```
In [2]:
from sklearn.datasets import load wine
wine = load wine()
dir(wine)
Out[2]:
['DESCR', 'data', 'feature names', 'target', 'target names']
In [5]:
wine.feature names
Out[5]:
['alcohol',
 'malic acid',
 'ash',
 'alcalinity_of_ash',
 'magnesium',
 'total phenols',
 'flavanoids',
 'nonflavanoid phenols',
 'proanthocyanins',
 'color_intensity',
 'hue',
 'od280/od315 of diluted wines',
 'proline']
In [4]:
wine.data
Out[4]:
array([[1.423e+01, 1.710e+00, 2.430e+00, ..., 1.040e+00, 3.920e+00,
        1.065e+03],
       [1.320e+01, 1.780e+00, 2.140e+00, ..., 1.050e+00, 3.400e+00,
        1.050e+03],
       [1.316e+01, 2.360e+00, 2.670e+00, ..., 1.030e+00, 3.170e+00,
        1.185e+03],
       . . . ,
       [1.327e+01, 4.280e+00, 2.260e+00, ..., 5.900e-01, 1.560e+00,
       8.350e+02],
       [1.317e+01, 2.590e+00, 2.370e+00, ..., 6.000e-01, 1.620e+00,
       8.400e+02],
       [1.413e+01, 4.100e+00, 2.740e+00, ..., 6.100e-01, 1.600e+00,
        5.600e+02]])
In [11]:
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB, GaussianNB
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
In [39]:
kf = KFold(n splits = 10) # performing 10 fold cross validation
In [18]:
def get score(model, xtrain, x test, y train, y test):
    model.fit(x train, y train)
    return model.score(x test, y test)
In [40]:
multiNB score = []
gaussianNB score = []
```

```
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(wine.data):
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = wine.data[train_index], wine.data[test_index], wine.
target[train index], wine.target[test index]
    multiNB score.append(get_score(MultinomialNB(),xtrain,x_test,y_train,y_test))
    gaussianNB score.append(get score(GaussianNB(),xtrain,x test,y train,y test))
In [41]:
import numpy as np
print(np.mean(gaussianNB score))
print(np.mean(multiNB score))
# we can see that Gaussian Naive Bayes is performing better than Multinomial Naive Bayes
0.9611111111111111
0.826797385620915
In [46]:
# using Gaussian Naive Bayes to make predictions on test data
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(wine.data, wine.target, test_size = 0.2
In [47]:
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(x train, y train)
Out[47]:
GaussianNB(priors=None, var smoothing=1e-09)
In [48]:
gnb.predict(x_test)
Out[48]:
array([0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
       2, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1])
In [49]:
gnb.score(x test, y test)
Out[49]:
```

0.97222222222222