiesContext())
            {
                var schemaHandler = context.GetSchemaHandler();
                EnsureDB(schemaHandler);
            }
        }
        private static void EnsureDB(ISchemaHandler schemaHandler)
            string script = null;
            if (schemaHandler.DatabaseExists())
                script = schemaHandler.CreateUpdateDDLScript(null);
            }
            else
                schemaHandler.CreateDatabase();
                script = schemaHandler.CreateDDLScript();
            }
            if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(script))
                schemaHandler.ExecuteDDLScript(script);
            }
        }
    }
}
What Does this Code Do?
```

what Does this Code Do?



The first thing this code does is to create a new instance of the

QuickStartEntitiesContext which is wrapped in a using statement to make sure it is properly disposed. Next, it checks to see if the database exists. If it does not exist, the database is created, and then the schema is applied. If the database already exists, OpenAccess will create and run a migration script against the database.

At this point when you run the console application OpenAccess will update the database based on any changes made in the **QuickStartEntitiesMetadatasource** class.

Next Steps...

At this point the model is ready to be <u>used in an application</u>, or run the Add OpenAccess Service wizard to create a service layer over the model.

Working with the OpenAccess Data Model

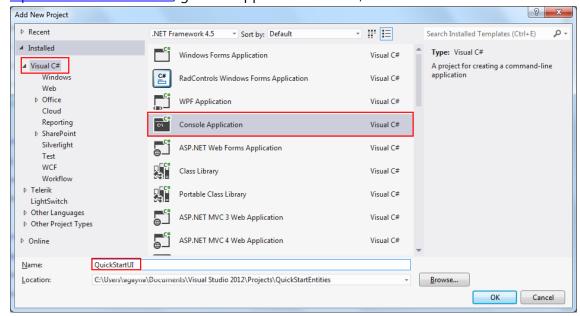
OpenAccess data models can be used with just about any .NET platform. The model can be used directly in web, and windows application, and for rich client.

Creating the Client Application

Note

For this guide we will create a basic console application to interact with the OpenAccessContext; however, the same concept apply regardless of the application platform(WinForms, WPF, MVC, ASP.NET, etc.) being used . For more in-depth guides about using OpenAccess on other platforms please refer to the Telerik OpenAccess Samples Kit, or this documentation article.

1. **Create** a new **console application** in the same solution as the <u>previously built</u> OpenAcccess data model, give the application a name, and click **OK**.





- 2. Right click on the console application, and select Set as StartUp Project
- 3. Expand **Solution Explorer**, right click on **References**, and select **Add Reference**.
- 4. Add References to:
 - Telerik.OpenAccess.dll
 - Telerik.OpenAccess.35.Extenstions.dll
 - The **QuickStartEntities** project containing OpenAccess data model created using this guide
- Copy, and paste the app.config from the QuickStartEntities project to the console application.
- 6. Open **Program.cs** in the **console application.**
- 7. **Replace** the existing code with the following:

```
using System;
using System.Linq;
using QuickStartEntities;
namespace QuickStartUI
{
    class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            using (var dbContext = new QuickStartEntities.QuickStartEntities())
                // Add a new Customer.
                Customer newCustomer = new Customer();
                newCustomer.Name = "New Customer";
                newCustomer.DateCreated = DateTime.Now;
                dbContext.Add(newCustomer);
                // Add another new Customer.
                Customer newCustomer2 = new Customer();
                newCustomer2.Name = "New Customer 2";
                newCustomer2.DateCreated = DateTime.Now;
                dbContext.Add(newCustomer2);
                // Commit new customers to the database.
                dbContext.SaveChanges();
                // Get the first Customer using LINO and modify it.
                Customer firstCustomer = dbContext.Customers.FirstOrDefault();
                firstCustomer.Name = firstCustomer.Name + " Updated";
                // Commit changes to the database.
                dbContext.SaveChanges();
                // Use LINQ to retrieve Customer with name 'New Customer'.
                Customer customerToDelete = (from c in dbContext.Customers
                         where c.Name == "New Customer 2"
                         select c).FirstOrDefault();
```



What Does this Code Do?

The first thing it does is to create an instance of the **OpenAccessContext** created early in this guide. The context is enclosed inside a using statement to make sure it is properly disposed in the end. The next two sections of code add two new customers to the OpenAccess context, and then saves them to the database. Next, LINQ is used to retrieve the first customer record, and modify its name. Those changes are then sent to the database using the SaveChanges() method on the OpenAccessContext. The last section retrieves a customer by its name using LINQ, and then uses the Delete() method on the OpenAccessContext to remove that record from the database.

8. At this point the application is ready to run. When it runs, it will add two new customers to the database, modify one, and then delete one. After running the application there should be one customer entry in the database named "New Customer_Updated."

At this point the data model has been built, an application has been created to interact with the data model, and changes to objects can be persisted to the database. The next step is to expand the data model, and UI application to meet your needs.

Consuming a Model – CRUD and WCF Services

Please, check the following help topics on how to use the created OpenAccess ORM model in the application(s) that you are working on:

- Consuming a Model CRUD
- Using OpenAccess with WCF Services

Next Steps...

Once the model and application building is complete, hook up the **OpenAccess Profiler and Tuning Advisor** and <u>check performance</u>, or look for potential issues in the data model using the profiler's built in alert system.



Profiling an Application

OpenAccess Profiler and Tuning Advisor makes it easy for developers to see how OpenAccess is working behind the scenes. All of the SQL queries sent to the database server, and the LINQ statements that generated them are easily browsable in the profiler. In addition, the profiler has a built in alert system which will notify developers about potential issues in the domain model, and suggest resolutions.

Configure The Data Model for Profiling

Configuring a Fluent Mapping Model for Profiling

- 1. Create a fluent mapped data model using the <u>previous section</u> in this guide.
- 2. Add a reference to **Telerik.OpenAccess.ServiceHost.dll** in the project that will consume the domain model.
- 3. Open the OpenAccessContext class, if created from this guide, it is the file named **QuickStartEntitiesContext.cs**.
- **4. Replace** the existing backendConfiguration declaration with the following depending on the desired method of profiling:

Real-time Profiling

In real-time profiling, OpenAccess reports its events and metrics directly to the profiler via a service.

```
private static BackendConfiguration GetConfiguration()
{
    BackendConfiguration backendConfiguration = new BackendConfiguration()

    {
        Backend = "mssql"
    };
    // defines the size of the metric store in memory
    backendConfiguration.Logging.MetricStoreCapacity = 3600;

    // defines the size of the event store in memory
    backendConfiguration. Logging.EventStoreCapacity = 10000;

    // defines the log level
    backendConfiguration.Logging.LogEvents = LoggingLevel.Normal;
    return backendConfiguration;
}
```

Offline Profiling

In offline profiling, all OpenAccess metrics and events are written to a log file, which can be reviewed in the Profiling and Tuning wizard at a later time.



```
var backendConfiguration = new BackendConfiguration()
{
          Backend = "mssql"
};

// defines the log level
          backendConfiguration.Logging.LogEvents =
LoggingLevel.Normal;
          backend.Logging.Downloader.Filename =
"c:\\QuickStartProfilingSession";
          backend.Logging.Downloader.EventBinary = true;
          backend.Logging.Downloader.MetricBinary = true;
          return backendConfiguration;
}
```

Real-time & Offline Profiling

This will allow OpenAccess to report events and metrics to the profiler in real time, and it will also output all data to a log file, which can be reviewed at a later time.

```
private static BackendConfiguration GetConfiguration()
            var backendConfiguration = new BackendConfiguration()
            {
                Backend = "mssql"
            };
            // defines the log level
            backendConfiguration.Logging.LogEvents =
LoggingLevel.Normal;
// defines the size of the metric store in memory
            backendConfiguration.Logging.MetricStoreCapacity = 3600;
            // defines the size of the event store in memory
            backendConfiguration. Logging.EventStoreCapacity = 10000;
            backend.Logging.Downloader.Filename =
"c:\\QuickStartProfilingSession";
            backend.Logging.Downloader.EventBinary = true;
            backend.Logging.Downloader.MetricBinary = true;
            return backendConfiguration;
        }
```

Note

Real-time profiling, and offline profiling can be used together, or separately.

5. **Update** the **constructor** to call the new GetConfiguration() method created in step 4, rather than passing in the previously defined backendConfiguration object. As show here:

```
public QuickStartEntitiesContext()
     : base(DbConnection, GetConfiguration(), metadataSource)
{}
```



6. The fluent data model is now configured for profiling.

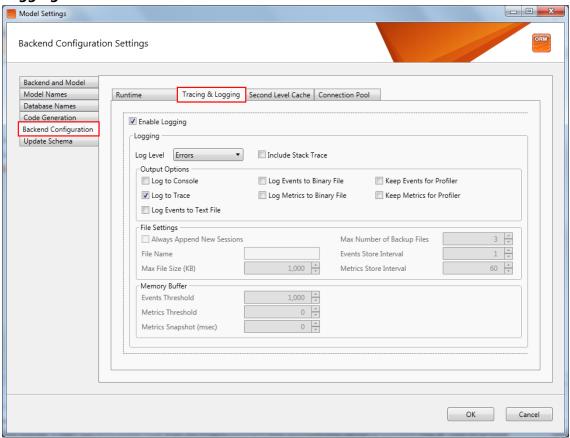
Next Steps...

With the fluent model configured, the next step is to <u>connect the profiler</u> for real time profiling, or <u>view the logs generated</u> during offline profiling.

Configuring a Visual Designer Model (Forward or Reverse Mapping) for Profiling

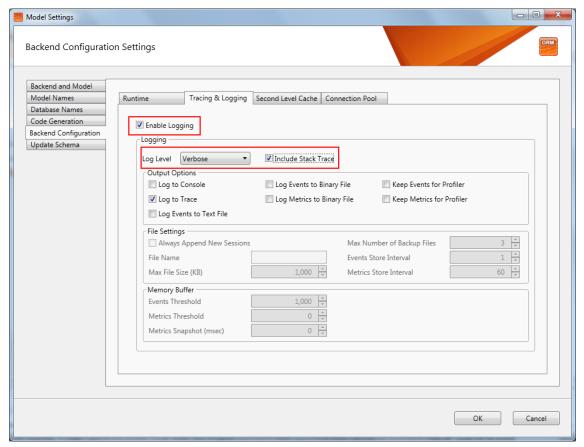
To configure the profiler for online capture:

- 1. Create a data model using <u>Visual Designer section</u> of this guide.
- 2. Add a reference to **Telerik.OpenAccess.ServiceHost.dll** in the project that will consume the domain model.
- 3. Open OpenAccess Visual Designer.
- 4. Right click on the design surface, and select **Show Model Settings.**
- In the model settings window navigate to Backend Configuration > Tracing and Logging.



 Ensure **Enable Logging** is checked, and adjust the log level. By default only errors are reported by OpenAccess but to send more detail to the profiler, set the Log Level to Normal, Verbose, or All. Also, check **Include Stack Trace** so it is reported to the profiler.



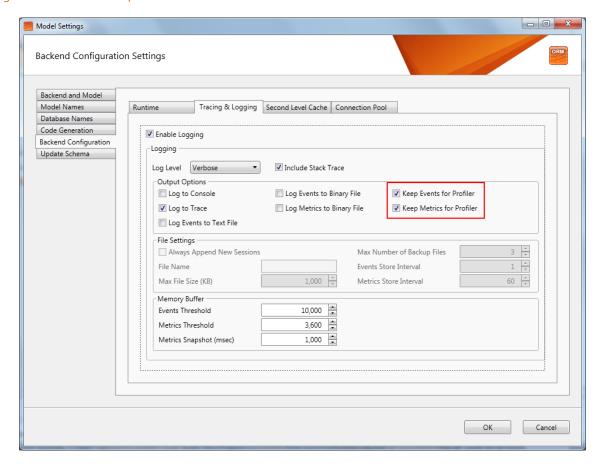


7. Now the profiling method must be configured. OpenAccess provides the follow profiling methods:

Real-time Profiling

In real-time profiling, OpenAccess reports its events and metrics, directly to the profiler via a service.

To enable real-time profiling, check **Keep Events for Profiler**, and **Keep Metrics for Profiler**.



Offline Profiling

In offline profiling, all OpenAccess metrics and events are written to a log file, which can be loaded and reviewed in Profiler and Tuning Advisor at a later time.

To enable offline mode, check **Log Events to Binary File** and **Log Metrics to Binary File**. This will enable the **File Settings** section. In the File name section, put the following path:

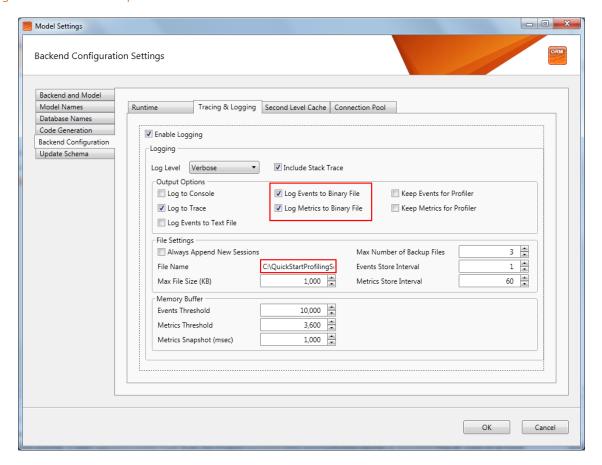
C:\QuickStartProfilingSession

OpenAccess will now log all events and metrics to a file at this location.

Note

The OpenAccess logger provides the ability to configure dynamic log file names and to learn more about them please read this <u>documentation article</u>.

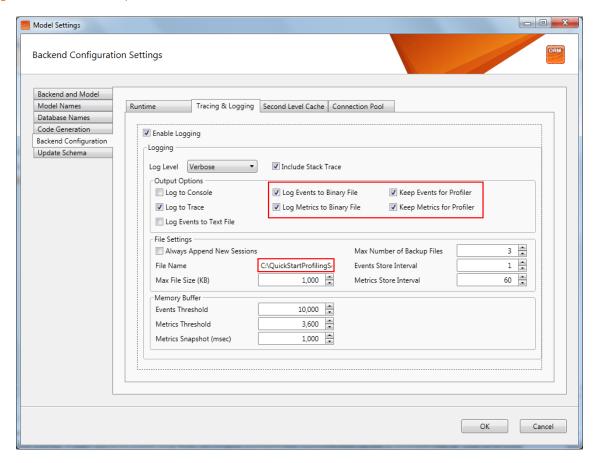




Real-time & Offline Profiling

This will allow OpenAccess to report events and metrics to the profiler in real time, and it will also output all data to a log file, which can be reviewed at a later time.

To enable both modes, simply make the selections described in both of the above configurations.



Note

Real-time profiling, and offline profiling can be used together, or separately.

8. Now click **OK**. At this point the model is configured to report SQL events, and metrics.

Next Steps...

With the fluent model configured, the next step is to <u>connect the profiler</u> for real time profiling, or <u>view the logs generated</u> during offline profiling.

Real-time Profiling

Applications using OpenAccess ORM can report SQL events and metrics to Profiler and Tuning Advisor in real time. To do this, first a service must be added to the application consuming an OpenAccess data model. Then the profiler must be configured to connect to the service.

Configuring an Application

1. When the application is starting, the profiler service needs to be started.

In a web application, this should be pasted in Application_Start

In a **windows application**, paste this **before** showing the first form.

Telerik.OpenAccess.ServiceHost.ServiceHostManager.StartProfilerService(15555);



This will start the profiler service on port 15555. A different port can be used by passing a different port number to the StartProfilerService() method.

2. When the application is ending, the service needs to be stopped by calling:

Telerik.OpenAccess.ServiceHost.ServiceHostManager.StopProfilerService()

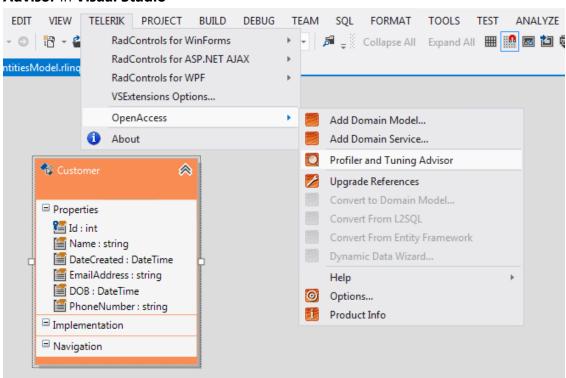
In a web application, this should be added in Application_End

In a windows application, this should be added to the closing event for the main form.

3. **Run** the application.

Connecting the Profiler

- 1. Make sure the application is running.
- 2. **Open** the profiler, by navigating to **Telerik > OpenAccess > Profiler and Tuning Advisor** in **Visual Studio**

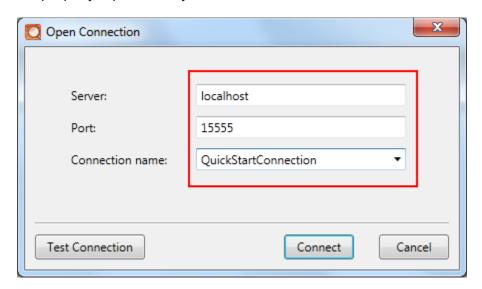


3. Once the profiler opens, **click** the **Connect To** menu item



4. **Configure** the connection

- a. Server The server where your application is running. In most cases this will be localhost.
- Port The service host added to the application earlier uses a specific port to communicate with the profiler. This port is what is passed into StartProfilerService(port);
- c. Connection Name— The profiler needs to know which connection to monitor. Specifying the connection name gives the profiler the needed information to properly report activity.



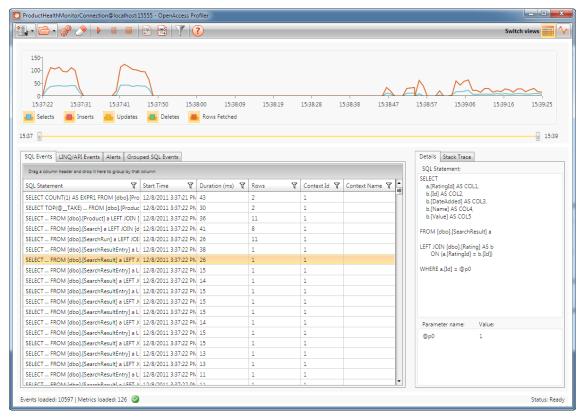
5. Once configured, click **Test Connection** at which point the profiler will indicate whether or not it was able to successfully connect to the service host.

Important Note

If **Test Connection** reports a **failure**, ensure that the application is running, and that you specified correct info on the **Open Connection** dialog.

- 6. Once **Test Connection** comes back successful, click **Connect**.
- 7. At this point the application being profiled can be used, and all activity will be reported to the profiler.

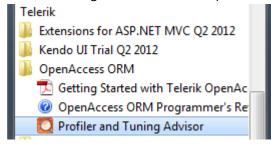




For more information on all the available features of the profiler make sure to check out this documentation article.

Viewing Offline Profiling Session Logs

1. Open **OpenAccess Profiler and Tuning Advisor** from the Start menu by navigating to Start>All Programs > Telerik > OpenAccess ORM > **Profiler and Tuning Advisor**.



2. Click the **Folder** icon in the toolbar of the profiler.





- 3. **Navigate** to the directory where the log was saved, for example, in this guide it was saved to the root C drive.
- 4. **Select** the **.oalog** file.

The OpenAccess logger produces two files:

- a. .oalog contains all of the operation information.
- b. .oametrics contains all of the counters for the OpenAccess context.

 Things like context lifetime, inserts per second, selects per second, cache hits, cache misses, etc. are stored in this file.
- 5. The log should now be ready for to explore in **OpenAccess Profiler and Tuning Advisor.**

For more information on all the available features of the profiler make sure to check out this documentation article.

For Further Reference

Telerik OpenAccess ORM has a reach set of comprehensive education resources that provide real-life solutions to everyday problems.

- <u>Telerik OpenAccess Samples Kit</u> designed to increase your productivity and to be a
 demo source of what Telerik's ORM is capable of. It is an offline resource browser, and
 includes demos and relevant information to get started and quickly integrate
 OpenAccess ORM in your applications.
- Online Help here you can find constantly updated information about OpenAccess, how-to articles, best practices and etc.
- <u>Videos</u> lets you watch the latest OpenAccess ORM videos, including Database-First, Model-First and Code-Only Scenarios, working with Visual Designer, integration with other technologies and products.
- Knowledge Base contains articles you can search for solutions to your problems.
- <u>Code Library</u> it is a place for exchanging code samples, sharing knowledge and getting hands-on experience.
- <u>Forum</u> provides a place where you can communicate and consult with other people who use Open Access ORM.
- Support you can also contact OpenAccess support with a technical question

