1. Check that you can run the code block below without errors:

The code block below imports every package we will use during the course. To run it, just click on it and hit Ctrl+Enter. If there is an error, you need to install the corresponding package. If you think you already installed it, you may have multiple Python environments, and you need to make sure that the package is installed in an environment that's available to this notebook.

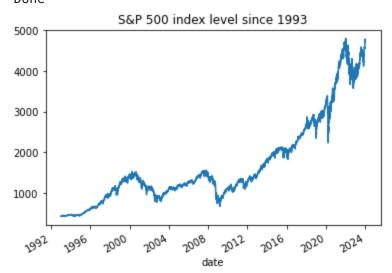
```
In [1]: import warnings
        warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning)
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from numpy.random import normal
        import math
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        import fredapi
        import wrds
        import arch
        from arch. future import reindexing
        import scipy.stats
        from scipy.optimize import minimize
        from statsmodels.formula.api import ols
        from statsmodels.stats.diagnostic import het arch, acorr ljungbox
        from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot acf, plot pacf
        from statsmodels.tsa.holtwinters import ExponentialSmoothing
        from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller, kpss
        from statsmodels.tsa.seasonal import seasonal decompose
        from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
```

2. Set up your access to WRDS, and check that you can produce the figure below:

You need to edit the code block below to specify your own username (mine is wmann). Be sure it is still in quotes. Then when you run the code, it should prompt you for a password (and might give you the option to save it for future use). And then it should run the rest of the code and produce the figure.

```
import wrds
import pandas as pd
wrds_conn = wrds.Connection(wrds_username='wmann')
spindx = wrds_conn.raw_sql("select caldt, spindx from crsp_a_indexes.dsp500"
spindx['date'] = pd.to_datetime(spindx['caldt'])
spindx = spindx.set_index('date')
spindx['1993':].plot(legend=False,title="S&P 500 index level since 1993");
```

Loading library list...
Done



3. Set up your API key for the FRED system, and check that you can produce the figure below:

The FRED system operated by the St Louis Fed is a standard source of economic data and we will use it extensively. They offer free API access, but you have to have a key to access the system. A key is just a string of letters and numbers that they will generate for you, much like a password. You will need to obtain your own API key. There is some information about it this process at this link.

Then, in examples that we run using FRED data, you will need to replace my key with yours in order for the code to run. I always load my key using a code block like the first line below. My key is saved in a file on my computer, and this code reads it in and then saves it to a string variable named Fred_API_key_string. That way, I can share the contents of this notebook with anyone, without revealing my key.

You could follow a setup like this, but if you're not planning on posting your code publicly, it is much easier to just replace the code block with one that directly writes out your key. For example, suppose your key turns out to be 1234567890. Then you can replace the first line below with...

```
Fred API key string = '1234567890'
```

...and everything should work fine. Notice that you need to have quotes around the key. If you did it correctly, the code block will produce the figure below.

```
In [3]: Fred_API_key_string = open('/home/william/Fred_API_key.txt').read().rstrip()
import fredapi
PAYNSA = fredapi.Fred(api_key=Fred_API_key_string).get_series('PAYNSA')
PAYNSA = PAYNSA / 1000
PAYNSA.plot(title="Nonfarm payrolls",ylabel=("Millions"));
```

