Algorithms, Winter 2010-11, Homework 7 due Friday 2/11/11, 4:00pm

For Problems 2 and 3 include the pseudocode of your algorithm and a short verbal description. Briefly argue your algorithm's correctness and explain its running time.

Problem 1

Consider the following BFS-inspired algorithm for the single source shortest path problem. Let G = (V, E, w) be a positively weighted undirected graph and let $s \in V$ be one of its vertices.

```
BFSshortestPath(G = (V, E, w), s)
 1. For v \in V do
         Let found[v] = false and dist[v] = \infty.
 2.
 3. Let Q[0] = s and found[s] = true and dist[s] = 0.
 4. Let beq = 0 and end = 1.
 5. While (beq < end) do
         Let v = Q[beg].
 6.
 7.
         For every neighbor u of v do
 8.
               If not found[u] then
 9.
                     Let found[u] = true and let dist[u] = dist[v] + w(v, u).
                     Let Q[end] = u and increment end by 1.
10.
               Else
11.
                     If dist[u] > dist[v] + w(v, u) then let dist[u] = dist[v] + w(v, u).
12.
         Increment beq by 1.
13.
14. Return dist[].
```

Does the algorithm work? If yes, argue why it works. If not, find a counterexample and compare the correct answer with the output of the algorithm.

Problem 2

We say that an undirected graph G = (V, E) is positive-vertex-weighted if we have a positive weight function w on G's vertices, i.e., $w : V \to \mathbf{R}^+$. Give an $O(n^2)$ algorithm for the single-source shortest path problem on positive-vertex-weighted undirected graphs.

Problem 3

Let G = (V, E, w) be an edge-weighted directed graph with all weights positive, i.e., $w : E \to \mathbf{R}^+$. Give an $O(n^3)$ algorithm that finds the minimum distance from u to v for every pair of vertices $u, v \in V$. Moreover, output the number of distinct paths from u to v of length equal to the shortest distance.