#### MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

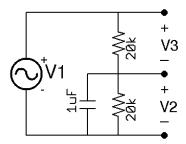
Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

## 6.301 Solid State Circuits

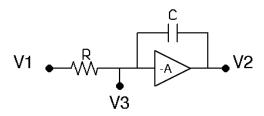
Fall 2013 Problem Set 1 Issued: Sept 5, 2013 Due: Sept 12, 2013

# Problem 1: Basic Techniques

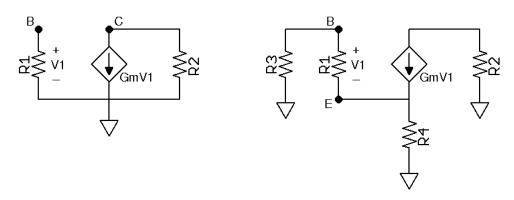
(a) For the following circuit, sketch the pole-zero plot, Bode plot, and unit step response for  $\frac{V_2}{V_1}(s)$  and  $\frac{V_3}{V_1}(s)$ .



(b) Find the transfer functions  $\frac{V_2}{V_1}(s)$  and  $\frac{V_3}{V_1}(s)$  for the following circuit. What is the impedance looking into node  $V_3$ ? What effect does the amplifier have on the capacitor?

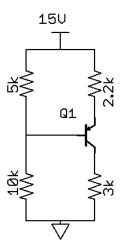


(c) Find the Thevenin resistances  $R_{BC}$  and  $R_{BE}$  for the following circuits.



## Problem 2: Transistor parameter hunting

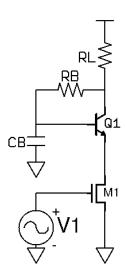
Consider the following circuit, where  $V_{be} = 0.6V$ ,  $\beta = 200$ , and  $V_A = 80$ . Find  $I_S$  for the large signal model and find  $g_m$ ,  $r_\pi$ , and  $r_o$  for the hybrid-pi small-signal model. Draw the small-signal equivalent circuit.



# Problem 3: Biasing

Consider the following circuit, where for

Q1:  $I_S=10^{-15}A,\ V_A=\infty,\ V_{CE_{sat}}=0.2V,\ \beta=200,$  M1:  $V_T=0.6V,\ \mu_nC_{ox}\frac{W}{L}=200\frac{\mu A}{V^2},\ \lambda=0\ V_{cc}=5V, R_L=30k, C_B$  is large.



- (a) Determine the DC value of V1 such that  $I_{C1} = 60\mu A$ .
- (b) Find the DC output voltage at the collector of Q1.
- (c) Determine the range of  $R_B$  that keeps M1 in saturation and Q1 in the FAR.