# Introduction to Programming with C++

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INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING WITH



Third Edition

Contents are based on book by Y. Daniel Liang

- C++ provides functions and classes for developing reusable software.
- Templates provide the capability to parameterize types in functions and classes.
- With this capability, you can define one function or one class with a generic type that the compiler can substitute for a concrete type.

```
int maxValue(int value1, int value2)
{
  if (value1 > value2)
    return value1;
  else
    return value2;
}
double maxValue(double value1, double value2)

return value2)

return value1;
  else
    return value2;
}
```

 It would save typing, save space, and make the program easy to maintain if you could simply define one function with a generic type as follows:

```
GenericType maxValue(GenericType value1, GenericType value2)
{
  if (value1 > value2)
    return value1;
  else
    return value2;
}
```

- The definition for the function template begins with the keyword template followed by a list of parameters.
- Each parameter must be preceded by the interchangeable keyword typename in the form <typename typeParameter>.

```
template<typename T> \\ List12_1.cpp
T maxValue(T value1, T value2)
 if (value1 > value2)
  return value1;
 else
  return value2;
int main
    cout << "Maximum between 1 and 3 is "</pre>
         << maxValue(1, 3) << endl;
    cout << "Maximum between 1.5 and 0.3 is "
         << maxValue(1.5, 0.3) << endl;
Maximum between 1 and 3 is 3
Maximum between 1.5 and 0.3 is 1.5
```

You can modify it using pass-by-reference.

```
template<typename T> \\ List12_1.cpp
T maxValue(T& value1, T& value2)
 if (value1 > value2)
  return value1;
 else
  return value2;
int main
    cout << "Maximum between 1 and 3 is "</pre>
         << maxValue(1, 3) << endl;
    cout << "Maximum between 1.5 and 0.3 is "</pre>
         << maxValue(1.5, 0.3) << endl;
Maximum between 1 and 3 is 3
Maximum between 1.5 and 0.3 is 1.5
```

Homework: Write template for swap function.

### Class Templates

 Note also that the class name before the scope resolution operator:: is Array<T>, not Array.

```
template <typename T>
class Array{ \\ Lits12_1a.cpp
   private:
      T data[5];
   public:
      void setData(int num, T d);
};
template <typename T>
void Array<T>::setData(int num, T d)
   if(num < 0 \mid \mid num > 4)
      cout << "oversize \n";</pre>
   else
      data[num] = d;
int main()
   cout << "Create Array of type int\n";</pre>
   Array<int> i_array;
   i_array.setData(0, 80);
```

# Class Templates with a default type parameter

- C++ allows you to assign a default type for a type parameter in a class template.
- For example, you may assign int as a default type in the generic Array class as follows: template<typename T = int>
- We use Array<> i\_array; when declare the class.

```
template <typename T = int>
class Array{ \\ Lits12_1a.cpp
   private:
      T data[5];
   public:
      void setData(int num, T d);
};
template <typename T>
void Array<T>::setData(int num, T d)
   if(num < 0 \mid \mid num > 4)
      cout << "oversize \n";</pre>
   else
      data[num] = d;
int main()
   cout << "Create Array of type int\n";</pre>
   Array<> i_array;
   i_array.setData(0, 80);
```

# Mixed nontype and type parameters

 You also can use nontype parameters along with type parameters in a template prefix.

```
template <typename T, int length>
class Array{ \\ Lits12_2a.cpp
 private:
   T data[length];
 public:
   void setData(int num, T d);
};
template <typename T, int length>
void Array<T, length>::setData(int num, T d)
{
   if(num < 0 \mid \mid num > length)
      cout << "oversize \n";</pre>
   else
      data[num] = d;
int main()
   cout << "Create Array of type int\n";</pre>
   Array<int, 5> i array;
   i_array.setData(0, 80);
```

# **Templates**

Homwwork: Write the bubble sort function to use a generic type for array elements.

Homwwork: Write a code to find the largest number in an Array class object.