• std dev:

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{\langle (x - \langle x \rangle)^2 \rangle} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i \right)^2 \right)}$$

• std dev 2:

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{\langle (x - \langle x \rangle)^2 \rangle} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i\right)^2\right)}$$

• rotation matrix:

$$\mathbf{M}(\alpha) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) + n_x^2 \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) & n_x \cdot n_y \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) - n_z \cdot \sin(\alpha) & n_x \cdot n_z \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) + n_y \cdot \sin(\alpha) \\ n_x \cdot n_y \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) + n_z \cdot \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) + n_y^2 \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) & n_y \cdot n_z \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) - n_x \cdot \sin(\alpha) \\ n_z \cdot n_x \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) - n_y \cdot \sin(\alpha) & n_z \cdot n_y \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) + n_x \cdot \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) + n_z^2 \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha)) \end{pmatrix}$$

• like in label at bottom (no MM):

$$\left(\left\lceil \sqrt{2\pi \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \, \mathrm{d}x} \right\rceil \right)$$

• like in label at bottom (MM):

$$\left(\left[\sqrt{2\pi \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \, \mathrm{d}x} \right] \right)$$

• decoration:

$$\vec{x}\vec{X}\vec{\psi} - -\dot{x}\dot{X}\dot{\psi} - -\bar{x}\ddot{X}\ddot{\psi} - -\bar{x}\bar{X}\bar{\psi} - -\bar{x}\bar{X}\bar{\psi}$$

• mathtest:

This is normal text:
$$this is math: \langle r^2(\tau) \rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \left\langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \right\rangle \quad g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau) \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \left| |\vec{r}| \left\langle \vec{r}| \right\rangle = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sum_{i=0}^{\infty}\hat{i}^2}+y^{\alpha}}+1}}{v\equiv \vec{r}}\arg\min_{\vec{k}}\sum_{\sqrt{i}=0}^{N}\int_{x_0}^{x_1}\left(\left((x)\right)\right)\underbrace{\left[\left\{\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right\}\cdot\frac{1}{2}\right]}_{\text{underbraced text }}\ln\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{i=0}^{2}\hat{i}^2}+y^{\alpha}}{\dot{v}\equiv \vec{r}},\hat{t}\hat{T}\overbrace{\left|\sqrt{x\cdot Y}\right|}\propto\mathbb{N}\circ\mathbb{Z}$$

$$\left\langle\overrightarrow{x(\tau)}\cdot\vec{R}(t+\bar{\tau})\right\rangle\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\Gamma\Delta\Theta\Omega\left[\left[\sqrt[3]{\hbar\omega}\right]\right]$$

• chi2 test:

$$\vec{p}^* = \arg\max_{\vec{p}} \chi^2 = \arg\max_{\vec{p}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left| \frac{\hat{f}_i - f(x_i; \vec{p})}{\sigma_i} \right|^2$$

• upper/lower parantheses test:

bblabla
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x}}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\frac{1+2}{5+x}}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left[-\frac{y^2}{\sqrt{x}}\right] \cdot \exp\left[-\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\right]}\right)$$

• ACF test:

$$g_{rg}^{ab}(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

• MSD test:

$$MSD(\tau) \equiv \langle r^2(\tau) \rangle = \langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t+\tau))^2 \rangle = 2n \cdot \frac{K_{\alpha}}{\Gamma(1+\alpha)} \cdot \tau^{\alpha}$$

• math: blackboard:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZKKK

• math: bf:

${\bf ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ120}$

• math: rm:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ120

• math: cal: $\mathcal{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ}\infty\in \mathcal{C}$ • subscript test: r_{123} $r_{\frac{1}{2}}$ • subscript0 test: r_{123} • subscript1 test: r_{123} • subscript2 test: r_{123} • subscript3 test: $r_{123}r_{\frac{1}{2}}$ • superscript test: r^{123} $r^{\frac{1}{2}}$ • superscript0 test: r^{123} • superscript1 test: r^{123} • superscript2 test: r^{123}

• superscript3 test:

 $r^{123}r^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\bullet$$
 a
superscript test:

$$a^{123}$$
 $a^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$a^{123}$$

$$g^{123}$$

$$g^{123}$$

$$g^{123}g^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{\frac{1}{b^2}}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{\frac{1}{b^2}}$$

$$(((r^{123}))) - -(((r^{123})))$$

$$ullet$$
 sub-, superscript test

$$[[[r^{123}]]] - -[[[r^{123}]]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \left\{ r^{123} \right\} \right\} \right\} - - \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ r^{123} \right\} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\| \| \| r^{123} \| \| \| - - \| \| \| r^{123} \| \| \|$$

$$|||r^{123}||| - - |||r^{123}|||$$

$$\{[(r^{123})]\} - -\{[(r^{123})]\}$$

$$\left\lfloor \left\lfloor \left\lfloor r^{123} \right\rfloor \right\rfloor \right\rfloor - - \left\lfloor \left\lfloor \left\lfloor r^{123} \right\rfloor \right\rfloor \right\rfloor$$

$$\lceil \lceil \lceil r^{123} \rceil \rceil \rceil - - \lceil \lceil \lceil r^{123} \rceil \rceil \rceil$$

$$r_{321}^{1234}r_{321}^{1234} - -r_{321}^{1234}r_{321}^{1234} - -\kappa^2 - -\kappa_2 - -\kappa_2^2$$

$$r_{4321}^{123}r_{4321}^{123} - -r_{4321}^{123}r_{4321}^{123} - -\kappa^2 - -\kappa_2 - -\kappa_2^2$$

$$f(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} e^{-t^2} \, \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{-e^{i\pi}}{2^n}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x_1 & \dots & x_1^{n-1} \\ 1 & x_2 & \dots & x_2^{n-1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & x_n & \dots & x_n^{n-1} \end{pmatrix} = \prod_{1 \le i < j \le n} (x_j - x_i)$$

$$\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}}}$$

$$\binom{p}{2} = x^2 y^{p-2} - \frac{1}{1-x} \frac{1}{1-x^2}$$

$$a_0 + \frac{1}{a_1 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \dots}}}}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right) |\varphi(x + iy)|^2 = 0$$

• math 8:

$$2^{2^{2^x}}$$

• math 9:

$$\iint_D f(x,y) \, \mathrm{d}x \, \mathrm{d}y$$

• math 10 (overbrace):

$$\overbrace{x+x+\ldots+x} k$$
 times

$$\underbrace{x+x+\ldots+x}_{}k$$
 times

• math 12 (under/overbrace):

 $\underbrace{x+x+\ldots+x}_{k} k \text{ times} \underbrace{x+x+\ldots+x}_{k} k \text{ times} 2k \text{ times}$

• math 13:

$$y_1''$$
 y_2'''

• math 14:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1/3 & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1\\ 2/3 & \text{if } 3 \le x \le 4\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

• math 15:

$$\Re z = \frac{n\pi \frac{\theta + \psi}{2}}{\left(\frac{\theta + \psi}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\log\left|\frac{B}{A}\right|\right)^2}.$$

• math 16:

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{m^2 n}{3^m (m 3^n + n 3^m)}$$

• math 17:

$$\phi_n(\kappa) = \frac{1}{4\pi^2 \kappa^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(\kappa R)}{\kappa R} \frac{\partial}{\partial R} \left[R^2 \frac{\partial D_n(R)}{\partial R} \right] dR$$

• math 18:

$$_{p}F_{q}(a_{1},\ldots,a_{p};c_{1},\ldots,c_{q};z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(a_{1})_{n}\cdots(a_{p})_{n}}{(c_{1})_{n}\cdots(c_{q})_{n}} \frac{z^{n}}{n!}$$

• math 19 (overset):

$$X \stackrel{=}{def} Y$$
 $X \stackrel{=}{!} Y$ $X \stackrel{\rightarrow}{f} Y$ $\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \Delta x \stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\to} 0 f'(x)$

• math 20 (underset):

$$X \operatorname{def} (5)Y \qquad X f Y \qquad \underbrace{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}_{\Delta x} \Delta x \xrightarrow{\longrightarrow} 0 f'(x)$$

• axiom of power test:

$$\forall A \exists P \forall B [B \in P \iff \forall C (C \in B \Rightarrow C \in A)]$$

- De Morgan's law: $\neg (P \land Q) \iff (\neg P) \lor (\neg Q) \text{ or } \overline{\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i} \equiv \bigcup_{i \in I} \overline{A_i} \text{ or } \overline{A \cup B} \equiv \overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$
- quadratic formula:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

• combination:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n(n-1)...(n-k+1)}{k(k-1)...1} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

• Sophomore's dream 1:

$$\int_0^1 x^{-x} dx = \sum_{n=1}^\infty n^{-n} (=1.29128599706266354040728259059560054149861936827...)$$

• Sophomore's dream 2:

$$\int_0^1 x^x \, dx = \sum_{n=1}^\infty (-1)^{n+1} n^{-n} = -\sum_{n=1}^\infty (-n)^{-n} (=0.78343051071213440705926438652697546940768199014...)$$

• divergence 1:

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{F} = \nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial z}$$

• divergence 2:

$$\overrightarrow{\operatorname{div}}\left(\underline{\underline{\epsilon}}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yx}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zx}}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zy}}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yz}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zz}}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix}$$

• lim, sum ...:

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = {k \choose r} + \frac{a}{b} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n + \left\{ \frac{1}{13} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \right\}.$$

• Schwinger-Dyson:

$$\langle \psi | \mathcal{T} \{ F \phi^j \} | \psi \rangle = \langle \psi | \mathcal{T} \{ i F_{,i} D^{ij} - F S_{int,i} D^{ij} \} | \psi \rangle.$$

• Schrödinger's equation:

$$\left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{-2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + V \right] \Psi(x) = i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Psi(x)$$

• Cauchy-Schwarz inequality:

$$\left(\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k b_k\right)^2 \le \left(\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k^2\right) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{n} b_k^2\right)$$

• Maxwell's equations:

$$\nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{B}} - \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{\mathbf{E}}}{\partial t} = \frac{4\pi}{c} \vec{\mathbf{j}}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{E}} = 4\pi \rho$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{E}} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial t} = \vec{\mathbf{0}}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{B}} = 0$$