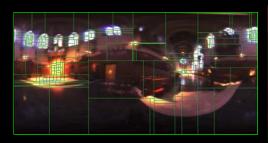
## **Bidirectional Importance Sampling**





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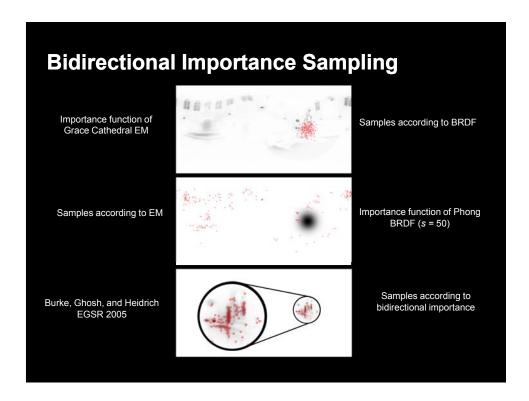
Abhijeet Ghosh

Lecture 13, Feb.11th 2013

## **Bidirectional Importance**

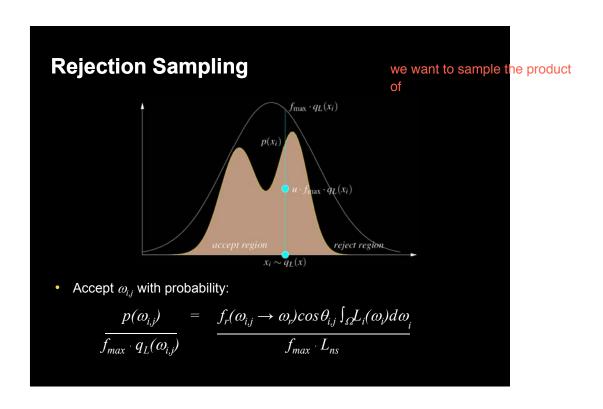
- $L_r(\omega_r) = \int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_i \to \omega_r) \cos \theta_i L_i(\omega_i) V(\omega_i) d\omega_i$ , (1)
- Target distribution *p* for direct illumination:

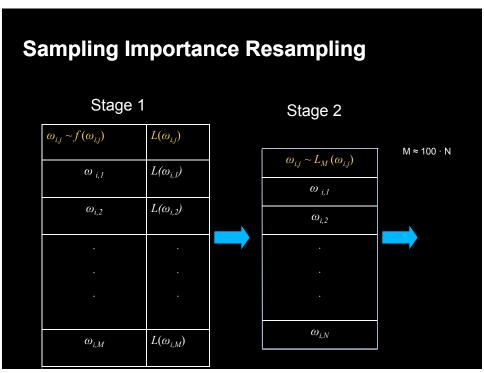
$$p(\omega_i) := \frac{f_r(\omega_i \to \omega_r) \cos \theta_i L_i(\omega_i)}{\int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_i \to \omega_r) \cos \theta_i L_i(\omega_i) d\omega_i}, \qquad (2)$$



## **Realizing Bidirectional Sampling**

- 2 step approach
  - generate samples from one distribution
  - adjust samples to be proportional to the product p
- 2 Monte Carlo techniques for redistribution
  - rejection sampling
  - sampling importance re-sampling (SIR)
    - also Talbot et al. 2005





generate a lot of samples according to one of your proposed functions e.g. in this case BRDF we query the intensity of these lights in these directions L()

These

