## **Full Stack Semester Suggestions**

- 1. Explain how to develop a basic web server using the HTTP module.
- 2. Define the url module in Node.js and describe how to parse and manipulate URL in example.
- 3. Demonstrate how to read the properties of the request object in the HTTP module.
- 4. Experiment with reading the header and response with res.write and res.end to produce response in a HTTP server.
- 5. Apply HTTP status code and identify some common ones used in Node.
- 6. Illustrate how to serve internal and external HTML file using the HTTP module.
- 7. Examine the technique used to handle different routes in an HTTP server.
- 8. Identify and list the properties of request object in Node.js
- 9. Analyze the use of core node debugger and explain how it can be accessed?
- 10. Categories an outline the essentials and debugging commands in the node debugger highlighting their key functionalities.
- 11. Develop and understanding of the event emitter class in node JS and its significance in event driven programming.
- 12. Write down the procedure for creating and triggering a custom event using the event emitter class in node JS.
- 13. Extend the functionalities of express and describe the factors that contributes to its popularity in web development.
- 14. Analyze the concept of middleware in express evaluates the different types available and explain the process of configuring routes in express JS.
- 15. Summarize the role of the express.router() function in express and how its helps in organizing and modularization of routing in web app.
- 16. Choose the correct code to apply when creating a basic web server using express.js : const app = express();
- 17. Choose the correct method for applying middleware globally in an express.js : app.use(middlewareFunc);
- 18. Choose the right way to handle a custom 404 page in express.js app by selecting the correct code: app.use((req, res) => {res.status(404).send('Not Found');})
- 19. Choose the right method to retrieve a URL query parameter from an express.js route : req.query();
- 20. Correct the method for retrieve a URL parameters from an express.js which option is accurate : req.params();
- 21. Identify the method used to pass control to the next middleware when the modifying the request object : next();
- 22. Identify the express.js middleware use for parsing incoming JSON request : express.json();

- 23. Choose the correct method to register an event listener that will only run once in NodeJS : event.once(event\_name, callback);
- 24. Choose the correct method to apply middleware to a specific route in express.js : app.get('/', middleware function, handler function);
- Select the correct method to handle get request for a route in express.js : app.get('/; callback);
- 26. Choose the correct method to implement a route that accept from data submission in express : app.post('/', callback);
- 27. Choose the correct method to apply middleware in express.js : app.use(req, res, next), callback});
- 28. Identify the correct the command that is used to inspect the value of a variable at the NodeJS debugger: use it to execute the next statement
- 29. Choose the method to implement a custom middleware function in express.js :
  app.use((req, res, next) => {
   next();
  })
- 30. Identify the correct command to execute an application in debug mode to trace function call: run = node inspect app.js
- 31. Identify the command that is used to inspect a value of a variable in the NodeJS debugger: use it to execute the next statement
- 32. Which debugging technique should you apply to monitor changes in a variable value: watch
- 33. Identify the correct description of middleware in express.js: a function that handle incoming http request
- 34. Select the correct method for defining for route handlers in express.js: app.get(), app.post(), app.put(), app.delete()
- 35. select the correct description of what this code does:
  app.post('/submit', (req, res)=> {
  res.status(201).send("Created");
  });
  - : handle post request and send a response with status 201
- 36. Select the correct method provided by the event emitter class: on(), of(), emit(), addListener()
- 37. Select the correct description of an event loop in NodeJS: a loop that waits for events and handle them asynchronously
- 38. Select the correct order of middleware execution when a request is made to an express app: global middleware, route specific middleware
- 39. What is the purpose of response.render() in express.js: it renders html template and send then to the client as a response
- 40. Select a basic syntax of a middleware function in express.js: app.use(function (req, res, next) {

})

- 41. Select the error handling middleware signature in express.js: (error, req, res, next)
- 42. Which of the following statement is true about node.js debugging: it can be used to debug both synchronous and asynchronous code.