

BITCOIN AND U.S. FINANCIAL CONFIDENCE: A REGRESSION ANALYSIS

DSA/ISE 5103 - Intelligent Data Analytics
Group 2 : Cesar Ramirez, Judah Anttila, Tyler Brassfield





TABLE OF CONTENTS

01. PROBLEM BACKGROUND

02. METHODOLOGY

03. RESULTS

04. CONCLUSIONS



PROBLEM BACKGROUND

Problem Background

WHAT IS BITCOIN?

Decentralized digital currency enabling secure, peer-to-peer transactions without traditional intermediaries.

WHAT IS CONFIDENCE?

Proxy metrics including S&P 500 performance, dollar strength, US treasury yields, and inflows & outflows of US securities.

WHAT DO WE KNOW?

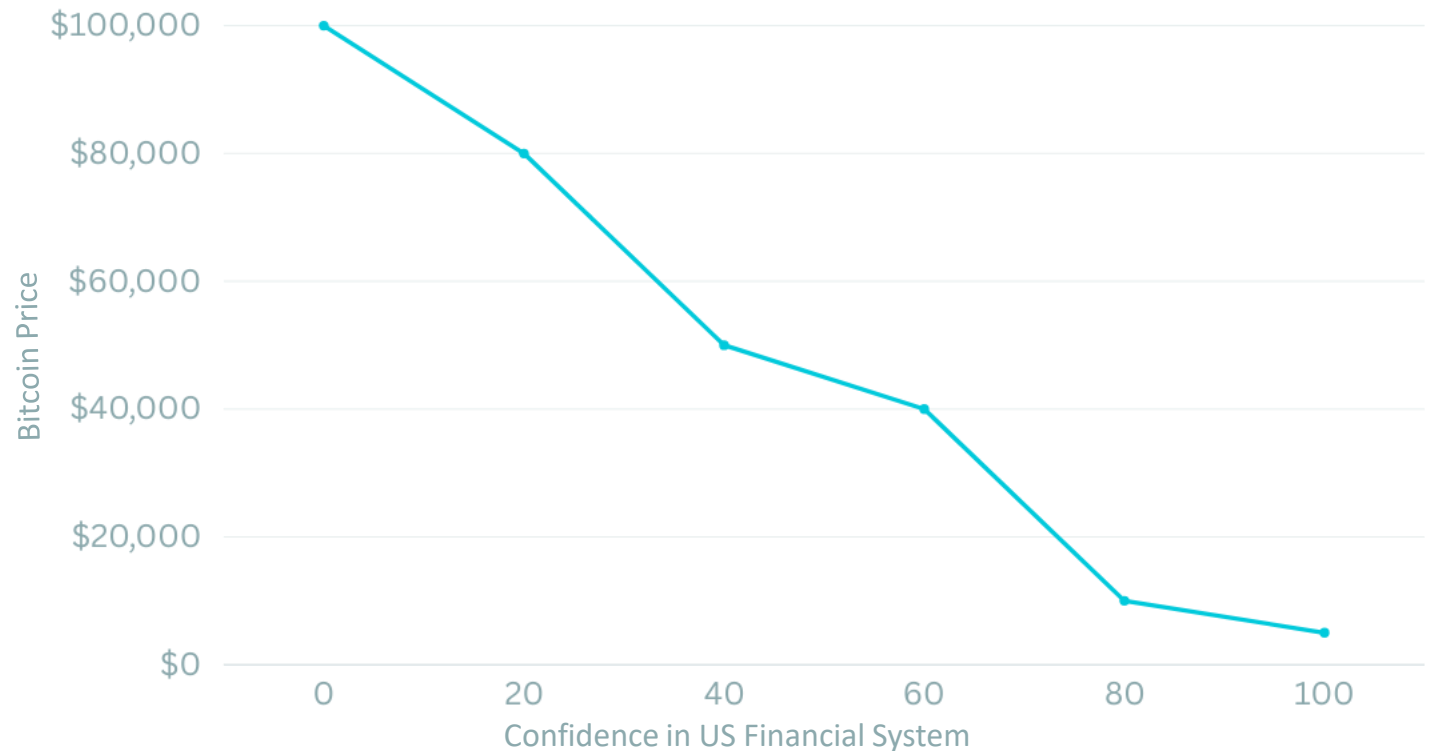
Studies often use complex models for short-term price predictions and technical variables rather than fundamental economic indicators.

WHAT'S MISSING?

Interpretable models with fundamental economic indicators to derive insights on how confidence in the US financial system influences Bitcoin's value.

HYPOTHESIS

There is a negative linear relationship between Bitcoin and confidence in the US financial system.



METHODOLOGY



Data Sources & Descriptions

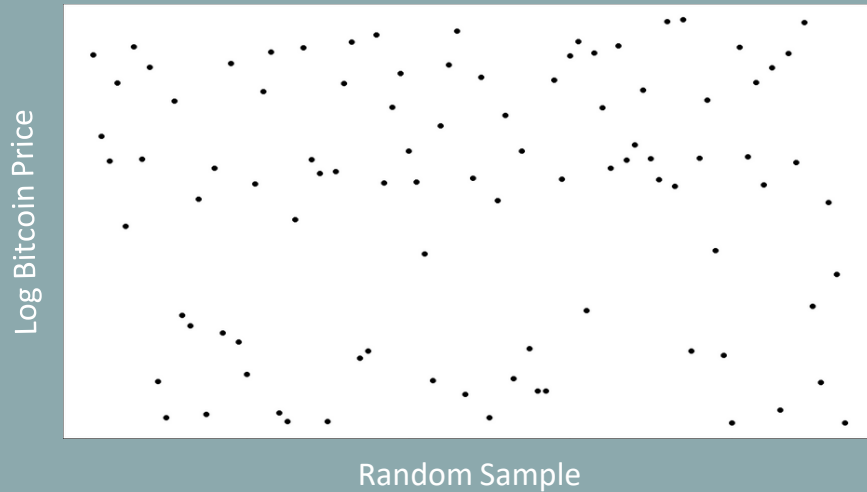
Variables: Gold, Consumer Price Index, S&P 500, 10-Year Bond Yields, Foreign Purchases of U.S. Securities

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor, Yahoo Finance, Treasury International Capital

Description: 50 variables, 118 observations, Oct 2014 - Jul 2024 (Monthly)

TRAINING

- 80% of data
- 94 observations



TESTING

- 20% of data
- 24 observations



The Big Picture

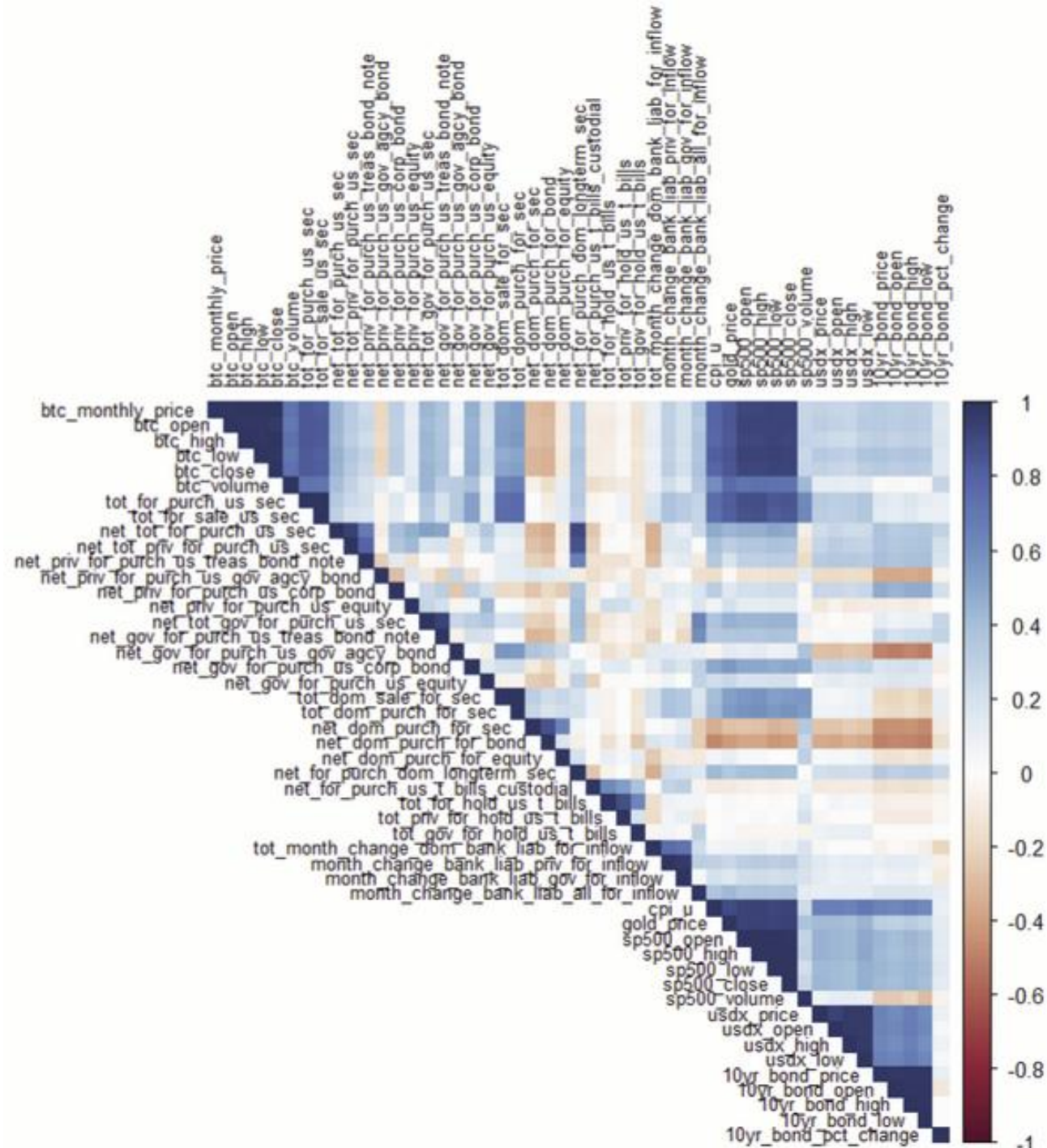
- BTC ~ US purchases of Bonds and Securities

-0.3

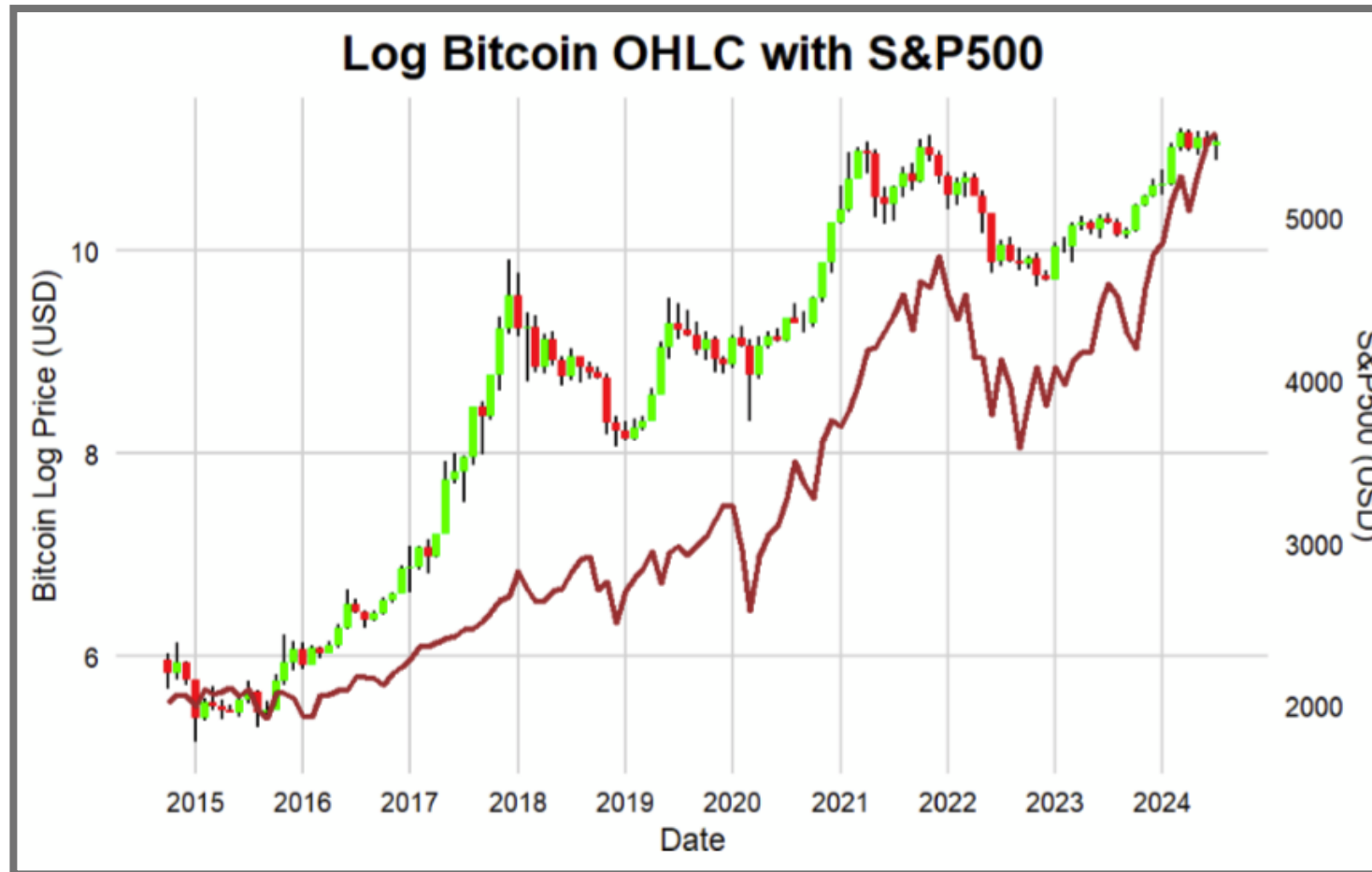
- BTC ~ S&P 500 ~ Gold

+0.8

- Multi-collinearity, VIF

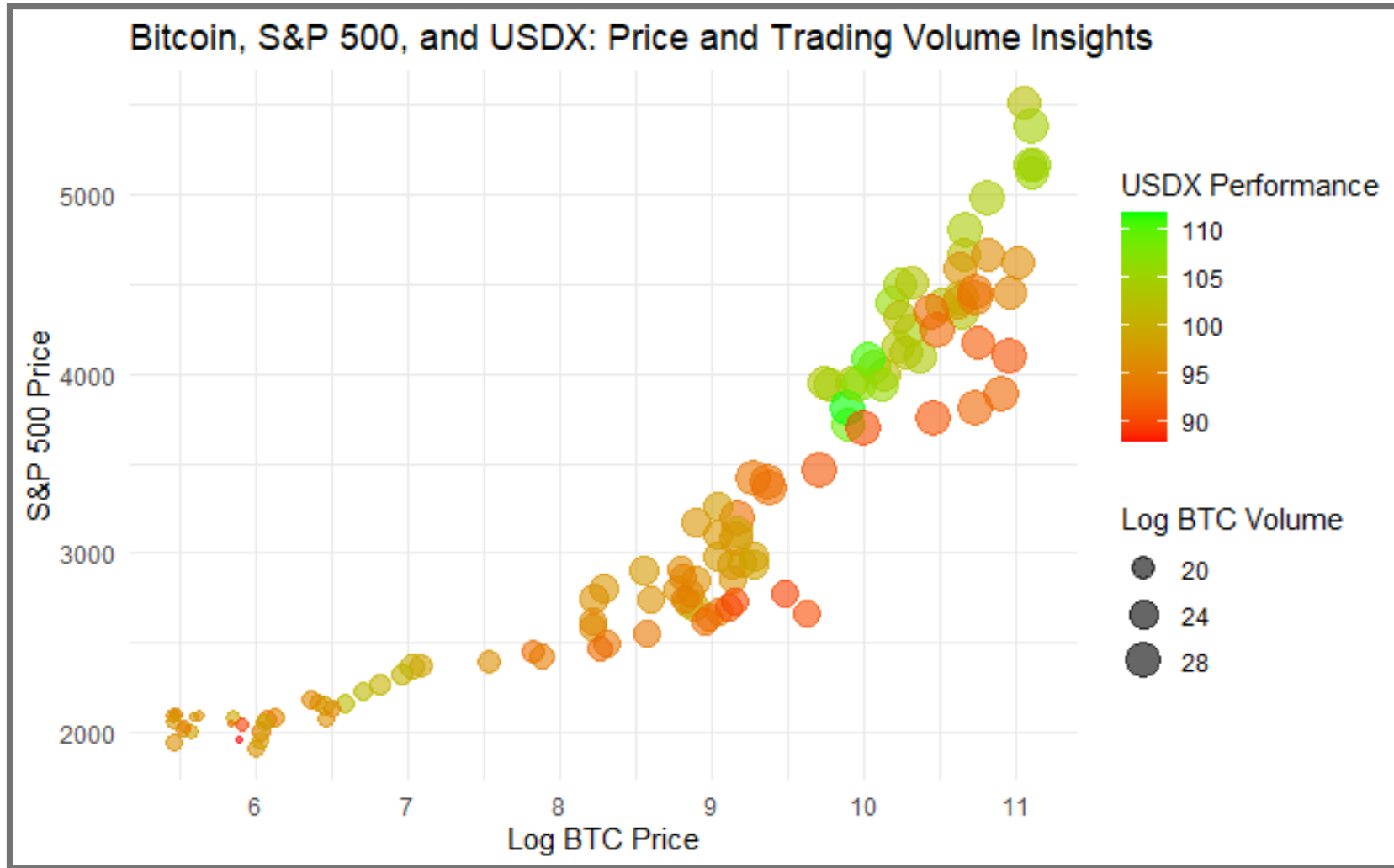


A Surprising Result



Strong positive correlation between BTC and S&P500 (!)

Further Investigation

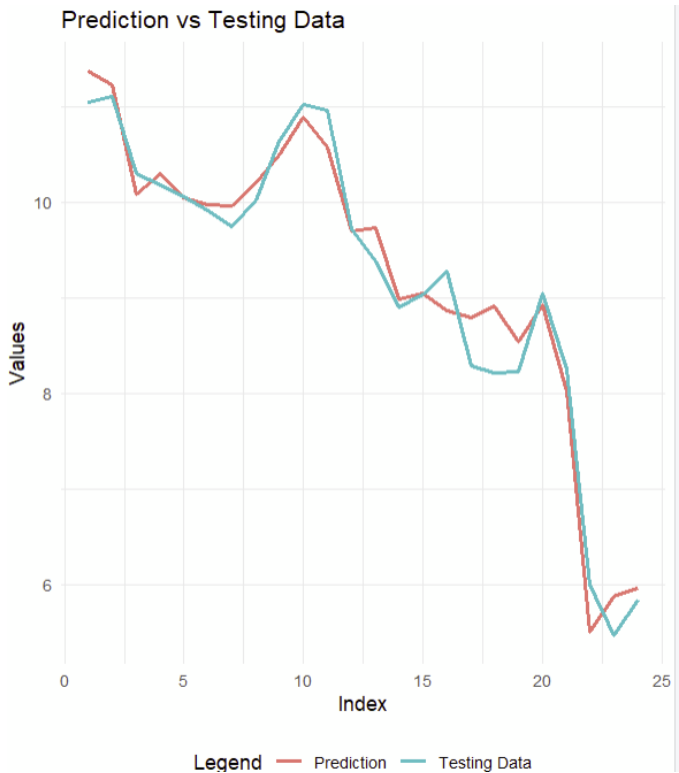


Non-linear trend demonstrated between variable interactions

RESULTS



Performance Table

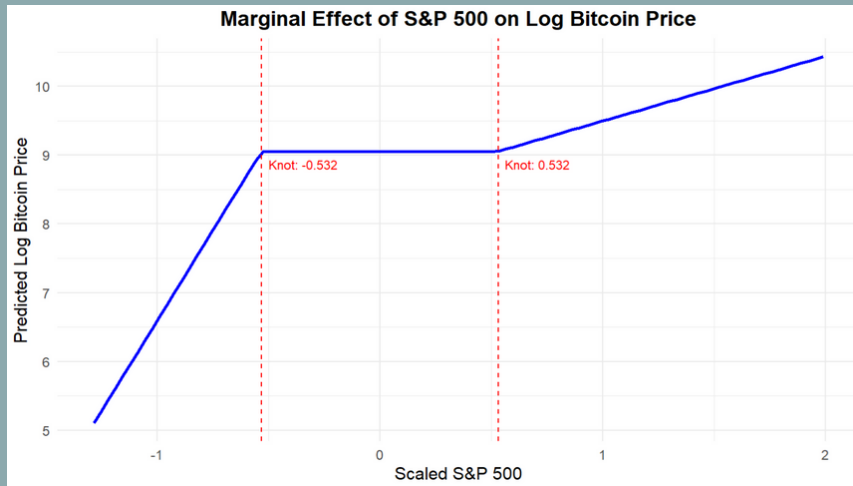


Model	Hyperparameter	Adjusted R^2	AIC	RMSE	Rank
MARS	nprune = 15 degree = 2	0.945	-38.60	0.295	#1
Elastic Net	$\lambda = 0.028$ $\alpha = 0.90$	0.440	13.93	0.606	#2
OLS	N/A	0.374	334.55	1.397	#3

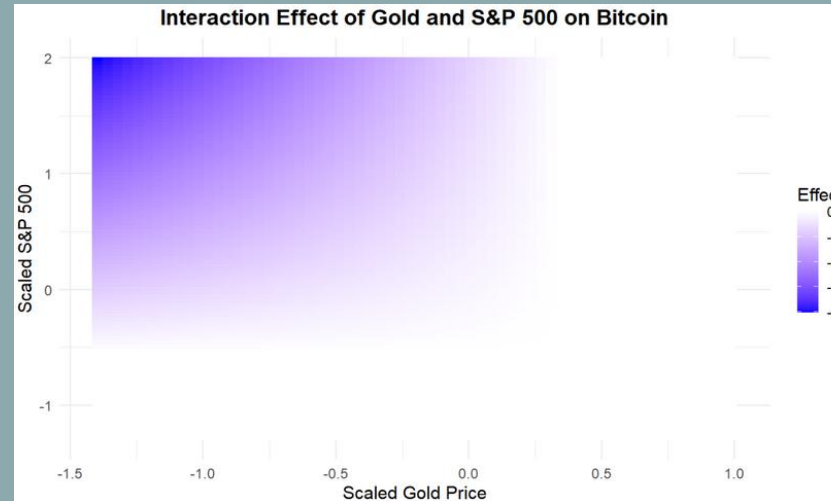
Key Insight:

MARS outperforming other linear models indicates potential non-linearity

MARS Model Output



- **S&P 500** performance most impactful variable.
- **Threshold Effects:** somewhat asymmetric relationship.
- **Insight:** Bitcoin behaves somewhat like a high-growth (tech-like) asset that reacts disproportionately to shifts in equity market sentiment.



- **S&P 500, Gold interaction** second most impactful variable.
- **Complex Interactions:** when S&P 500 is strong AND gold prices below average, Bitcoin's price may fall.
- **Insight:** Cheap gold in stock bull market might suggest Bitcoin's appeal as alternative hedge asset may be overshadowed by confidence in traditional markets.

High Bias

Bias: model's prediction of log Bitcoin with no additional information.

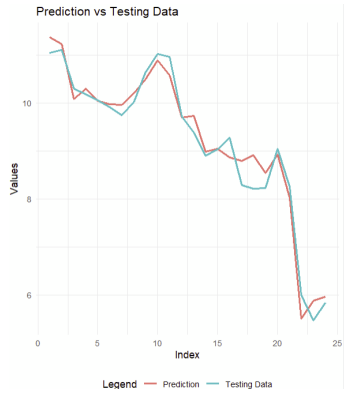
- **Bias Term:** 9.06
- **Max Value:** 11.12
- **Min Value:** 5.54

Insight: Could have unaccounted variance or non-linear effects.

Insight: Bitcoin's price grows under neutral conditions, with declines driven by specific economic thresholds.



MARS Model Residuals



94 months: Train



24 months: Test



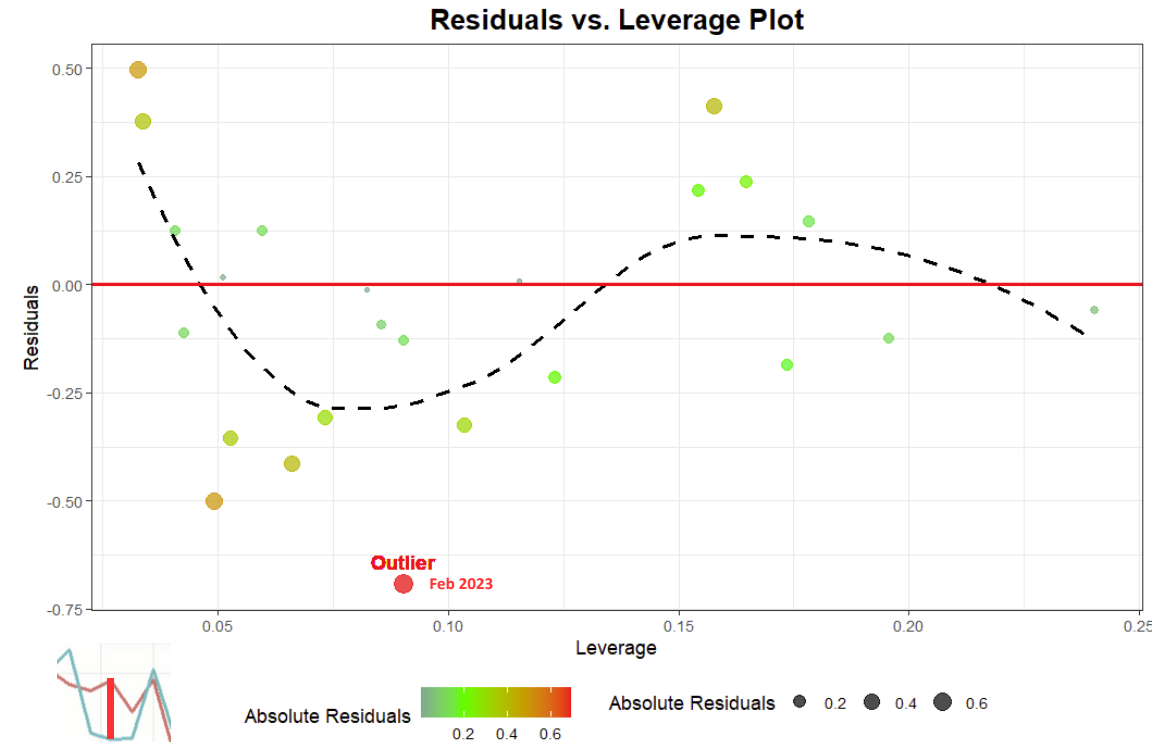
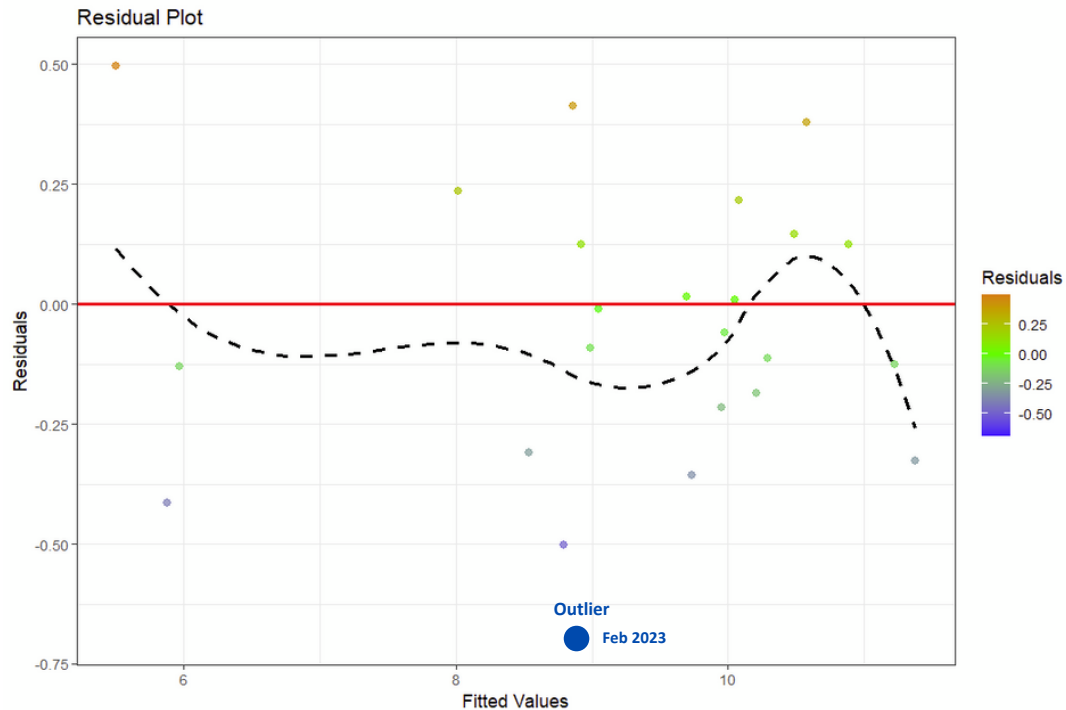
No real observable trend in the residuals.



February 2023 performs the worst in our models



Likely due to low number of observations



CONCLUSIONS



Key Insights

- Bitcoin and S&P 500 are directly correlated with asymmetric influences.
 - Early adoption.
 - Speculative investors.
- High S&P 500 and low gold have negative influence on Bitcoin.
 - Digital gold investors.
- High bias indicating higher values of Bitcoin over the timeframe.
 - Variability, non-linearity.
 - Neutral conditions have growth, impactful events on Bitcoin negative.
- Critical Assumptions: linearity, lack of time-series, explanatory variables.

Limitations

- Low data availability
- Not accounting for time series

Future Research

- Experiment with time series factors in our model (differencing models, ARIMA).

THANK YOU

