

# GATE 2022-IN

EE23BTECH1205 - Avani Chouhan\*

## Question : 18

A signal  $x(t)$  is band-limited between 100 Hz and 200 Hz. A signal  $y(t)$  is related to  $x(t)$  as follows:

$$y(t) = x(2t - 5)$$

The statement that is always true is

- (A)  $y(t)$  is band-limited between 50 Hz and 100 Hz
- (B)  $y(t)$  is band-limited between 100 Hz and 200 Hz
- (C)  $y(t)$  is band-limited between 200 Hz and 400 Hz
- (D)  $y(t)$  is not band-limited

(GATE ST 2022)

## Solution:

Derivation of Fourier transform of  $x(2t - 5)$ :

$$x(t) \Rightarrow X(\omega) \quad (1)$$

$$x(at) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|a|} X\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) \quad (2)$$

$$x(2t) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} X\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \quad (3)$$

$$x(t - t_0) \Rightarrow e^{-j\omega t_0} X(\omega) \quad (4)$$

$$x(2t - 5) \Rightarrow e^{-j5\omega} \cdot \frac{1}{2} X\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \quad (5)$$

The operation  $x(2t - 5)$  compresses time by a factor of 2 and shifts 5 units rightward. This expands the frequency domain, doubling the bandwidth of  $x(t)$  from 100 Hz to 200 Hz to  $y(t)$  between 200 Hz and 400 Hz.

Hence, the correct answer is option (C).