Name:

# Final Equation Sheet

# Cauchy's Stress Theorem

$$t_i = \sigma_{ij} n_j \tag{1}$$

# Strain-Displacement

Cartesian

$$\epsilon_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}(u_{i,j} + u_{j,i}) \tag{2}$$

Polar

$$\epsilon_r = \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r}, \epsilon_\theta = \frac{1}{r} \left( u_r + \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

$$\epsilon_{r\theta} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial r} - \frac{u_\theta}{r} \right)$$
(3)

## Equilibrium

Cartesian

$$\sigma_{ij,j} + F_i = 0 \tag{4}$$

Polar

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_r}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \tau_{r\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r} (\sigma_r - \sigma_\theta) + F_r = 0$$
$$\frac{\partial \tau_{r\theta}}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \sigma_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{2}{r} \tau_{r\theta} + F_\theta = 0$$

Navier

$$\mu u_{i,kk} + (\lambda + \mu)u_{k,ki} + F_i = 0 \tag{5}$$

## Constitutive

$$\sigma_{ij} = \lambda \epsilon_{kk} \delta_{ij} + 2\mu \epsilon_{ij} - (3\lambda + 2\mu)\alpha \Delta T \delta_{ij} \tag{6}$$

$$\epsilon_{ij} = \frac{1+\nu}{E}\sigma_{ij} - \frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{kk}\delta_{ij} + \alpha\Delta T\delta_{ij} \tag{7}$$

	$\lambda =$	$\mu = G =$	E =	$\nu =$	K =
$\lambda, \mu$	G(2G F)		$\frac{\mu(3\lambda+2\mu)}{\lambda+\mu}$	$\frac{\lambda}{2(\lambda+\mu)}$	$\frac{3\lambda+2\mu}{3}$
G, E	$\frac{G(2G-E)}{E-3G}$			$\frac{E-2G}{2G}$	$\frac{GE}{3(3G-E)}$ $2G(1+\nu)$
$G, \nu$	$\frac{2G\nu}{1-2\nu}$ $\nu E$	E	$2G(1+\nu)$		$\frac{2G(1+\nu)}{3(1-2\nu)}$
$E, \nu$ $K, E$	$\frac{\overline{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}}{3K(3K-E)}$	$\frac{2(1+\nu)}{3EK}$		3K-E	$\overline{3(1-2\nu)}$
$\nu, K$	$\begin{array}{c} 9K - E \\ \frac{3K\nu}{1 + \nu} \end{array}$	$\frac{9K - E}{3K(1 - 2\nu)}$ $\frac{3K(1 - 2\nu)}{2(1 + \nu)}$	$3K(1-2\nu)$	6K	

#### **Material Constants**

#### Compatibility

Strain

$$\frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{x}}{\partial y^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{y}}{\partial x^{2}} = 2 \frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{xy}}{\partial x \partial y} 
\frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{y}}{\partial z^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{z}}{\partial y^{2}} = 2 \frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{yz}}{\partial y \partial z} 
\frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{z}}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{x}}{\partial z^{2}} = 2 \frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{zx}}{\partial z \partial x} 
\frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{x}}{\partial y \partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -\frac{\partial \epsilon_{yz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zx}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xy}}{\partial z} \right) 
\frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{y}}{\partial z \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( -\frac{\partial \epsilon_{zx}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xy}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yz}}{\partial x} \right) 
\frac{\partial^{2} \epsilon_{z}}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( -\frac{\partial \epsilon_{xy}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zx}}{\partial y} \right)$$
(8)

**Plane Stress** 

$$\nabla^2(\sigma_{11} + \sigma_{22}) = -(1 + \nu) \left( \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial y} \right)$$
(9)

Plane Stress in Polar Coordinates

$$\nabla^2(\sigma_{rr} + \sigma_{\theta\theta}) = -4\rho(1+\nu)\left(\frac{\partial F_r}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial F_{\theta}}{\partial \theta}\right)$$
 (10)

Where, in polar coordinates,

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2}$$
 (11)

# Stress transformation

$$\sigma_x' = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta + \tau_{xy} \sin 2\theta$$

$$\sigma_y' = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} - \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta - \tau_{xy} \sin 2\theta$$

$$\tau_{xy}' = \frac{\sigma_y - \sigma_x}{2} \sin 2\theta + \tau_{xy} \cos 2\theta$$
(12)

## Strain transformation

$$\epsilon'_{x} = \frac{\epsilon_{x} + \epsilon_{y}}{2} + \frac{\epsilon_{x} - \epsilon_{y}}{2} \cos 2\theta + \epsilon_{xy} \sin 2\theta$$

$$\epsilon'_{y} = \frac{\epsilon_{x} + \epsilon_{y}}{2} - \frac{\epsilon_{x} - \epsilon_{y}}{2} \cos 2\theta - \epsilon_{xy} \sin 2\theta$$

$$\epsilon'_{xy} = \frac{\epsilon_{y} - \epsilon_{x}}{2} \sin 2\theta + \epsilon_{xy} \cos 2\theta$$
(13)

## **Airy Stress Functions**

#### Cartesian Coordinates

$$F_{x} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$F_{y} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial y}$$
(14)

$$\sigma_{x} = \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial y^{2}} + V$$

$$\sigma_{y} = \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial x^{2}} + V$$

$$\tau_{xy} = -\frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial x \partial y}$$
(15)

#### **Polar Coordinates**

$$\rho b_r = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial r}$$

$$\rho b_\theta = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta}$$
(16)

$$\sigma_{r} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial \theta^{2}} + V$$

$$\sigma_{\theta} = \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial r^{2}} + V$$

$$\tau_{r\theta} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \theta} \right)$$
(17)

$$\phi = a_0 + a_1 \log r + a_2 r^2 + a_3 r^2 \log r + (a_4 + a_5 \log r + a_6 r^2 + a_7 r^2 \log r) \theta + \left( a_{11} r + a_{12} r \log r + \frac{a_{13}}{r} + a_{14} r^3 + a_{15} r \theta + a_{16} r \theta \log r \right) \cos \theta + \left( b_{11} r + b_{12} r \log r + \frac{b_{13}}{r} + b_{14} r^3 + b_{15} r \theta + b_{16} r \theta \log r \right) \sin \theta + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (a_{n1} r^n + a_{n2} r^{2+n} + a_{n3} r^{-n} + a_{n4} r^{2-n}) \cos n\theta + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (b_{n1} r^n + b_{n2} r^{2+n} + a_{n3} r^{-n} + b_{n4} r^{2-n}) \sin n\theta$$

$$(18)$$

$\phi$	$ig  \sigma_{rr}$	$\mid \sigma_{r heta}$	$\sigma_{ heta  heta}$
$r^2$	2	0	2
$r^2 \ln r$	$2 \ln r + 1$	0	$2 \ln r + 3$
$\ln r$	$r^{-2}$	0	$-r^{-2}$
$\theta$	0	$r^{-2}$	0
$r^3 \cos \theta$	$2 r \cos \theta$	$2 r \sin \theta$	$6 r \cos \theta$
$r\theta \cos \theta$	$-2 r^{-1} \sin \theta$	0	0
$r \ln r \cos \theta$	$r^{-1} \cos \theta$	$r^{-1} \sin \theta$	$r^{-1} \cos \theta$
$r^{-1} \cos \theta$	$-2 r^{-3} \cos \theta$	$-2 r^{-3} \sin \theta$	$2 r^{-3} \cos \theta$
$r^3 \sin \theta$	$2 r \sin \theta$	$-2 r \cos \theta$	$6 r \sin \theta$
$r\theta \sin \theta$	$2 r^{-1} \cos \theta$	0	0
$r \ln r \sin \theta$	$r^{-1} \sin \theta$	$-r^{-1}\cos\theta$	$r^{-1} \sin \theta$
$r^{-1} \sin \theta$	$-2 r^{-3} \sin \theta$	$2 r^{-3} \cos \theta$	$2 r^{-3} \sin \theta$
$r^{n+2}\cos(n\theta)$	$-(n+1)(n+2) r^n \cos(n\theta)$	$n(n+1) r^n \sin(n\theta)$	
$r^{-n+2}\cos(n\theta)$	$-(n+2)(n-1) r^{-n} \cos(n\theta)$	$-n(n-1) r^{-n} \sin(n\theta)$	$(n-1)(n-2) r^{-n} \cos(n\theta)$
$r^n \cos(n\theta)$	$-n(n-1) r^{n-2} \cos(n\theta)$	$n(n-1) r^{n-2} \sin(n\theta)$	$n(n-1) r^{n-2} \cos(n\theta)$
$r^{-n}\cos(n\theta)$	$-n(n+1) r^{-n-2} \cos(n\theta)$	$-n(n+1) r^{-n-2} \sin(n\theta)$	$n(n+1) r^{-n-2} \cos(n\theta)$
$r^{n+2} \sin(n\theta)$	$-(n+1)(n+2) r^n \sin(n\theta)$	$-n(n+1) r^n \cos(n\theta)$	
$r^{-n+2} \sin(n\theta)$	$-(n+2)(n-1) r^{-n} \sin(n\theta)$	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	$(n-1)(n-2) r^{-n} \sin(n\theta)$
$r^n \sin(n\theta)$	$-n(n-1) r^{n-2} \sin(n\theta)$	$-n(n-1) r^{n-2} \cos(n\theta)$	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
$r^{-n} \sin(n\theta)$	$-n(n+1) r^{-n-2} \sin(n\theta)$	$n(n+1) r^{-n-2} \cos(n\theta)$	$n(n+1) r^{-n-2} \sin(n\theta)$

#### Compatibility

$$\nabla^4 \phi = -2 \frac{\kappa - 1}{\kappa + 1} \nabla^2 V \tag{19}$$

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \qquad \text{(Cartesian coordinates)}$$

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} \qquad \text{(Polar Coordinates)}$$
(20)

$$\kappa = 3 - 4\nu$$
 plain strain
$$\kappa = \frac{3 - \nu}{1 + \nu}$$
 plane stress
(21)

## Conversion from Cartesian to Polar

#### Displacement

$$u_r = u\cos\theta + v\sin\theta$$

$$u_\theta = -u\sin\theta + v\cos\theta$$
(22)

Stress

$$\sigma_r = \sigma_x \cos^2 \theta + \sigma_y \sin^2 \theta + 2\tau_{xy} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \sigma_x \sin^2 \theta + \sigma_y \cos^2 \theta - 2\tau_{xy} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sigma_{r\theta} = -\sigma_x \sin \theta \cos \theta + \sigma_y \sin \theta \cos \theta + \tau_{xy} (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)$$
(23)

## **Useful Identities**

$$\sin 2\theta = 2\sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$= 2\cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$= 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta$$
(24)