
Lab3 - Nikola Uzelac MAT343

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MAT 343 MATLAB Assignment # 3

Question # 1

```
E1 = eye(4);
E1([1,3], :) = E1([3,1], :);

E2 = eye(4);
E2(3,3) = 6;

E3 = eye(4);
E3(2,1) = 5;

A = floor(10*rand(4,3))

% This swaped the first and thrid row
E1*A
% This multiplied the third row by 6
E2*A
% This multiplies row one by 5 and row two.
E3*A

A =

     9     0     5
     5     1     0
     0     5     1
     4     6     8

ans =

     0     5     1
     5     1     0
     9     0     5
     4     6     8

ans =
```

9	0	5
5	1	0
0	30	6
4	6	8

ans =

9	0	5
50	1	25
0	5	1
4	6	8

Question 2

%(a)

`A = [2, -1, 4; 6, 2, 13; -4, 7, 4]`

`E1 = eye(3);`
`E1(2,1) = -3`
`E1*A`

`E2 = eye(3);`
`E2(3,1) = 2`
`E2*A`

`E3 = eye(3);`
`E3(3,2) = -1`
`E3*A`

`U = E3*E2*E1*A`

%(b)

`L = E1^-1 * E2^-1 * E3^-1`

A =

2	-1	4
6	2	13
-4	7	4

E1 =

1	0	0
-3	1	0
0	0	1

ans =

2	-1	4
0	5	1
-4	7	4

E2 =

1	0	0
0	1	0
2	0	1

ans =

2	-1	4
6	2	13
0	5	12

E3 =

1	0	0
0	1	0
0	-1	1

ans =

2	-1	4
6	2	13
-10	5	-9

U =

2	-1	4
0	5	1
0	0	11

L =

1	0	0
3	1	0
-2	1	1

Question 3

p = [2, 5, 1, 3, 4];

```

E = eye(length(p));
E = E(p,:)

A = floor(10*rand(5))

% (a)

% Changed the matrix to row 3, row 1, row 4, row 5, row 2.

E*A

A

% It does column operations on given matrix

A*E

A

%(b)

% They are exactly the same

E^-1

E'

E =

    0    1    0    0    0
    0    0    0    0    1
    1    0    0    0    0
    0    0    1    0    0
    0    0    0    1    0

A =

    7    6    0    3    1
    0    5    6    8    9
    2    9    7    1    7
    5    0    1    0    2
    6    5    3    2    6

ans =

    0    5    6    8    9
    6    5    3    2    6
    7    6    0    3    1
    2    9    7    1    7
    5    0    1    0    2

```

A =

7	6	0	3	1
0	5	6	8	9
2	9	7	1	7
5	0	1	0	2
6	5	3	2	6

ans =

0	7	3	1	6
6	0	8	9	5
7	2	1	7	9
1	5	0	2	0
3	6	2	6	5

A =

7	6	0	3	1
0	5	6	8	9
2	9	7	1	7
5	0	1	0	2
6	5	3	2	6

ans =

0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0

ans =

0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0

Question 4

```
A = [4, 1, 2, -3; -3, 3, -1, 4; -1, 2, 5, 1; 5, 4, 3, -1]
b = [-16; 20; -4; -10]
```

```
%(a)
[L, U, P] = lu(A)
```

```

P*A
L*U

%(b)
x_lu = (A^(-1))* b

%(c)

x = [-1, 1, -2, 3]'

norm(x_lu - x)

A =

    4    1    2   -3
   -3    3   -1    4
   -1    2    5    1
    5    4    3   -1

b =

   -16
    20
    -4
   -10

L =

    1.0000    0    0    0
   -0.6000    1.0000    0    0
   -0.2000    0.5185    1.0000    0
    0.8000   -0.4074   -0.0143    1.0000

U =

    5.0000    4.0000    3.0000   -1.0000
         0    5.4000    0.8000    3.4000
         0         0    5.1852   -0.9630
         0         0         0   -0.8286

P =

    0    0    0    1
    0    1    0    0
    0    0    1    0
    1    0    0    0

ans =

```

```

5      4      3      -1
-3      3      -1      4
-1      2      5      1
4      1      2      -3

```

ans =

```

5.0000    4.0000    3.0000   -1.0000
-3.0000    3.0000   -1.0000    4.0000
-1.0000    2.0000    5.0000    1.0000
4.0000    1.0000    2.0000   -3.0000

```

x_lu =

```

-1.0000
1.0000
-2.0000
3.0000

```

x =

```

-1
1
-2
3

```

ans =

```

8.8818e-16

```

Question 5

```

A = rand(500); x = ones(500, 1); b=A*x;

%(a)

tic; R = rref([A, b]); x_rref = R(:,end); toc

%(b)

tic ; [L, U, P] = lu(A); x_lu = (A^(-1))* b; toc

% x_lu factorization method is much faster

%(c)

% Accuracy for x_rref

```

```
norm(x_rref - x)
```

```
% Accuracy for x_lu
```

```
norm(x_lu - x)
```

```
Elapsed time is 2.860400 seconds.
```

```
Elapsed time is 0.015156 seconds.
```

```
ans =
```

```
1.4393e-10
```

```
ans =
```

```
2.2139e-10
```

```
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```