



# Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	0.8 s	Time to Interactive	0.8 s
Speed Index	0.9 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	1.3 s	▲ Cumulative Layout Shift	0.348
Values are estimated and may vary. The performan	ce score is cal	culated directly from these metrics. See calculator	r.

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Use HTTP/2 0.49 s ^

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (10)

URLProtocol/launch-programs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)http/1.1/styles.2d1d512....css (space-x26.herokuapp.com)http/1.1...0e/T8iJcSN3\_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)http/1.1

URL	Protocol	
e3/I0IkuJ2e_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
86/cnu0pan8_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
c9/T8CfiSYb_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
ba/NBZSw3Ho_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
36/gbDKf6Y7_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
3e/FfrN88ry_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
7a/r9ITwL12_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
33/2eLGEejP_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
b6/Z4oktZeR_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	http/1.1	
/runtime.08535e9js (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	http/1.1	
/polyfills.00096edjs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	http/1.1	
/main.de5cec9js (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	http/1.1	
/4.105450bjs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	http/1.1	
Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CS/JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u> .	S inline and deferring all non-	critical
	Show 3rd-party res	sources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/styles.2d1d512css (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	1.4 KiB	290 ms
<b>Diagnostics</b> — More information about the performance of your application. These numb Performance score.	pers don't <u>directly affect</u> the	
▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height		^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve	re CLS. <u>Learn more</u>	
	Show 3rd-party reso	ources (10)
URL	Failing Elements	
0e/T8iJcSN3_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	img	
	·	

Avoid chaining critical requests — 1 chain found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 710 ms

Initial Navigation

/launch-programs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)

/styles.2d1d512....css (space-x26.herokuapp.com) - 240 ms, 1.41 KiB

## User Timing marks and measures $\,$ — 36 user timings

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
Zone	Measure	958.22 ms	0.37 ms
Zone:ZoneAwarePromise	Measure	958.72 ms	0.65 ms
Zone:toString	Measure	959.38 ms	0.08 ms
Zone:util	Measure	959.55 ms	0.14 ms
Zone:legacy	Measure	959.71 ms	0.04 ms
Zone:queueMicrotask	Measure	959.76 ms	0.07 ms

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
Zone:timers	Measure	959.85 ms	0.22 ms
Zone:requestAnimationFrame	Measure	960.09 ms	0.08 ms
Zone:blocking	Measure	960.18 ms	0.09 ms
Zone:EventTarget	Measure	960.28 ms	0.55 ms
Zone:MutationObserver	Measure	960.85 ms	0.15 ms
Zone:IntersectionObserver	Measure	961.01 ms	0.08 ms
Zone:FileReader	Measure	961.1 ms	0.11 ms
Zone:on_property	Measure	961.22 ms	14.75 ms
Zone:customElements	Measure	975.98 ms	0.14 ms
Zone:XHR	Measure	976.14 ms	0.23 ms
Zone:geolocation	Measure	976.39 ms	0.13 ms
Zone:PromiseRejectionEvent	Measure	976.52 ms	0.08 ms
Zone	Mark	958.23 ms	
Zone:ZoneAwarePromise	Mark	958.72 ms	
Zone:toString	Mark	959.39 ms	
Zone:util	Mark	959.55 ms	
Zone:legacy	Mark	959.71 ms	
Zone:queueMicrotask	Mark	959.77 ms	
Zone:timers	Mark	959.85 ms	
Zone:requestAnimationFrame	Mark	960.09 ms	
Zone:blocking	Mark	960.18 ms	
Zone:EventTarget	Mark	960.28 ms	
Zone:MutationObserver	Mark	960.85 ms	
Zone:IntersectionObserver	Mark	961.01 ms	
Zone:FileReader	Mark	961.1 ms	
Zone:on_property	Mark	961.22 ms	
Zone:customElements	Mark	975.99 ms	
Zone:XHR	Mark	976.14 ms	
Zone:geolocation	Mark	976.39 ms	
Zone:PromiseRejectionEvent	Mark	976.53 ms	

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. <u>Learn more</u>.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	16	690.3 KiB
Script	4	359 KiB
Image	10	304 KiB
Document	1	25.9 KiB
Stylesheet	1	1.4 KiB
Media	0	0 KiB
Font	0	0 KiB
Other	0	0 KiB
Third-party	10	304 KiB
Avoid large layout shifts — 2 elements found		^
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the	page.	
Element		CLS Contribution
section.container		0.339
cite		0.009
assed audits (28)		^
Properly size images		^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellula	ar data and improve load time. <u>Learn m</u> o	ore.
Defer offscreen images		^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	all critical resources have finished load	ling to lower time to
Minify CSS		^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Le	<u>earn more</u> .	
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and s	script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Remove unused CSS		^
Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn		content to reduce

Remove unused JavaScript — Po	tential savings of 87 KiB			^
Remove unused JavaScript to redu	ice bytes consumed by ne	twork activity. <u>Learn more</u> .		
			Show 3rd-party ro	esources (0)
URL			Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/main.de5cec9js (space-x26.here	okuapp.com)		256.8 KiB	87.2 KiB
Efficiently encode images				^
Optimized images load faster and c	consume less cellular data	. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Serve images in next-gen formats				^
Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPE faster downloads and less data con	•	rovide better compression than	n PNG or JPEG, which	means
Enable text compression				^
Text-based resources should be semore.	rved with compression (gz	cip, deflate or brotli) to minimize	e total network bytes. <u>I</u>	<u>-earn</u>
Preconnect to required origins				^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `di Learn more.	ns-prefetch` resource hint	s to establish early connections	s to important third-par	ty origins.
Initial server response time was sho	ort — Root document too	k 450 ms		^
Keep the server response time for t	the main document short b	pecause all other requests depe	end on it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
			Show 3rd-party ro	esources (0)
URL				Time Spent
/launch-programs (space-x26.herok	(uapp.com)			450 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects				^
Redirects introduce additional delay	ys before the page can be	loaded. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Preload key requests				^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` more.	to prioritize fetching resou	urces that are currently request	ted later in page load.	<u>Learn</u>
Use video formats for animated con	ntent			^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delive PNG/WebP for static images instea	-	-	deos for animations ar	nd
Remove duplicate modules in Java	Script bundles			^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript	t modules from bundles to	reduce unnecessary bytes cor	nsumed by network ac	tivitv.

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. <a href="Learn More"><u>Learn More</u></a>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 690 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL	Transfer Size
/main.de5cec9js (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	256.8 KiB
/4.105450bjs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	51 KiB
ba/NBZSw3Ho_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	48.4 KiB
/polyfills.00096edjs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	46.4 KiB
c9/T8CfiSYb_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	46.1 KiB
86/cnu0pan8_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	40.1 KiB
0e/T8iJcSN3_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	38.5 KiB
e3/I0IkuJ2e_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	33 KiB
/launch-programs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	25.9 KiB
3e/FfrN88ry_o.png (images2.imgbox.com)	25.5 KiB
Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found	^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Avoids an excessive DOM size — 308 elements	^
A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflow	ws. Learn more.

Will morodoo morno	ry dodgo, oddoo lollgo	i <u>otyro oaroalationo,</u>	and produce coolly	idyour ronows. Loan in	<u>1010</u> .
Statistic	Element				Value

Total DOM Elements		308
Maximum DOM Depth	<li>_ngcontent-app-root-c13=""&gt;</li>	15
Maximum Child Elements	<pre><div _ngcontent-app-root-c8="" class="btn-group"></div></pre>	16

JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Pars
/polyfills.00096edjs (space-x26.herokuapp.com)	59 ms	57 ms	1 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2 s			
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and exec with this. <u>Learn more</u>	uting JS. You may find d	elivering smaller JS pay	loads helps
Category			Time Spe
Script Evaluation			113 ms
Other			42 ms
Rendering			17 ms
Style & Layout			14 ms
Parse HTML & CSS			6 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation			5 m
Garbage Collection			2 m
All text remains visible during webfont loads			
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-v	isible while webfonts are	loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Minimize third-party usage			
Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lin load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load		dant third-party providers	s and try to
Largest Contentful Paint element — 0 elements found			
This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewpo	ort. <u>Learn More</u>		
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance			
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `pa	ssive` to improve your p	age's scroll performance	e. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()			
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically in seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	jected via `document.wri	te()` can delay page loa	d by tens of
Avoid long main-thread tasks			
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifyin	g worst contributors to ir	iput delay. <u>Learn more</u>	
Avoid non-composited animations			
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increa			



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn one in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology.  <u>Learn more</u>.</nav></main>	

more.

Passed audits (13) [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Not applicable (28) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-\*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-\*` attributes. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes have valid values

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute. A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the th or caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. <u>Learn more</u>.



## **Best Practices**

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities.

Learn more.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn More Avoids Application Cache Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Name Version 11.2.4 Angular Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn</u> more.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn More



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. Learn more.

**Additional items to manually check (1)** — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more

Passed audits (10)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

	Page has successful HTTP status code	^
	Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Links have descriptive text	^
	Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Links are crawlable	^
	Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More	
	Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
	Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
	Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a valid hreflang	^
	hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document avoids plugins	^
	Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.	
No	t applicable (4)	^
	robots.txt is valid	^
	If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or	
	indexed. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
		^
	Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
	Document has a valid rel=canonical  Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.	^
	Document has a valid rel=canonical  Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.  Document uses legible font sizes  Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to	^





# Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

#### Fast and reliable

Page load is fast enough on mobile networks

A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. Learn more.

▲ Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline

If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. Learn more.

▲ start\_url does not respond with a 200 when offline No usable web app manifest found on page.

A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. Learn more.

#### Installable

#### Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements Failures: No manifest was fetched.

Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

### **PWA Optimized**

Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more. Contains some content when JavaScript is not available Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript is required to use the app. Learn more. Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more. Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually. Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more. Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media.

#### Runtime Settings

**URL** 

https://space-x26.herokuapp.com/launch-programs

**Fetch Time** 

Learn more.

Mar 9, 2021, 1:55 PM GMT+5:30

**Device** Emulated Desktop

Network throttling 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/88.0.4324.190 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10\_14\_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 2029

Axe version 3.5.5

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