# BIOM2013 Practical 1 Macropinocytosis

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# **EGF** Control **EGF**

Image 1: EGF induces membrane ruffling and macropinocytosis.

Two top images = 5min after EGF, arrows indicate actin ruffling.

Large lower = formation of macropinocytosis arrows

Time lapsed = macropinocytosis formation

#### Introduction

- Endocytosis uptake of fluid into vacuoles (macropinosomes)
- Actin mediated process
- HPTS assay (solvent green) measure fluorescence and absorbance
- Fluorescence- records actin filaments initiated
- Absorbance measures number of cells
- Cells studied Hek293 (human embryonic kidney 293 cells) and HeLa (cervical cancer cells – immortal cell line)
- Hek293 = ↑ fluorescence = would allow inhibition
- HeLa = ↓ absorbance = would allow for enhancement of dye
- EGF enhances macropinocytosis by increasing formation of membrane ruffling
- Wortmannin inhibits macropinocytosis
   reducing uptake of dye by inhibiting
   P13Kinase Inhibits Polymerisation

Image: http://www.springerimages.com/Images/MedicineAndPublicHealth/1-10.1007\_s00418-008-0401-3-3

Baker, S.A., et al. (1995) Wortmannin blocks lipid and protein kinase activities associated with PI 3-kinase and inhibits a subset of responses induced by Fc epsilon R1 cross-linking. *Molecular Biology of the Cell.* 6(9), 1145-58

Clague, M.J., et al. (1995) Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase regulation of fluid phase endocytosis. Federation of European Biomedical Societies, 367(3), 272-4.

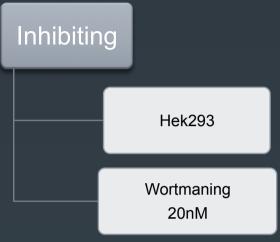
Lopez, A.F., et al. (1986) Recombinant Human Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony-stimulating Factor Stimulates In Vitro Mature Human Neutrophil and Eosinophil Function, Surface Receptor Expression, and Survival. *The Journal of Clinical Investigation*, 78(5), 1220 – 1228.

Roepstorff, K., et al. (2008) Endocytotic downregulation of ErbB receptors: mechanisms and relevance in cancer. Histohemistry and Cell Biology, 129, 563–578.

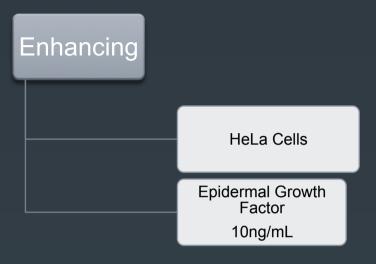
# Aims and Hypotheses

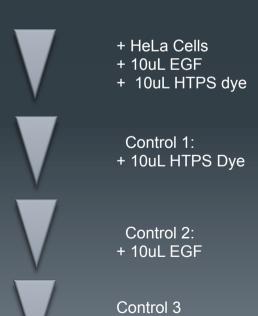
- -Overall aim:
  - to observing and analyse macropinocytosis:
    - -Enhancement (EGF)
    - -Inhibition (Wortmannin)
- -Hypotheses:
  - -Uptake of dye in cells.
    - ↑ fluorescence in EGF treated cells
    - ↓ fluorescence in Wortmannin treated cells

# Method

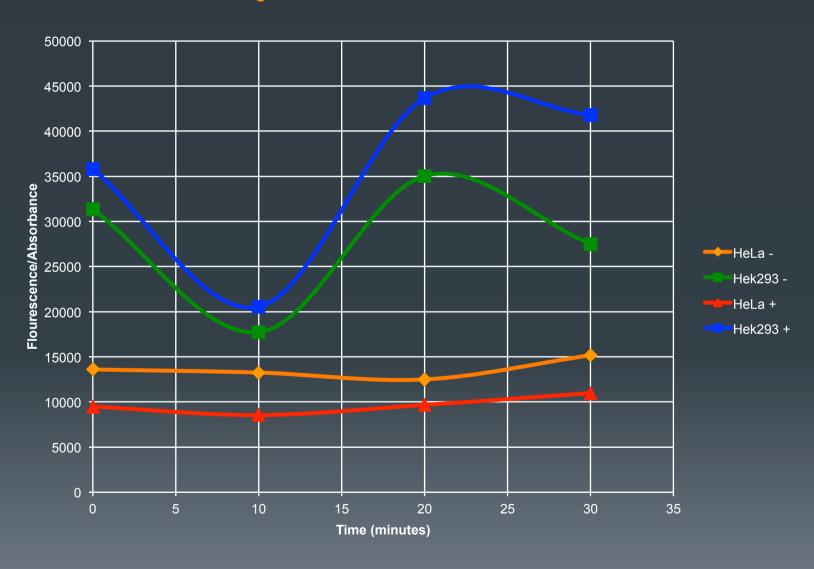


+ HeK293 Cells + 10uL Wortmaning + 10uL HTPS dye Control 1: + 10uL HTPS Dye Control 2: + 10uL Wortmaning Control 3



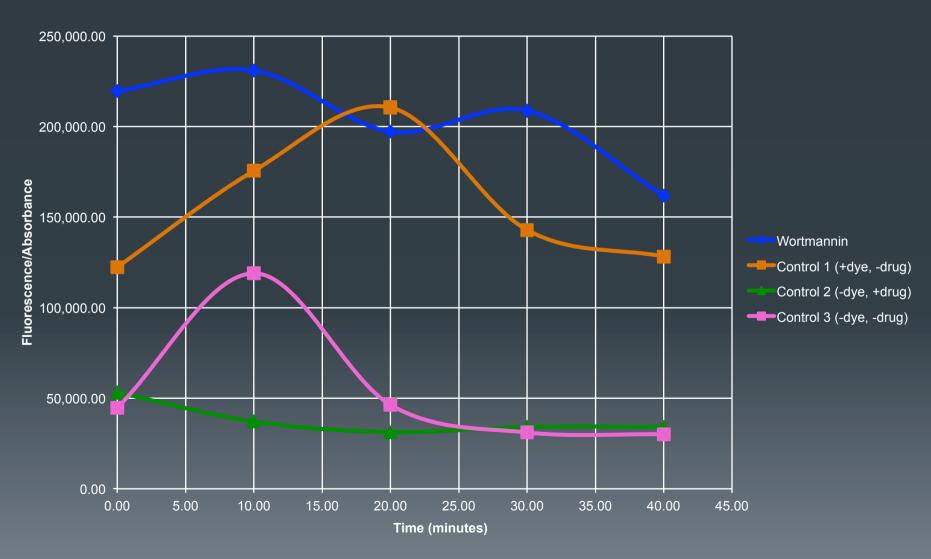


# Preliminary results



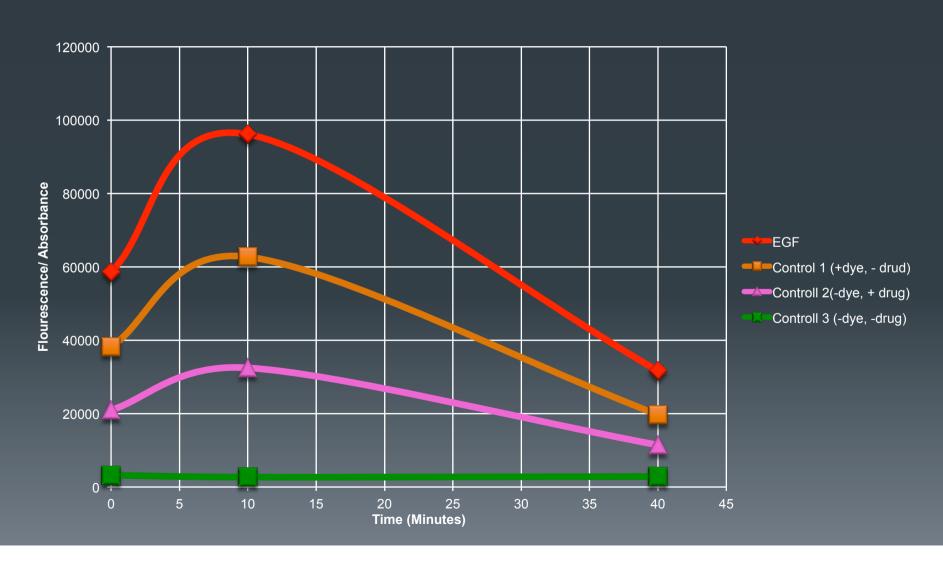
#### Results

Inhibition of Hek293 Cells: Data results.



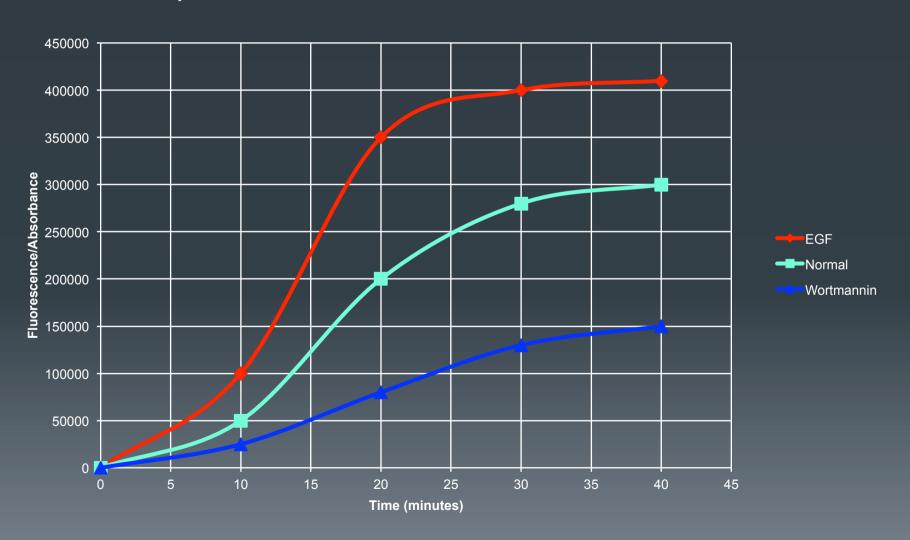
# Results

Enhancement of HeLa Cells: Data results.



# Results

#### Expected results.



#### Sources of Error

What may have gone wrong?

- -HPTS dye used affected by pH:
  - -pH change late in macropinocytosis
  - -Other alternatives include *Lucifer yellow*
- -Wortmannin concentration levels:
  - -100nM to 200nM ideal
  - -20nM was used
- -Experimental and human error:
  - -Labelling of tubes

#### Conclusions

- HeK293 hypothesised to be inhibited by wortmannin
  - However results did not prove this.
- HeLa hypothesised to be enhanced by EGF
  - Data varied from hypothesis.

- Overall aim was achieved
  - Administration of drugs did show changes in macropinocytosis.

#### **Future Directions**

- PI-3 Kinase and cell proliferation
- Wortmannin concentrations
- Other dyes