

CR6 Results Analysis B

Python Imports

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from prettypandas import PrettyPandas
import patsy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import statsmodels.api as sm
import statsmodels.formula.api
from pyomo.environ import *

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures

from IPython.display import display, Markdown, HTML

%matplotlib inline
PlotWidth = 6

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
# helper functions for this notebook

# use SVG for matplotlib-based figures
%matplotlib inline
%config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'svg'

def coded_to_actual(coded_data, actual_low, actual_high):
    """Converts a pandas DataFrame from coded units to actuals."""
    actual_data = coded_data.copy()
    for col in actual_data.columns:
        if not (col in actual_high and col in actual_low):
            continue
        try:
            # convert continuous variables to their actual value
            actual_data[col] *= 0.5 * (float(actual_high[col]) - float(actual_low[col]))

            # don't need to cast to float here, if either are not a float exception will have been thrown
            actual_data[col] += 0.5 * (actual_high[col] + actual_low[col])
        except ValueError:
            # assume 2 level categorical
```

```

        actual_data[col] = actual_data[col].map({-1: actual_lows[col], 1: actual_highs[col]})
    return actual_data

def get_tick_labels(key, lows, highs, units):
    """Returns a list of low/high labels with units (e.g. [8mm, 10mm])"""
    return [str(lows[key]) + units[key], str(highs[key]) + units[key]]

def backward_regression(X, y,
                       threshold_out,
                       verbose=True):
    included=list(X.columns)
    while True:
        changed=False
        model = sm.OLS(y, sm.add_constant(pd.DataFrame(X[included]))).fit()
        # use all coefs except intercept
        pvalues = model.pvalues.iloc[1:]
        worst_pval = pvalues.max() # null if pvalues is empty
        if worst_pval > threshold_out:
            changed=True
            worst_feature = pvalues.idxmax()
            included.remove(worst_feature)
            if verbose:
                print('Drop {:30} with p-value {:.6}'.format(worst_feature, worst_pval))
        if not changed:
            break

    return included

def build_model(X, values, verbose=True):
    X = [sub.replace('alh', 'model.X1') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('aps', 'model.X2') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('aid', 'model.X3') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('arw', 'model.X4') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace('awt', 'model.X5') for sub in X]
    X = [sub.replace(':', '*') for sub in X]
    model = str(values[0])
    i=1
    for v in X:
        model += " + " + str(values[i]) + " * " + v
        i += 1
    if verbose:
        print(model)
    return model

```

Process CSV Files

```

# importing the pandas library
import pandas as pd

# reading the csv file using read_csv
# storing the data frame in variable called df
df_cost = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wilsongis/3DP_Experiments/main/Data/cr6_cost_power.txt', sep='\t')
df_time = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wilsongis/3DP_Experiments/main/Data/cr6_time_raw.txt', sep='\t')

# creating a list of column names by
# calling the .columns
list_of_columns_cost = list(df_cost.columns)
list_of_columns_time = list(df_time.columns)

# displaying the list of column names
print('List of Cost column names : ',
      list_of_columns_cost)
print('List of Time column names : ',
      list_of_columns_time)

```

```

List of Cost column names : ['trial', 'lh', 'ps', 'id', 'rw', 'wt', 'alh', 'aps',
                             'aid', 'arw', 'awt', 'rep', 'cost']
List of Time column names : ['trial', 'lh', 'ps', 'id', 'rw', 'wt', 'alh', 'aps',
                              'aid', 'arw', 'awt', 'rep', 'time']

```

```

display((Markdown("### Statistics for Cost")))
df_cost.cost.describe()

```

Statistics for Cost

```

count      80.000000
mean        0.568588
std         0.021820
min         0.530000
25%         0.549750
50%         0.568000
75%         0.585000
max         0.610000
Name: cost, dtype: float64

```

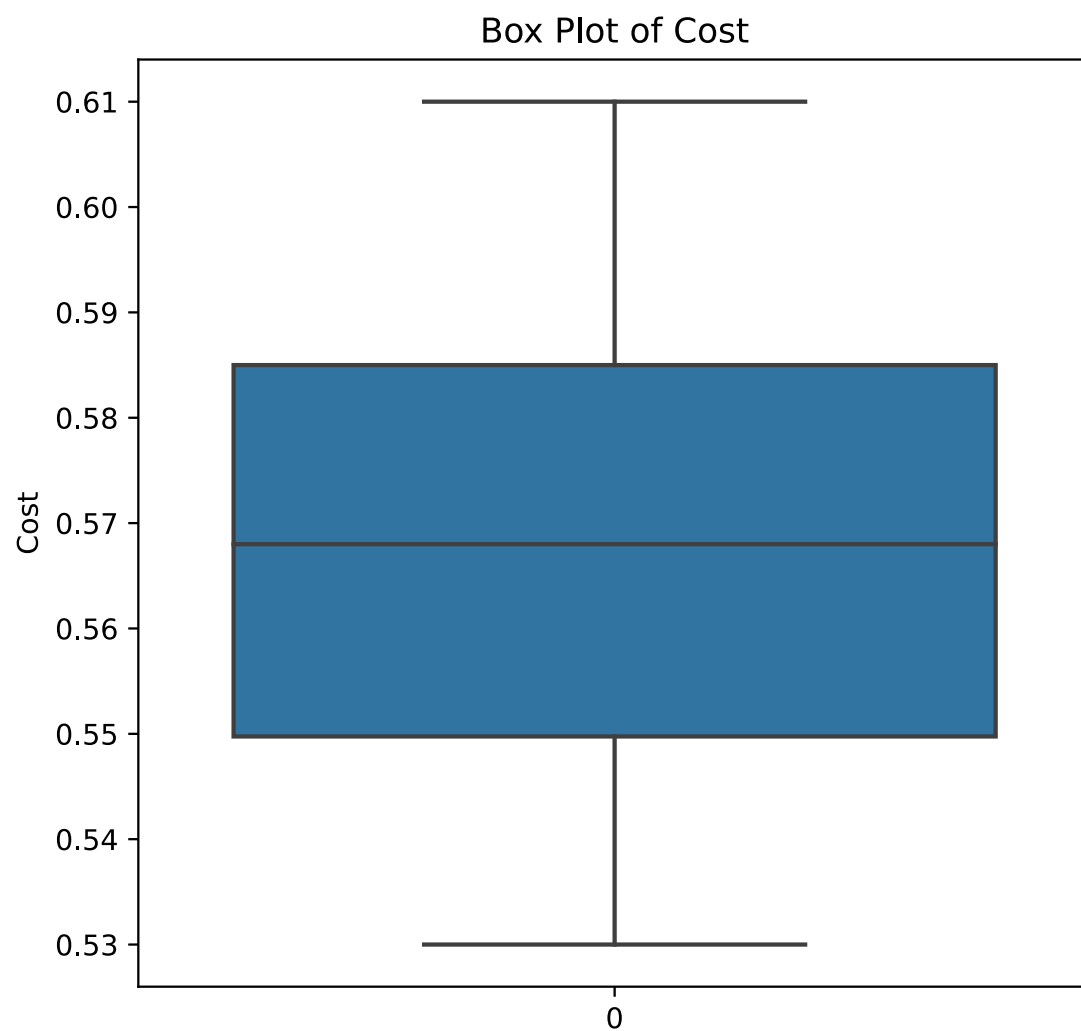
```

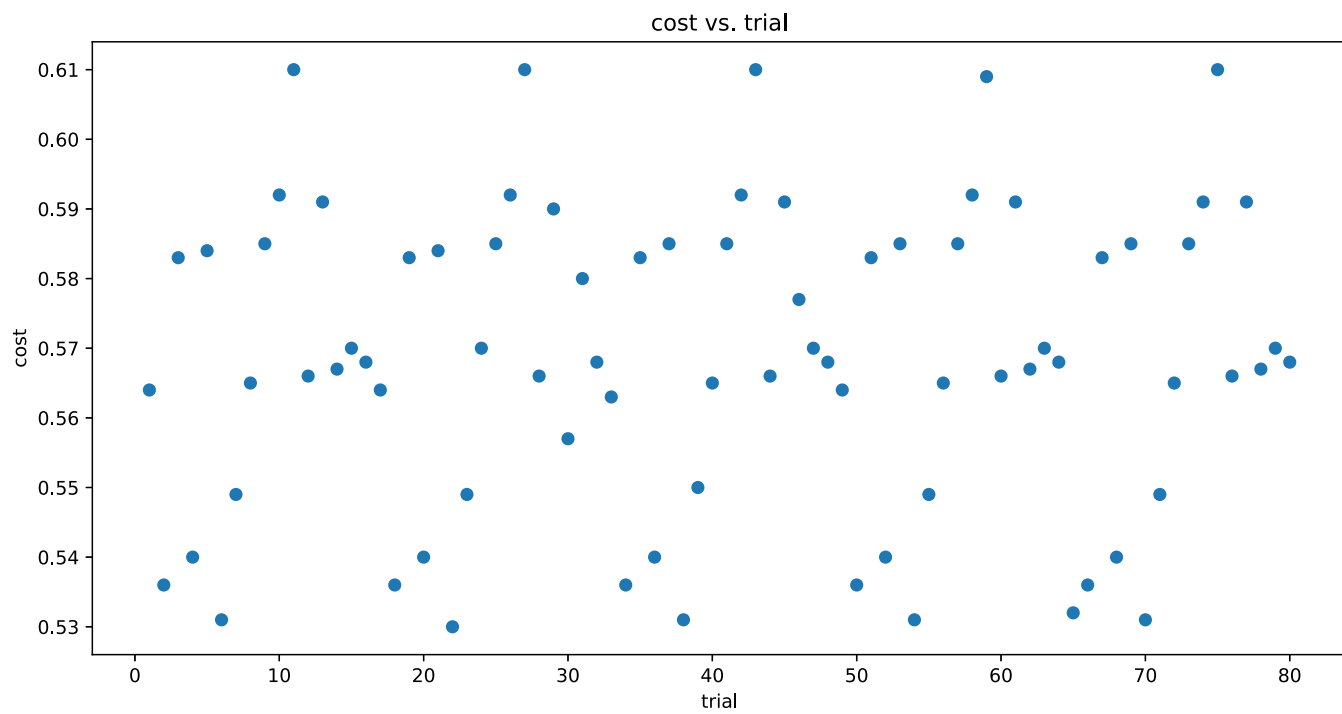
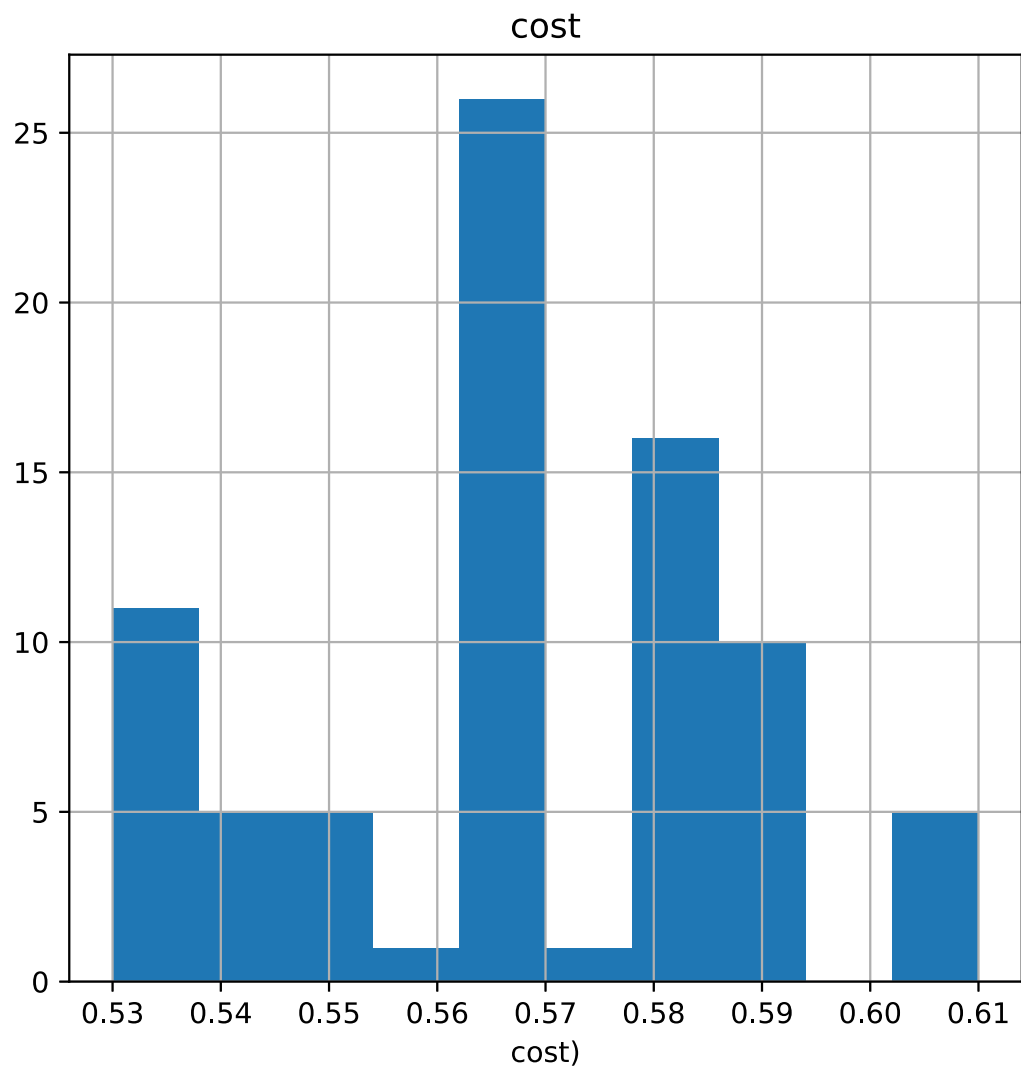
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.boxplot(data=df_cost['cost'])
plt.title('Box Plot of Cost')
plt.ylabel('Cost')
plt.show()

```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
df_cost['cost'].hist()
plt.title('cost')
plt.xlabel('cost')
plt.show()

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth*2, PlotWidth))
plt.scatter(df_cost['trial'], df_cost['cost'])
plt.title('cost vs. trial')
plt.xlabel('trial')
plt.ylabel('cost')
plt.show()
```





```
display((Markdown("### Statistics for Time")))  
df_time.time.describe()
```

Statistics for Time

```
count      80.00000  
mean      12681.40000  
std       3360.13591  
min       8480.00000  
25%      9464.25000  
50%     12989.00000  
75%     15460.75000  
max      18098.00000  
Name: time, dtype: float64
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))  
sns.boxplot(data=df_time['time'])  
plt.title('Box Plot of Time')  
plt.ylabel('Time')  
plt.show()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))  
df_time['time'].hist()  
plt.title('time')  
plt.xlabel('time')  
plt.show()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth*2, PlotWidth))  
plt.scatter(df_time['trial'], df_time['time'])  
plt.title('time vs. trial')  
plt.xlabel('trial')  
plt.ylabel('time')  
plt.show()
```

Cost Analysis

```
f = 'cost ~ (alh+aps+aid+arw+awt)**2'  
y, X = patsy.dmatrices(f, df_cost, return_type='dataframe')  
print(y[:5])  
print(X[:5])
```

```
cost  
0  0.564
```

```

1  0.536
2  0.583
3  0.540
4  0.584

```

	Intercept	alh	aps	aid	arw	awt	alh:aps	alh:aid	alh:arw	alh:awt	\
0	1.0	0.16	50.0	0.25	0.4	0.8	8.0	0.040	0.064	0.128	
1	1.0	0.28	50.0	0.25	0.4	1.2	14.0	0.070	0.112	0.336	
2	1.0	0.16	60.0	0.25	0.4	1.2	9.6	0.040	0.064	0.192	
3	1.0	0.28	60.0	0.25	0.4	0.8	16.8	0.070	0.112	0.224	
4	1.0	0.16	50.0	0.15	0.4	1.2	8.0	0.024	0.064	0.192	

	aps:aid	aps:arw	aps:awt	aid:arw	aid:awt	arw:awt
0	12.5	20.0	40.0	0.10	0.20	0.32
1	12.5	20.0	60.0	0.10	0.30	0.48
2	15.0	24.0	72.0	0.10	0.30	0.48
3	15.0	24.0	48.0	0.10	0.20	0.32
4	7.5	20.0	60.0	0.06	0.18	0.48

```

## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted cost')
plt.ylabel('Actual cost')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted cost')
plt.show()

```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  cost      R-squared:                0.970
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:            0.963
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                140.0
Date:                  Sat, 31 Jul 2021      Prob (F-statistic):          6.42e-43
Time:                  20:28:12      Log-Likelihood:             333.82
No. Observations:                  80      AIC:                      -635.6
Df Residuals:                      64      BIC:                      -597.5
Df Model:                          15
Covariance Type:                  nonrobust
=====

```

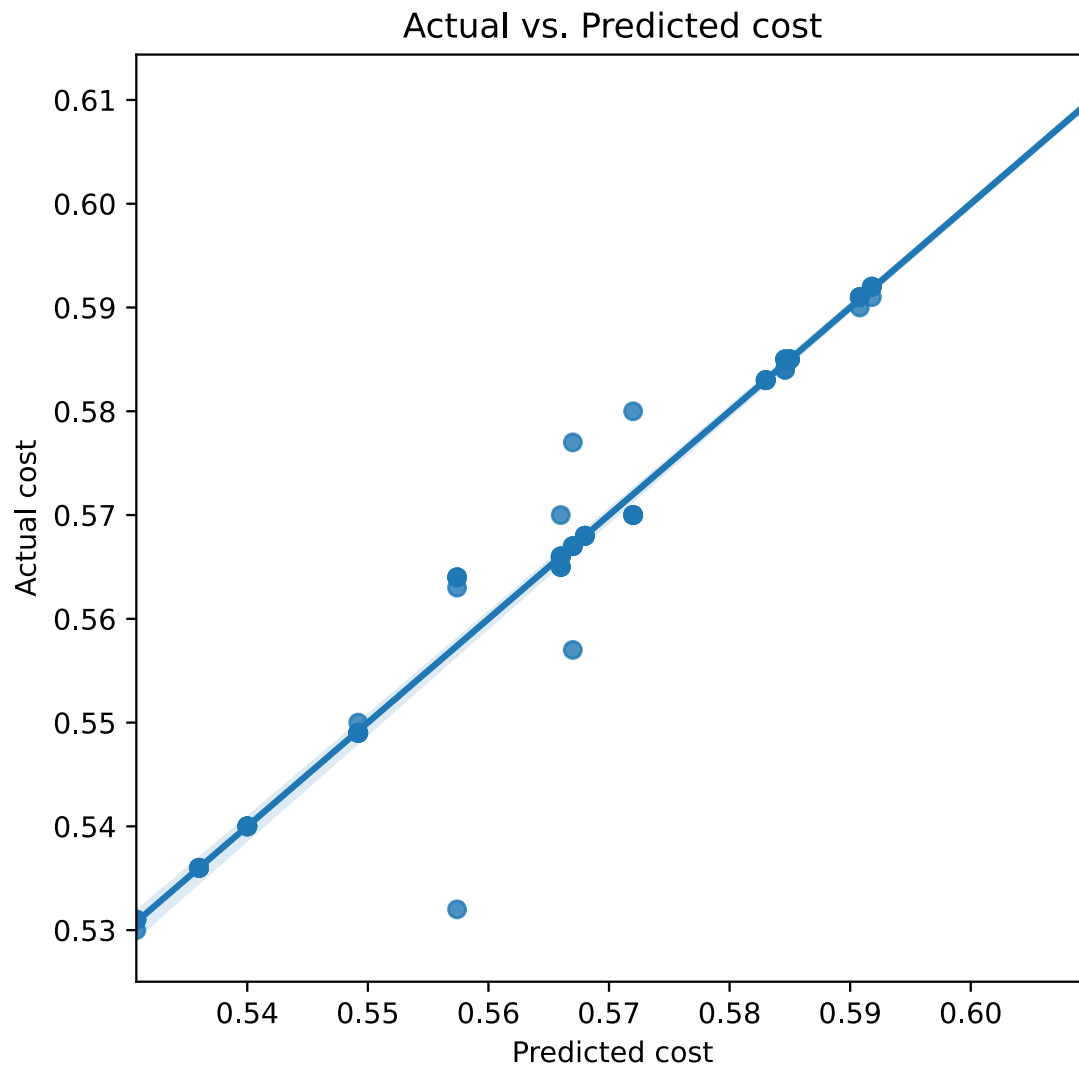
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	0.4577	0.045	10.181	0.000	0.368	0.548

alh	-0.2758	0.102	-2.707	0.009	-0.479	-0.072
aps	-0.0024	0.001	-3.156	0.002	-0.004	-0.001
aid	-0.1823	0.121	-1.502	0.138	-0.425	0.060
arw	0.3551	0.031	11.471	0.000	0.293	0.417
awt	0.2113	0.030	7.159	0.000	0.152	0.270
alh:aps	0.0038	0.002	2.440	0.017	0.001	0.007
alh:aid	-0.7625	0.155	-4.908	0.000	-1.073	-0.452
alh:arw	0.1906	0.039	4.908	0.000	0.113	0.268
alh:awt	-0.0677	0.039	-1.743	0.086	-0.145	0.010
aps:aid	0.0117	0.002	6.248	0.000	0.008	0.015
aps:arw	-0.0030	0.000	-6.463	0.000	-0.004	-0.002
aps:awt	0.0011	0.000	2.440	0.017	0.000	0.002
aid:arw	0.4313	0.047	9.252	0.000	0.338	0.524
aid:awt	-0.4987	0.047	-10.700	0.000	-0.592	-0.406
arw:awt	-0.2541	0.012	-21.802	0.000	-0.277	-0.231

```
=====
Omnibus:                98.343    Durbin-Watson:                2.123
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          2409.437
Skew:                    -3.570    Prob(JB):                  0.00
Kurtosis:                28.920    Cond. No.                  3.13e+04
=====
```

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 3.13e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



Reduced Cost Model

```
cost_included = backward_regression(X,y,.05)
cost_included.pop(0)
print(cost_included)
```

```
Drop aid                                with p-value 0.138052
Drop alh:awt                            with p-value 0.089003
['alh', 'aps', 'arw', 'awt', 'alh:aps', 'alh:aid', 'alh:arw', 'aps:aid', 'aps:arw', 'aps:awt', 'aid:arw', 'aid:awt', 'arw:awt']
```

```
y = df_cost['cost']
#y = df_cost['time']
X = X[cost_included]

## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
```

```

results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted cost')
plt.ylabel('Actual cost')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted cost')
plt.show()

```

```

=====
                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          cost      R-squared:          0.968
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:      0.962
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:      153.5
Date:                  Sat, 31 Jul 2021      Prob (F-statistic):  5.23e-44
Time:                  20:28:14      Log-Likelihood:      330.64
No. Observations:      80      AIC:              -633.3
Df Residuals:          66      BIC:              -599.9
Df Model:              13
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.4362	0.038	11.546	0.000	0.361	0.512
alh	-0.3304	0.096	-3.438	0.001	-0.522	-0.139
aps	-0.0019	0.001	-2.715	0.008	-0.003	-0.000
arw	0.3584	0.032	11.324	0.000	0.295	0.422
awt	0.2018	0.029	7.027	0.000	0.144	0.259
alh:aps	0.0038	0.002	2.382	0.020	0.001	0.007
alh:aid	-0.8282	0.153	-5.422	0.000	-1.133	-0.523
alh:arw	0.1906	0.040	4.789	0.000	0.111	0.270
aps:aid	0.0093	0.001	9.088	0.000	0.007	0.011
aps:arw	-0.0030	0.000	-6.307	0.000	-0.004	-0.002
aps:awt	0.0011	0.000	2.382	0.020	0.000	0.002
aid:arw	0.4151	0.046	8.932	0.000	0.322	0.508
aid:awt	-0.5256	0.044	-11.920	0.000	-0.614	-0.438
arw:awt	-0.2541	0.012	-21.278	0.000	-0.278	-0.230

```

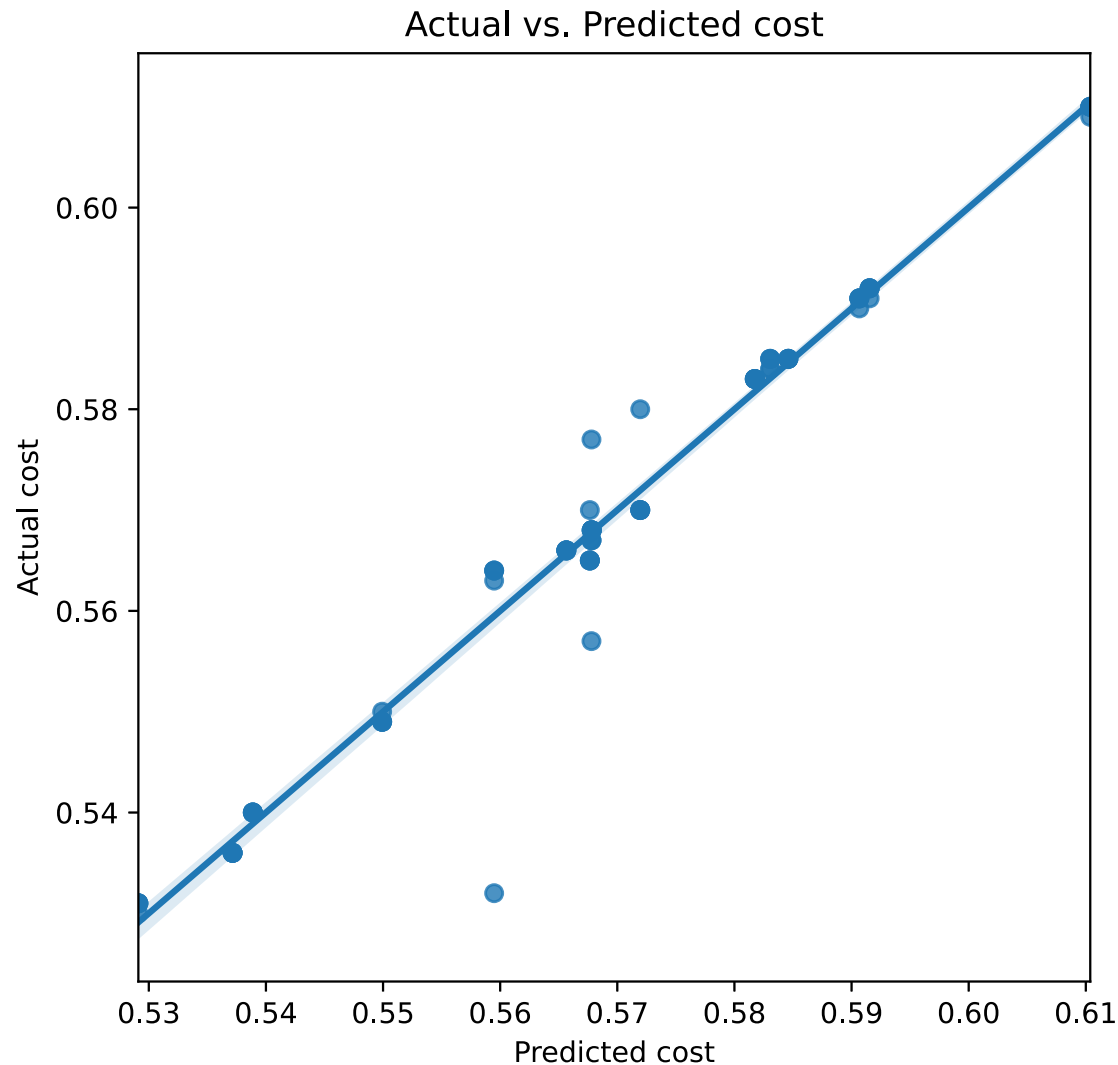
=====
Omnibus:              112.032      Durbin-Watson:          2.091
Prob(Omnibus):        0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):      3244.806
Skew:                 -4.374      Prob(JB):              0.00
Kurtosis:             32.949      Cond. No.              2.86e+04
=====

```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The condition number is large, $2.86e+04$. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



```
cost_eq = build_model(cost_included, results.params, False)
print("Cost = " + cost_eq)
```

```
Cost = 0.43619166666666676 + -0.3303957650272835 * model.X1 + -0.001888414207650
4296 * model.X2 + 0.3583517213114778 * model.X4 + 0.2018153688524602 * model.X5
+ 0.0037916666666666636 * model.X1*model.X2 + -0.8282295081967748 * model.X1*model
.X3 + 0.190625000000000449 * model.X1*model.X4 + 0.009283737704918856 * model.X2*
model.X3 + -0.00301250000000000516 * model.X2*model.X4 + 0.001137500000000004 * mo
del.X2*model.X5 + 0.4151163934426205 * model.X3*model.X4 + -0.5256393442622931 *
model.X3*model.X5 + -0.254062500000000025 * model.X4*model.X5
```

Time Analysis

```
f = 'time ~ (alh+aps+aid+arw+awt)**2'
y, X = patsy.dmatrices(f, df_time, return_type='dataframe')
print(y[:5])
print(X[:5])
```

```

      time
0  18098.0
1   8741.0
2  14493.0
3  10191.0
4  14914.0

      Intercept      alh      aps      aid      arw      awt      alh:aps      alh:aid      alh:arw      alh:awt  \
0           1.0    0.16   50.0    0.25    0.4    0.8           8.0       0.040       0.064       0.128
1           1.0    0.28   50.0    0.25    0.4    1.2          14.0       0.070       0.112       0.336
2           1.0    0.16   60.0    0.25    0.4    1.2           9.6       0.040       0.064       0.192
3           1.0    0.28   60.0    0.25    0.4    0.8          16.8       0.070       0.112       0.224
4           1.0    0.16   50.0    0.15    0.4    1.2           8.0       0.024       0.064       0.192

      aps:aid      aps:arw      aps:awt      aid:arw      aid:awt      arw:awt
0         12.5         20.0         40.0         0.10         0.20         0.32
1         12.5         20.0         60.0         0.10         0.30         0.48
2         15.0         24.0         72.0         0.10         0.30         0.48
3         15.0         24.0         48.0         0.10         0.20         0.32
4          7.5         20.0         60.0         0.06         0.18         0.48
```

```
## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted Time')
plt.ylabel('Actual Time')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Time')
plt.show()
```

OLS Regression Results

```

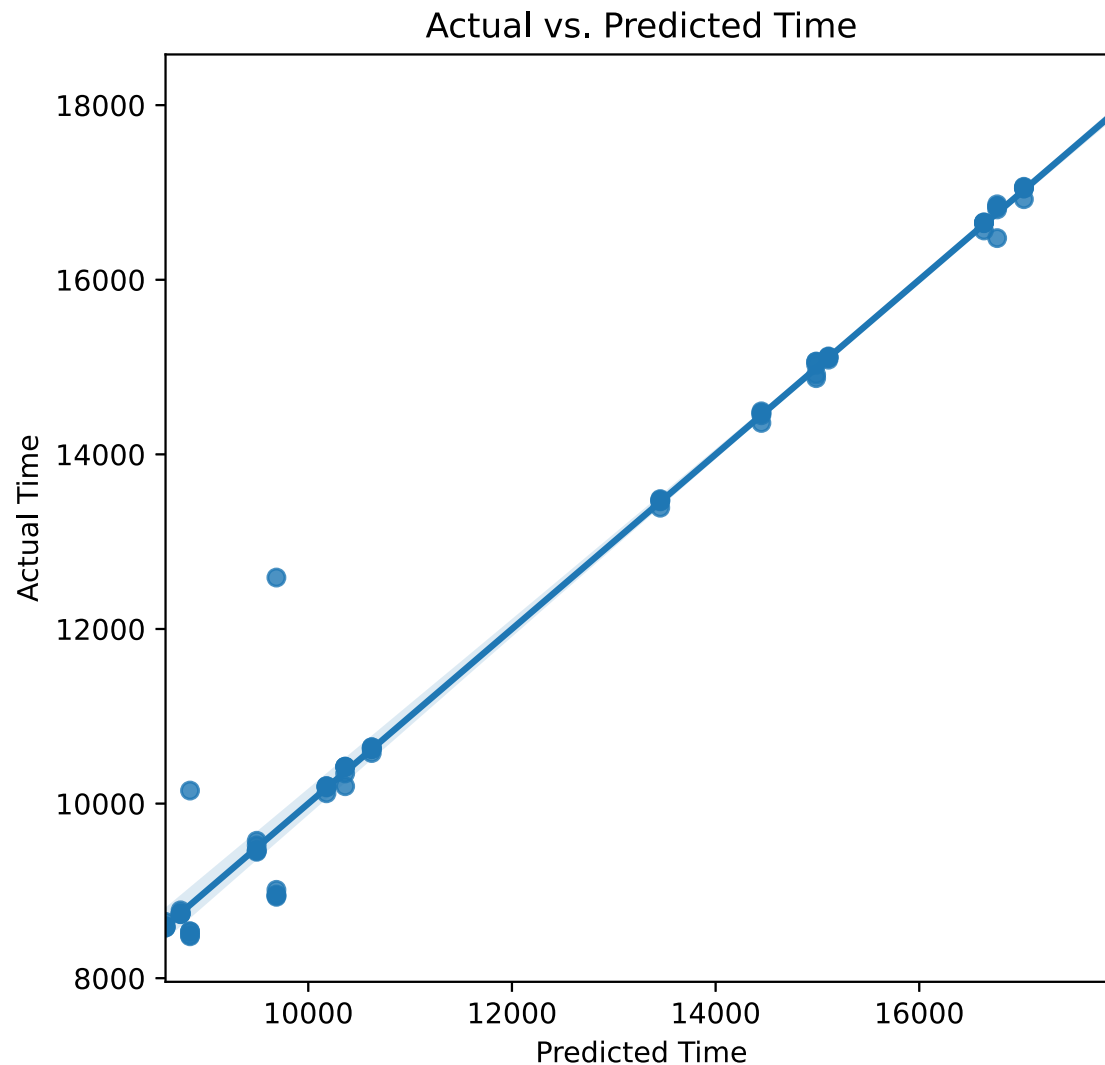
=====
Dep. Variable:          time      R-squared:                0.985
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.982
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:         287.3
Date:                   Sat, 31 Jul 2021    Prob (F-statistic):    1.17e-52
Time:                   20:28:16      Log-Likelihood:       -593.61
No. Observations:      80           AIC:                  1219.
Df Residuals:          64           BIC:                  1257.
```

Df Model: 15
Covariance Type: nonrobust

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	3.886e+04	4869.801	7.980	0.000	2.91e+04	4.86e+04
alh	-9.373e+04	1.1e+04	-8.494	0.000	-1.16e+05	-7.17e+04
aps	-101.9583	81.061	-1.258	0.213	-263.896	59.980
aid	6178.6667	1.31e+04	0.470	0.640	-2.01e+04	3.24e+04
arw	2096.5000	3353.230	0.625	0.534	-4602.347	8795.347
awt	-8507.9167	3197.582	-2.661	0.010	-1.49e+04	-2120.012
alh:aps	302.8333	168.294	1.799	0.077	-33.372	639.039
alh:aid	-4.994e+04	1.68e+04	-2.968	0.004	-8.36e+04	-1.63e+04
alh:arw	1.009e+04	4207.345	2.399	0.019	1688.613	1.85e+04
alh:awt	2.909e+04	4207.345	6.913	0.000	2.07e+04	3.75e+04
aps:aid	301.9000	201.953	1.495	0.140	-101.547	705.347
aps:arw	-137.1250	50.488	-2.716	0.008	-237.987	-36.263
aps:awt	-18.6750	50.488	-0.370	0.713	-119.537	82.187
aid:arw	5830.0000	5048.814	1.155	0.252	-4256.165	1.59e+04
aid:awt	-1.288e+04	5048.814	-2.552	0.013	-2.3e+04	-2798.835
arw:awt	1626.2500	1262.203	1.288	0.202	-895.291	4147.791
Omnibus:	117.964	Durbin-Watson:	1.973			
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	3766.256			
Skew:	4.734	Prob(JB):	0.00			
Kurtosis:	35.252	Cond. No.	3.13e+04			

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 3.13e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



Time Reduced Model

```
time_included = backward_regression(X,y,.05)
time_included.pop(0)
print(time_included)
```

```
Drop aps:awt          with p-value 0.712687
Drop aid              with p-value 0.63764
Drop arw              with p-value 0.549529
Drop aid:arw          with p-value 0.12172
Drop alh:aps          with p-value 0.0744513
Drop arw:awt          with p-value 0.0725949
['alh', 'aps', 'awt', 'alh:aid', 'alh:arw', 'alh:awt', 'aps:aid', 'aps:arw', 'ai
d:awt']
```

```
y = df_time['time']
X = X[time_included]
```

```

## An intercept is not added by default, so we need to add that here
X = sm.add_constant(X)
results = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
results.summary()

print(results.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(PlotWidth, PlotWidth))
sns.regplot(x=results.predict(X), y=y)
plt.xlabel('Predicted Time')
plt.ylabel('Actual Time')
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Time')
plt.show()

```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  time    R-squared:                  0.983
Model:                            OLS    Adj. R-squared:             0.981
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:                 453.8
Date:                  Sat, 31 Jul 2021    Prob (F-statistic):          2.19e-58
Time:                  20:28:18    Log-Likelihood:              -599.26
No. Observations:                  80    AIC:                         1219.
Df Residuals:                      70    BIC:                         1242.
Df Model:                          9
Covariance Type:                  nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	3.942e+04	1154.479	34.142	0.000	3.71e+04	4.17e+04
alh	-7.914e+04	6029.887	-13.124	0.000	-9.12e+04	-6.71e+04
aps	-128.1914	25.154	-5.096	0.000	-178.360	-78.023
awt	-8860.8498	1369.537	-6.470	0.000	-1.16e+04	-6129.395
alh:aid	-4.626e+04	1.65e+04	-2.798	0.007	-7.92e+04	-1.33e+04
alh:arw	1.23e+04	4097.512	3.002	0.004	4127.272	2.05e+04
alh:awt	2.909e+04	4317.386	6.737	0.000	2.05e+04	3.77e+04
aps:aid	434.5856	102.753	4.229	0.000	229.652	639.519
aps:arw	-57.7179	16.919	-3.411	0.001	-91.462	-23.974
aid:awt	-1.138e+04	4760.148	-2.390	0.020	-2.09e+04	-1883.394

```

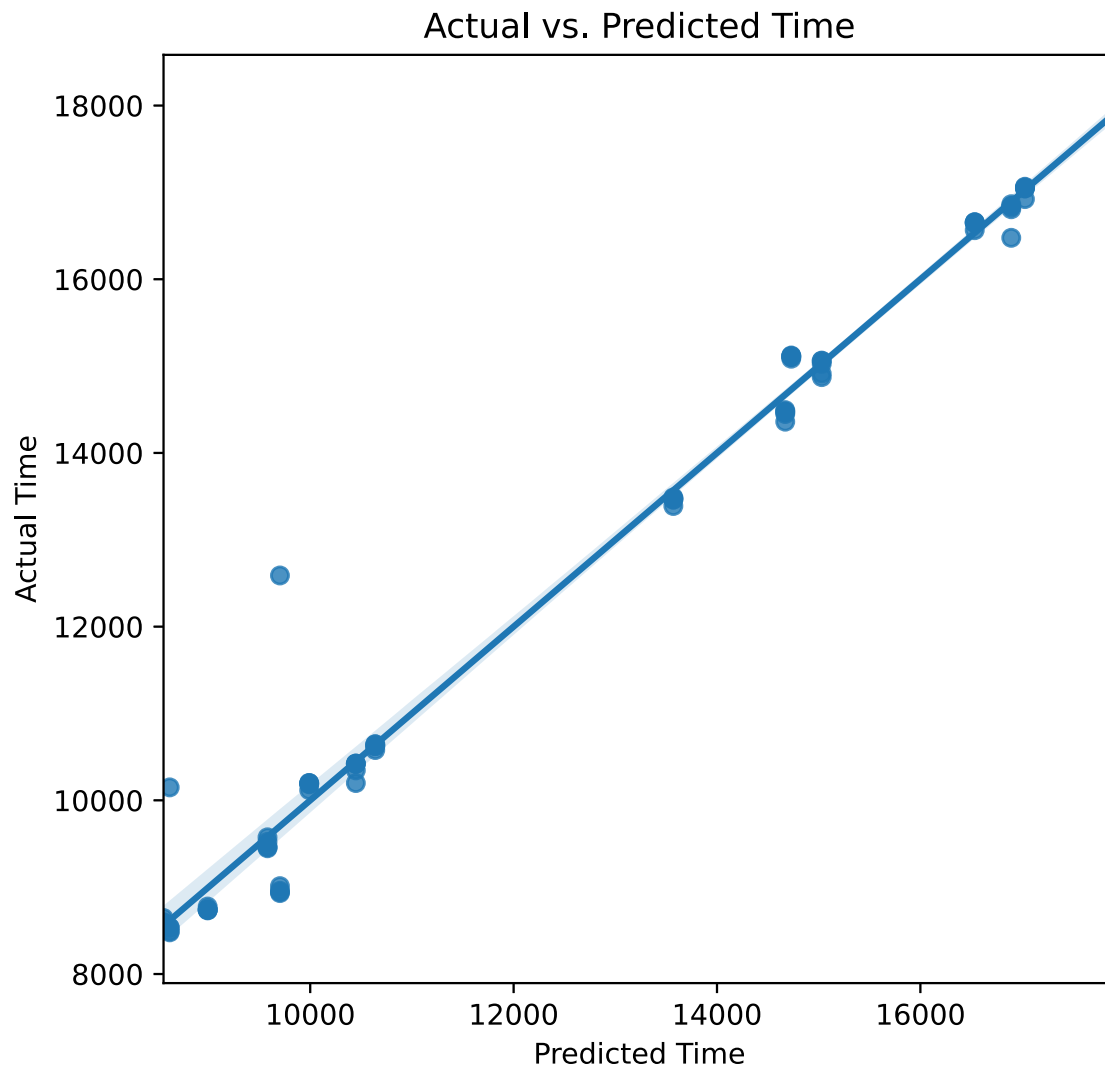
=====
Omnibus:                  103.336    Durbin-Watson:              1.908
Prob(Omnibus):              0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):           2137.913
Skew:                      3.999    Prob(JB):                    0.00
Kurtosis:                  27.030    Cond. No.:                   2.14e+04
=====

```

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 2.14e+04. This might indicate that there are

strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.



```
time_eq = build_model(time_included, results.params, False)
print("Time = " + time_eq)
```

```
Time = 39415.87499999855 + -79138.51046393832 * model.X1 + -128.19137670175314 *
      model.X2 + -8860.849838411767 * model.X5 + -46255.95567867106 * model.X1*model.
X3 + 12299.502666120085 * model.X1*model.X4 + 29085.416666666522 * model.X1*mode
l.X5 + 434.58559556786804 * model.X2*model.X3 + -57.717904019688284 * model.X2*m
odel.X4 + -11377.20914127423 * model.X3*model.X5
```

Equations

```
display(Markdown("Cost = "))
print(cost_eq)
```



```
print("-----")

display(Markdown("Time = "))
print(time_eq)
```

Cost =

```
0.43619166666666676 + -0.3303957650272835 * model.X1 + -0.0018884142076504296 *
model.X2 + 0.3583517213114778 * model.X4 + 0.2018153688524602 * model.X5 + 0.003
791666666666636 * model.X1*model.X2 + -0.8282295081967748 * model.X1*model.X3 + 0
.19062500000000449 * model.X1*model.X4 + 0.009283737704918856 * model.X2*model.X
3 + -0.0030125000000000516 * model.X2*model.X4 + 0.00113750000000004 * model.X2*
model.X5 + 0.4151163934426205 * model.X3*model.X4 + -0.5256393442622931 * model.
X3*model.X5 + -0.25406250000000025 * model.X4*model.X5
-----
```

Time =

```
39415.87499999855 + -79138.51046393832 * model.X1 + -128.19137670175314 * model.
X2 + -8860.849838411767 * model.X5 + -46255.95567867106 * model.X1*model.X3 + 12
299.502666120085 * model.X1*model.X4 + 29085.416666666522 * model.X1*model.X5 +
434.58559556786804 * model.X2*model.X3 + -57.717904019688284 * model.X2*model.X4
+ -11377.20914127423 * model.X3*model.X5
```

Optimization

```
model = ConcreteModel()

model.X1 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
model.X2 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
model.X3 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
model.X4 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
model.X5 = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)

model.C1 = Constraint(expr = model.X1 <= .28)
model.C2 = Constraint(expr = model.X2 <= 60)
model.C3 = Constraint(expr = model.X3 <= .25)
model.C4 = Constraint(expr = model.X4 <= .8)
model.C5 = Constraint(expr = model.X5 <= 1.2)

model.C6 = Constraint(expr = model.X1 >= .16)
model.C7 = Constraint(expr = model.X2 >= 50)
model.C8 = Constraint(expr = model.X3 >= .15)
model.C9 = Constraint(expr = model.X4 >= .4)
model.C10 = Constraint(expr = model.X5 >= .8)
```

```

model.f1 = Var()
model.f2 = Var()
model.C_f1 = Constraint(expr = model.f1 == (0.43619166666666676 + -0.33039576502
72835 * model.X1 + -0.0018884142076504296 * model.X2 + 0.3583517213114778 * mode
l.X4 + 0.2018153688524602 * model.X5 + 0.00379166666666636 * model.X1*model.X2 +
-0.8282295081967748 * model.X1*model.X3 + 0.19062500000000449 * model.X1*model.
X4 + 0.009283737704918856 * model.X2*model.X3 + -0.0030125000000000516 * model.X
2*model.X4 + 0.001137500000000004 * model.X2*model.X5 + 0.4151163934426205 * mode
l.X3*model.X4 + -0.5256393442622931 * model.X3*model.X5 + -0.254062500000000025 *
model.X4*model.X5))
model.C_f2 = Constraint(expr = model.f2 == (39415.87499999855 + -79138.510463938
32 * model.X1 + -128.19137670175314 * model.X2 + -8860.849838411767 * model.X5 +
-46255.95567867106 * model.X1*model.X3 + 12299.502666120085 * model.X1*model.X4
+ 29085.416666666522 * model.X1*model.X5 + 434.58559556786804 * model.X2*model.
X3 + -57.717904019688284 * model.X2*model.X4 + -11377.20914127423 * model.X3*mod
el.X5))
model.O_f1 = Objective(expr = model.f1, sense=minimize)
model.O_f2 = Objective(expr = model.f2, sense=minimize)

# max f1 separately
# install glpk solver: sudo apt-get install glpk-utils
model.O_f2.deactivate()
solver = SolverFactory('ipopt') #'cplex', 'ipopt'
solver.solve(model)

print('( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( ' + str(value(model.X1)) + ' , ' + str(value(
model.X2)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X3)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X4)) + ' , '
+ str(value(model.X5)) + ' )')
print('f1 = ' + str(value(model.f1)))
print('f2 = ' + str(value(model.f2)))
f2_min = value(model.f2)

# max f2 separately
model.O_f2.activate()
model.O_f1.deactivate()
solver = SolverFactory('ipopt') #'cplex', 'ipopt'
solver.solve(model)

print('( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( ' + str(value(model.X1)) + ' , ' + str(value(
model.X2)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X3)) + ' , ' + str(value(model.X4)) + ' , '
+ str(value(model.X5)) + ' )')
print('f1 = ' + str(value(model.f1)))
print('f2 = ' + str(value(model.f2)))
f2_max = value(model.f2)

# apply augmented $\epsilon$-Constraint
# max          f1 + delta*s
# constraint   f2 - s = e
model.O_f1.activate()

```

```

model.O_f2.deactivate()

model.del_component(model.O_f1)
model.del_component(model.O_f2)

model.e = Param(initialize=0, mutable=True)
model.delta = Param(initialize=0.00001)
model.slack = Var(within=NonNegativeReals)
model.O_f1 = Objective(expr = model.f1 + model.delta * model.slack, sense=minimize)
model.C_e = Constraint(expr = model.f2 - model.slack == model.e)

n = 100
step = int((f2_max - f2_min) / n)
steps = list(range(int(f2_min),int(f2_max),step)) + [f2_max]

x1_l, x2_l, x3_l, x4_l, x5_l = [], [], [], [], []
f1_l, f2_l = [], []
for i in steps:
    model.e = i
    solver.solve(model)
    x1_l.append(value(model.X1))
    x2_l.append(value(model.X2))
    x3_l.append(value(model.X3))
    x4_l.append(value(model.X4))
    x5_l.append(value(model.X5))
    f1_l.append(value(model.f1))
    f2_l.append(value(model.f2))
    # print(i, value(model.X1), value(model.X2), value(model.f1), value(model.slack), value(model.f2))

```

```

( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( 0.2800000007742209 , 50.000001589671186 , 0.2499998970310959 , 0.400000005503882 , 0.8000000876753305 )
f1 = 0.5268908923649562
f2 = 10416.123742705258
( X1 , X2, X3, X4, X5 ) = ( 0.28000000999993935 , 60.000000599972694 , 0.2500000099939384 , 0.8000000096771722 , 1.2000000119993277 )
f1 = 0.5656472935545355
f2 = 8557.622612553765

```

```python

```