

due Friday, July. 27, 2018, 11.59 pm

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## 8 Homework lecture 8

- The purpose of assigning this homework is to check that you all know what matrices are.
- It is a short exercise with simple questions about matrices.
- I don't want to be caught by surprise when we begin on linear algebra (solutions of matrix equations).
- If necessary I can devote a lecture to “remedial mathematics” about matrices.
- However I cannot seriously teach about matrices from scratch.
- Matrices are things you are all supposed to know, part of the class prerequisites.
- There are no questions in this homework about matrix determinants, but you are also expected to know what they are.
- As experience has demonstrated, if you do not understand the above expressions/questions, **THEN ASK**.
- If you do not understand the words/sentences in Lecture 6, etc. **THEN ASK**.
- Send me an email, explain what you do not understand.
- Do not just keep quiet and produce nonsense in exams.

## 8.1 Matrices: basic properties

- **Question:** For each case below, state the number of rows and columns in each matrix  $M_1$  and  $M_2$ .
- **Calculate the matrix product  $M_3 = M_1M_2$ .**
- **State the number of rows and columns in the matrix  $M_3$ .**

$$M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad M_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad M_3 = M_1M_2. \quad (8.1.1)$$

$$M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad M_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 \\ -8 & 5 & -3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad M_3 = M_1M_2. \quad (8.1.2)$$

$$M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad M_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad M_3 = M_1M_2. \quad (8.1.3)$$

## 8.2 Matrices: square matrices

- **Question:** For each case below, state if the matrix is (a) diagonal, (b) symmetric, (c) antisymmetric, (d) upper triangular, (e) lower triangular, (f) none of the above. Check all that apply.
- **Question:** Also for each case below, calculate the trace of the matrix.

$$M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8.2.1)$$

$$M_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8.2.2)$$

$$M_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & 8 \\ 2 & -3 & -6 & 9 \\ 4 & -6 & -1 & 7 \\ 8 & 9 & 7 & -5 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8.2.3)$$

$$M_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8.2.4)$$

$$M_5 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & -2 \\ -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8.2.5)$$

$$M_6 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8.2.6)$$

### 8.3 Matrices: transpose

- **Question:** State the number of rows and columns in the matrix  $M$  below. Calculate the transpose matrix  $M^T$ . Calculate the matrix product  $N = MM^T$ . State the number of rows and columns in the matrix  $N$ .

$$\begin{aligned} M &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 8 \end{pmatrix}, \\ N &= MM^T. \end{aligned} \tag{8.3.1}$$

- **Question:** Is  $N$  a square matrix?
- **Question:** Is  $N$  a symmetric matrix?

#### 8.4 Matrices: (optional question)

- For a **square matrix**  $M$ , prove that  $S = M + M^T$  is a **symmetric matrix**.
- For a **square matrix**  $N$ , prove that  $A = N - N^T$  is an **antisymmetric matrix**.