Information Security HW2

● 分工

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● 開發環境

Visual studio 2017 C++

● 範例

1. DES Encrypt:

Input:

Key: 0xAFAFAFAFAFAFAFAF

Plaintext: 0xabcdef0123456789

Output:

ciphertext: 0x4C30FC30FB2B0BFF

PS C:\Users\HP AY111TX\source\repos\information_security\HW2\DES Encrypt\DES Encrypt>
./EncryptDES.exe 0xAFAFAFAFAFAFAFA 0xabcdef0123456789
0x4C30FC30FB2B0BFF
PS C:\Users\HP AY111TX\source\repos\information_security\HW2\DES Encrypt\DES Encrypt>
./EncryptDES.exe 0x1259ACBD6544FCDA 0xabcdef0123456789
0xB82CB4CAE5C4371C

2. DES Decrypt:

Input:

Key: 0xAFAFAFAFAFAFAFAF

ciphertext: 0x4C30FC30FB2B0BFF

Output:

plaintext: 0xabcdef0123456789

C:\Users\陳靜萱\source\repos\des_decryption\des_decryption>a.exe 0xAFAFAFAFAFAFAFA 0x4C30FC30FB2B0BFF Oxabcdef0123456789

: Nosers/陳静宣(source\repos/des_decryption/DES Decrypt/des_decryption>a.exe 0x1259ACBD6544FCDA 0xB82CB4CAE5C43/10 type-balge0121454790

● 心得與遇到的困難

在撰寫 DES 的過程中,整體而言不算太難,只是步驟複雜了點,當程式 compile 後沒有任何 error,但 output 卻不是正解,要 debug 真的有點麻煩,但還好 partner 之間互相合作,馬上就找出不同點在哪,

順利完成 DES 加解密!

程式碼及註解:

解密只有 key 需要作變化,其他都跟加密相似。

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    string input_key, input_cipher;//輸入key和cipher
    input_key = argv[1];
    input_cipher = argv[2];

    int key[64], cipher[64];
    input_key.erase(0, 2);//將0x刪除
    input_cipher.erase(0, 2);//將0x刪除

    to_bin(input_key, key);//把key的hex轉成bin
    to_bin(input_cipher, cipher);//把cipher的hex轉成bin
    int cipher_p[64], key_p[56];//Permutation後的key和cipher

for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++)
    cipher_p[i] = cipher[ip[i] - 1];//Permutation
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 56; i++)
    key_p[i] = key[pc_1[i] - 1];//Permutation 64->56

int c[28], d[28];
for (int i = 0; i < 28; i++)
    c[i] = key_p[i], d[i] = key_p[i + 28];//將key分兩半 56->28,28

int r[32], 1[32];
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    1[i] = cipher_p[i], r[i] = cipher_p[i + 32];//將cipher分兩半 64->32,32
```

```
for (int round = 0; round < 16; round++)
    if (round == 0 || round == 1 || round == 8 || round == 15) {//向左位移1位
        int temp_c = c[0], temp_d = d[0];
        for (int i = 0; i \le 26; i++)
            c[i] = c[i + 1], d[i] = d[i + 1];
        c[27] = temp_c, d[27] = temp_d;
        int temp_c1 = c[0], temp_d1 = d[0], temp_c2 = c[1], temp_d2 = d[1];
        for (int i = 0; i \le 25; i++)
            c[i] = c[i + 2], d[i] = d[i + 2];
        c[27] = temp c2, d[27] = temp d2;
        c[26] = temp_c1, d[26] = temp_d1;
    for (int i = 0; i < 28; i++)//combin c and d
        key_p[i] = c[i], key_p[i + 28] = d[i];
    for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++)//key 56->48
        key_16[round][i] = key_p[pc_2[i] - 1];
   (int round = 0; round < 16; round++) {
   int r_expan[48];
      r_{expan[i]} = r[E[i] - 1];
   int fun_xor[48];
      fun_xor[i] = key_16[15 - round][i] ^ r_expan[i];
   int fun_s[32];//substitution s1~s8
      int row = fun_xor[i] + fun_xor[i - 5] * 2;
      int col = fun_xor[i - 4] * 8 + fun_xor[i - 3] * 4 + fun_xor[i - 2] * 2 + fun_xor[i - 1];
          fun_s[s_count - j] = num \% 2;
```

```
int fun_p[32]; //function內的Permutation
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    fun_p[i] = fun_s[fun_per[i] - 1];

int r_temp[32];
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    r_temp[i] = r[i];

for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    r[i] = l[i] ^ fun_p[i];

for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    l[i] = r_temp[i];</pre>
```

```
//第16round後的交換
int r_temp[32];
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    r_{temp[i]} = r[i];
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    r[i] = 1[i];
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    l[i] = r_{temp[i]};
for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)//combin c and d
    cipher_p[i] = 1[i], cipher_p[i + 32] = r[i];
//解密之後的結果
int cipher p 1[64];
for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++)
   cipher_p[i] = cipher_p[inv_ip[i] - 1];
string plaintext= to_hex(cipher_p_1);
for (int i = 0; i < plaintext.size(); i++)
   plaintext[i] = tolower(plaintext[i]);
cout << "0x" << plaintext << "\n";
```