

Please write clearly in block capitals

## GCSE MATHEMATICS

AQA | Edexcel | OCR | WJEC

(Level 6 - 9)

# 3D Pythagoras and Trigonometry

Forename:
Surname:

### **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

mathematical instruments



You *can* use a calculator.

#### Instructions

- · Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You may ask for graph paper, tracing paper and more answer paper.
   These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

#### **Advice**

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

1	A cuboid is pictured in the diagram below.		(Level 6)
	EH = 4cm		
	GH = 3cm		
	CG = 12cm		
	A $A cm$ B $A cm$ $A cm$ $A cm$ $A cm$	Not dra	
	C		
1(a)	Find the length CH		[2 marks]
	Answer	cm	
1(b)	Using your previous answer, find the length CE.		
	Give your answer to 2 decimal places.		
			[2 marks]
	Answer	cm -	

Turn over ▶

2	A cuboid is pictured in the diagram below.		(Level 6)
	AB = 7  cm		
	BC = 5  cm		
	CY = 5  cm		
	X is the midpoint of $AE$		
	Y is the midpoint of CG		
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Not drav	
2(a)	Find the length XY.		
	Give your answer to 2 decimal places		
			[2 marks]
	Answer	cm	
2(b)	Using your answer to part a, find the length CX.		
	Give your answer to 2 decimal places.		
			[1 mark]
	Answer	cm	

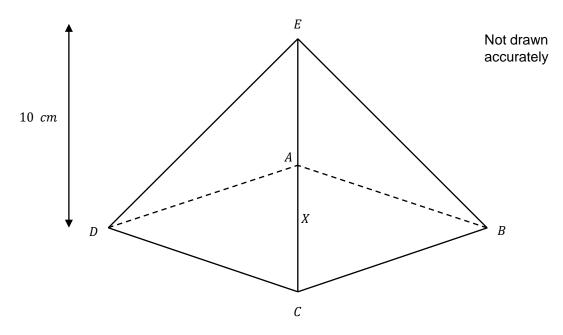
3 A square-based pyramid has the following propert	3	g propertie
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(Level 7)

Length DC = 12 cm

The vertical height = 10 cm

Point X is the centre of the square base.



#### 3(a) Find length AE

Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

[2 marks]

cm

3(b) Find the angle AEB

Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

[2 marks]

Answer

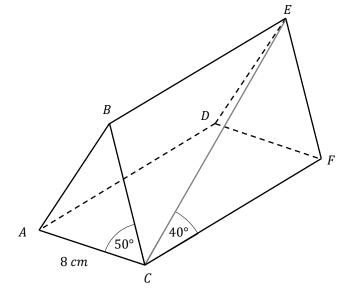
4 The diagram below shows an isosceles triangular prism.

(Level 7)

$$AC = 8cm$$

$$Angle\ BCA=50^{\circ}$$

Angle 
$$FCE = 40^{\circ}$$



Not drawn accurately

Find the length EC.

Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

[3 marks]

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6 5 The diagram shows a tetrahedron (Level 8) All faces are equilateral triangles with side length 2 m. Point X lies directly below point D. Not drawn accurately С Χ 2 m Find the length DX Give your answer to 2 decimal places. [3 marks] Answer

Turn over for next question

6	In the triangular prism below: $AC = 7cm$ $Angle\ BCA = 75^{\circ}$ $Angle\ FCE = 35^{\circ}$	(Level 8)
	$A$ $75^{\circ}$ $35^{\circ}$ $C$	Not drawn accurately
	Calculate the volume of the prism.	
	Give your answer to 1 decimal place.	
	Cive your anomer to it assumes place.	[4 marks]
	Answer	

Turn over for next question

7 The diagram below shows a doorstop, modelled as a triangular prism.

(Level 9)

Angle  $ABC = 90^{\circ}$ 

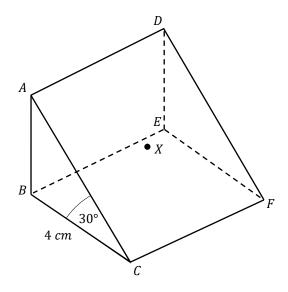
Angle  $ACB = 30^{\circ}$ 

$$BC = 4cm$$

$$AD = 2AB$$

X is a point on the **centre** of the face ADFC.

$$AX = \frac{a\sqrt{6}}{3}$$



Not drawn accurately

Find the value of a.

<b>[5</b>		_			7
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Answer

**End of Questions** 

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