#### **Functions**

Python for Ecologists

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#### **Functions**

- A function takes one or more arguments and returns something
- Can return any type of data structure, including None
- Basic organization of a function:
- def some\_function(arg1, arg2):
   #some statements
   return answer

# whitespace and naming

- Whitespace usage is important
  - Indent consistently with 2 or 4 spaces
  - Use spaces instead of tabs, -tt
- Naming conventions
  - lower case words, cannot start with a number
  - use verbs that describe what the function does
  - underscore\_between\_words

def some\_function(arg1, arg2):
 #some statements
 return answer

## **Example Function**

■ Argument names can be informative, helping documentation (e.g., growth\_rate instead of arg1)

def add\_two\_numbers(num1, num2):
 return num1 + num2

add\_two\_numbers(6,5)

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## docstrings

■ Tripe quoted comment at beginning of functions is accessible as a dunder doc (.\_\_doc\_\_) or help()

```
def add_two_numbers(num1, num2):
    """ this function adds two numbers
    together"""
    return num1 + num2
```

## **Types of Arguments**

help(add\_two\_numbers)

- Required arguments do not have a default
- Keyword arguments can have a default value (and are optional)
- Keyword arguments are differentiated by setting equal to a value in the function argument list

```
def double_it(required1, keyword2=2):
    return required1 * keyword2

double_it(6)
double_it(6,3) #actually triples it
```

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