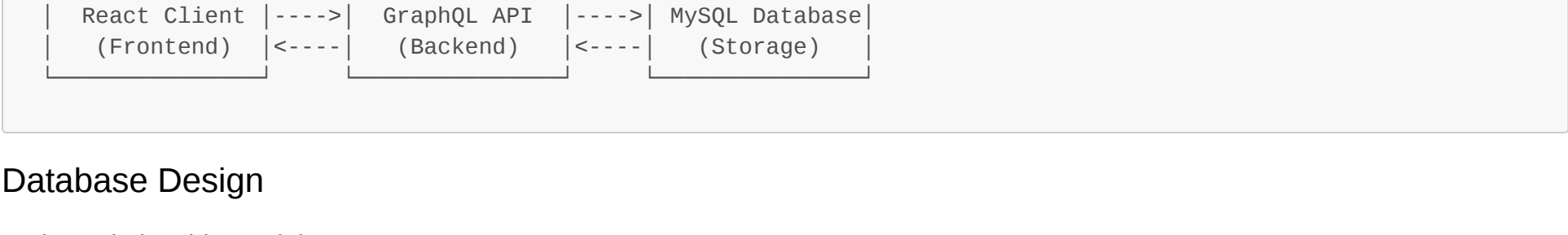


DevBoard - Design Report

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Architecture Overview

DevBoard is a community platform for discussing programming issues, sharing knowledge, and connecting with developers. The application follows a modern full-stack architecture with clear separation of concerns:



Database Design

Entity-Relationship Model

The core database design revolves around these main entities:

- User:** Represents registered users with authentication credentials and profile information
- Channel:** Topic-specific discussion boards created by users
- Message:** Top-level posts within channels
- Reply:** Responses to messages or other replies (nested structure)
- Rating:** User-provided ratings (upvotes/downvotes) for messages and replies

Relationships

- Users create channels (one-to-many)
- Users author messages (one-to-many)
- Users author replies (one-to-many)
- Users provide ratings (one-to-many)
- Channels contain messages (one-to-many)
- Messages have replies (one-to-many)
- Replies can have nested replies (self-referential)
- Messages and replies can receive ratings (polymorphic relationship)

ORM Implementation

The database entities are implemented using Sequelize ORM, which provides:

- Automated table creation and relationship management
- Data validation and type enforcement
- Transaction support
- Migration capabilities

Backend Architecture

Server Framework

The backend uses Express.js, a lightweight and flexible Node.js web application framework, providing:

- HTTP server capabilities
- Middleware support for request processing
- Session management
- Static file serving

API Design

The application uses GraphQL through Apollo Server v4, chosen for:

- Flexible querying capabilities
- Strongly typed schema
- Efficient data fetching (clients can request exactly what they need)
- Built-in documentation and playground

GraphQL Schema

The GraphQL schema defines:

- Data types (User, Channel, Message, Reply, Rating)
- Query operations for data retrieval
- Mutation operations for data modification
- Polymorphic relationships (SearchResult union type)

Authentication

User authentication is implemented with:

- Express-session for session management
- Password hashing using bcryptjs
- Session-based authentication rather than JWT tokens
- Special admin account with elevated privileges

File Storage

The system supports image uploads for:

- User avatars
- Message screenshots
- Reply screenshots

Files are stored in the filesystem with references in the database.

Frontend Architecture

Component Structure

The React application follows a component-based architecture:

- Context providers:** Auth context for user state management
- Pages:** Main route components representing full pages
- Components:** Reusable UI elements
- Hooks:** Custom React hooks for shared logic

State Management

- Apollo Client manages GraphQL data fetching, caching, and updates
- React Context API manages authentication state
- Component-level state for UI interactions

Routing

React Router DOM v7 provides client-side routing with:

- Route protection based on authentication status
- Nested routes for related views
- Dynamic routing with parameters

UI Framework

Mantine UI was selected as the component framework for:

- Modern, accessible components
- Theming capabilities
- Responsive design support
- Comprehensive UI component library

Performance Considerations

- Code splitting for reduced initial load time
- Optimistic UI updates for improved perceived performance
- React's virtual DOM for efficient rendering
- Custom font (Geist Sans) with variable font technology for responsive typography

Search Functionality

The search system is designed to provide comprehensive content discovery:

- Full-text search across messages and replies
- User-based content filtering
- Advanced sorting options based on ratings
- Channel-specific search capabilities

Design Patterns & Principles

Several key design patterns and principles were applied:

- Repository Pattern:** Abstraction layer between data models and business logic
- MVC Architecture:** Separation of concerns between models, views, and controllers
- Context Provider Pattern:** For state management across the component tree
- Higher-Order Components:** For sharing common functionality
- RESTful Resource Naming:** For predictable API endpoints

Scalability Considerations

The architecture was designed with scalability in mind:

- Separation of frontend and backend allows for independent scaling
- GraphQL reduces over-fetching and under-fetching of data
- Database indexing for performance optimization
- Stateless authentication for horizontal scaling potential

Security Measures

- Password hashing for secure credential storage
- Content sanitization to prevent XSS attacks
- Input validation at both client and server levels
- CSRF protection via express-session
- Authorization checks for all operations

Package Dependencies

Server Dependencies

| Package | Purpose |
|-----------------|--|
| @apollo/server | GraphQL server implementation for Node.js |
| bcryptjs | Secure password hashing for user authentication |
| cors | Enables Cross-Origin Resource Sharing for API access |
| dotenv | Environment variable management from .env files |
| express | Web server framework for handling HTTP requests |
| express-session | Session management for authentication |
| graphql | GraphQL implementation for JavaScript |
| graphql-tag | Template literal tag for parsing GraphQL queries |
| multer | Middleware for handling file uploads (screenshots) |
| mysql2 | MySQL client for database connectivity |
| sanitize-html | Prevents XSS attacks by sanitizing HTML content |
| sequelize | ORM for database interaction and model definition |

Testing & Development (Server)

| Package | Purpose |
|-----------------------|--|
| cypress | End-to-end testing framework |
| jest | JavaScript testing framework |
| nodemon | Auto-restarts server during development |
| prettier | Code formatting tool |
| supertest | HTTP assertion library for API testing |
| start-server-and-test | Coordinates test server startup and test execution |

Client Dependencies

| Package | Purpose |
|-------------------------|--|
| @apollo/client | GraphQL client with caching capabilities |
| @mantine/core | UI component library for React |
| @mantine/form | Form handling for Mantine UI |
| @mantine/hooks | Custom React hooks for common UI patterns |
| @mantine/notifications | Toast notification system |
| @mantine/code-highlight | Code syntax highlighting for programming content |
| @tabler/icons-react | Icon pack for UI elements |
| graphql | GraphQL implementation for JavaScript |
| react | Core UI library for component-based development |
| react-dom | DOM-specific methods for React |
| react-router-dom | Client-side routing library |

Development & Build (Client)

| Package | Purpose |
|--------------------|--|
| vite | Modern build tool for faster development |
| typescript | Type safety for JavaScript development |
| eslint | JavaScript/TypeScript linting |
| stylelint | CSS linting |
| prettier | Code formatting |
| @testing-library/* | Testing utilities for React components |

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|---------|-----------------------------------|
| postcss | CSS processing and transformation |
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