Triplet

Objective

To learn about the importance of complexity analysis in algorithm design.

Problem Description

Given a list of **N** integers, find the minimum and maximum value of the product of the triplets.

Input

The first line of the input is **N** ($3 \le N \le 50,000$). The next line contains **N** integers, whose values are between -1000 and 1000 inclusive.

Output

The output contains 2 integers, i.e. the minimum and maximum value of the triplets.

Sample Input

```
5
3 -2 -10 0 1
```

Sample Output

-30 60

Explanation

The possible triplets are:

```
1. (3, -2, -10) \rightarrow \text{value} = 60
```

2.
$$(3, -2, 0) \rightarrow \text{value} = 0$$

3.
$$(3, -2, 1) \rightarrow \text{value} = -6$$

4.
$$(3, -10, 0) \rightarrow \text{value} = 0$$

5.
$$(3, -10, 1) \rightarrow \text{value} = -30$$

6.
$$(3, 0, 1) \rightarrow \text{value} = 0$$

7.
$$(-2, -10, 0) \rightarrow \text{value} = 0$$

8.
$$(-2, -10, 1) \rightarrow \text{value} = 20$$

9.
$$(-2, 0, 1) \rightarrow \text{value} = 0$$

10.
$$(-10, 0, 1) \rightarrow \text{value} = 0$$

Marking

- You will get 7 marks only if a O(N³) solution is implemented correctly.
- You will get 9 marks if a O(N logN) solution is implemented correctly.
- You will get 10 marks if a O(N) solution is implemented correctly.

Program Submission

Submit your solution as a file named Lab09g<LabGroupNo><MatricNo>.zip into the right folder.