Functions Python for Ecologists

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Functions

- A function takes one or more arguments and returns something
- Can return any type of data structure, including None
- Basic organization of a function:
- def some_function(arg1, arg2):
 #some statements
 return answer

whitespace and naming

- Whitespace usage is important
 - Indent consistently with 2 or 4 spaces
 - Use spaces instead of tabs, -tt
- Naming conventions
 - lower case words, cannot start with a number
 - use verbs that describe what the function does
 - underscore_between_words

```
def some_function(arg1, arg2):
    #some statements
    return answer
```

Example Function

 Argument names can be informative, helping documentation (e.g., growth_rate instead of arg1)

```
def add_two_numbers(num1, num2):
    return num1 + num2
add_two_numbers(6,5)
```

docstrings

Tripe quoted comment at beginning of functions is accessible as a dunder doc (.__doc__) or help()

```
def add_two_numbers(num1, num2):
    """ this function adds two numbers
    together"""
    return num1 + num2
help(add_two_numbers)
```

Types of Arguments

- Required arguments do not have a default
- Keyword arguments can have a default value (and are optional)
- Keyword arguments are differentiated by setting equal to a value in the function argument list

```
def double_it(required1, keyword2=2):
    return num1 * num2
```