

```

/*1.    Quels sont tous les cours (id_cours_offert, code_cours, id_semestre)
enseignés à tous les semestres ?*/
SELECT id_cours_offert, code_cours, id_semestre
FROM cours_semestre;

```

ID_COURS_OFFERT	CODE_COURS	ID_SEMESTRE
EN1-H22-GROUP1	ENGLISH1	Hiver2022
EN2-A22-GROUP1	ENGLISH2	Automne2022
EN2-H22-GROUP1	ENGLISH2	Hiver2022
EN3-E22-GROUP1	ENGLISH3	Eté2022
EN2-H23-GROUP1	ENGLISH2	Hiver2023
EN3-A23-GROUP1	ENGLISH3	Automne2023
ES1-E23-GROUP1	ESPAÑOL1	Eté2023
ES1-H22-GROUP1	ESPAÑOL1	Hiver2022
ES2-A22-GROUP1	ESPAÑOL2	Automne2022
FR1-E22-GROUP1	FRANCAIS1	Eté2022
FR1-H22-GROUP1	FRANCAIS1	Hiver2022
FR1-H22-GROUP2	FRANCAIS1	Hiver2022
FR2-A22-GROUP1	FRANCAIS2	Automne2022
FR2-A22-GROUP2	FRANCAIS2	Automne2022
FR2-H23-GROUP1	FRANCAIS2	Hiver2023
FR3-A22-GROUP1	FRANCAIS3	Automne2022
FR3-A23-GROUP1	FRANCAIS3	Automne2023

```

/* 2.    Quels sont tous les étudiants (id_etudiant, prénom, nom, date_naissance)
qui ont au moins 25 ans ?*/
SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, date_naissance
FROM etudiant
WHERE (TO_CHAR(sysdate, 'YYYY') - TO_CHAR(date_naissance, 'YYYY')) >= 25;

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The main window displays a SQL query in the Worksheet tab:

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, date_naissance
2 FROM etudiant
3 WHERE (TO_CHAR(sysdate, 'YYYY') - TO_CHAR(date_naissance, 'YYYY')) >= 25;
4

```

Below the query, the results are displayed in a table with 9 rows. The columns are ID_ETUDIANT, PRENOM, NOM, and DATE_NAISSANCE.

ID_ETUDIANT	PRENOM	NOM	DATE_NAISSANCE
1 NALDDUCK3098XA	Donald	Duck	00-03-09
2 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	Daisy	Duck	95-03-07
3 NNYFERDIAM23X	Jennyfer	Diament	98-08-25
4 AMJACOB2345YTD	Liam	Jacob	00-10-08
5 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	Léo	Louis	88-12-18
6 OMASNATHAN200F	Thomas	Nathan	80-03-28
7 ICECHARLOTTE23J	Alice	Charlotte	75-04-12
8 MMALEA1593DEFU	Emma	Léa	00-03-09
9 LIETTEOR2745GHT	Juliette	Or	95-01-04

--OU

```

SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, date_naissance
FROM etudiant
WHERE (EXTRACT(YEAR FROM sysdate) - EXTRACT(YEAR FROM date_naissance)) >= 25;

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Connections' pane on the left lists the 'psl_admin' connection. The 'Script Output' pane at the bottom shows the execution of a query. The query is as follows:

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, date_naissance
2 FROM etudiant
3 WHERE (EXTRACT(YEAR FROM sysdate) - EXTRACT(YEAR FROM date_naissance)) >= 25;
4

```

The query results are displayed in a table with the following columns: ID_ETUDIANT, PRENOM, NOM, and DATE_NAISSANCE. The results are as follows:

ID_ETUDIANT	PRENOM	NOM	DATE_NAISSANCE
1 NALDDUCK3098XA	Donald	Duck	00-03-09
2 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	Daisy	Duck	95-03-07
3 NNYFERDIAM23X	Jennvfer	Diament	98-08-25
4 AMJACOB2345YTD	Liam	Jacob	00-10-08
5 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	Léo	Louis	88-12-18
6 OMASNATHAN200F	Thomas	Nathan	80-03-28
7 ICECHARLOTTE23J	Alice	Charlotte	75-04-12
8 MMALEA1593DEFU	Emma	Léa	00-03-09
9 LIETTEOR2745GHT	Juliette	Or	95-01-04

--OU

```

SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, date_naissance
FROM etudiant
WHERE MONTHS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE,date_naissance)>= 25*12;

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The main window displays a SQL query in the Worksheet:

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, date_naissance
2 FROM etudiant
3 WHERE MONTHS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, date_naissance) >= 25*12;
4

```

Below the query, the results are displayed in a table with 9 rows. The columns are ID_ETUDIANT, PRENOM, NOM, and DATE_NAISSANCE.

ID_ETUDIANT	PRENOM	NOM	DATE_NAISSANCE
1 NALDDUCK3098XA	Donald	Duck	00-03-09
2 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	Daisy	Duck	95-03-07
3 NNYFERDIAM23X	Jennyfer	Diament	98-08-25
4 AMJACOB2345YTD	Liam	Jacob	00-10-08
5 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	Léo	Louis	88-12-18
6 OMASNATHAN200F	Thomas	Nathan	80-03-28
7 ICECHARLOTTE23J	Alice	Charlotte	75-04-12
8 MMALEA1593DEFU	Emma	Léa	00-03-09
9 LIETTEOR2745GHT	Juliette	Or	95-01-04

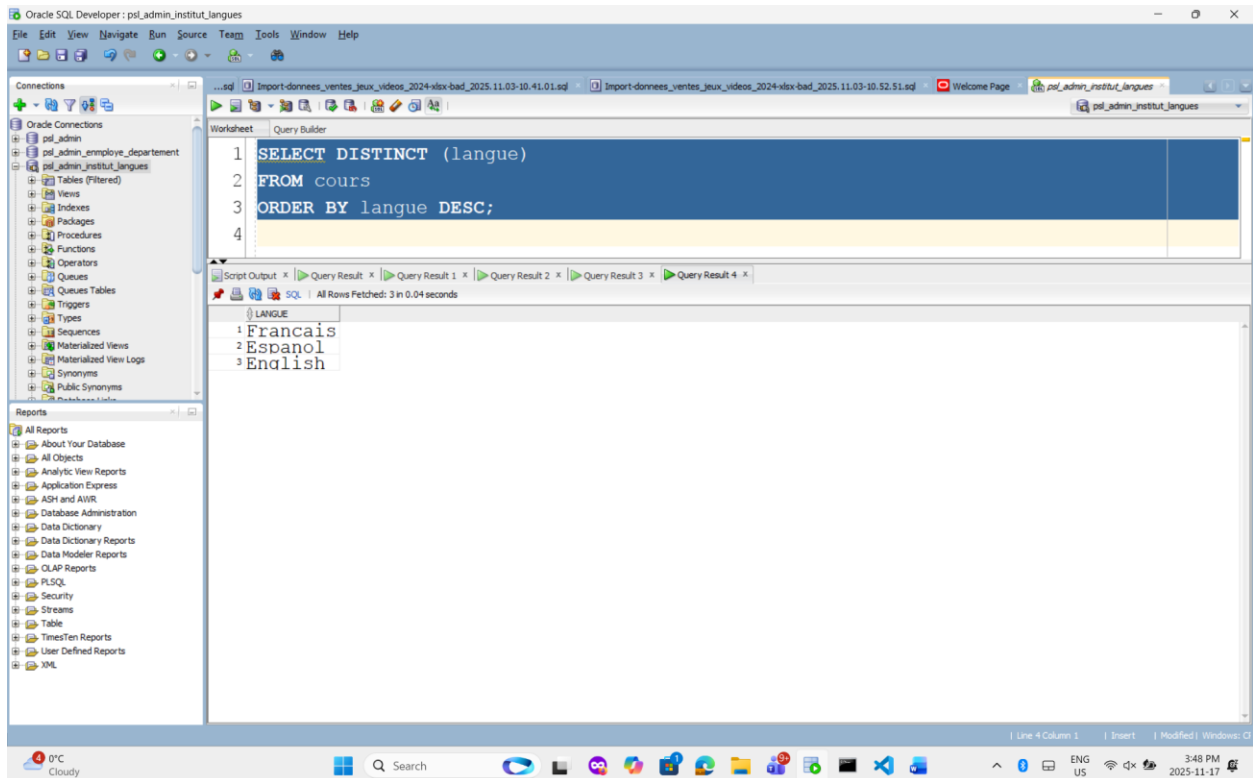
/*3. Suivant les données stockées dans la table Cours, quels sont les différentes langues (langue) enseignées et affichez les en ordre alphabétique décroissant Z-A ?

*/

```

SELECT DISTINCT (langue)
FROM cours
ORDER BY langue DESC;

```



/*4. Quels sont tous les étudiants (id_etudiant, prenom, nom) avec leur prenom et leur nom affichés en ordre alphabétique croissant A-Z. 8 */

```
SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom
FROM etudiant
ORDER BY prenom ASC, nom ASC;
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The main window displays a SQL query in the Worksheet:

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom
2 FROM etudiant
3 ORDER BY prenom ASC, nom ASC;

```

Below the query, the 'Query Result' tab shows the results of the query. The results are displayed in a table with three columns: ID_ETUDIANT, PRENOM, and NOM. The table contains 22 rows of data, sorted by prenom and then nom.

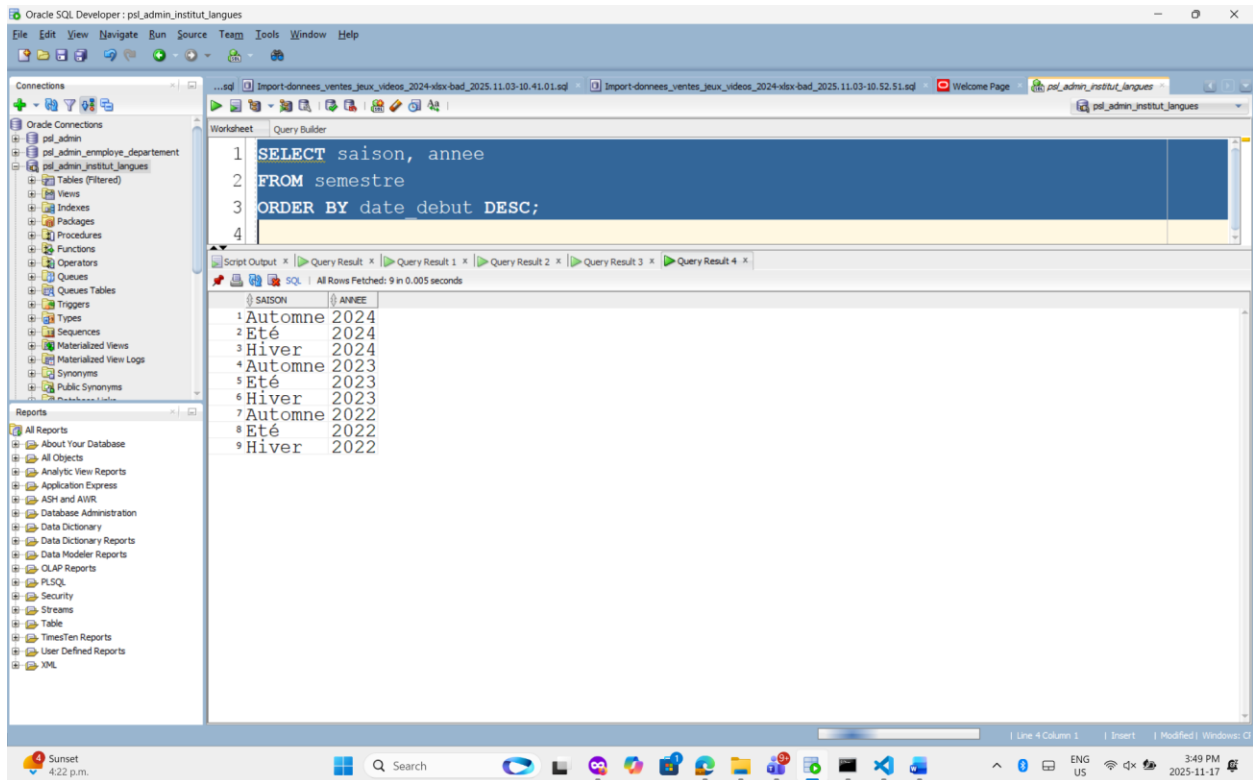
ID_ETUDIANT	PRENOM	NOM
1	ICECHARLOTTE23J	Alice Charlotte
2	ARLIEARGENT216T	Charlie Argent
3	ISYDUCK9090LTBC	Daisy Duck
4	NALDDUCK3098XA	Donald Duck
5	MMALEA1593DEFU	Emma Léa
6	ORENCELIVIA937W	Florence Livia
7	NEBLOGGS234STV	Jane Bloggs
8	NNYFERDIAM23X	Jennvfer Diamant
9	NDOE20342334RE	Jon Doe
10	LIETTEOR2745GHT	Juliette Or
11	KNUCKLESECH2006Z	Knuckles Echidna
12	AMJACOB2345YTD	Liam Jacob
13	LOUIS2356DEFTS	Léo Louis
14	CKEYMOUSE2030S	Mickey Mouse
15	INNIEMOUSE23SF	Minnie Mouse
16	AHEDOUARD234Z	Noah Edouard
17	IVIABEATRICE285X	Olivia Roe
18	BOTNIC2004EFFGT	Robot Nic
19	SONICHED200605ST	Sonic Hedgehog
20	TAILSFOX200509ML	Tails Fox
21	OMASNATHAN200F	Thomas Nathan
22	LIAMARTHUR984A	William Arthur

/*5. Quels sont tous les semestres (Saison et Année)
et ordonnez les en ordre décroissante (plus récent au plus ancien)
suivant la date de début.*/

```

SELECT saison, annee
FROM semestre
ORDER BY date_debut DESC;

```



```

/*6.    Quels sont les étudiants (ID, Prénom et Nom, Civilité)
qui ont la civilité Monsieur et Madame ? */
SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, civilite
FROM etudiant
WHERE civilite = 'Monsieur' OR civilite = 'Madame';

```


Oracle SQL Developer : psl_admin_institut_langues

File Edit View Navigate Run Source Text Tools Window Help

Connections

Oracle Connections

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- psl_admin_employe_departement
- psl_admin_institut_langues
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- PLSQL
- Security
- Streams
- Table
- TimesTen Reports
- User Defined Reports
- XML

Worksheet

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, civilite
2 FROM etudiant
3 WHERE civilite = 'Monsieur' OR civilite = 'Madame';
4

```

Script Output

Query Result 1

All Rows Fetched: 16 in 0.006 seconds

ID_ETUDIANT	PRENOM	NOM	CIVILITE
1 SONICHED200605ST	Sonic	Hedgehog	Monsieur
2 TAILSFOX200509ML	Tails	Fox	Madame
3 BOTNIC2004EFFGT	Robot	Nic	Monsieur
4 CKEYMOUSE2030S	Mickey	Mouse	Monsieur
5 NALDDUCK3098XA	Donald	Duck	Monsieur
6 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	Daisy	Duck	Madame
7 INNIEMOUSE23SF	Minnie	Mouse	Madame
8 NNYFERDIAM23X	Jennvfer	Diament	Madame
9 AMJACOB2345YTD	Liam	Jacob	Monsieur
10 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	Léo	Louis	Monsieur
11 OMASNATHAN200F	Thomas	Nathan	Monsieur
12 LLIAMARTHUR984A	William	Arthur	Monsieur
13 ICECHARLOTTE23J	Alice	Charlotte	Madame
14 ORENCELIVIA937W	Florence	Livia	Madame
15 ARLIEARGENT216T	Charlie	Argent	Madame
16 LIETTEOR2745GHT	Juliette	Or	Madame

Sunset 4:22 p.m.

Search

ENG US

3:49 PM 2025-11-17

--OU

```

SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, civilite
FROM etudiant
WHERE civilite IN ('Monsieur', 'Madame');

```


The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Connections' pane on the left lists several connections, with 'psl_admin' selected. The 'Worksheet' pane displays a SQL query:

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, civileite
2 FROM etudiant
3 WHERE civileite IN ('Monsieur', 'Madame');
4

```

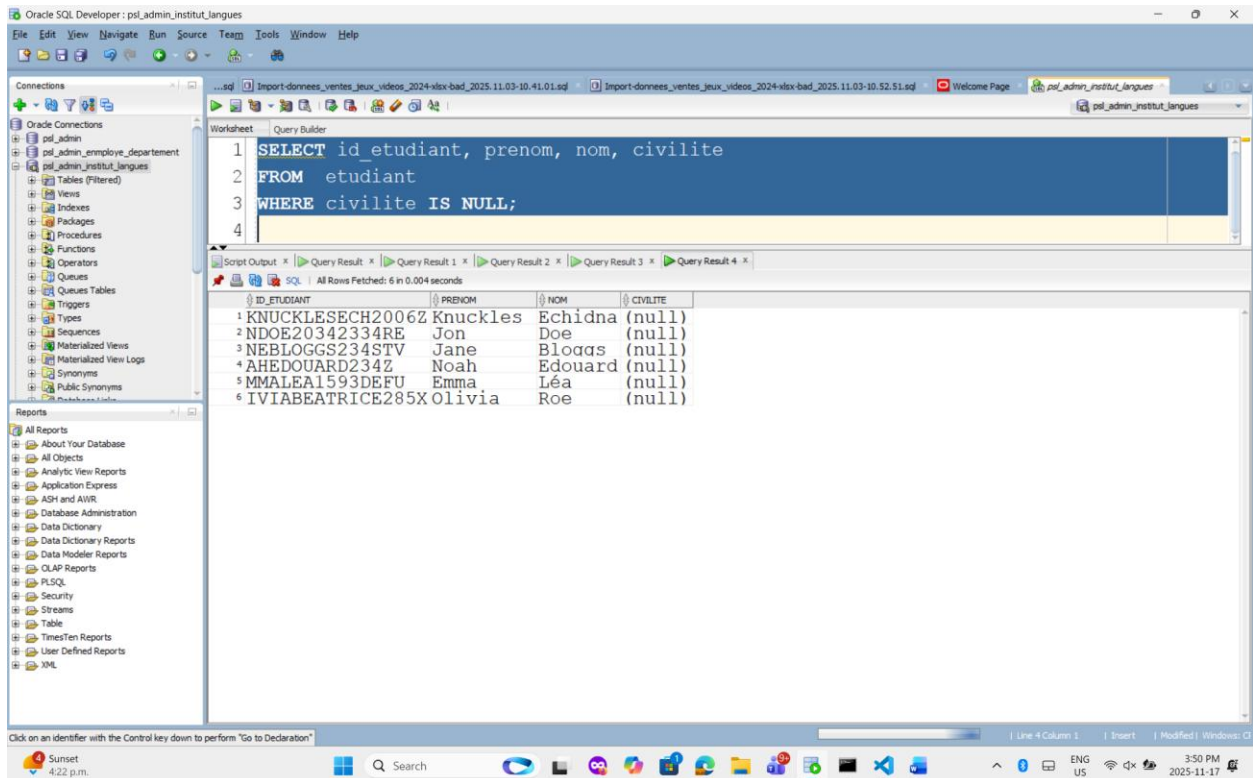
The 'Query Result' pane shows the results of the query, with 16 rows fetched in 0.005 seconds. The results are as follows:

ID_ETUDIANT	PRENOM	NOM	CIVILITE
1 SONICHD200605ST	Sonic	Hedgeho	Monsieur
2 TAILSFOX200509ML	Tails	Fox	Madame
3 BOTNIC2004EFFGT	Robot	Nic	Monsieur
4 CKEYMOUSE2030S	Mickey	Mouse	Monsieur
5 NALDDUCK3098XA	Donald	Duck	Monsieur
6 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	Daisy	Duck	Madame
7 INNIEMOUSE23SF	Minnie	Mouse	Madame
8 NNYFERDIAM23X	Jennvfer	Diament	Madame
9 AMJACOB2345YTD	Liam	Jacob	Monsieur
10 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	Léo	Louis	Monsieur
11 OMASNATHAN200F	Thomas	Nathan	Monsieur
12 LLIAMARTHUR984A	William	Arthur	Monsieur
13 ICECHARLOTTE23J	Alice	Charlotte	Madame
14 ORENCELIVIA937W	Florence	Livia	Madame
15 ARLIEARGENT216T	Charlie	Argent	Madame
16 LIETTEOR2745GHT	Juliette	Or	Madame

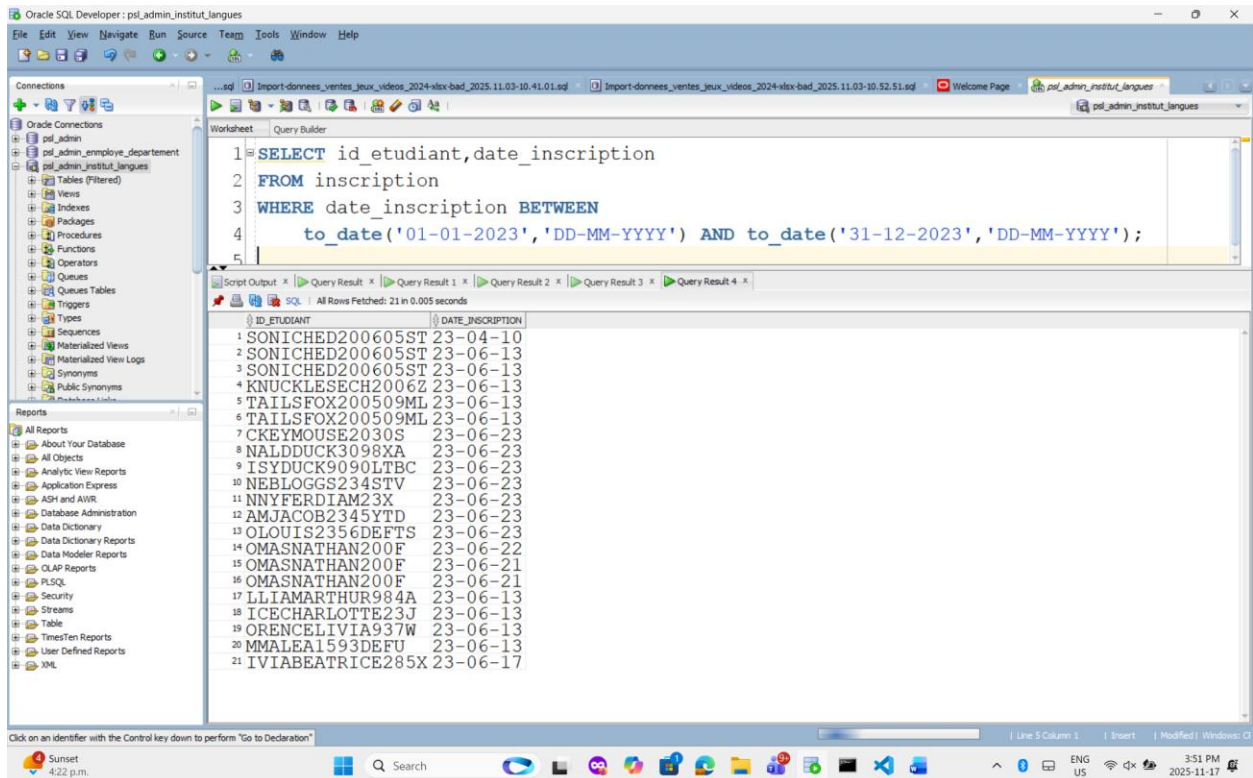
```

/*7. Quels sont les étudiants (ID, Prénom et Nom, Civilité)
qui n'ont encore aucune information stockée pour la civilité ? */
SELECT id_etudiant, prenom, nom, civileite
FROM etudiant
WHERE civileite IS NULL;

```



```
/* 8. Quels sont les étudiants (id_etudiant, date_inscription)
qui ont été inscrits entre 1e janvier 2023 et le 31 décembre 2023 ? (BETWEEN)*/
SELECT id_etudiant,date_inscription
FROM inscription
WHERE date_inscription BETWEEN
      to_date('01-01-2023','DD-MM-YYYY') AND to_date('31-12-2023','DD-MM-YYYY');
```



--OU

```

SELECT id_etudiant,date_inscription
FROM inscription
WHERE TO_CHAR(date_inscription, 'YYYY') = 2023;

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Worksheet' tab contains the following SQL query:

```

1 SELECT id_etudiant,date_inscription
2 FROM inscription
3 WHERE TO_CHAR(date_inscription, 'YYYY') = 2023;
4

```

The 'Query Result' tab shows the results of the query, with 21 rows fetched in 0.038 seconds. The columns are ID_ETUDIANT and DATE_INSCRIPTION.

ID_ETUDIANT	DATE_INSCRIPTION
1 SONICHED200605ST	23-04-10
2 SONICHED200605ST	23-06-13
3 SONICHED200605ST	23-06-13
4 KNUCKLESECH2006Z	23-06-13
5 TAILSFOX200509ML	23-06-13
6 TAILSFOX200509ML	23-06-13
7 CKEYMOUSE2030S	23-06-23
8 NALDDUCK3098XA	23-06-23
9 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	23-06-23
10 NEBLOGGS234STV	23-06-23
11 NNYFERDIAM23X	23-06-23
12 AMJACOB2345YTD	23-06-23
13 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	23-06-23
14 OMASNATHAN200F	23-06-22
15 OMASNATHAN200F	23-06-21
16 OMASNATHAN200F	23-06-21
17 LLIAMARTHUR984A	23-06-13
18 ICECHARLOTTE23J	23-06-13
19 ORENCELIVIA937W	23-06-13
20 MMALEA1593DEFU	23-06-13
21 IVIABEATRICE285X	23-06-17

--OU

```

SELECT id_etudiant,date_inscription
FROM inscription
WHERE date_inscription >= to_date('01-01-2023','DD-MM-YYYY')
      AND date_inscription <= to_date('31-12-2023','DD-MM-YYYY');

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Connections' pane on the left lists several database connections, including 'psl_admin_institut_langues'. The 'Worksheet' pane displays the following SQL query:

```

1=SELECT id_etudiant,date_inscription
2 FROM inscription
3 WHERE date_inscription >= to_date('01-01-2023','DD-MM-YYYY')
4    AND date_inscription <= to_date('31-12-2023','DD-MM-YYYY');
5

```

The 'Query Result' pane shows the results of the query, with 21 rows fetched in 0.01 seconds. The results are displayed in a table with two columns: ID_ETUDIANT and DATE_INSCRIPTION.

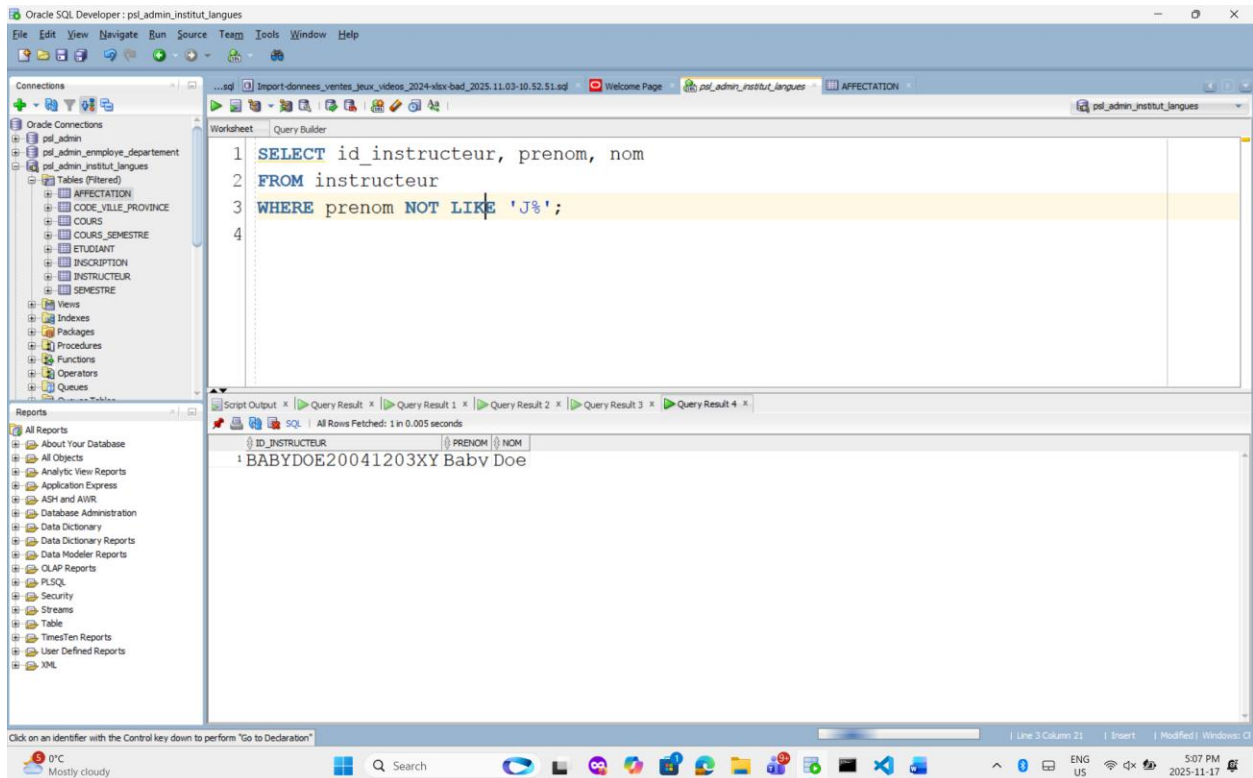
ID_ETUDIANT	DATE_INSCRIPTION
1 SONICHD200605ST	23-04-10
2 SONICHD200605ST	23-06-13
3 SONICHD200605ST	23-06-13
4 KNUCKLESECH2006Z	23-06-13
5 TAILSFOX200509ML	23-06-13
6 TAILSFOX200509ML	23-06-13
7 CKEYMOUSE2030S	23-06-23
8 NALDDUCK3098XA	23-06-23
9 ISYDUCK9090LTBC	23-06-23
10 NEBLOGGS234STV	23-06-23
11 NNYFERDIAM23X	23-06-23
12 AMJACOB2345YTD	23-06-23
13 OLOUIS2356DEFTS	23-06-23
14 OMASNATHAN200F	23-06-22
15 OMASNATHAN200F	23-06-21
16 OMASNATHAN200F	23-06-21
17 LLIAMARTHUR984A	23-06-13
18 ICECHARLOTTE23J	23-06-13
19 ORENCELIVIA937W	23-06-13
20 MMALEA1593DEFU	23-06-13
21 IVIABEATRICE285X	23-06-17

/*9. Quels sont tous les enseignants (id_instructeur, prenom, nom) dont le prénom ne commence pas la lettre J ? */

```

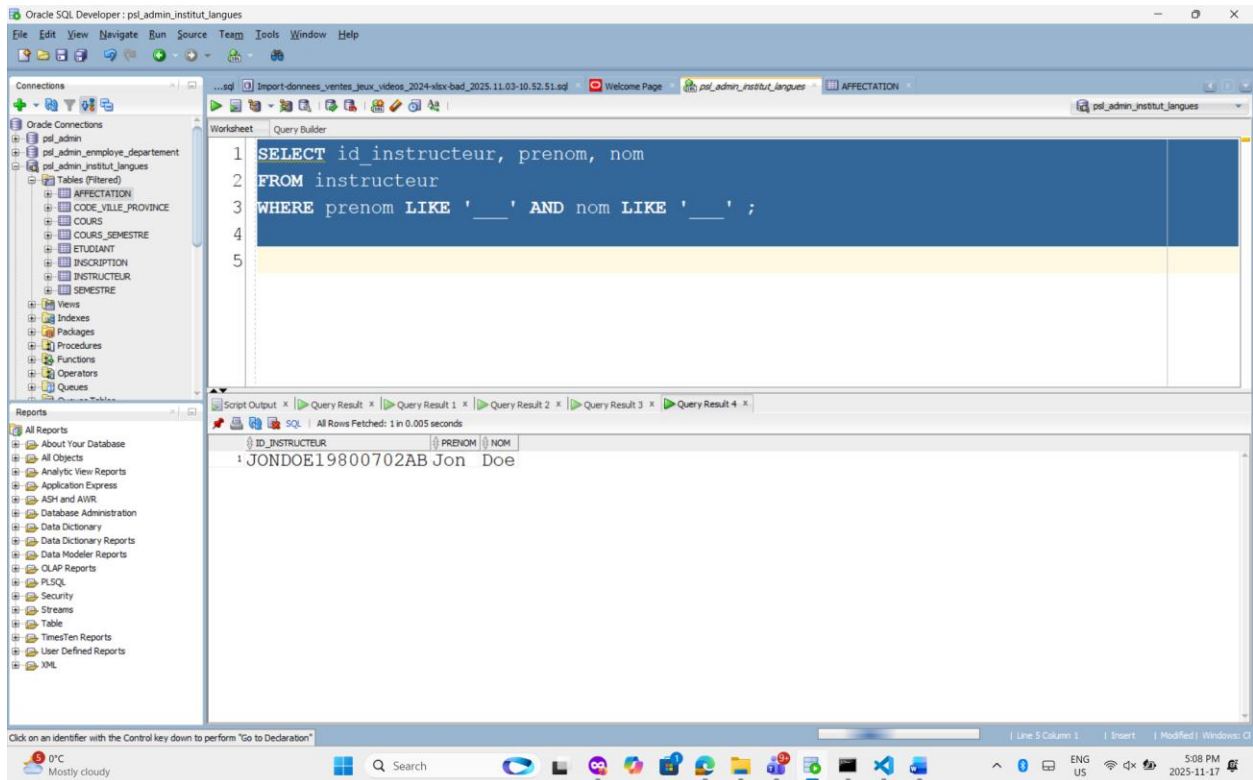
SELECT id_instructeur, prenom, nom
FROM instructeur
WHERE prenom NOT LIKE 'J%';

```



/*10. Quels sont tous les enseignants (id_instituteur, prenom, nom) dont le prénom et le nom contiennent chacun 3 lettres ? */

```
SELECT id_instituteur, prenom, nom
FROM instructeur
WHERE prenom LIKE '___' AND nom LIKE '___' ;
```

```
/*11. Quels sont tous les cours (code_cours, titre, description)
qui enseignent la langue française ? */
SELECT code_cours, titre, description
FROM cours
WHERE code_cours LIKE 'ENGLISH%';
```


Oracle SQL Developer : psi_admin_institut_langues

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Connections

- Oracle Connections
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 - psi_admin_employe_departement
 - psi_admin_institut_langues
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 - COURS_SEMESTRE
 - ETUDIANT
 - INSCRIPTION
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- Data Dictionary Reports
- Data Modeler Reports
- OLAP Reports
- PLSQL
- Security
- Streams
- Table
- TimesTen Reports
- User Defined Reports
- XML

Worksheet

```

1 /*11. Quels sont tous les cours (code_cours, titre, description)
2 qui enseignent la langue française ? */
3 SELECT code_cours, titre, description
4 FROM cours
5 WHERE code_cours LIKE 'ENGLISH%';

```

Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x Query Result 3 x Query Result 4 x

All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.005 seconds

CODE_COURS	TITRE	DESCRIPTION
ENGLISH0	ENGLISH LEVEL 0	INTRODUCTION
ENGLISH1	ENGLISH LEVEL 1	SPEAKING
ENGLISH2	ENGLISH LEVEL 2	WRITING
ENGLISH3	ENGLISH LEVEL 3	SPEECH

Click on an identifier with the Control key down to perform "Go to Declaration"

Upcoming Earnings

Windows Taskbar: Search, ENG US, 5:11 PM, 2025-11-17

```

/*12. Quels sont les enseignants (ID, Prenom, Nom, ID_Cours_Offert,
Code_Cours, ID_semestre) qui ont enseignés les cours d'anglais ? */
SELECT i.id_instructeur, i.prenom, i.nom, c.id_cours_offert,
c.code_cours, c.id_semestre
FROM instructeur i, cours_semestre c, affectation a
WHERE i.id_instructeur = a.id_instructeur
AND c.id_cours_offert = a.id_cours_offert
AND c.code_cours LIKE 'ENGLISH%';

```

Oracle SQL Developer: psl_admin_institut_langues

File Edit View Navigate Run Source Text Tools Window Help

Connections

- Oracle Connections
 - psl_admin
 - psl_admin_employe_departement
 - psl_admin_institut_langues
 - Tables (Filtered)
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 - COURS
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 - ETUDIANT
 - INSCRIPTION
 - INSTRUCTEUR
 - SEMESTRE
 - Views
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 - Procedures
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 - Queues
 - Queues Tables

Worksheet

```

1 SELECT i.id_instructeur, i.prenom, i.nom, c.id_cours_offert,
2 c.code_cours, c.id_semestre
3 FROM instructeur i, cours_semestre c, affectation a
4 WHERE i.id_instructeur = a.id_instructeur
5 AND c.id_cours_offert = a.id_cours_offert
6 AND c.code_cours LIKE 'ENGLISH%';

```

Reports

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 - Data Dictionary Reports
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 - XML

Script Output

SQL All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.003 seconds

ID_INSTRUCTEUR	PRENOM	NOM	ID_COURS_OFFERT	CODE_COURS	ID_SEMESTRE
1 JANEROE20001010DF	Jane	Roe	EN1-H22-GROUP1	ENGLISH1	Hiver2022
2 BABYDOE20041203XY	Babv	Doe	EN2-H22-GROUP1	ENGLISH2	Hiver2022
3 BABYDOE20041203XY	Babv	Doe	EN3-E22-GROUP1	ENGLISH3	Eté2022
4 JONDOE19800702AB	Jon	Doe	EN3-A23-GROUP1	ENGLISH3	Automne2023

Click on an identifier with the Control key down to perform "Go to Declaration"

Upcoming Earnings

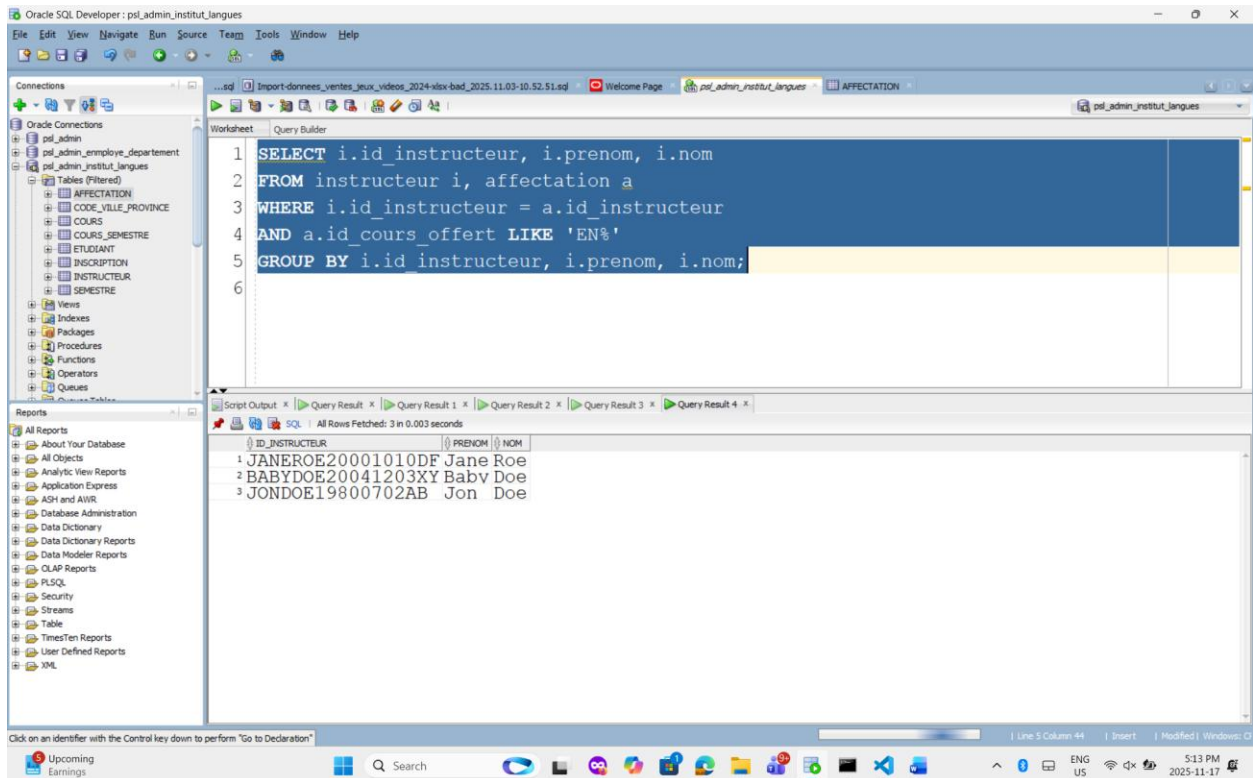
Windows Taskbar: Search, 5:13 PM, 2025-11-17

--OU

```

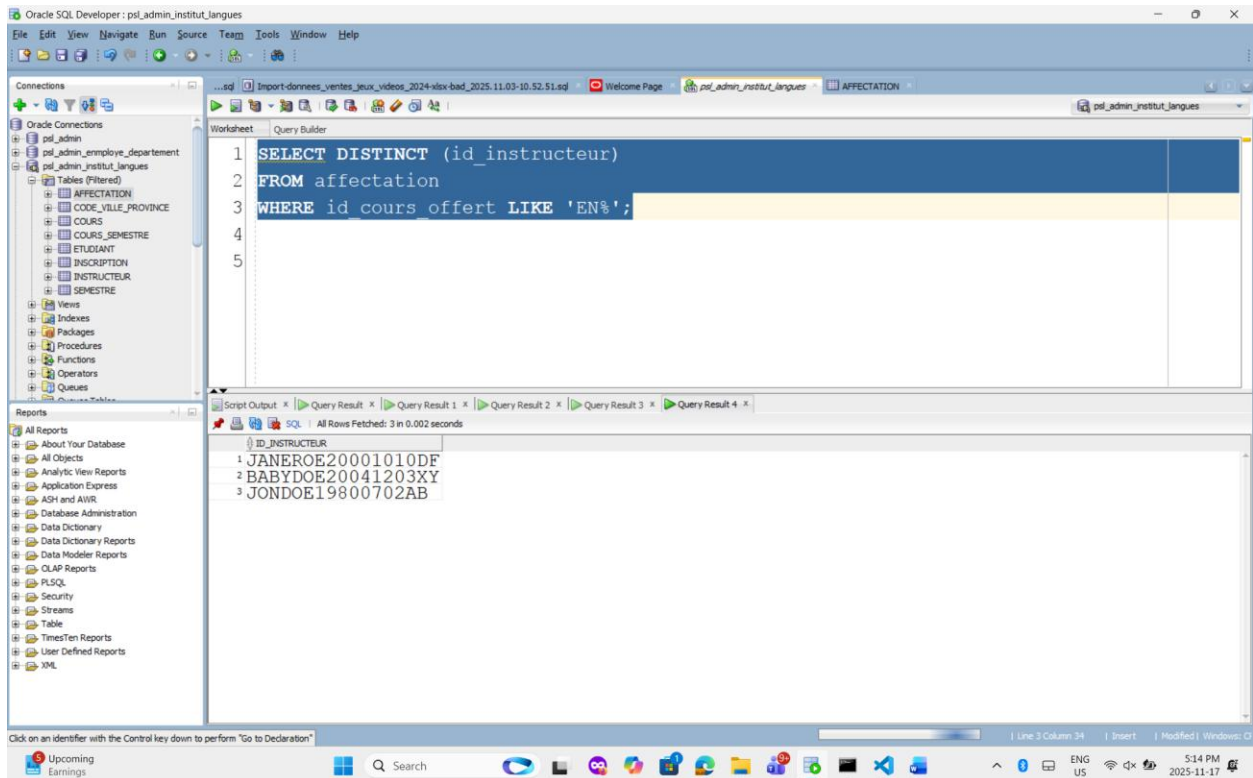
SELECT i.id_instructeur, i.prenom, i.nom
FROM instructeur i, affectation a
WHERE i.id_instructeur = a.id_instructeur
AND a.id_cours_offert LIKE 'EN%'
GROUP BY i.id_instructeur, i.prenom, i.nom;

```



--OU

```
SELECT DISTINCT (id_instructeur)
FROM affectation
WHERE id_cours_offert LIKE 'EN%';
```



```
/*13    Quels sont tous les étudiants qui ont les mêmes prénom ou
nom qu'un enseignant ? (nested SELECT ou SELECT imbriqués) */
SELECT prenom, nom
FROM etudiant
WHERE prenom IN (SELECT prenom FROM instructeur)
OR nom IN (SELECT nom FROM instructeur);
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The main window displays a SQL query in the Worksheet:

```
1 SELECT prenom, nom
2 FROM etudiant
3 WHERE prenom IN (SELECT prenom FROM instructeur)
4 OR nom IN (SELECT nom FROM instructeur);
5
```

Below the query, the Results window shows the output of the query:

	PRENOM	NOM
1	Jon	Doe
2	Jane	Blodds
3	Olivia	Roe

The interface also includes a Connections pane on the left showing the database structure, and a Reports pane at the bottom left.

```
SELECT e.prenom AS "Prenom Etudiant", e.nom AS "Nom Etudiant",
i.prenom AS "Prenom Instructeur", i.nom AS "Nom Instructeur"
FROM etudiant e, instructeur i
WHERE e.prenom = i.prenom
OR e.nom = i.nom;
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The main window displays a SQL query in the Worksheet:

```

1 SELECT e.prenom AS "Prenom Etudiant", e.nom AS "Nom Etudiant",
2 i.prenom AS "Prenom Instructeur", i.nom AS "Nom Instructeur"
3 FROM etudiant e, instructeur i
4 WHERE e.prenom = i.prenom
5 OR e.nom = i.nom;

```

The Results window shows the output of the query, displaying 5 rows of data with 4 columns: Prenom Etudiant, Nom Etudiant, Prenom Instructeur, and Nom Instructeur.

	Prenom Etudiant	Nom Etudiant	Prenom Instructeur	Nom Instructeur
1	Jon	Doe	Jon	Doe
2	Jon	Doe	Baby	Doe
3	Jane	Bloogs	Jane	Roe
4	Jane	Bloogs	Joe	Bloogs
5	Olivia	Roe	Jane	Roe

/*14 Combien d'étudiants ont annulé leur inscription (statut = 'Désinscrit') en 2023 ?

Affichez le texte suivant comme titre de la colonne (DESCRIPTION) qui affiche le résultat : « Nombre Etudiants Désinscrits en 2023 »*/

```

SELECT 'Nombre Etudiants Désinscrits en 2023' AS DESCRIPTION,
COUNT (id_etudiant)
FROM inscription
WHERE statut = 'Désinscrit'
AND id_cours_offert LIKE '%23%';

```

Oracle SQL Developer : psi_admin_institut_langues

File Edit View Navigate Run Source Text Tools Window Help

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Worksheet

```
1 SELECT 'Nombre Etudiants Désinscrits en 2023' AS DESCRIPTION,
2 COUNT (id_etudiant)
3 FROM inscription
4 WHERE statut = 'Désinscrit'
5 AND id cours offert LIKE '%23%';
6
```

Reports

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Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x Query Result 3 x Query Result 4 x

SQL All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.005 seconds

DESCRIPTION	COUNT(ID_ETUDIANT)
1 Nombre Etudiants Désinscrits en 2023	4

Click on an identifier with the Control key down to perform "Go to Declaration"

Line 6 Column 1 Insert Modified Windows

Mostly cloudy

Search

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