Multimea U este formata din 2 elemente alese aleator din multimea {4,5,6,7}, iar multimea V este formata din 4 elemente din {1,2,3,8,9,10}. Tie multimea W = U u V (UniV faia returnare).

a) mr. total de multimi posibile pentru W.

 $\frac{Sol:}{u_{11}u_{2} \in V} \quad U \cap V = \emptyset = \emptyset \quad W = \{u_{11}u_{21}, \sigma_{11}, \sigma_{21}, \sigma_{31}, \sigma_{4}\}$

U, Uz pot fi alexe den V in C2 moduri

01, -, vy pot fi alexe den V in C4 moduri

Nr. A millimi V/ 1 23 24

b) Def. evenimentele:

C: W confine cel puten un mr. impar C: W confine down numere pare.

h \$133 pper over 3 nr. pare i 3 mr. inupare. Oricum am alege 4 numere dintre acestea, al putin unul vo fi impar =>

=) V contine cel putin un mr impar => W contine cel putin un nr. impar => P(C) = 1.

C) In $\{1,2,3,8,9,(0)\}$ arem. \Rightarrow singura peribilitate do a relecta 4 no. ≤ 8 .

Aceasta este multimea $V = \{1,2,3,8\}$. $\Rightarrow N_V = 1$ Onice multime V are elementele ≤ 8 . $\Rightarrow N_V = C_4^2$.

No. total de multimi W of $eN_U = N_V$. $N_V = C_4^2$. $1 = C_4^2$.

Penhau enemimental C: W contine our. $\leq 8^4$, arem $P(C) = \frac{N_W}{C_4^2 \cdot C_6^4} = \frac{C_4^2}{C_4^2 \cdot C_6^4} = \frac{1}{C_5^4}$

```
d) P("W confine cel putin 2 nr impare")
     Definim ovenimentele:
      Vi: "U confine exact i nr. impare "
     Vi: V contine exact im. Empare"
       D: "W contine cel putin 2 mr. impare"
       D: " W contine al mult um mr. impar
    P(0) = 1 - P(0)
    P(B) = P(UONVO) + P(UONVI) + P(UINVO)
         ( putom over fre toate no. pare in W, lie o multime au exact am no. impor)
    P(V_0 \wedge V_0) = 0 (v. b): V confine cel petin un m. impare)
    P(U_1 \wedge V_5) = 0 (idem)
     P(V_1)=1= V_1=\Omega = P(V_0 \wedge V_1)=P(V_0 \wedge \Omega)=P(V_0)
     P(V_0) = P(V_0) = P(V_0) = \frac{\#\{\{\{\{\{0\}\}\}\}}{C_0^2} = \frac{1}{C_0^2}
   =) P(\bar{0}) = \frac{1}{C_c^2} = P(\bar{0}) = 1 - \frac{1}{C_c^2}
 e) 7(4) (17) smalles of W1) mot. P(E)
      1 EV => V= {A, $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3}}
      Mr. casurilor fororabile implica alegerea submulfimiler
      {u/c { 4,5,6 } on C3 moderni ni { 5,02,03 } c { 2,3,8,9,0 } in C5 moderni
     => P(\{1,1\} \subset W) = \frac{c_3! \cdot c_5^3}{c_5^2 \cdot c_5^4}
f) P("51,71 c W sturnd a mund al putin 2 mr. impare")
    Folsom P(D) de la d) in P(E) de la e)
   OSS. P(D(E)=1 (1,7 mont impare ni incluse in W)
  Bayes: P(E|S) = \frac{P(D|E) \cdot P(E)}{P(D)} = \frac{P(E)}{P(D)} = \frac{C_3 \cdot C_5^2}{P(D)}
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② Se de dorbrib
$$y = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{2}{10} & \frac{2}{10} & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{4}{10} \end{pmatrix}$$
. São ne colculore $E(y)$ ný $Std(y)$.

Sol

$$E(y) = \sum_{i \in I} y_i \cdot P(y = y_i) = -2 \cdot \frac{3}{10} - 1 \cdot \frac{2}{10} + 0 \cdot \frac{1}{10} + 1 \cdot \frac{4}{10} = \frac{4 - 2 - 2}{10} = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$V(y) = E(y^2) - E^2(y)$$

$$E(y^2) = \sum_{i \in I} y_i^2 P(y=y_i) = 4 \cdot \frac{3}{10} + 1 \cdot \frac{2}{10} + 0 \cdot \frac{1}{10} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{10} = \frac{12 + 2 + 1}{10} = \frac{18}{5}$$

$$V(9) = \frac{9}{5} - (\frac{2}{5})^2 = \frac{45 - 4}{25} = \frac{41}{25}$$

$$Std(y) = \sqrt{V(y)} = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{5}$$
.

3.) Se do fot, de reportifie
$$F(X) = \begin{cases} 0, X \leq 0 \\ x^{\theta}, X \in (0,1) \end{cases}$$

a) Si re calculere
$$\theta$$
 stand of $P(S > \frac{1}{4}) = \frac{15}{16}$

Sol.

$$P(S > \frac{1}{4}) = 1 - P(S \le \frac{1}{4}) = 1 - F(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{15}{16} \Rightarrow F(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1}{16} \Rightarrow 0 = 2$$

5) Stind co $x_m = \frac{1}{2}$, par ne aproprimente valacrea lui O folonind.

Aven
$$R=1$$
, $f(x)=\int_{0}^{\infty} \theta \cdot x^{\theta-1}$, $x \in (0,1)$

$$E(X) = \int_{0}^{1} x f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \theta x^{\theta} dx = \frac{x^{\theta+1}}{\theta+1} \cdot \theta \Big|_{0}^{1} = \frac{\theta}{\theta+1}$$

Feroham ec.
$$E(X) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} X_i = \overline{X_m} = 0$$
 $\frac{\partial}{\partial + 1} = \frac{1}{2} = 0$ $\hat{\theta} = 1$.