

# Introduction to Web Development – HTML Basics

Welcome to your first web development class! Today, we will embark on a journey into the world of creating websites, starting with the cornerstone of the web – **HTML (HyperText Markup Language)**. This lesson will cover both the theory and hands-on practice with HTML to ensure you feel confident building your first webpage.

## Part 1: What is HTML?

HTML stands for **HyperText Markup Language**:

- **HyperText**: Refers to the ability to link different pages/documents together.
- **Markup Language**: A language used to structure content and make it readable/displayable in a specific format (like a webpage).

## Why is HTML Important?

HTML is like the skeletal structure of a webpage:

- It defines how content like text, images, links, and other elements are organized.
- Every browser understands HTML, so it is the foundation of every website.

## How HTML Works

1. HTML uses "tags" to tell the browser how content should be displayed.

For instance:

```
<h1>This is a Heading</h1>
```

1. **Tags** usually come in pairs, with:
  - An opening tag: `<tag>`
  - A closing tag: `</tag>`

For example, the `<p>` tag is used for paragraphs:

<p>This is a paragraph of text.</p>

1. Key concepts include:

- **Elements**: The combination of a tag, its attributes, and the enclosed content.
- **Attributes**: Additional information within a tag, like:



## Structure of an HTML Document

An HTML file has a standard structure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Your First Webpage</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Hello, World!</h1>
  <p>This is your first webpage.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Key elements include:

- `<!DOCTYPE html>`: Tells the browser this is an HTML5 document.
- `<html>`: The root of the document.
- `<head>`: Contains meta-information about the document (e.g., the title).
- `<body>`: Contains everything displayed on the webpage.

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## Part 2: Practical – Building Your First Webpage!

## Step 1: Setting Up Your Environment

1. Install a **code editor** such as **Visual Studio Code** (VS Code) or **Notepad++**.
2. Create a new folder to store your project (e.g., "MyFirstWebsite").

## Step 2: Writing Your First HTML File

1. Open your code editor and create a new file: `index.html`.
2. Type the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>My First Webpage</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Welcome!</h1>
  <p>This is my very first webpage.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

1. Save the file.

## Step 3: Viewing Your Webpage

1. Open the folder where you saved `index.html`.
  2. Double-click the file – it will open in your default web browser.
- Now, you should see the heading "Welcome!" and a paragraph beneath it.

## Practice HTML Tags

:

1. **Headings:**

```
<h1>Big Heading</h1>
<h3>Smaller Heading</h3>
```

## 2. Links:

`<a href="https://google.com" target="_blank">Visit Google</a>`

## 3. Lists:

- Unordered List:

```
<ul>
  <li>Item 1</li>
  <li>Item 2</li>
</ul>
```

- Ordered List:

```
<ol>
  <li>First</li>
  <li>Second</li>
</ol>
```

## 4. Images:

``

## 5. Formatting Text:

`<b>Bold Text</b>` and `<i>Italic Text</i>`

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## Mini Project: Create Your Own Profile Page

1. Create a new file named `profile.html` and display basic information like:
  - A heading with their name.

- A paragraph describing their favorite hobby.
- An image (can be sourced from the internet).
- A list of their favorite books, movies, or games.

**Example:**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>My Profile</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>John Doe</h1>
  <p>I love playing football and coding!</p>
  
  <h2>My Favorites</h2>
  <ul>
    <li>Harry Potter</li>
    <li>Inception</li>
    <li>Chess</li>
  </ul>
</body>
</html>
```