## LAB REPORT-6 S2021 001 0027

Dtd: 7/6/22

Submitted by -Anushthan Saxena

Q1 
$$\chi(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{defines is } \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} = (w_i)\chi$$
 $\chi(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \chi(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$ 
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Say k=-t = dk=-dk

16 t(wite) - on = 1

$$Q_2 \chi(t) = e^{-\alpha |t| b} \int_{e^{-\alpha t}}^{\infty} dt \int_{e^{-\alpha t}}^{\infty} dt$$

$$X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{at} e^{-j\omega t} dt$$
 $+ \int_{\infty}^{\infty} e^{-at} e^{-j\omega t} dt$ 

$$= \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}_{\alpha-j\omega} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{a-j\omega}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{a+j\omega}\right)$$

$$=\frac{10}{2}$$

Green A=2

$$X(j\omega)=\frac{1}{2}$$

$$X$$

$$2 \times (j\omega) = 2 \left[ \frac{2 - e^{j\omega} - e^{-j\omega}}{j\omega} \right]$$

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$$3 \times (j\omega) = 2 \left[ \frac{2 - e^{j\omega} - e^{-j\omega}}{j\omega} \right]$$

$$4 \times (j\omega) = 2 \left[ \frac{1 + j}{2} \right]$$

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$$= \underbrace{\pm e^{-jwk}}_{-jw} \underbrace{e^{-jwk}}_{-jw}$$

 $X(j\omega) = \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{e^{-j\omega t}} + \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{e^{-j\omega t}} + \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{e^{-j\omega t}} + \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{e^{-j\omega t}}$   $= \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{e^{-j\omega t}} + \frac{e^{-$ = 1-est stie-1 (+)6-just stie-1 with the single state of the single state of the single state of the state 1- Que (1-ju) - e-w (1+jw)-1 = iw

$$X(jw) = \frac{1}{jw} e^{-jw} + \frac{1 - e^{jw} + jw}{w^{2}} e^{jw}$$

$$= (e^{-jw} - e^{jw})jw + 2 - e^{-jw} e^{jw} e^{jw}$$

$$+ 2 - e^{-jw} - e^{jw} + jw (e^{jw} - e^{-jw})$$

$$= 2 - e^{jw} - e^{-jw}$$

$$= 2 - e^{-jw} - e^{$$

$$\frac{1}{1000} = \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{1$$