

SWX1 Results Analysis

Python Imports

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from prettypandas import PrettyPandas
import patsy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import statsmodels.api as sm
import statsmodels.formula.api
from pyomo.environ import *

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures

from IPython.display import display, Markdown, HTML

%matplotlib inline
PlotWidth = 6

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
# helper functions for this notebook
```

```
# use SVG for matplotlib-based figures
```

```
%matplotlib inline
```

```
%config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'svg'
```

```
def coded_to_actual(coded_data, actual_lows, actual_highs):
```

```
    """Converts a pandas DataFrame from coded units to actuals."""
```

```
    actual_data = coded_data.copy()
```

```
    for col in actual_data.columns:
```

```
        if not (col in actual_highs and col in actual_lows):
```

```
            continue
```

```
        try:
```

```
            # convert continuous variables to their actual value
```

```
            actual_data[col] *= 0.5 * (float(actual_highs[col]) - float(actual_lows[col]))
```

```
l]))
```

```
            # don't need to cast to float here, if either are not a float exception will have been thrown
```

```
            actual_data[col] += 0.5 * (actual_highs[col] + actual_lows[col])
```

```
        except ValueError:
```

```
            # assume 2 level categorical
```

```

        actual_data[col] = actual_data[col].map({-1: actual_lows[col], 1: actual_h
ighs[col]})
    return actual_data

def get_tick_labels(key, lows, highs, units):
    """Returns a list of low/high labels with units (e.g. [8mm, 10mm])"""
    return [str(lows[key]) + units[key], str(highs[key]) + units[key]]

def backward_regression(X, y,
                       threshold_out,
                       verbose=True):
    included=list(X.columns)
    while True:
        changed=False
        model = sm.OLS(y, sm.add_constant(pd.DataFrame(X[included]))).fit()
        # use all coefs except intercept
        pvalues = model.pvalues.iloc[1:]
        worst_pval = pvalues.max() # null if pvalues is empty
        if worst_pval > threshold_out:
            changed=True
            worst_feature = pvalues.idxmax()
            included.remove(worst_feature)
            if verbose:
                print('Drop {:30} with p-value {:.6}'.format(worst_feature, worst_pval
))
        if not changed:
            break

    return included

def build_model(X, values, verbose=True):
    X = [sub.replace('alh', 'model.X1') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('aps', 'model.X2') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('aid', 'model.X3') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('arw', 'model.X4') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('awt', 'model.X5') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace(':', '*') for sub in X]
    model = str(values[0])
    i=1
    for v in X:
        model += " + " + str(values[i]) + " * " + v
        i += 1
    if verbose:
        print(model)
    return model

```

Process CSV Files

```
# importing the pandas library
import pandas as pd

# reading the csv file using read_csv
# storing the data frame in variable called df
df_cost = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wilsongis/3DP_Experiments/main/Data/swx1_cost_raw.txt', sep='\t')
df_time = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wilsongis/3DP_Experiments/main/Data/swx1_time_raw.txt', sep='\t')

# creating a list of column names by
# calling the .columns
list_of_columns_cost = list(df_cost.columns)
list_of_columns_time = list(df_time.columns)

# displaying the list of column names
print('List of Cost column names : ',
      list_of_columns_cost)
print('List of Time column names : ',
      list_of_columns_time)
```

```
List of Cost column names : ['trial', 'lh', 'ps', 'id', 'rw', 'wt', 'alh', 'aps', 'aid', 'arw', 'awt', 'rep', 'cost']
List of Time column names : ['trial', 'lh', 'ps', 'id', 'rw', 'wt', 'alh', 'aps', 'aid', 'arw', 'awt', 'time']
```

```
display((Markdown("### Statistics for Cost")))
df_cost.cost.describe()
```

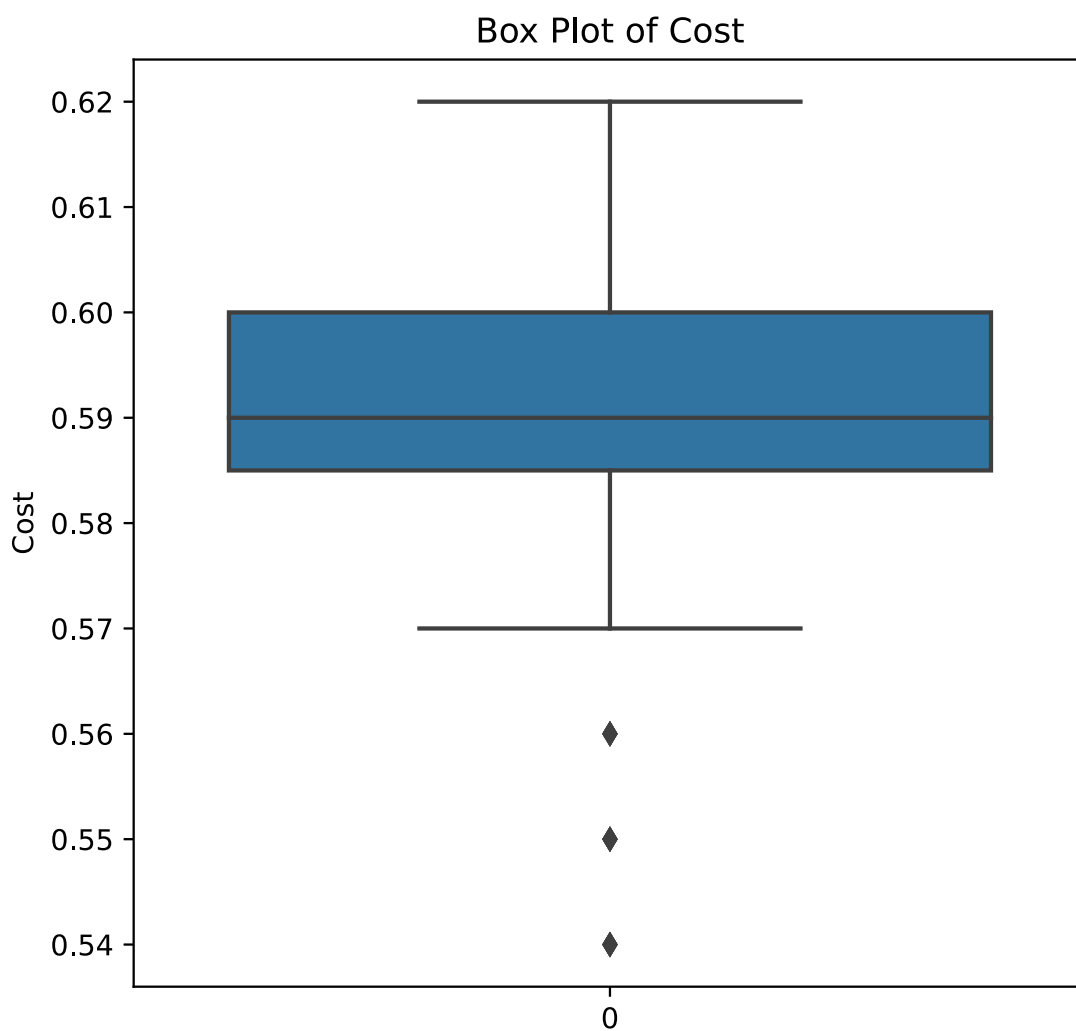
Statistics for Cost

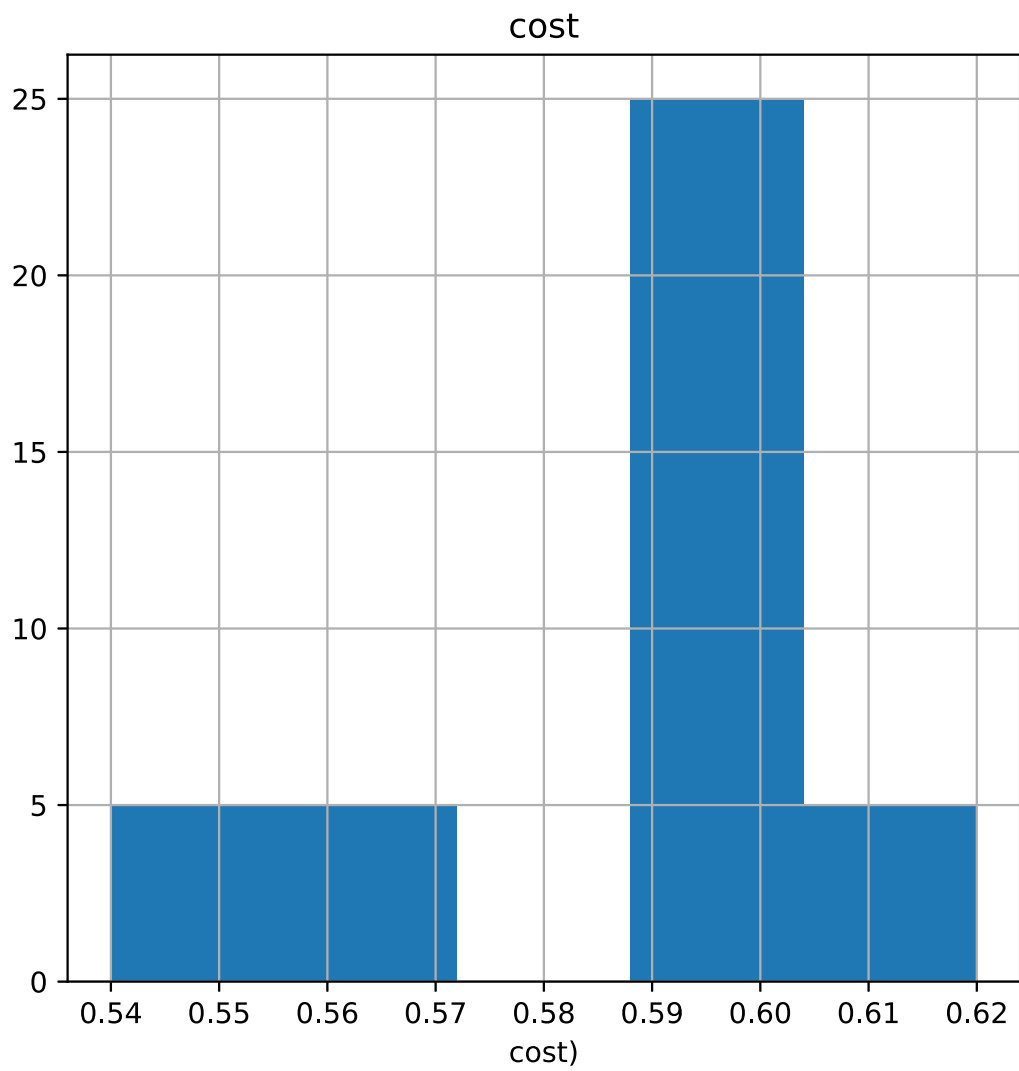
```
count    80.000000
mean      0.587500
std       0.021198
min       0.540000
25%       0.585000
50%       0.590000
75%       0.600000
max       0.620000
Name: cost, dtype: float64
```

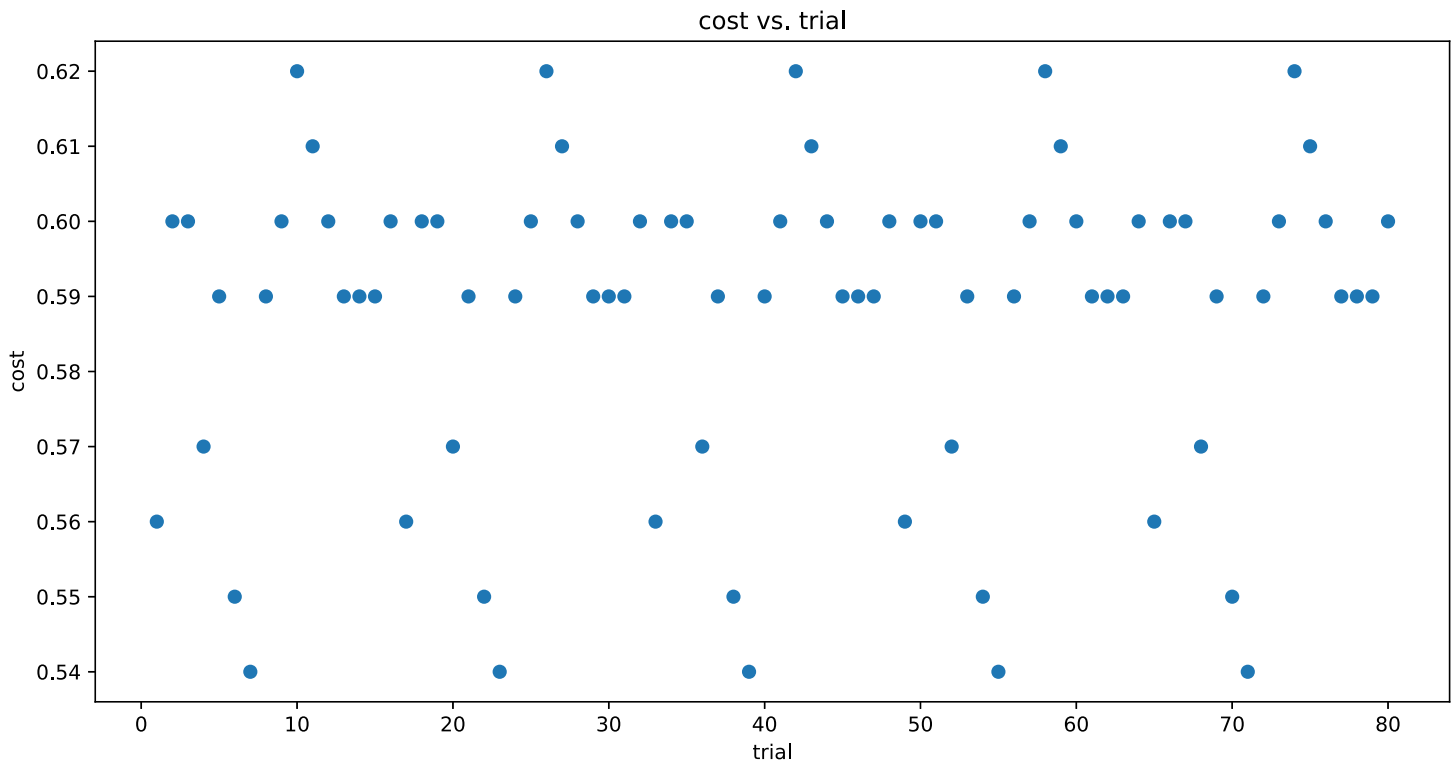
```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.boxplot(data=df_cost['cost'])
plt.title('Box Plot of Cost')
plt.ylabel('Cost')
plt.show()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
df_cost['cost'].hist()
plt.title('cost')
plt.xlabel('cost')
plt.show()

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth*2, PlotWidth))
plt.scatter(df_cost['trial'], df_cost['cost'])
plt.title('cost vs. trial')
plt.xlabel('trial')
plt.ylabel('cost')
plt.show()
```







```
display((Markdown("### Statistics for Time")))
df_time.time.describe()
```

Statistics for Time

```
count      80.000000
mean      11655.975000
std       2979.686374
min       7737.000000
25%       8981.000000
50%      11343.500000
75%      14568.500000
max      18254.000000
Name: time, dtype: float64
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.boxplot(data=df_time['time'])
plt.title('Box Plot of Time')
plt.ylabel('Time')
plt.show()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
df_time['time'].hist()
plt.title('time')
```

```
plt.xlabel('time')
plt.show()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth*2, PlotWidth))
plt.scatter(df_time['trial'], df_time['time'])
plt.title('time vs. trial')
plt.xlabel('trial')
plt.ylabel('time')
plt.show()
```

Cost Analysis

```
f = 'cost ~ (alh+aps+aid+arw+awt)**2'
y, X = patsy.dmatrices(f, df_cost, return_type='dataframe')
print(y[:5])
print(X[:5])
```

	cost
0	0.56
1	0.60
2	0.60
3	0.57
4	0.59

	Intercept	alh	aps	aid	arw	awt	alh:aps	alh:aid	alh:arw	alh:awt	\
0	1.0	0.16	60.0	0.25	0.4	0.8	9.60	0.040	0.064	0.128	
1	1.0	0.28	60.0	0.25	0.4	1.2	16.80	0.070	0.112	0.336	
2	1.0	0.16	72.0	0.25	0.4	1.2	11.52	0.040	0.064	0.192	
3	1.0	0.28	72.0	0.25	0.4	0.8	20.16	0.070	0.112	0.224	
4	1.0	0.16	60.0	0.15	0.4	1.2	9.60	0.024	0.064	0.192	

	aps:aid	aps:arw	aps:awt	aid:arw	aid:awt	arw:awt
0	15.0	24.0	48.0	0.10	0.20	0.32
1	15.0	24.0	72.0	0.10	0.30	0.48
2	18.0	28.8	86.4	0.10	0.30	0.48
3	18.0	28.8	57.6	0.10	0.20	0.32
4	9.0	24.0	72.0	0.06	0.18	0.48

```
## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
```

```
plt.xlabel('Predicted cost')
plt.ylabel('Actual cost')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted cost')
plt.show()
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          cost      R-squared:          1.000
Model:                  OLS       Adj. R-squared:      1.000
Method:                 Least Squares   F-statistic:      4.742e+26
Date:                   Sat, 31 Jul 2021   Prob (F-statistic): 0.00
Time:                   00:15:09    Log-Likelihood:    2594.2
No. Observations:      80          AIC:              -5156.
Df Residuals:          64          BIC:              -5118.
Df Model:               15
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====
```

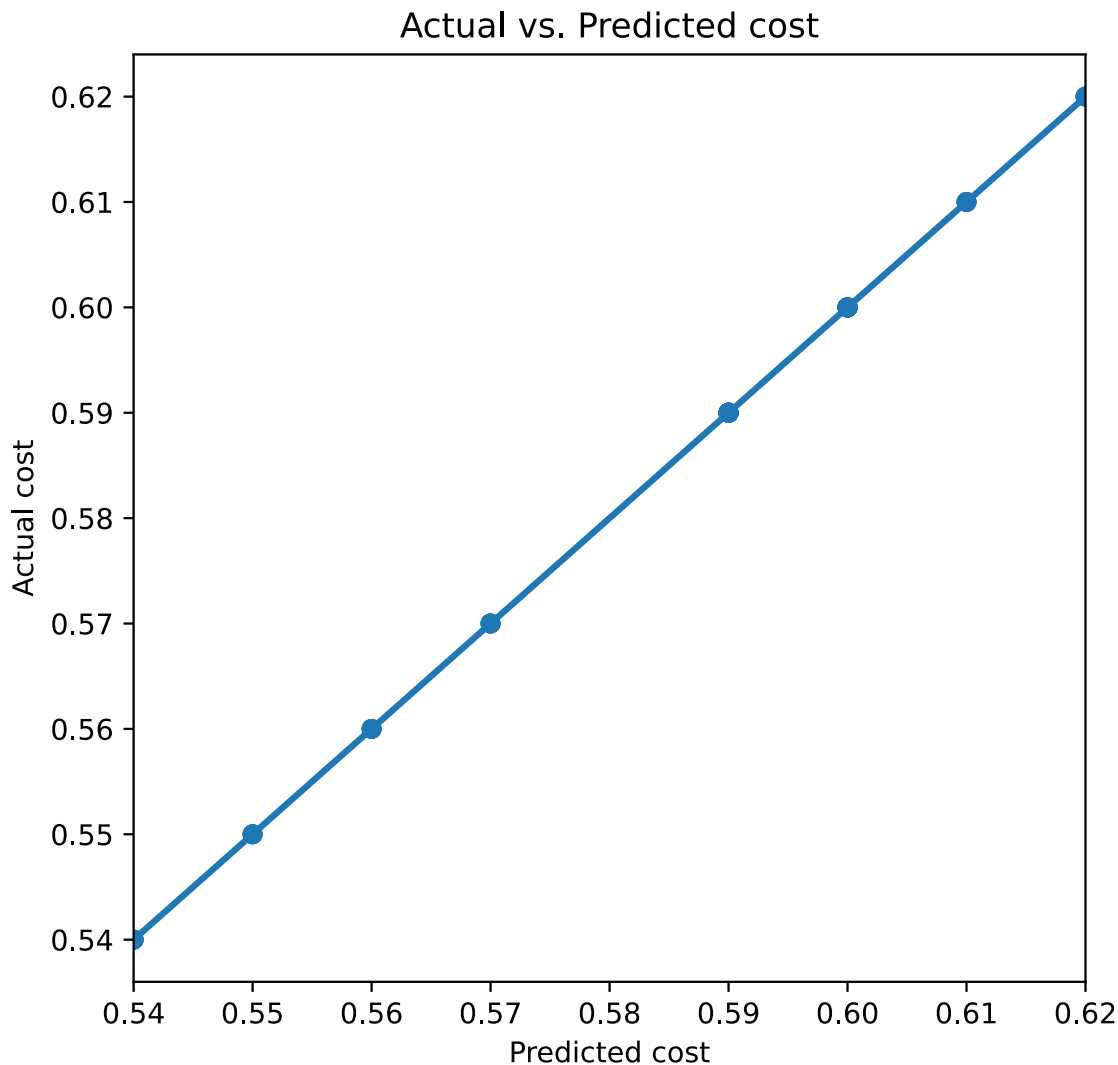
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	0.1900	2.41e-14	7.89e+12	0.000	0.190	0.190
alh	0.2500	5.46e-14	4.58e+12	0.000	0.250	0.250
aps	-1.11e-16	3.34e-16	-0.332	0.741	-7.79e-16	5.57e-16
aid	0.4000	6.5e-14	6.15e+12	0.000	0.400	0.400
arw	0.3750	1.66e-14	2.26e+13	0.000	0.375	0.375
awt	0.3208	1.58e-14	2.03e+13	0.000	0.321	0.321
alh:aps	1.665e-16	6.94e-16	0.240	0.811	-1.22e-15	1.55e-15
alh:aid	1.599e-14	8.33e-14	0.192	0.848	-1.5e-13	1.82e-13
alh:arw	3.553e-15	2.08e-14	0.171	0.865	-3.8e-14	4.51e-14
alh:awt	-0.2083	2.08e-14	-1e+13	0.000	-0.208	-0.208
aps:aid	6.765e-17	8.33e-16	0.081	0.935	-1.6e-15	1.73e-15
aps:arw	3.816e-17	2.08e-16	0.183	0.855	-3.78e-16	4.54e-16
aps:awt	9.064e-17	2.08e-16	0.435	0.665	-3.25e-16	5.06e-16
aid:arw	3.608e-15	2.5e-14	0.144	0.886	-4.63e-14	5.35e-14
aid:awt	-0.2500	2.5e-14	-1e+13	0.000	-0.250	-0.250
arw:awt	-0.3125	6.24e-15	-5e+13	0.000	-0.313	-0.312

```
=====
Omnibus:                13.228    Durbin-Watson:          0.231
Prob(Omnibus):          0.001    Jarque-Bera (JB):       3.783
Skew:                   -0.059    Prob(JB):               0.151
Kurtosis:               1.941    Cond. No.               3.75e+04
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The condition number is large, 3.75e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



Reduced Cost Model

```
cost_included = backward_regression(X,y,.05)
cost_included.pop(0)
print(cost_included)
```

```
Drop aps:aid                with p-value 0.93549
Drop alh:aid                with p-value 0.99566
Drop aps:arw                with p-value 0.970373
Drop aps:awt                with p-value 0.994181
Drop alh:arw                with p-value 0.949303
Drop alh:aps                with p-value 0.930312
Drop aid:arw                with p-value 0.679975
Drop aps                    with p-value 0.787536
['alh', 'aid', 'arw', 'awt', 'alh:awt', 'aid:awt', 'arw:awt']
```

```
y = df_cost['cost']
```

```
#y = df_cost['time']
X = X[cost_included]

## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted cost')
plt.ylabel('Actual cost')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted cost')
plt.show()
```

OLS Regression Results

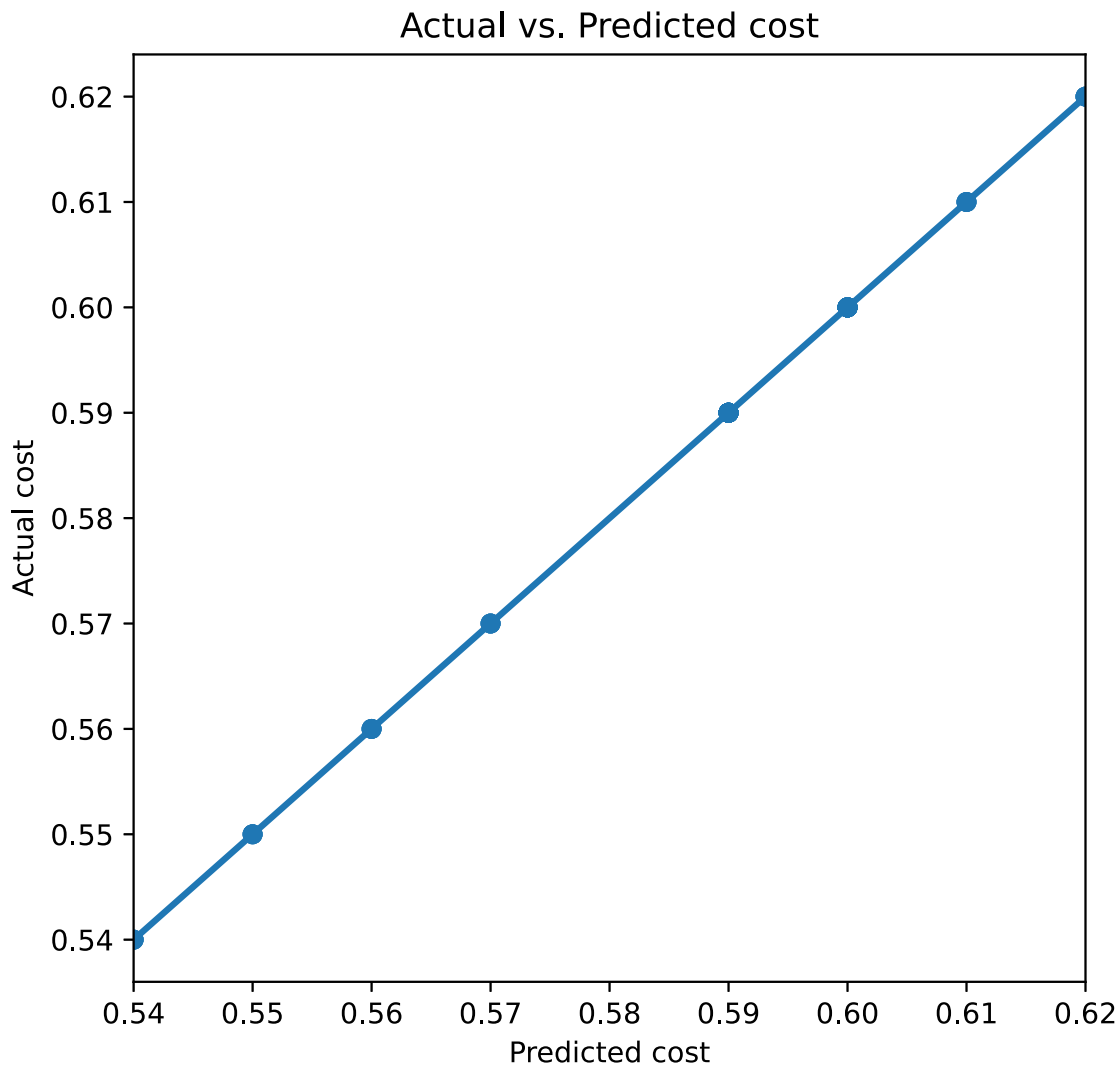
```
=====
Dep. Variable:          cost    R-squared:                1.000
Model:                  OLS     Adj. R-squared:           1.000
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:        5.386e+28
Date:                  Sat, 31 Jul 2021    Prob (F-statistic):    0.00
Time:                  00:15:11    Log-Likelihood:        2748.3
No. Observations:      80    AIC:                  -5481.
Df Residuals:          72    BIC:                  -5462.
Df Model:              7
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====
```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.1900	1.1e-15	1.73e+14	0.000	0.190	0.190
alh	0.2500	2.92e-15	8.57e+13	0.000	0.250	0.250
aid	0.4000	3.5e-15	1.14e+14	0.000	0.400	0.400
arw	0.3750	8.75e-16	4.29e+14	0.000	0.375	0.375
awt	0.3208	1.08e-15	2.98e+14	0.000	0.321	0.321
alh:awt	-0.2083	2.86e-15	-7.29e+13	0.000	-0.208	-0.208
aid:awt	-0.2500	3.43e-15	-7.29e+13	0.000	-0.250	-0.250
arw:awt	-0.3125	8.58e-16	-3.64e+14	0.000	-0.313	-0.312

```
=====
Omnibus:                1.172    Durbin-Watson:          2.607
Prob(Omnibus):          0.556    Jarque-Bera (JB):        1.172
Skew:                   -0.179    Prob(JB):                0.556
Kurtosis:               2.527    Cond. No.                249.
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.



```
cost_eq = build_model(cost_included,results.params,False)
print("Cost = " + cost_eq)
```

```
Cost = 0.19000000000000014 + 0.249999999999999423 * model.X1 + 0.39999999999999986 * model.X3 + 0.37499999999999967 * model.X4 + 0.3208333333333332 * model.X5 + -0.20833333333332477 * model.X1*model.X5 + -0.250000000000000133 * model.X3*model.X5 + -0.3124999999999999 * model.X4*model.X5
```

Time Analysis

```
f = 'time ~ (alh+aps+aid+arw+awt)**2'
y, X = patsy.dmatrices(f, df_time, return_type='dataframe')
print(y[:5])
print(X[:5])
```

	time
0	16916.0
1	9016.0

```

2 12906.0
3 9711.0
4 14617.0

```

	Intercept	alh	aps	aid	arw	awt	alh:aps	alh:aid	alh:arw	alh:awt	\
0	1.0	0.16	60.0	0.25	0.4	0.8	9.60	0.040	0.064	0.128	
1	1.0	0.28	60.0	0.25	0.4	1.2	16.80	0.070	0.112	0.336	
2	1.0	0.16	72.0	0.25	0.4	1.2	11.52	0.040	0.064	0.192	
3	1.0	0.28	72.0	0.25	0.4	0.8	20.16	0.070	0.112	0.224	
4	1.0	0.16	60.0	0.15	0.4	1.2	9.60	0.024	0.064	0.192	

	aps:aid	aps:arw	aps:awt	aid:arw	aid:awt	arw:awt
0	15.0	24.0	48.0	0.10	0.20	0.32
1	15.0	24.0	72.0	0.10	0.30	0.48
2	18.0	28.8	86.4	0.10	0.30	0.48
3	18.0	28.8	57.6	0.10	0.20	0.32
4	9.0	24.0	72.0	0.06	0.18	0.48

```

## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted Time')
plt.ylabel('Actual Time')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Time')
plt.show()

```

OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          time    R-squared:                0.977
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.972
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:          185.2
Date:                  Sat, 31 Jul 2021    Prob (F-statistic):    1.10e-46
Time:                  00:15:12    Log-Likelihood:        -601.25
No. Observations:      80      AIC:                  1235.
Df Residuals:          64      BIC:                  1273.
Df Model:              15
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

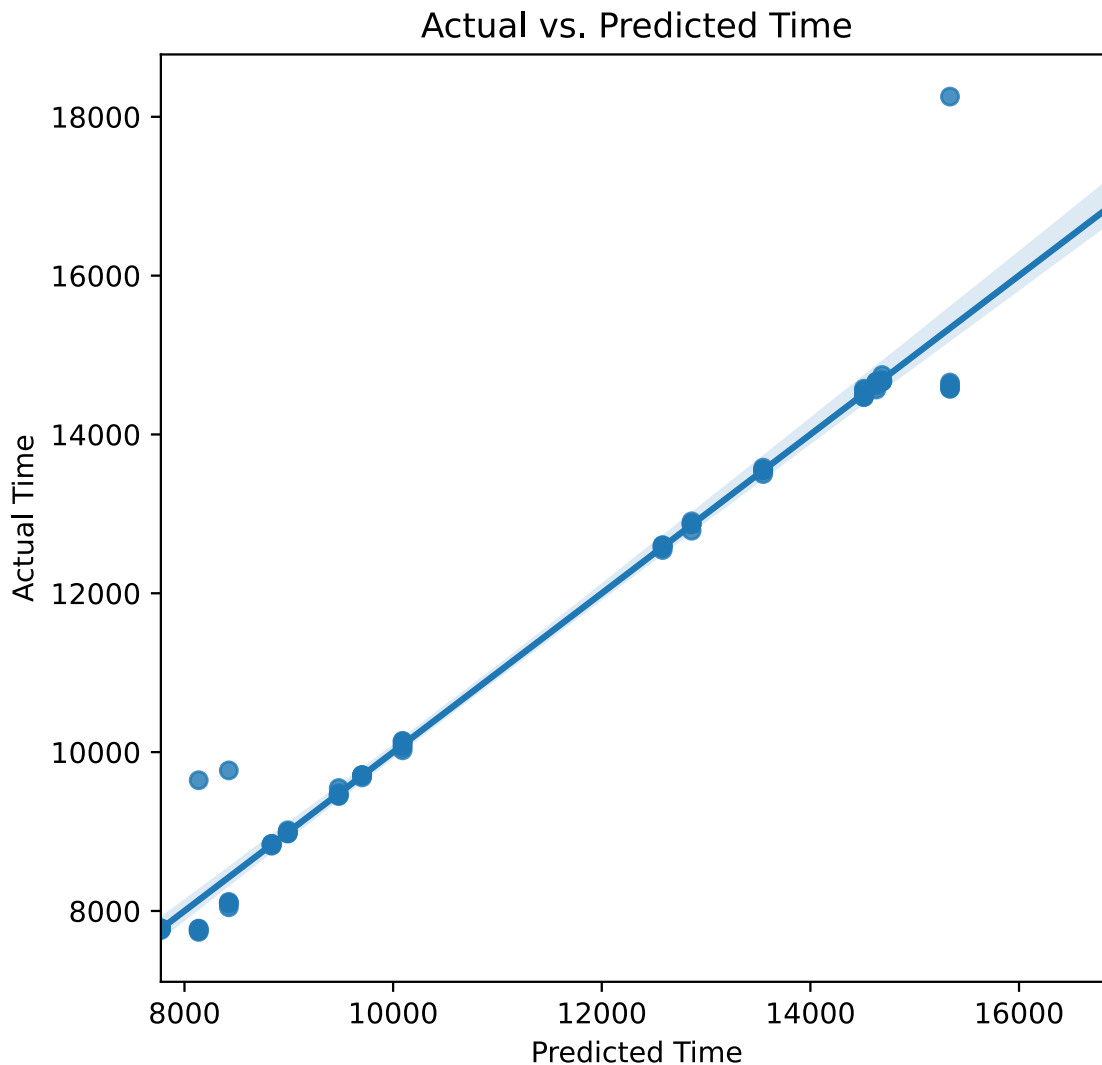
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	4.021e+04	5357.872	7.505	0.000	2.95e+04	5.09e+04
alh	-9.962e+04	1.21e+04	-8.204	0.000	-1.24e+05	-7.54e+04
aps	-162.2569	74.321	-2.183	0.033	-310.730	-13.784
aid	3.035e+04	1.45e+04	2.099	0.040	1459.283	5.92e+04

arw	-1.256e+04	3689.304	-3.404	0.001	-1.99e+04	-5188.518
awt	-2640.6667	3518.056	-0.751	0.456	-9668.792	4387.459
alh:aps	815.0694	154.301	5.282	0.000	506.818	1123.321
alh:aid	-2.18e+04	1.85e+04	-1.177	0.243	-5.88e+04	1.52e+04
alh:arw	5550.0000	4629.021	1.199	0.235	-3697.533	1.48e+04
alh:awt	1404.1667	4629.021	0.303	0.763	-7843.367	1.07e+04
aps:aid	-313.6667	185.161	-1.694	0.095	-683.568	56.235
aps:arw	5.8750	46.290	0.127	0.899	-86.600	98.350
aps:awt	-76.7083	46.290	-1.657	0.102	-169.184	15.767
aid:arw	3282.5000	5554.826	0.591	0.557	-7814.540	1.44e+04
aid:awt	-2557.5000	5554.826	-0.460	0.647	-1.37e+04	8539.540
arw:awt	8909.3750	1388.706	6.416	0.000	6135.115	1.17e+04

Omnibus:	104.143	Durbin-Watson:	1.987
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	2030.811
Skew:	4.092	Prob(JB):	0.00
Kurtosis:	26.286	Cond. No.	3.75e+04

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 3.75e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



Time Reduced Model

```
time_included = backward_regression(X,y,.05)
time_included.pop(0)
print(time_included)
```

```
Drop aps:arw          with p-value 0.899404
Drop alh:awt          with p-value 0.760839
Drop aid:awt          with p-value 0.641928
Drop aid:arw          with p-value 0.54847
Drop awt              with p-value 0.362301
Drop alh:aid          with p-value 0.23091
Drop alh:arw          with p-value 0.223997
Drop aps:aid          with p-value 0.0884672
['alh', 'aps', 'aid', 'arw', 'alh:aps', 'aps:awt', 'arw:awt']
```

```
y = df_time['time']
```

```

X = X[time_included]

## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted Time')
plt.ylabel('Actual Time')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Time')
plt.show()

```

OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          time    R-squared:                0.975
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.973
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:          400.4
Date:                   Sat, 31 Jul 2021    Prob (F-statistic):    5.59e-55
Time:                   00:15:14    Log-Likelihood:        -605.49
No. Observations:       80    AIC:                  1227.
Df Residuals:           72    BIC:                  1246.
Df Model:                7
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	4.131e+04	2334.638	17.695	0.000	3.67e+04	4.6e+04
alh	-9.924e+04	1.02e+04	-9.762	0.000	-1.2e+05	-7.9e+04
aps	-181.6742	37.220	-4.881	0.000	-255.871	-107.478
aid	4263.5000	1104.486	3.860	0.000	2061.747	6465.253
arw	-9967.9370	1360.650	-7.326	0.000	-1.27e+04	-7255.531
alh:aps	815.0694	153.401	5.313	0.000	509.270	1120.868
aps:awt	-116.4994	12.715	-9.162	0.000	-141.846	-91.153
arw:awt	8583.8120	1332.338	6.443	0.000	5927.844	1.12e+04

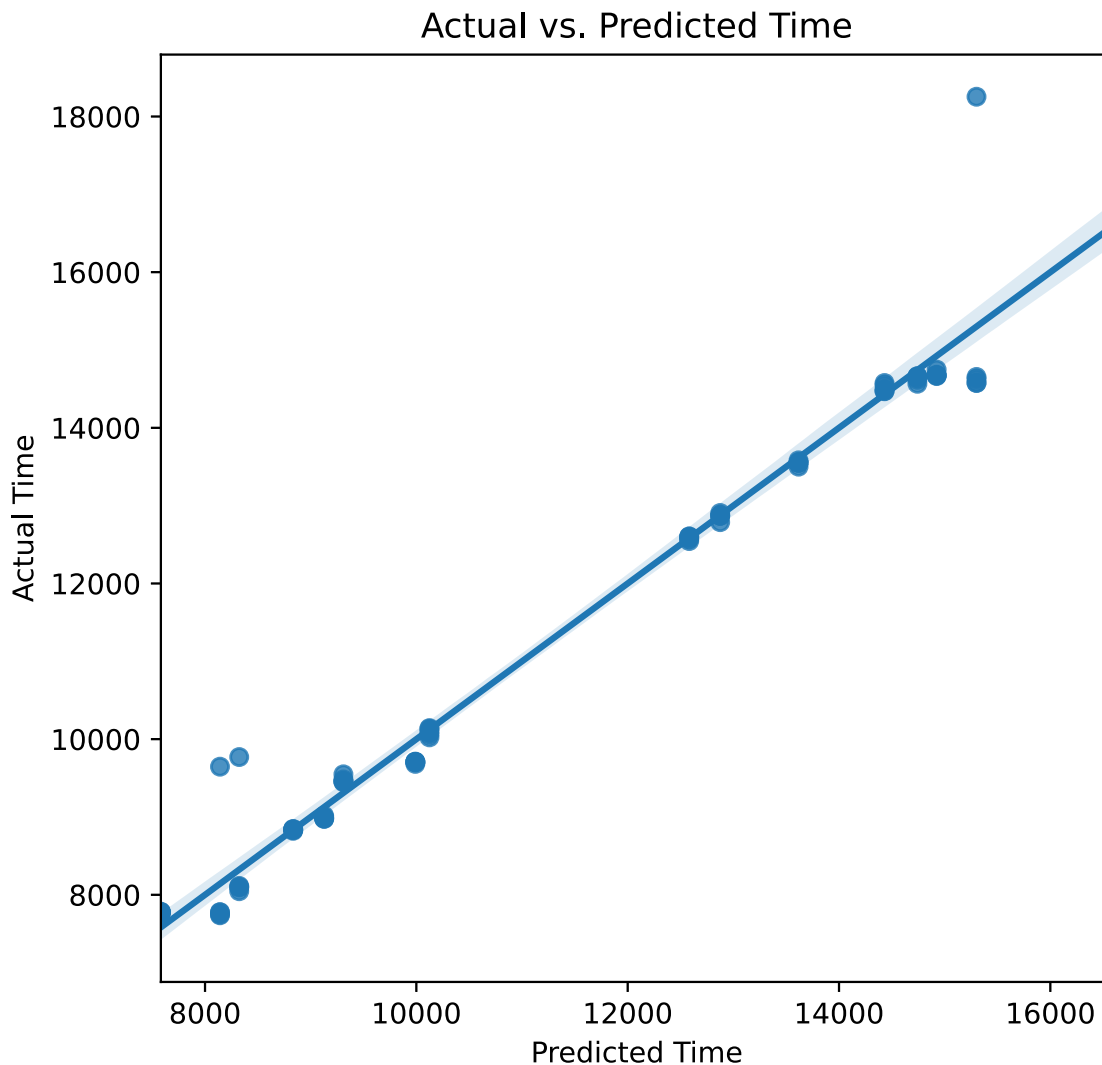
```

=====
Omnibus:                95.831    Durbin-Watson:           1.951
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):        1447.100
Skew:                    3.713    Prob(JB):                 0.00
Kurtosis:                22.467    Cond. No.                 1.80e+04
=====

```

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 1.8e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



```
time_eq = build_model(time_included,results.params,False)
print("Time = " + time_eq)
```

```
Time = 41311.841666666333 + -99242.9166666657 * model.X1 + -181.67424724344346 * model.X2 + 4263.500000000091 * model.X3 + -9967.93702290074 * model.X4 + 815.0694444444525 * model.X1*model.X2 + -116.4993638676806 * model.X2*model.X5 + 8583.812022900747 * model.X4*model.X5
```

Equations

```
display(Markdown("Cost = "))
print(cost_eq)

print("-----")

display(Markdown("Time = "))
```



```
print(time_eq)
```

Cost =

```
0.19000000000000014 + 0.249999999999999423 * model.X1 + 0.39999999999999986 * model.X3 +  
0.37499999999999967 * model.X4 + 0.3208333333333332 * model.X5 + -0.20833333333332477 *  
model.X1*model.X5 + -0.250000000000000133 * model.X3*model.X5 + -0.3124999999999999 *  
model.X4*model.X5  
-----
```

Time =

```
41311.841666666333 + -99242.91666666657 * model.X1 + -181.67424724344346 * model.X2 + 42  
63.50000000000091 * model.X3 + -9967.93702290074 * model.X4 + 815.06944444444525 * model.  
X1*model.X2 + -116.4993638676806 * model.X2*model.X5 + 8583.812022900747 * model.X4*mo  
del.X5
```

Optimization

```
model = ConcreteModel()
```

```
model.X1 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)  
model.X2 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)  
model.X3 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)  
model.X4 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)  
model.X5 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
```

```
model.C1 = Constraint(expr = model.X1 <= .28)  
model.C2 = Constraint(expr = model.X2 <= 72)  
model.C3 = Constraint(expr = model.X3 <= .25)  
model.C4 = Constraint(expr = model.X4 <= .8)  
model.C5 = Constraint(expr = model.X5 <= 1.2)
```

```
model.C6 = Constraint(expr = model.X1 >= .16)  
model.C7 = Constraint(expr = model.X2 >= 60)  
model.C8 = Constraint(expr = model.X3 >= .15)  
model.C9 = Constraint(expr = model.X4 >= .4)  
model.C10 = Constraint(expr = model.X5 >= .8)
```

```
model.f1 = Var()  
model.f2 = Var()
```

```
model.C_f1 = Constraint(expr = model.f1 == (0.19000000000000014 + 0.249999999999999423 *  
model.X1 + 0.39999999999999986 * model.X3 + 0.37499999999999967 * model.X4 + 0.3208333  
33333332 * model.X5 + -0.20833333333332477 * model.X1*model.X5 + -0.250000000000000133  
* model.X3*model.X5 + -0.3124999999999999 * model.X4*model.X5))  
model.C_f2 = Constraint(expr = model.f2 == (41311.841666666333 + -99242.91666666657 * mo
```

```

del.X1 + -181.67424724344346 * model.X2 + 4263.500000000091 * model.X3 + -9967.9370229
0074 * model.X4 + 815.06944444444525 * model.X1*model.X2 + -116.4993638676806 * model.X
2*model.X5 + 8583.812022900747 * model.X4*model.X5))
model.O_f1 = Objective(expr = model.f1, sense=minimize)
model.O_f2 = Objective(expr = model.f2, sense=minimize)

# max f1 separately
# install glpk solver:  sudo apt-get install glpk-utils
model.O_f2.deactivate()
solver = SolverFactory('ipopt')  #'cplex', 'ipopt'
solver.solve(model)

print('( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( ' + str(value(model.X1)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.
X2)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X3)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X4)) + ' , ' + str(value
(model.X5)) + ' )')
print('f1 = ' + str(value(model.f1)))
print('f2 = ' + str(value(model.f2)))
f2_min = value(model.f2)

# max f2 separately
model.O_f2.activate()
model.O_f1.deactivate()
solver = SolverFactory('ipopt')  #'cplex', 'ipopt'
solver.solve(model)

print('( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( ' + str(value(model.X1)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.
X2)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X3)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X4)) + ' , ' + str(value
(model.X5)) + ' )')
print('f1 = ' + str(value(model.f1)))
print('f2 = ' + str(value(model.f2)))
f2_max = value(model.f2)

# apply augmented $\epsilon$-Constraint
# max          f1 + delta*s
# constraint    f2 - s = e
model.O_f1.activate()
model.O_f2.deactivate()

model.del_component(model.O_f1)
model.del_component(model.O_f2)

model.e = Param(initialize=0, mutable=True)
model.delta = Param(initialize=0.00001)
model.slack = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
model.O_f1 = Objective(expr = model.f1 + model.delta * model.slack, sense=minimize)
model.C_e = Constraint(expr = model.f2 - model.slack == model.e)

n = 100
step = int((f2_max - f2_min) / n)
steps = list(range(int(f2_min),int(f2_max),step)) + [f2_max]

```

```

x1_l, x2_l, x3_l, x4_l, x5_l = [], [], [], [], []
f1_l, f2_l = [], []
for i in steps:
    model.e = i
    solver.solve(model)
    x1_l.append(value(model.X1))
    x2_l.append(value(model.X2))
    x3_l.append(value(model.X3))
    x4_l.append(value(model.X4))
    x5_l.append(value(model.X5))
    f1_l.append(value(model.f1))
    f2_l.append(value(model.f2))
    # print(i, value(model.X1), value(model.X2), value(model.f1), value(model.slack),
    value(model.f2))

```

```

( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( 0.16000001416311918 , 66.27123298035423 , 0.15000000195904
373 , 0.40000000961690135 , 0.8000000093914478 )
f1 = 0.5400000040372802
f2 = 15258.427909188156
( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( 0.28000000999993796 , 72.00000071997286 , 0.14999999000058
92 , 0.39999999000704073 , 1.2000000119995038 )
f1 = 0.5900000002000078
f2 = 7582.113544009459

```

```

python

```

```


```