Name:

## **Exam Style Questions**



# Transformations of Graphs Corbettmaths

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser

You may use tracing paper if needed

#### Guidance

- 1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
- 2. Don't spend too long on one question.
- 3. Attempt every question.
- 4. Check your answers seem right.
- 5. Always show your workings

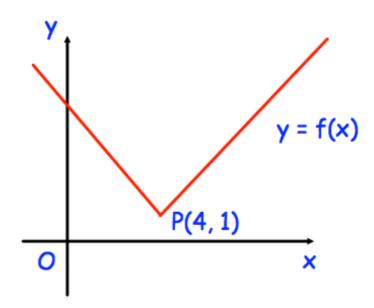
## Revision for this topic

www.corbettmaths.com/contents

Video 323 Video 324



1. Here is the graph of y = f(x)The point P(4, 1) is a point on the graph.



What are the coordinates of the new position of P when the graph y = f(x) is transformed to the graph of

(a) 
$$y = -f(x)$$

(.....) **(1)** 

(b) 
$$y = f(x) + 4$$

(.....) **(1)** 

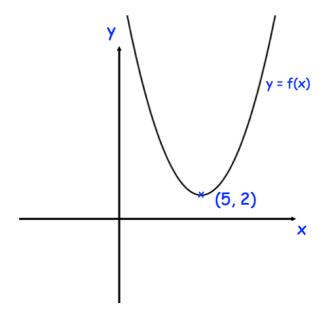
(c) 
$$y = f(2x)$$

(.....) **(1)** 

(d) 
$$y = f(x + 5)$$

(.....) **(1)** 

2.



Shown is the curve with equation y = f(x)The coordinates of the minimum point of the curve are (5, 2).

Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

(a) 
$$y = f(x) - 4$$

(.....) **(1)** 

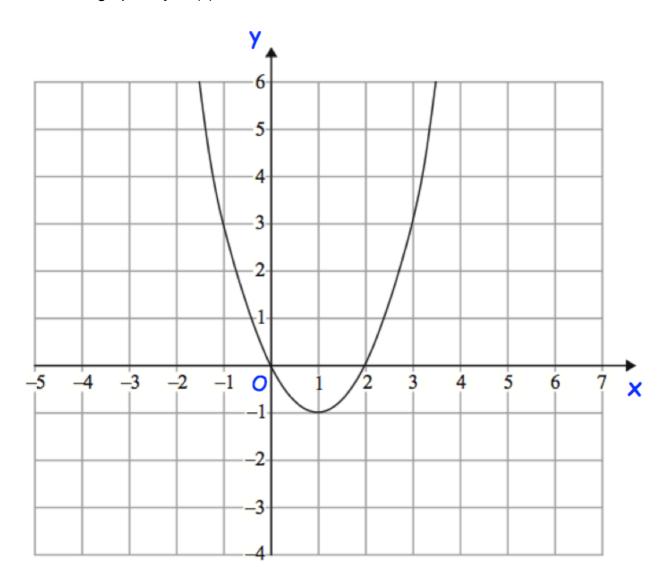
(b) 
$$y = 2f(x)$$

(.....) **(1)** 

(c) 
$$y = f(2x)$$

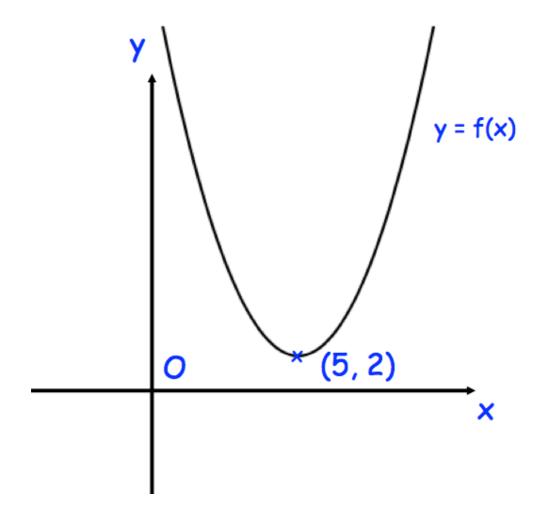
(.....) (1)

3. The graph of y = f(x) is shown below.



On the grid, sketch the graph of y = f(x - 1)

4. This is a sketch of the curve with the equation y = f(x). The only minimum point of the curve is at the point (5, 2).



Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

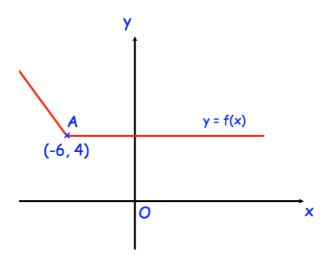
(a) 
$$y = f(2x)$$

(.....) **(1)** 

(b) y = f(x + 1) - 2

(.....) **(2)** 

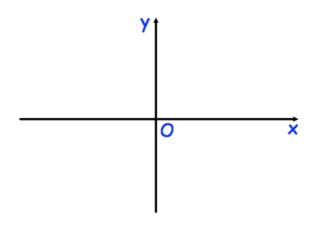
5. The diagram below shows the graph of y = f(x)



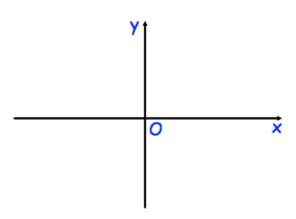
The point A(-6, 4) lies on the graph.

Sketch the graphs with the equations below, clearly giving the point corresponding to A.

(a) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$$

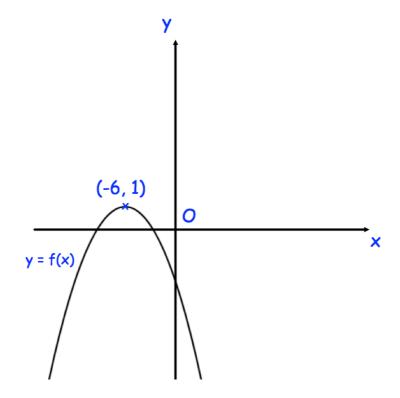


(b) 
$$y = f(x - 3)$$



(2)

6. This is a sketch of the curve with equation y = f(x)



The vertex of the curve is at the point (-6, 1)

Write down the coordinates of the vertex of the curve with equation

(a) 
$$y = f(x + 3)$$

(.....) **(1)** 

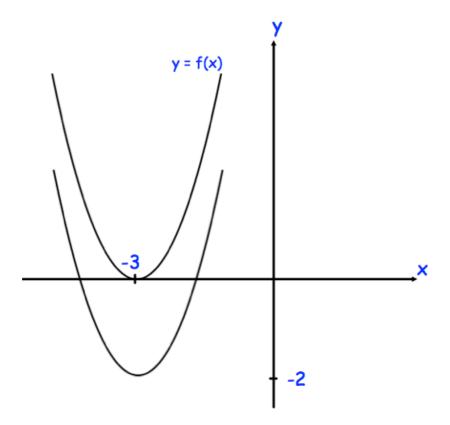
(b) 
$$y = f(-x)$$

(.....)

(c) 
$$y = 4f(x)$$

(.....)

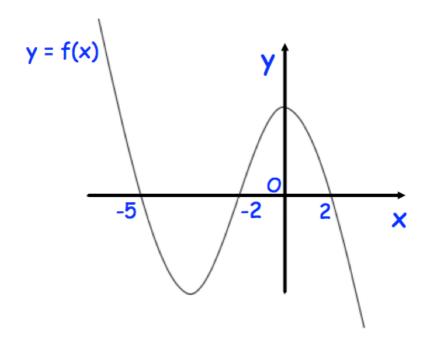
7.



The curve with equation y = f(x) is translated so that the point at (-3, 0) is mapped onto the point (-3, -2).

Find an equation of the translated curve.

8.



The graph of y = f(x) cuts the x axis when x = -5, -2 and 2

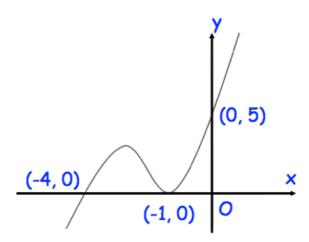
Write down the coordinates of the points where these graphs cut the x axis.

(a)  $y = f(\frac{1}{2}x)$ 

(2)

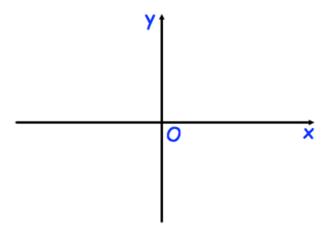
(b) y = 2f(x + 1)

9. Shown below is the curve with equation y = f(x). The curve passes through the points (-4, 0), (-1, 0) and (0, 5)

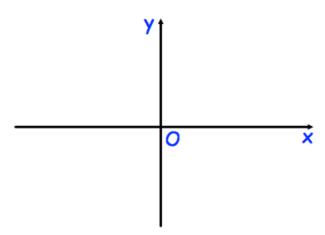


Sketch the curve with equation:

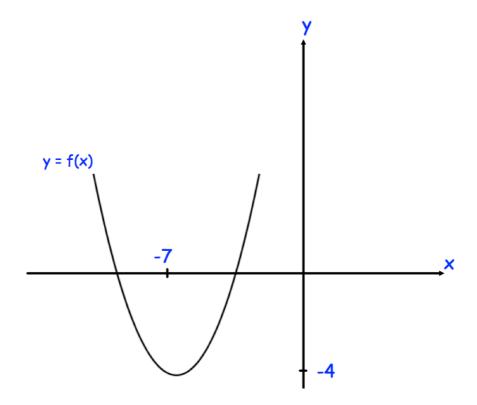
(a) 
$$y = f(x - 1)$$



(b) y = f(-x)



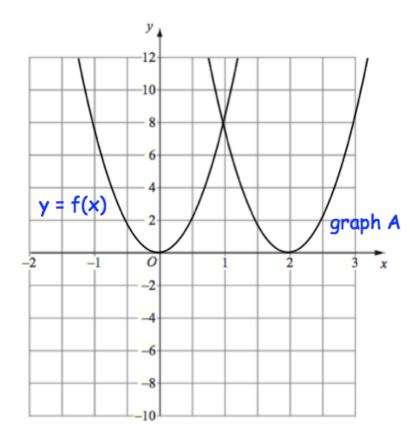
10. Shown below is a sketch of a curve with equation y = f(x). The curve has a minimum point at (-7, -4).



The graph of y = f(x) + a has a minimum point at (-7, 0), where a is a constant. Write down the value of a.

.....(1)

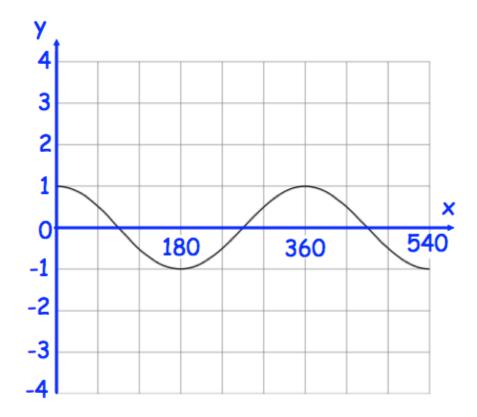
11. The graph of y = f(x) is shown on the grid.



The graph A is a translation of the graph y = f(x)

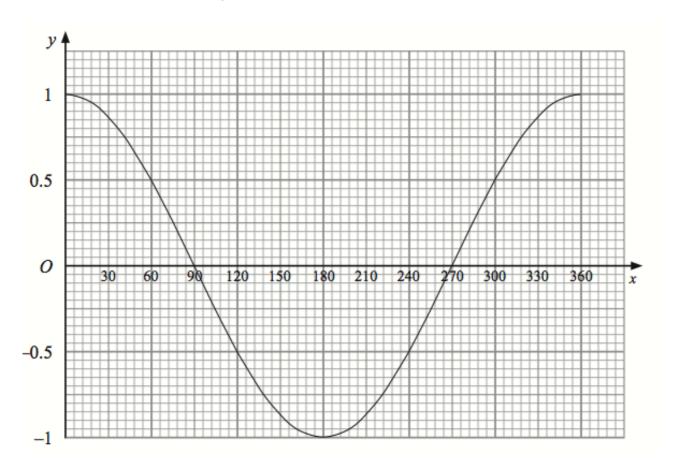
Write down the equation of graph A.

## 12. Shown below is the graph of $y = \cos x$



On the grid, sketch the graph of  $y = 3\cos x$  for values of x from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $540^{\circ}$ 

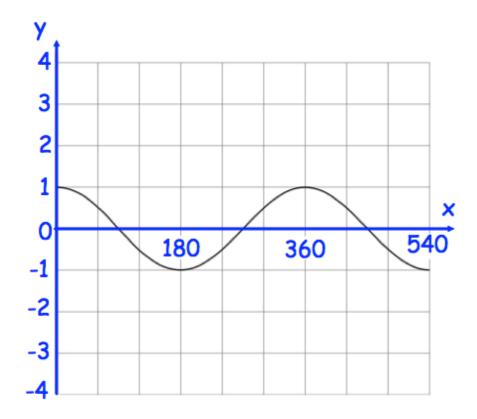
## 13. Shown below is the graph of $y = \cos x$



On the grid, sketch the graph of y = cos(2x) for values of x from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$ 

14.	Describe the transformation that maps the curve with equation $y = \sin(x)$ onto the curve with equation	
	(a) $y = 2 \sin(x)$	
		(2)
	(b) $y = 1 + \sin(x)$	
		(2)
	(c) $y = \sin(\frac{1}{2}x)$	
		(2)

15. Shown below is the graph of  $y = \cos x$ 



On the grid, sketch the graph of  $y = -\cos(2x)$  for values of x from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $540^{\circ}$