

1. Which of the following is/are not a stable sorting algorithm in its typical implementation?

- ☐ A Insertion Sort
- ☐ B Quick Sort
- ☐ C Selection Sort
- ☐ D Merge Sort

2. Which sorting algorithm makes one swap per pass (possibly swapping an element with itself)?

- ☐ A Selection Sort
- ☐ B Merge Sort
- ☐ C Insertion Sort
- ☐ D Quick Sort

3. What are the correct intermediate steps of the following data set when it is being sorted with the Insertion sort?

15,20,10,18

- ☐ A 15,20,10,18
10,15,20,18
10,15,18,20
10,15,18,20
- ☐ B 10,15,18,20
15,20,10,18
10,15,20,18
10,15,18,20
- ☐ C 10,15,18,20
15,20,10,18
10,15,18,20
10,15,20,18
- ☐ D 10,15,18,20
15,20,10,18
10,15,18,20
10,15,20,18

4. If all the elements in an input array are equal for example {1,1,1,1,1,1}, What would be the running time of the Insertion Algorithm?

- ☐ A $O(2N)$
- ☐ B $O(N^2)$
- ☐ C $O(N)$
- ☐ D None of the above

5. Which one of the following is an application of Stack Data Structure?

- ☐ A Managing function calls
- ☐ B Undo operation
- ☐ C Arithmetic expression evaluation
- ☐ D All of the above
- ☐ E None of the above

6. The minimum number of stacks needed to implement a queue is

- ☐ A 0
- ☐ B 2
- ☐ C 3
- ☐ D 4
- ☐ E 1

7. If the sequence of operations -

push (1)
push (2)
pop
push (1)
push (2)
pop
pop
pop
push (2)
pop

are performed on a stack, the sequence of popped out values

- ☐ A 2,2,1,2,2
- ☐ B 2,2,1,1,2
- ☐ C 2,1,2,2,1
- ☐ D 2,1,2,2,2

8. What is the worst-case time complexity of quicksort?

- ☐ A $O(N \log N)$
- ☐ B $O(N^2)$
- ☐ C $O(N)$
- ☐ D $O(1)$

9. Quicksort is stable and in place?

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

10. Which of the following algorithms are examples of the divide and conquer technique?

- ☐ A Merge Sort
- ☐ B Insertion Sort
- ☐ C Quick Sort
- ☐ D Selection Sort