



HALL
II

INTRA- HALL
TAKNEEK

Root Locus

Robotics PS

Team Invincible Boys





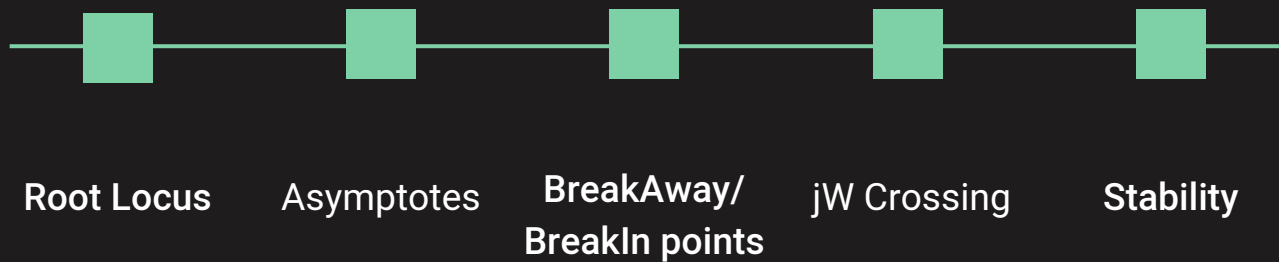
Table of Contents

1 Knowing Terms

2 Formulae

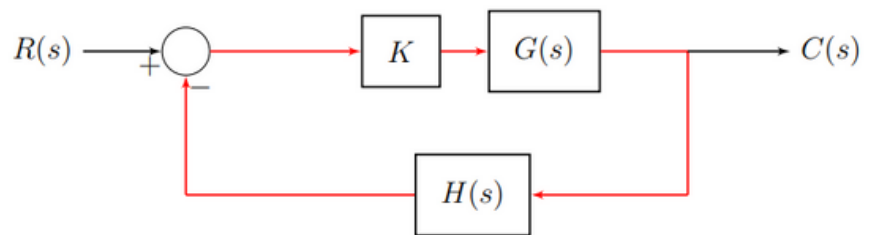
3 Calculation and Plotting

Terms to know



Root Locus

The Root locus is the locus of the roots of the characteristic equation by varying system gain K from zero to infinity.



Asymptotes

Asymptotes give the direction of these root locus branches.

BreakAway/ BreakIn points

If there exists a real axis root locus branch between two open loop poles or zeroes, then there will be a break-away point or break in point respectively between these two.

1.

jW crossing

A method of checking whether the plot will cross the $j\omega$ axis or not which helps in determining stability.

Stability

The Values of K for which the system will lie on the left side of the graph as these are the points only where system is stable,

Formulae to know

P= no. of poles

Z= no. of zeroes

No. of branches of root locus = $\text{Max}(P, Z)$

No. of Asymptotes= $|P-Z|$

Real Axis intercept (Sigma) = $(\sum P - \sum Z) / |P-Z|$

Asymptote Angle= $(2a+1)*\pi / P-Z$

Break Away/In points = points s where $dk/ds = 0$

For jw crossing put $s=jw$ and solve for k.

Values on Solving

P= no. of poles

Z= no. of zeroes

a) $KG(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{(s+1)(s+2)}$

P= 2

Z=0

Branch of Root locus = 2

Real axis segment =

(-2,-1)

No. of asymptotes= 2

Real Axis intercept = -1.5

Asymptote angle = $\pi/2$,

$3\pi/2$

Breakaway point = -1.5

Breakaway Angle= $\pi/2$

No jw crossing

b) $KG(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+3)}{(s+1)(s+2)}$

P= 2

Z=1

Branch of Root locus = 2

Real axis segment = $(-\infty, -3) \cup$

$(-2, -1)$

No. of asymptotes= 1

Real Axis intercept = 0

Asymptote angle = π

Breakaway point = -1.58

BreakIn point = -4.4142

Breakaway Angle= $\pi/2$

No jw crossing

Values on Solving

P= no. of poles

Z= no. of zeroes

(C) $KG(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+3)(s+4)}{(s+1)(s+2)}$.

P= 2

Z=2

Branch of Root locus = 2

Real axis segment =

(-2,-1) U (-3,-4)

No. of asymptotes= 0

Real Axis intercept = --

Asymptote angle = --

Breakaway point = -1.64

BreakIn point = -3.36

Breakaway Angle= pie/2

No jw crossing

(D) $KG(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+2)(s+4)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$.

P= 2

Z=2

Branch of Root locus = 2

Real axis segment = (-4,-3) U

(-2,-1)

No. of asymptotes= 0

Real Axis intercept = --

Asymptote angle = --

Breakaway point = --

BreakIn point = --

Breakaway Angle= ---

No jw crossing

Values on Solving

P= no. of poles

Z= no. of zeroes

$$(E) \quad KG(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{(s^2 + 2s + 5)}.$$

P= 2

Z=0

Branch of Root locus = 2

Real axis segment = --

No. of asymptotes= 2

Real Axis intercept = -1

Asymptote angle = $\pi/2$, $3\pi/2$

Breakaway point = --

BreakIn point = --

Angle of Departure = $\pi/2$ and $-\pi/2$

No jw crossing

$$(F) \quad KG(s)H(s) = \frac{Ks}{(s^2 + 2s + 5)}.$$

P= 2

Z=1

Branch of Root locus = 2

Real axis segment = $(-\infty, 0)$

No. of asymptotes= 2

Real Axis intercept = -2

Asymptote angle = π

Breakaway point = --

BreakIn point = root 5

Breakaway Angle= $\pi/2$

Angle of departure= 116.56 and -116.56

No jw crossing

Values on Solving

P= no. of poles

Z= no. of zeroes

$$(G) \quad KG(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}.$$

P= 3

Z=0

Branch of Root locus = 3

Real axis segment = $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-2, -1)$

No. of asymptotes = 3

Real Axis intercept = -2

Asymptote angle = $\pi/3, 5\pi/3, \pi$

Breakaway point = -1.423

BreakIn point = --

BreakAway angle = $\pi/2$

jw crossing for $w = \sqrt{11}$ and
unstable system for $k > 60$.

No jw crossing

Corresponding Plots are attached with the python code with this file.

Thank You