

Probabilistic Inference

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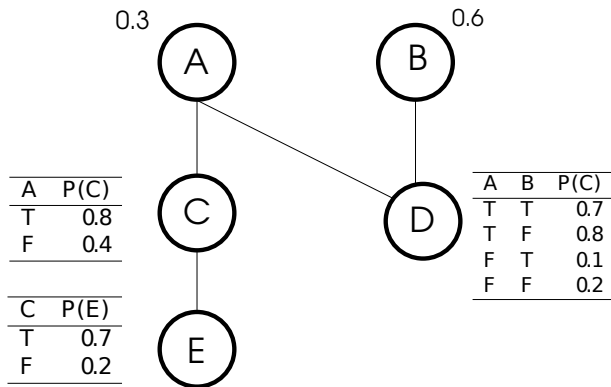


Figure: Bayes Net (A, B, C, D, E)

- Compute a CPT that gives probability of D in terms of B.

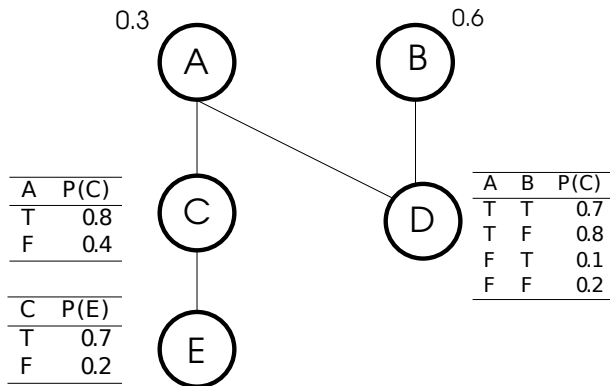


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- Compute a CPT that gives probability of D in terms of B.
 - $B = T, P(C) = 0.7 \cdot 0.3 + 0.1 \cdot 0.7$; $B = F, P(C) = 0.8 \cdot 0.3 + 0.2 \cdot 0.7$

Marginalization of Variables

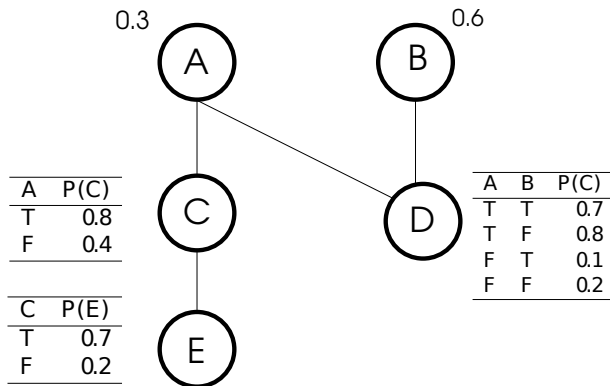


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- Compute a CPT that gives probability of E in term of A.

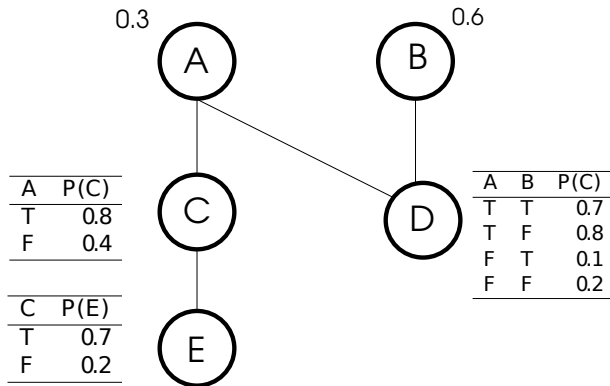


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- Compute a CPT that gives probability of D in terms of B.
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- Compute a CPT that gives probability of E in term of A.
 - $A = T, P(E) = 0.8 \cdot 0.7 + 0.2 \cdot 0.2$; $A = F, P(E) = 0.4 \cdot 0.7 + 0.6 \cdot 0.2$

Two banks are on the x axis. Left-bank is at $l_{bx}=0$ and right-bank is at $r_{bx}=20$. Agent's location on the number line is at $0 < a < 20$. The agent has 5\$. If it goes to left-bank, it can get 20\$. If it goes to the right-bank, it can get 10\$. However, in order to get to the bank the agent has to spend money at the rate of $2 * (\text{distance from the bank})$. The agent has three actions - go-left, go-right and stay. The agent wants to maximize the money it has. Left-bank might be closed with a probability of 0.25, right-bank might be closed with a probability of 0.20.

- What is the expected utility of each action for a position x ?

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- What is the expected utility of each action for a position x ?
 - $EU(\text{stay}) = 5$
 $EU(\text{go-left}) = 5 + (0.75 \times 20 + 0.25 \times 0) - 2 \times x$
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 - threshold 7.5-16

