

## Lists

### Python for Ecologists

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August 2, 2013

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## Lists, Tuples, and Dictionaries

Type	Create Empty	Mutable?	Order
List	<code>my_list = []</code>	Mutable	Yes
Tuple	<code>my_tuple = ()</code>	Immutable	No
Dictionary	<code>my_dictionary = {}</code>	Mutable	No

- Mutable here means you can append, change, subtract, etc.

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## Lists

```
species_names = []

species_names.append("Geospiza_fuliginosa") # small

species_names.extend(
    ['Geospiza_fortis', 'Geospiza_magnirostris']
) # medium, large

sorted(species_names) #produces copy of list, sorted

species_names.sort() #sorts existing list (mutable)
```

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## Lists

- Index, Value pairs
- Lists can be nested
- Slices, Length, and Index
- Tuples can use any immutable type as an index (not just integers).....more on this later

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## Some list functions

- Lists can mix types  
`some_list = [23, 23., 'Frog', None, True]`  
*#None and Boolean types*
- Lists have similar methods as strings  
`some_list[0]`  
`len(some_list)`  
`[1,2] + [3,4]`
- We can easily loop over the list elements  
`for thing in some_list:`  
`print thing`
- And check to see if elements are in the list  
`'Frog' in some_list`  
`'Bird' in some_list`

### Notes

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## Deleting list elements

- Getting rid of list elements:  
`some_list = ["list_item1", "list_item2", "list_item3"]`  
  
`some_list.pop(0)`  
*# removes last item from list & returns its value*  
  
`some_list.insert(0, "list_item1")` *# re-add the item*  
  
`del some_list[2]` *# must be int (index value)*  
  
`del some_list`  
  
`some_list.remove("list_item1")`  
*# removes only 1st occurrence in list*

### Notes

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## Tuples

- Tuples are immutable objects that cannot be altered
- Use parentheses () instead of square brackets []  
`some_tuple = [  
 ("Frog1", 23.2),  
 ("Frog1", 20.8),  
]`
- Tuples and lists can both be sliced  
`some_tuple[0:2]`  
`some_list[0:2]`
- ....and sorted  
`sorted(some_tuple, key=lambda grams:grams[1])`

### Notes

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## Exercise 3- Run the script exer03\_lists.py

```
class TestLists(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_lists(self):
        """
        A basic introduction to lists
        """
        # Create the variable 'bird_list' and assign to an empty list
        # *****

        self.assertEqual(bird_list, [])

        # Append 'American redstart' and 'Arctic tern' to 'bird_list'
        # *****

        self.assertEqual(bird_list, ['American redstart', 'Arctic tern'])

        # Sort 'bird_list'
        # *****

        self.assertEqual(bird_list, ['Arctic tern', 'American redstart'])

        # 'extend' the list 'bird_list' with ['Northern parula', 'george']
        # *****

        self.assertEqual(bird_list, ['Arctic tern', 'American redstart', ...])

        # create a variable 'warbler_id' with the index of 'Hooded warbler' in
        # 'bird_list' using list methods.
        # *****

        self.assertEqual(warbler_id, 3)
```

### Notes

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