

# ASSIGNMENT 1 : REPORT

## 1. Citizens

- **Attributes:** Citizen\_ID, Citizen Name, Gender, Date of Birth, Marital Status, Phone Number, Father's Name, Mother's Name, Income, Spouse's Name, No of Children, Educational Qualification.
- **Role:** Central entity representing individual citizens, capturing personal and demographic details.
- **Relationships:**
  - Pays taxes (Citizen's Tax).
  - Belongs to a family (Family).
  - Can be part of the panchayat (Panchayat Member).

## 2. Families

- **Attributes:** Family\_ID, Address, Total Income, Total Number of Members.
- **Role:** Groups citizens into households, providing aggregate information about their income and size.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked with citizens as members.
  - Maintains collective information about expenditures and income.

## 3. Taxation

- **Attributes:** Tax\_ID, Tax Slab, Tax Exemptions, Taxable Amount, Due Date.
- **Role:** Tracks taxes paid by citizens, including the taxable amount and applicable exceptions.
- **Relationships:**
  - Paid by citizens.

## 4. Agriculture Data

- **Attributes:** Agriculture\_Land\_ID, Number of Acres, Nominee, Cost/Acre, Location of Land, Yield/Crop Type.
- **Role:** Records land ownership details, including the area, location, and productivity.
- **Relationships:**
  - Landowners are linked to citizens.
  - Supports panchayat activities and environmental planning.

## 5. Panchayat Member

- **Attributes:** Panchayat\_Member\_ID, Post, Joining Date, Expected Ending Date.

- **Role:** Tracks individuals serving as members of the local governing body (panchayat).
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to citizens.
  - Contributes to governance and scheme implementation.

## 6. Welfare Schemes

- **Attributes:** Scheme\_ID, Scheme Name, Budget, Details.
- **Role:** Records details of welfare schemes, including eligibility and budget.
- **Relationships:**
  - Applicable to citizens.

## 7. Expenditure

- **Attributes:** Bill\_ID, Amount, Mode of Transaction, Date, Name of Item, Description, Name of Buyer.
- **Role:** Tracks expenditure data for individuals or families.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to citizens and families.
  - Maintains accountability for spending.

## 8. Income

- **Attributes:** Income\_ID, Income Type, Income, Description.
- **Role:** Records sources and amounts of income earned by individuals or families.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to citizens and families.

## 9. Certificates

- **Attributes:** Certificate\_ID, Type of Certificate, Issued By, Validity Date.
- **Role:** Tracks official certificates issued to citizens.
- **Relationships:**
  - Issued to citizens.
  - Issued by Panchayat Members

## 10. Asset Management

- **Attributes:** Asset\_ID, Type, Description, Amount Spent.
- **Role:** Manages assets like infrastructure and their associated costs.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to citizens or families managing these assets.

## 11. Census Data

- **Attributes:** Census\_ID, Year, Population, Birth Rate, Death Rate, Gender Ratio, Migration Rate.

- **Role:** Tracks demographic statistics.
- **Relationships:**
  - Aggregates citizen and family data.

## 12. Environmental Data

- **Attributes:** Record\_ID, Date, Solid Reports, Air Pollution Reports, Tree Plantation Rate, Deforestation Report, Water/Ground Water Reports, Waste Management.
- **Role:** Tracks environmental factors in the region.
- **Relationships:**
  - Reported and conducted by citizens or panchayat members.

# ASSIGNMENT 2 : REPORT

## 1. Households

- **Purpose:** Represents family units or households in the system.
- **Attributes:**
  - household\_id: Unique identifier for each household.
  - address: Address of the household.
  - income: Total household income (must be non-negative).
- **Relationships:**
  - Connected to citizens via the household\_id foreign key.
  - Linked with census\_data to track household-level events.

```
-- Table: households
CREATE TABLE households (
  household_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  address TEXT NOT NULL,
  income DECIMAL(15, 2) NOT NULL CHECK (income >= 0)
);
```

## 2. Citizens

- **Purpose:** Central entity representing individuals in the system.
- **Attributes:**
  - citizen\_id: Unique identifier for each citizen.
  - name, gender, dob: Personal details.
  - household\_id: Foreign key referencing the households table.
  - education\_status, educational\_qualification, occupation: Details about education and profession.
  - father\_id, mother\_id, spouse\_id: Self-referencing foreign keys for relationships.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked with households, land\_records, panchayat\_employees, vaccinations, and welfare\_schemes.
  - Connected to census\_data for tracking events like births, deaths, marriages, or divorces.

```
-- Table: citizens
CREATE TABLE citizens (
  citizen_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name TEXT NOT NULL,
  gender TEXT CHECK (gender IN ('Male', 'Female', 'Other')),
  dob DATE NOT NULL,
  household_id INT REFERENCES households(household_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  education_status TEXT CHECK (education_status IN ('Yes', 'No')),
  educational_qualification TEXT,
  occupation TEXT,
  father_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE SET NULL,
  mother_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE SET NULL,
  spouse_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE SET NULL
);
```

### 3. Land Records

- **Purpose:** Tracks land ownership and usage by citizens.
- **Attributes:**
  - land\_id: Unique identifier for each land record.
  - citizen\_id: Foreign key linking to the citizens table.
  - area\_acres: Land area in acres (must be positive).
  - crop\_type: Type of crop grown on the land.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to citizens as landowners.

```
-- Table: land_records
CREATE TABLE land_records (
  land_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  area_acres DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL CHECK (area_acres > 0),
  crop_type TEXT
);
```

### 4. Panchayat Employees

- **Purpose:** Maintains records of employees in the local governing body (panchayat).
- **Attributes:**
  - employee\_id: Unique identifier for each employee.
  - citizen\_id: Foreign key linking to the citizens table.
  - role: Designation or role in the panchayat.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to citizens as employees.

```
-- Table: panchayat_employees
CREATE TABLE panchayat_employees (
  employee_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  role TEXT NOT NULL
);
```

### 5. Assets

- **Purpose:** Represents physical or infrastructural assets managed by the panchayat.
- **Attributes:**
  - asset\_id: Unique identifier for each asset.
  - type: Type of asset (e.g., Street Light, Building).
  - location: Physical location of the asset.
  - installation\_date: Date of installation.
- **Relationships:**
  - Uniquely managed as standalone records.

```
-- Table: assets
CREATE TABLE assets (
  asset_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  type TEXT NOT NULL,
  location TEXT NOT NULL,
  installation_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

## 6. Welfare Schemes

- **Purpose:** Stores details of welfare schemes available to citizens.
- **Attributes:**
  - `scheme_id`: Unique identifier for each scheme.
  - `name`: Name of the welfare scheme.
  - `description`: Brief details about the scheme.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked with citizens through the `scheme_enrollments` table.

```
-- Table: welfare_schemes
CREATE TABLE welfare_schemes (
  scheme_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name TEXT NOT NULL,
  description TEXT
);
```

## 7. Scheme Enrollments

- **Purpose:** Tracks citizen participation in welfare schemes.
- **Attributes:**
  - `enrollment_id`: Unique identifier for each enrollment.
  - `citizen_id`: Foreign key linking to the `citizens` table.
  - `scheme_id`: Foreign key linking to the `welfare_schemes` table.
  - `enrollment_date`: Date of enrollment.
- **Relationships:**
  - Connects `citizens` and `welfare_schemes`.

```
-- Table: scheme_enrollments
CREATE TABLE scheme_enrollments (
  enrollment_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  scheme_id INT REFERENCES welfare_schemes(scheme_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  enrollment_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

## 8. Vaccinations

- **Purpose:** Tracks vaccination records of citizens.
- **Attributes:**
  - `vaccination_id`: Unique identifier for each vaccination record.
  - `citizen_id`: Foreign key linking to the `citizens` table.
  - `vaccine_type`: Type of vaccine administered.
  - `date_administered`: Date of vaccination.
- **Relationships:**
  - Linked to `citizens` for vaccination tracking.

```
-- Table: vaccinations
CREATE TABLE vaccinations (
  vaccination_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  vaccine_type TEXT NOT NULL,
  date_administered DATE NOT NULL
);
```

## 9. Census Data

- **Purpose:** Logs demographic events for citizens and households.
- **Attributes:**
  - household\_id, citizen\_id: Foreign keys referencing households and citizens.
  - event\_type: Type of event (Birth, Death, Marriage, Divorce).
  - event\_date: Date of the event.
- **Relationships:**
  - Links households and citizens to demographic events.

```
-- Table: census_data
CREATE TABLE census_data (
  household_id INT REFERENCES households(household_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  citizen_id INT REFERENCES citizens(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  event_type TEXT NOT NULL CHECK (event_type IN ('Birth', 'Death', 'Marriage', 'Divorce')),
  event_date DATE NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (household_id, citizen_id, event_type, event_date)
);
```

**ON DELETE CASCADE** : Automatically deletes dependent records, maintaining integrity.

**ON DELETE SET NULL** : Preserves relationships by setting references to NULL when parent records are deleted.

**REFERENCES** : Foreign key constraints ensure data consistency across related tables.

**VALIDATION CONSTRAINTS:** CHECK constraints ensure valid data (e.g., income  $\geq 0$ , valid gender, positive area\_acres).

## SOLUTIONS :

**A.** Show names of all citizens who holds more than 1 acre of land.

```
22CS30027=> -- A Question
SELECT a.name
FROM citizens a
JOIN land_records r ON a.citizen_id = r.citizen_id
GROUP BY a.name
HAVING SUM(r.area_acres) > 1
;
      name
-----
G Sridhar
S Satti Babu
G Venu
(3 rows)
```

**B.** Show name of all girls who study in school with household income less than 1 Lakh per year.

```
22CS30027=> -- B Question
SELECT b.name
FROM citizens b
JOIN households h ON b.household_id = h.household_id
WHERE b.gender = 'Female'
AND h.income < 100000
AND b.education_status = 'Yes'
AND DATE_PART('year', AGE(b.dob)) BETWEEN 5 and 18
;
      name
-----
G Meenakshi
(1 row)
```

**C.** How many acres of land cultivate rice.

```
22CS30027=> -- C Question
SELECT SUM(area_acres) AS total_land_area_inacres
FROM land_records l
WHERE l.crop_type = 'rice'
;
      total_land_area_inacres
-----
                        3.30
(1 row)
```

**D.** Number of citizens who are born after 1.1.2000 and have educational qualification of 10th class.

```
22CS30027=> -- D Question
SELECT COUNT(citizen_id) AS total_citizens
FROM citizens
WHERE dob > '2000-01-01'
AND educational_qualification = '10th'
;
      total_citizens
-----
                    2
(1 row)
```

**E.** Name of all employees of panchayat who also hold more than 1 acre land.

```
22CS30027=> -- E Question
SELECT e.name
FROM panchayat_employees p
JOIN citizens e ON p.citizen_id = e.citizen_id
JOIN land_records l ON l.citizen_id = e.citizen_id
GROUP BY e.name
HAVING SUM(l.area_acres) > 1
;
      name
-----
G Sridhar
S Satti Babu
G Venu
(3 rows)
```

**F.** Name of the household members of Panchayat Pradhan.

```
22CS30027=> -- F Question
SELECT c2.name
FROM citizens c1
JOIN panchayat_employees pe ON c1.citizen_id = pe.citizen_id
JOIN citizens c2 ON c1.household_id = c2.household_id
WHERE pe.role = 'Panchayat Pradhan'
;
      name
-----
G Adhi Lakshmi
G M M Prabahsh
G Meenakshi
G Sridhar
(4 rows)
```



**G.** Total number of street light assets installed in a particular locality named Phulera that are installed in 2024.

```
22CS30027=> -- G Question
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_street_lights
FROM assets
WHERE type = 'Street Light'
AND location = 'Phulera'
AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM installation_date) = 2024
;
total_street_lights
-----
1
(1 row)
```

**H.** Number of vaccinations done in 2024 for the children of citizens whose educational qualification is class 10.

```
22CS30027=> -- H Question
SELECT COUNT(v.vaccination_id) AS num_vaccinations
FROM citizens c
JOIN citizens children ON c.citizen_id = children.father_id OR c.citizen_id = children.mother_id
JOIN vaccinations v ON children.citizen_id = v.citizen_id
WHERE c.educational_qualification = '10th'
AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM v.date_administered) = 2024
AND DATE_PART('year', AGE(children.dob)) <= 18
;
num_vaccinations
-----
2
(1 row)
```

**I.** Total number of births of boy child in the year 2024.

```
22CS30027=> -- I Question
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_births
FROM census_data cd
JOIN citizens c ON cd.citizen_id = c.citizen_id
WHERE cd.event_type = 'Birth'
AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM cd.event_date) = 2024
AND c.gender = 'Male'
;
total_births
-----
0
(1 row)
```

**J.** Number of citizens who belong to the household of at least one panchayat employee.

```
22CS30027=> --J Question
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT c.citizen_id) AS total_citizens
FROM citizens c
WHERE c.household_id IN (
    SELECT DISTINCT h.household_id
    FROM households h
    JOIN panchayat_employees pe ON h.household_id = (SELECT household_id FROM citizens WHERE citizen_id = pe.citizen_id)
)
;
total_citizens
-----
16
(1 row)
```