

# The Hartree-Fock energy (Take 4)

Problem: Core Hamiltonian

*“Show that  $\langle \Psi_{HF} | \mathbf{O}_1 | \Psi_{HF} \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^N h_i$  for the same system”*

# The Hartree-Fock energy (Take 4)

Problem: Core Hamiltonian

*“Show that  $\langle \Psi_{HF} | \mathbf{O}_1 | \Psi_{HF} \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^N h_i$  for the same system”*

Solution

$$\mathbf{O}_1 = h(1) + h(2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle \Psi_{HF} | h(1) + h(2) | \Psi_{HF} \rangle &= \frac{1}{2} \langle \chi_1(1)\chi_2(2) - \chi_1(2)\chi_2(1) | h(1) + h(2) | \chi_1(1)\chi_2(2) - \chi_1(2)\chi_2(1) \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \langle \chi_1(1)\chi_2(2) | h(1) + h(2) | \chi_1(1)\chi_2(2) \rangle - \langle \chi_1(1)\chi_2(2) | h(1) + h(2) | \chi_2(1)\chi_1(2) \rangle \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \langle \chi_2(1)\chi_1(2) | h(1) + h(2) | \chi_1(1)\chi_2(2) \rangle + \langle \chi_2(1)\chi_1(2) | h(1) + h(2) | \chi_2(1)\chi_1(2) \rangle \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [h_1 + h_2 - 0 - 0 + h_2 + h_1] = h_1 + h_2\end{aligned}$$

# The Hartree-Fock energy (Take 5)

Problem: Two-electron Hamiltonian

*“Show that  $\langle \Psi_{HF} | \mathbf{O}_2 | \Psi_{HF} \rangle = \sum_{i < j}^N (\mathcal{J}_{ij} - \mathcal{K}_{ij})$  for the same system and write down the HF energy”*

# The Hartree-Fock energy (Take 5)

Problem: Two-electron Hamiltonian

*Show that  $\langle \Psi_{HF} | \mathbf{O}_2 | \Psi_{HF} \rangle = \sum_{i < j}^N (\mathcal{J}_{ij} - \mathcal{K}_{ij})$  for the same system and write down the HF energy"*

Solution

$$\mathbf{O}_2 = r_{12}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle \Psi_{HF} | r_{12}^{-1} | \Psi_{HF} \rangle &= \frac{1}{2} \langle \chi_1 \chi_2 - \chi_2 \chi_1 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_1 \chi_2 - \chi_2 \chi_1 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \langle \chi_1 \chi_2 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_1 \chi_2 \rangle - \langle \chi_1 \chi_2 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_2 \chi_1 \rangle \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \langle \chi_2 \chi_1 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_1 \chi_2 \rangle + \langle \chi_2 \chi_1 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_2 \chi_1 \rangle \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\mathcal{J}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{12} + \mathcal{J}_{12}] = \mathcal{J}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{12}\end{aligned}$$

Remember that  $\langle \chi_2 \chi_1 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_2 \chi_1 \rangle = \langle \chi_1 \chi_2 | r_{12}^{-1} | \chi_1 \chi_2 \rangle$

$$E_{HF} = h_1 + h_2 + \mathcal{J}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{12}$$

# The Hartree-Fock energy (Take 6)

@home: Three-electron system

*"Find the HF energy of a three-electron system composed by the spin orbitals  $\chi_1$ ,  $\chi_2$  and  $\chi_3$ "*

Solution

$$\mathbf{O}_1 = h(1) + h(2) + h(3)$$

$$\mathbf{O}_2 = r_{12}^{-1} + r_{13}^{-1} + r_{23}^{-1}$$

⋮

$$E_{\text{HF}} = h_1 + h_2 + h_3 + \mathcal{J}_{12} + \mathcal{J}_{13} + \mathcal{J}_{23} - \mathcal{K}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{13} - \mathcal{K}_{23}$$

# HF energy of He

Singlet  $1s^2$  state of the He atom

$$\chi_1 = \alpha \psi_1 \quad \chi_2 = \beta \psi_1$$

$$E_{\text{HF}}(\text{singlet}) = h_1 + h_2 + \mathcal{J}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{12} = 2h_1 + J_{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{J}_{12} &= \langle \chi_1 \chi_2 | \chi_1 \chi_2 \rangle \\ &= \langle \alpha | \alpha \rangle \langle \beta | \beta \rangle \langle \psi_1 \psi_1 | \psi_1 \psi_1 \rangle = J_{11}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{K}_{12} &= \langle \chi_1 \chi_2 | \chi_2 \chi_1 \rangle \\ &= \langle \alpha | \beta \rangle \langle \beta | \alpha \rangle \langle \psi_1 \psi_1 | \psi_1 \psi_1 \rangle = 0\end{aligned}$$

Triplet  $1s2s$  state of the He atom

$$\chi_1 = \alpha \psi_1 \quad \chi_2 = \alpha \psi_2$$

$$E_{\text{HF}}(\text{triplet}) = h_1 + h_2 + \mathcal{J}_{12} - \mathcal{K}_{12} = h_1 + h_2 + J_{12} - K_{12}$$

Singlet-triplet energy splitting

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta E_{\text{HF}} &= E_{\text{HF}}(\text{triplet}) - E_{\text{HF}}(\text{singlet}) \\ &= \underbrace{(h_2 - h_1)}_{>0} + \underbrace{(J_{12} - J_{11})}_{<0} - K_{12}\end{aligned}$$

# HF Energy of Atoms

Problem 1: HF energy of the Li atom

“Find the HF energy of the Li atom in terms of the spatial MOs”

# HF Energy of Atoms

Problem 1: HF energy of the Li atom

“Find the HF energy of the Li atom in terms of the spatial MOs”

Solution 1:

$$\chi_1 = \alpha \psi_1 \quad \chi_2 = \beta \psi_1 \quad \chi_3 = \alpha \psi_2 \quad \chi_4 = \beta \psi_2$$

$$E_{\text{HF}} = 2h_1 + h_2 + J_{11} + 2J_{12} - K_{12}$$

# HF Energy of Atoms

Problem 1: HF energy of the Li atom

“Find the HF energy of the Li atom in terms of the spatial MOs”

Solution 1:

$$\chi_1 = \alpha \psi_1 \quad \chi_2 = \beta \psi_1 \quad \chi_3 = \alpha \psi_2 \quad \chi_4 = \beta \psi_2$$

$$E_{\text{HF}} = 2h_1 + h_2 + J_{11} + 2J_{12} - K_{12}$$

Problem 2: HF energy of the B atom

“Find the HF energy of the B atom’ in terms of the spatial MOs’

# HF Energy of Atoms

Problem 1: HF energy of the Li atom

“Find the HF energy of the Li atom in terms of the spatial MOs”

Solution 1:

$$\chi_1 = \alpha \psi_1 \quad \chi_2 = \beta \psi_1 \quad \chi_3 = \alpha \psi_2 \quad \chi_4 = \beta \psi_2$$

$$E_{\text{HF}} = 2h_1 + h_2 + J_{11} + 2J_{12} - K_{12}$$

Problem 2: HF energy of the B atom

“Find the HF energy of the B atom’ in terms of the spatial MOs’

Solution 2:

$$E_{\text{HF}} = 2h_1 + 2h_2 + h_3 + J_{11} + 4J_{12} + J_{22} - 2K_{12} + 2J_{13} + 2J_{23} - K_{13} - K_{23}$$