## Exercises chapter 7: User input and while loops

Saul SL

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#### 1 Exercise 7-1 Rental Car

Write a program that asks the user what kind of rental car they would like. Print a message about that car, such as "Let me see if I can find you a Subaru."

```
message = 'What type of car do you want?\n'
user_car = input(message)
print(f"Let's see if we have a {user_car.title()} available")
```

### 2 Exercise 7-2 Restaurant Seating

Write a program that asks the user how many people are in their dinner group. If the answer is more than eight, print a message say- ing they'll have to wait for a table. Otherwise, report that their table is ready.

```
message = "How many people are dinning?\n"
customers = input(message)
i_customers = int(customers)
if isinstance(i_customers, int):
    if i_customers < 8:
        print("Please come this way")
else:
        print("I'm sorry, you will have to wait for a table")</pre>
```

## 3 Exercise 7-3 Multiples of Ten

Ask the user for a number, and then report whether the number is a multiple of 10 or not.

```
message = "Enter a number:\n"
inum = input(message)
inum = int(inum)
inum2 = 10
if inum % inum2 == 0:
    print(f"{inum} is a multiple of {inum2}")
```

# 4 Exercise 7-4 Pizza Toppings

Write a loop that prompts the user to enter a series of pizza toppings until they enter a 'quit' value. As they enter each topping, print a message saying you'll add that topping to their pizza.

```
print("Write the pizza topping you want:")
print("Type 'quit' to exit")
toppings = []
while True:
```

```
topping = input("Topping: ")
if topping == 'quit':
    break
else:
print(f"Adding {topping} to your pizza")
```

#### 5 Exercise 7-5 Movie Tickets

A movie theater charges different ticket prices depending on a person's age. If a person is under the age of 3, the ticket is free; if they are between 3 and 12, the ticket is \$10; and if they are over age 12, the ticket is \$15. Write a loop in which you ask users their age, and then tell them the cost of their movie ticket.

```
input("Enter your age: ")
1
    iage
    iage = int(iage)
2
    if iage < 3:
3
        print("Ticket is free")
4
5
    elif iage <= 12 and iage >= 3:
        print("Ticket costs 10$")
6
     elif iage > 12:
7
        print("Ticket costs 15$")
```

#### 6 Exercise 7-6 Three Exits

Write different versions of either Exercise 7-4 or Exercise 7-5 that do each of the following at least once:

- Use a conditional test in the while statement to stop the loop.
- Use an active variable to control how long the loop runs.
- Use a break statement to exit the loop when the user enters a 'quit' value.

```
print("Enter your age: ")
1
     print("Type 'q' to exit")
2
     status = 'active'
3
4
       while status == 'active':
5
           iage = input("Age: ")
6
                iage = int(iage)
                status = 'inactive'
10
11
                if iage < 3:</pre>
12
                    print("Ticket is free")
13
                elif iage <= 12 and iage >= 3:
14
                    print("Ticket costs 10$")
15
                elif iage > 12:
16
                    print("Ticket costs 15$")
17
```

## 7 Exercise 7-7 Infinity:

Write a loop that never ends, and run it. (To end the loop, press ctrl-C or close the window displaying the output.)

```
while True:
    print("_", end=" ")
```

#### 8 Exercise 7-8 Deli

Make a list called sandwich<sub>orders</sub> and fill it with the names of vari- ous sandwiches. Then make an empty list called finished<sub>sandwiches</sub>. Loop through the list of sandwich orders and print a message for each order, such as I made your tuna sandwich. As each sandwich is made, move it to the list of finished sandwiches. After all the sandwiches have been made, print a message listing each sandwich that was made.

```
sandwich_orders = ['egg', 'tuna', 'chicken', 'beef']
2
     finished_orders = []
     while sandwich_orders:
3
         order = sandwich_orders.pop()
         finished_orders.append(order)
5
         print(f"Making a {order.title()} sandwich")
6
     print("This sandwiches were made")
8
     for sandwich in finished orders:
9
         print(f"- {sandwich.title()}")
10
```

#### 9 Exercise 7-9 No Pastrami

Using the list sandwich<sub>orders</sub> from Exercise 7-8, make sure the sandwich 'pastrami' appears in the list at least three times. Add code near the beginning of your program to print a message saying the deli has run out of pastrami, and then use a while loop to remove all occurrences of 'pastrami' from sandwich<sub>orders</sub>. Make sure no pastrami sandwiches end up in finished<sub>sandwiches</sub>.

```
1
     sandwich_orders = ['egg', miss, 'tuna', miss, 'chicken', 'beef', miss]
2
3
     finished_orders = []
     print(f"We are out of {miss.title()} sandwich")
4
     while miss in sandwich_orders:
5
         sandwich_orders.remove(miss)
6
     while sandwich orders:
8
         order = sandwich_orders.pop()
9
         finished_orders.append(order)
10
         print(f"Making a {order.title()} sandwich")
11
12
     print("This sandwiches were made")
13
     for sandwich in finished_orders:
14
         print(f"- {sandwich.title()}")
15
```

#### 10 Exercise 7-10 Dream Vacation

Write a program that polls users about their dream vaca- tion. Write a prompt similar to If you could visit one place in the world, where would you go? Include a block of code that prints the results of the poll.

```
poll_results = []
message = "If you could visit one place in the world, where would you go?"
print(message)
print("Type 'q' to exit")
while True:
answer = input("Answer: ")
if answer == "q":
break
else:
poll_results.append(answer)

if poll_results:
```

```
print("These are the answers:")

for item in poll_results:

print(f"- {item}")
```