

pandas.DataFrame.plot.box

`DataFrame.plot.box(by=None, **kwargs)`

[\[source\]](#)

Make a box plot of the DataFrame columns.

A box plot is a method for graphically depicting groups of numerical data through their quartiles. The box extends from the Q1 to Q3 quartile values of the data, with a line at the median (Q2). The whiskers extend from the edges of box to show the range of the data. The position of the whiskers is set by default to $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ ($\text{IQR} = \text{Q3} - \text{Q1}$) from the edges of the box. Outlier points are those past the end of the whiskers.

For further details see Wikipedia's entry for [boxplot](#).

A consideration when using this chart is that the box and the whiskers can overlap, which is very common when plotting small sets of data.

Parameters:

by : *str or sequence*

Column in the DataFrame to group by.

! **Changed in version 1.4.0:** Previously, *by* is silently ignore and makes no groupings

****kwargs**

Additional keywords are documented in `DataFrame.plot()`.

Returns:

`matplotlib.axes.Axes` or `numpy.ndarray` of them

See also

`DataFrame.boxplot`

Another method to draw a box plot.

`Series.plot.box`

Draw a box plot from a Series object.

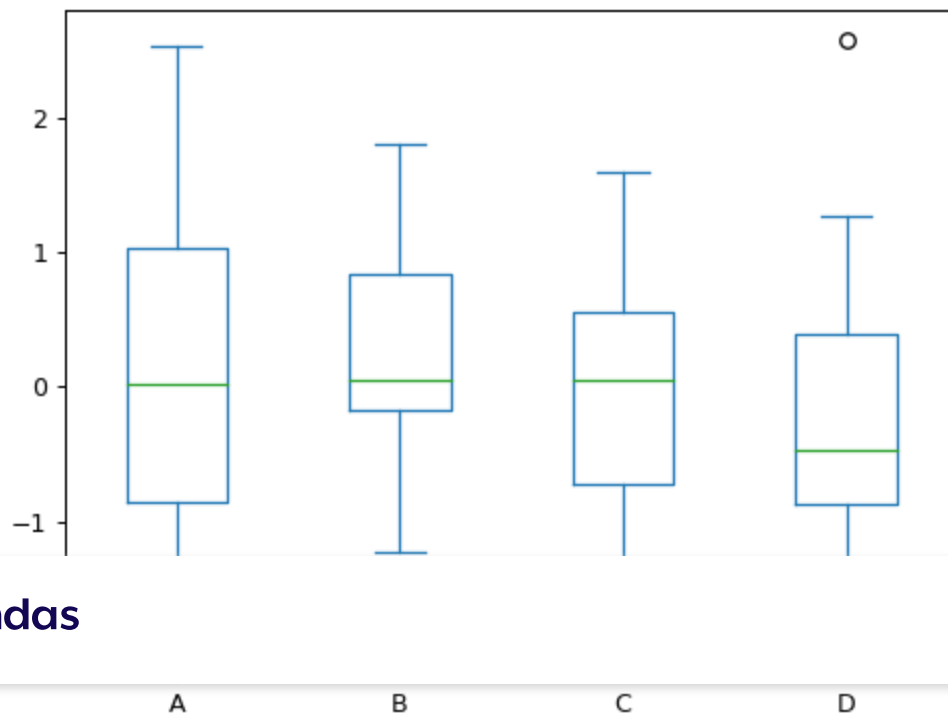
`matplotlib.pyplot.boxplot`

Draw a box plot in matplotlib.

Examples

Draw a box plot from a DataFrame with four columns of randomly generated data.

```
>>> data = np.random.randn(25, 4)
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=list('ABCD'))
>>> ax = df.plot.box()
```



You can also generate groupings if you specify the *by* parameter (which can take a column name, or a list or tuple of column names):

```
>>> age_list = [8, 10, 12, 14, 72, 74, 76, 78, 20, 25, 30, 35, 60, 85]
>>> df = pd.DataFrame({"gender": list("MMMMMMMMFFFFFFF"), "age": age_list})
>>> ax = df.plot.box(column="age", by="gender", figsize=(10, 8))
```

