Experiment:5

Aim: To implement a c program to calculate first and follow sets of given grammar.

Source code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>
void followfirst(char, int, int);
void follow(char c);
void findfirst(char, int, int);
int count, n = 0;
char calc_first[10][100];
char calc follow[10][100];
int m = 0:
char production[10][10];
char f[10], first[10];
int k;
char ck;
int e:
int main(int argc, char **argv)
  int im = 0:
  int km = 0;
  int i, choice;
  char c, ch;
  count = 8:
  strcpy(production[0], "E=TR");
  strcpy(production[1], "R=+TR");
  strcpy(production[2], "R=#");
  strcpy(production[3], "T=FY");
  strcpy(production[4], "Y=*FY");
  strcpy(production[5], "Y=#");
  strcpy(production[6], "F=(E)");
  strcpy(production[7], "F=i");
  int kay;
  char done[count]:
  int ptr = -1;
  for(k = 0; k < count; k++) {
     for(kay = 0; kay < 100; kay++) {
        calc_first[k][kay] = '!';
     }
  int point1 = 0, point2, xxx;
  for(k = 0; k < count; k++)
     c = production[k][0];
     point2 = 0;
```

```
xxx = 0:
       for(kay = 0; kay \le ptr; kay++)
     if(c == done[kay])
        xxx = 1;
  if (xxx == 1)
     continue;
  findfirst(c, 0, 0);
  ptr += 1;
  done[ptr] = c;
   printf("\n First(\%c) = \{ ", c);
  calc_first[point1][point2++] = c;
  for(i = 0 + jm; i < n; i++) {
     int lark = 0, chk = 0;
     for(lark = 0; lark < point2; lark++) {
        if (first[i] == calc_first[point1][lark])
          chk = 1;
          break;
     if(chk == 0)
        printf("%c, ", first[i]);
        calc_first[point1][point2++] = first[i];
     }
  }
  printf("}\n");
  jm = n;
  point1++;
}
printf("\n");
printf("-----\n\n");
char donee[count];
ptr = -1;
for(k = 0; k < count; k++) 
  for(kay = 0; kay < 100; kay++) {
     calc_follow[k][kay] = '!';
  }
point1 = 0;
int land = 0;
for(e = 0; e < count; e++)
{
  ck = production[e][0];
  point2 = 0;
  xxx = 0;
    for(kay = 0; kay \le ptr; kay++)
     if(ck == donee[kay])
        xxx = 1;
```

```
if (xxx == 1)
        continue;
     land += 1;
     follow(ck);
     ptr += 1;
     donee[ptr] = ck;
     printf(" Follow(%c) = { ", ck);}
     calc_follow[point1][point2++] = ck;
     for(i = 0 + km; i < m; i++) {
        int lark = 0, chk = 0;
        for(lark = 0; lark < point2; lark++)
           if (f[i] == calc_follow[point1][lark])
              chk = 1;
              break;
        if(chk == 0)
           printf("%c, ", f[i]);
           calc_follow[point1][point2++] = f[i];
        }
     printf(" \\n\n");
     km = m;
     point1++;
  }
void follow(char c)
  int i, j;
  if(production[0][0] == c) {
     f[m++] = '$';
  for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)
     for(j = 2; j < 10; j++)
        if(production[i][j] == c)
           if(production[i][j+1] != '\0')
              followfirst(production[i][j+1], i, (j+2));
           if(production[i][j+1]=='\0' && c!=production[i][0])
            follow(production[i][0]);
```

```
}
  }
void findfirst(char c, int q1, int q2)
  int j;
   if(!(isupper(c))) {
     first[n++] = c;
  for(j = 0; j < count; j++)
     if(production[j][0] == c)
        if(production[j][2] == '#')
           if(production[q1][q2] == '\0')
              first[n++] = '#';
           else if(production[q1][q2] != '\0'
                  && (q1 != 0 || q2 != 0))
              findfirst(production[q1][q2], q1, (q2+1));
           else
              first[n++] = '#';
        else if(!isupper(production[j][2]))
           first[n++] = production[j][2];
        }
        else
           findfirst(production[j][2], j, 3);
}
void followfirst(char c, int c1, int c2)
  int k;
  if(!(isupper(c)))
     f[m++] = c;
  else
  {
     int i = 0, j = 1;
     for(i = 0; i < count; i++)
```

Output: