

# Alea jacta test

Bienvenue dans le monde des tests !

Pierre-Yves Lapersonne



The logo for Code d'Armor features the text "Code d'Armor" in a large, white, sans-serif font. A thick, white, wavy line starts from the left side of the letter "C" and sweeps across the letters "o", "d", and "A". To the left of the wavy line is a teal-colored shape that resembles a stylized "A" or a flame. Above the "d" and "A" is a small red gear icon.

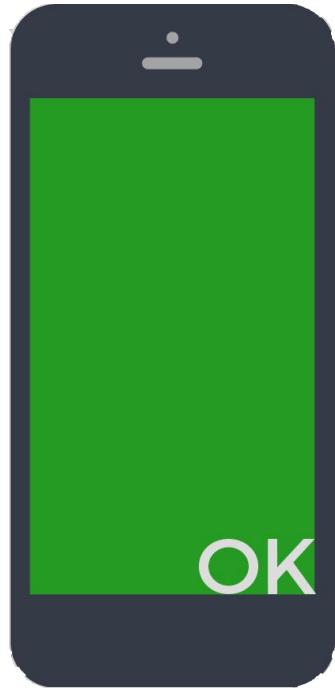


# PY LAPERSONNE

80

Software developer

[pylapp.github.io](https://pylapp.github.io)



Alea



jacta



test

# Plan de test

- les clichés sur les tests
- exemples de tests râtés
- pourquoi en faire ?
- les tests en détails
- quelques outils

**quelques... trucs.**

- 9ème Journée Française des Tests Logiciels  
11 / 04 / 2017  
Montrouge, France
- CFTL  
Comité Français des Tests Logiciels  
Perros Guirrec, Bretagne
- ISTQB  
International Software Testing Qualifications Board  
Bruxelles, Belgique

# quelques chiffres

- **40 %** du budget projet dédiés aux tests
- **39 %** des devs sont en mode TDD
- **46 %** des devs estiment ne pas avoir assez de temps pour les tests

# les clichés sur les tests

**TESTER**  
C'EST DOUTER



★★★ **COMMITSTRIP.COM** ★★★



ça ne sert à rien !



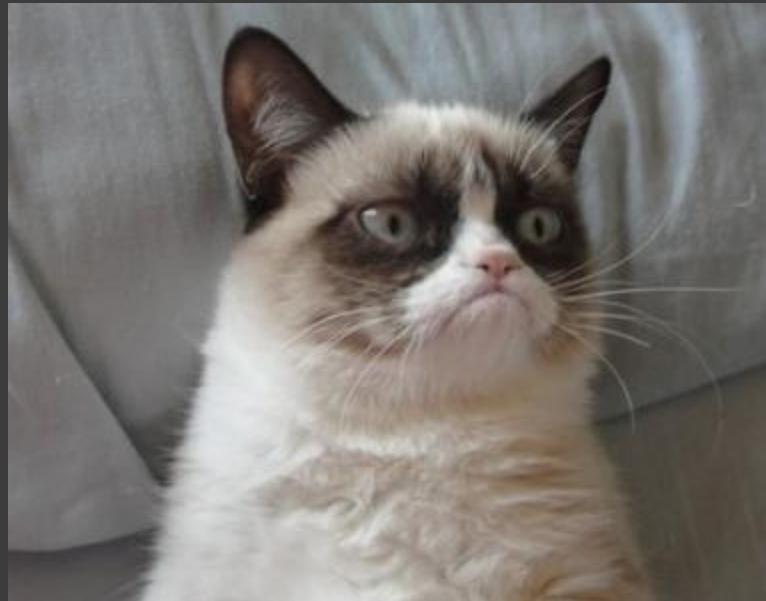
ça prend trop de temps !



ça coûte trop cher !

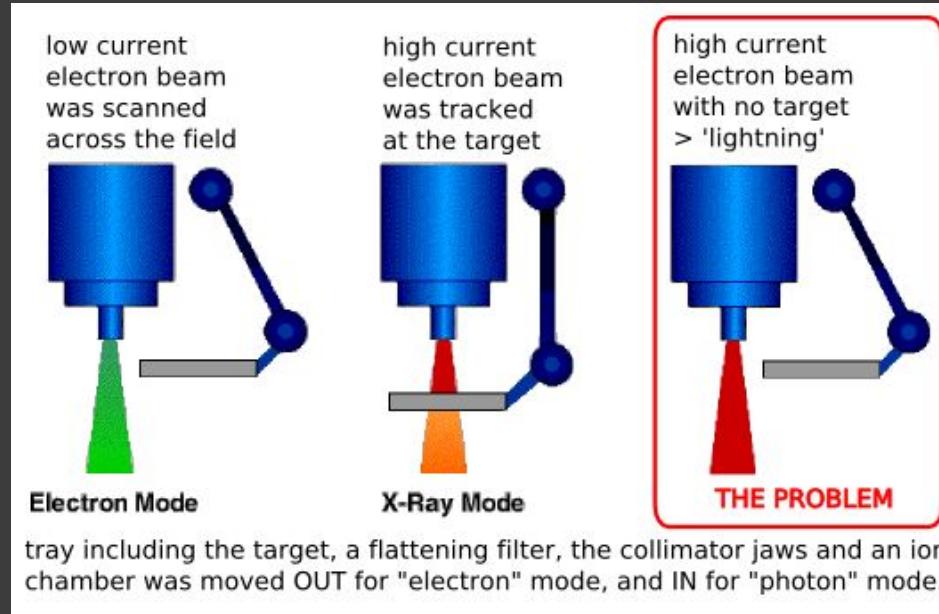


le client est le meilleur testeur !



ça ajoute des sources à maintenir !

# inutiles les tests ?



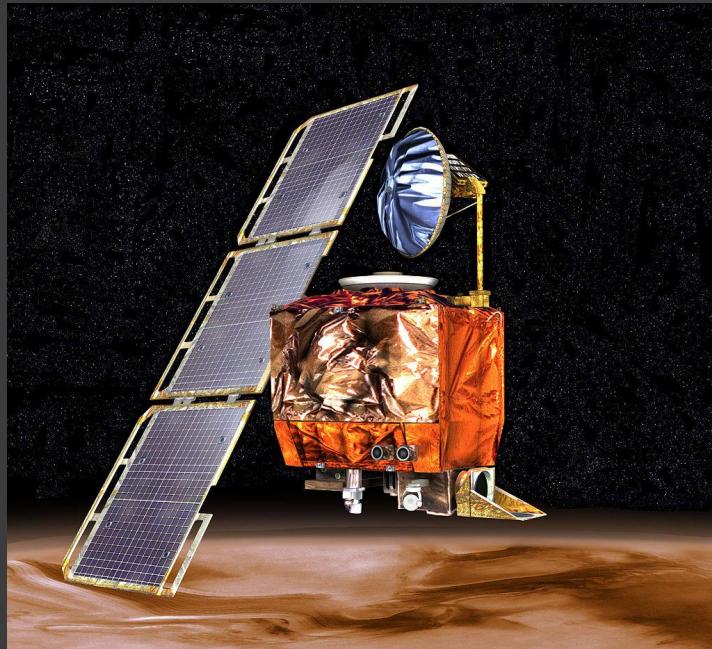
# Therac 25 1980'

- outil de traitement de cancers par radiations
- exposition prévue de 200 rad
- exposition réelle de 20 000 rad
- au moins 6 morts



AT&T  
15 Janvier 1990

- mise à jour du réseau téléphonique
- transmissions de mauvais messages entre les antennes
- 9h de panne
- 60 millions \$ de pertes



# Mars Climate Orbiter

## 23 Septembre 1999

- plusieurs équipes internationales...
- utilisant le système anglo-saxon...
- ... ET le système métrique
- navigation totalement défectueuse
- 900 millions \$ perdus



vol 501 de Ariane 5  
4 Juin 1996

- récupération d'éléments logiciels d'Ariane 4
- overflow dans les calculs de trajectoire
- problème de conversion  
float 64 bits → unsigned 16 bits
- destruction de la fusée
- +370 millions \$ ... à l'eau



retournement d'un F-18

- retournement une fois passé l'équateur
- mauvaise gestion des coordonnées



Louvois  
2011

- retards de paiement
- mauvais soldes versés
- les familles des militaires en danger
- 465 millions d'euros d'erreur... juste en 2012  
selon la Cour des Comptes



Stagefright  
2015

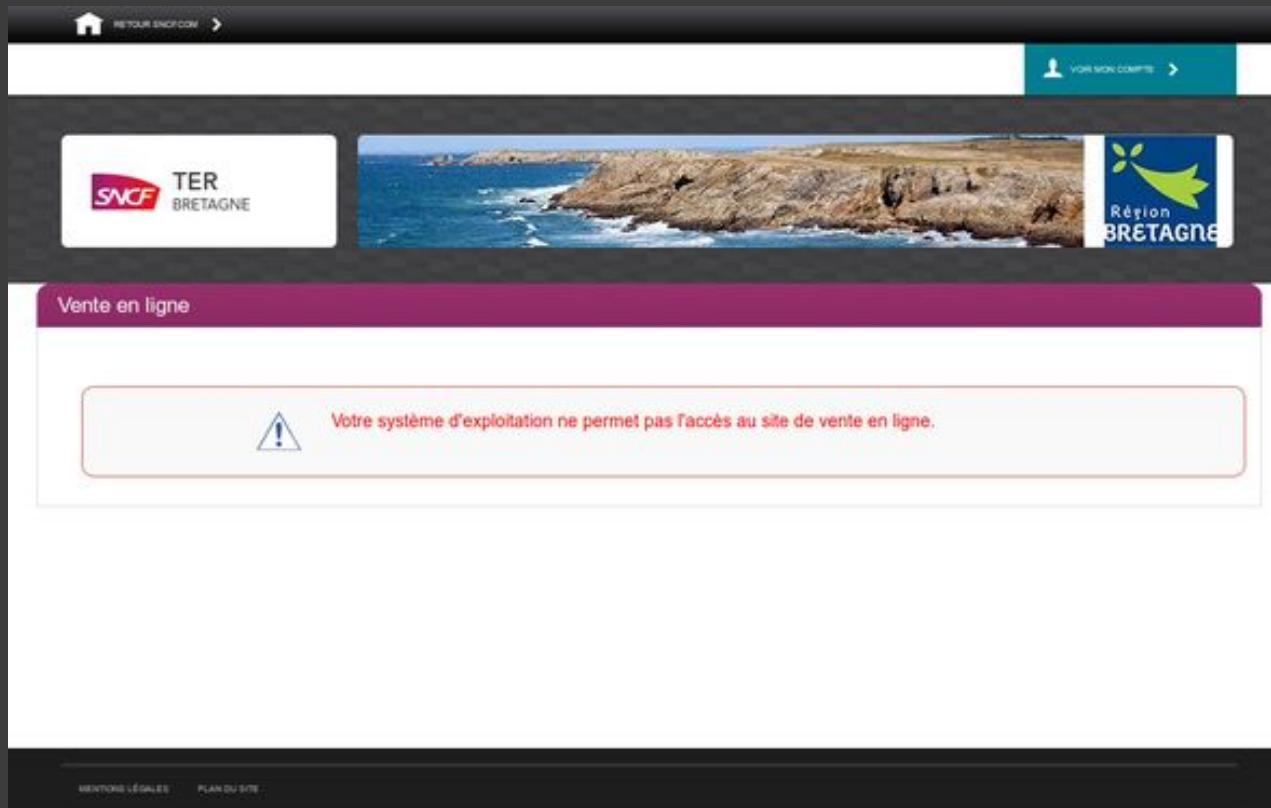
- AOSP, Firefox, Firefox OS
- librairie multimédia obsolète
- débordement mémoire
- execution de code arbitraire, etc.



# iOS et le killer text

## 2015

- réception d'un message particulier
- affichage dans les notifications
- débordement d'un buffer
- comportements dangereux de l'iPhone  
redémarrage, blocage, boot loop, ...



# SNCF et Linux... 2015

- sur Windows ? Ça fonctionne.
- sur OS X ? Ça fonctionne.
- Linux ? Android ? Oups.



VOTRE MAGASIN

> CHOISIR UN MAGASIN

Parcourir nos rayons

Bonnes Affaires

Magasins

chaise

chaise confortable pour fisti



chaise



chaise a bit



chaise pour usage rect



chaise electrique



chaise naz



chaise electrique bon plan

PEINTURES

Castorama  
8 Juin 2016

- suggestions douteuses selon les requêtes
- fermeture du site en catastrophe  
donc manque à gagner pour l'entreprise



SAIP  
14 Juillet 2016

- notification des usagers 3h après la tragédie
- retard d'information par rapport à d'autres  
*Facebook, Twitter, QWIDAM, les SMS...*

# **pourquoi faire des tests ?**

- prouver la qualité du produit
- identifier des comportements incohérents
- repérer d'éventuelles failles
- avoir des clients contents
- éviter les surcharges liées aux bug\$
- et puis avoir la conscience tranquille aussi...

# **mais qu'est-ce qu'un test ?**

# mais qu'est-ce qu'un test ?

## définitions

# Testing

The process consisting of all lifecycle activities, both static and dynamic, concerned with planning, preparation and evaluation of software products and related work products to determine that they **satisfy specified requirements**, to demonstrate that they are fit for purpose and to **detect defects**.



# Verification

Confirmation by examination and through provision of objective evidence that specified requirements have been fulfilled.



*Are we building the product right?*

# Validation

Confirmation by examination and through provision of objective evidence that the requirements for a specific intended use or application have been fulfilled.

*Are we building the right product?*



## Acceptance

The exit **criteria** that a component or system **must satisfy** in order to be **accepted** by a user, customer or other authorized entity.

*Is the feature good enough?*



# mais qu'est-ce qu'un test ?

concrètement

- pré-conditions, post-conditions, invariants
- paramètres, valeurs de retour
- succès, échec, en cours, pas fait, planté

- tests statiques
  - vérification des sources  
dead / unreachable code, métriques, syntaxe, standards...
  - pas d'exécution de code

- tests dynamiques
  - black box  
se baser sur les spécifications, comportements macros,  
abstraction de la conception
  - white box  
se baser sur la conception, comportements micros

user

instrumented

smoke

regression

acceptance

monkey

usability

component

attack-based

integration

alpha

friendly user

unit

bottom-up

accessibility

integrity

portability

stress

load

beta

# les 6 commandements

1. Automatisable et rejouable
2. Facile à concevoir
3. Pérenne
4. Exécutable par tous
5. Facilement exécutable
6. Rapide d'exécution

et les bugs dans tout ça ?

- niveaux de bugs

new, open, assign, test, deferred, rejected, duplicate, verified, closed

- sévérités

minor / low, average / medium, major / high, critical

# **Test-Driven Development**

- méthodologie de projet

Kent Beck, 2003

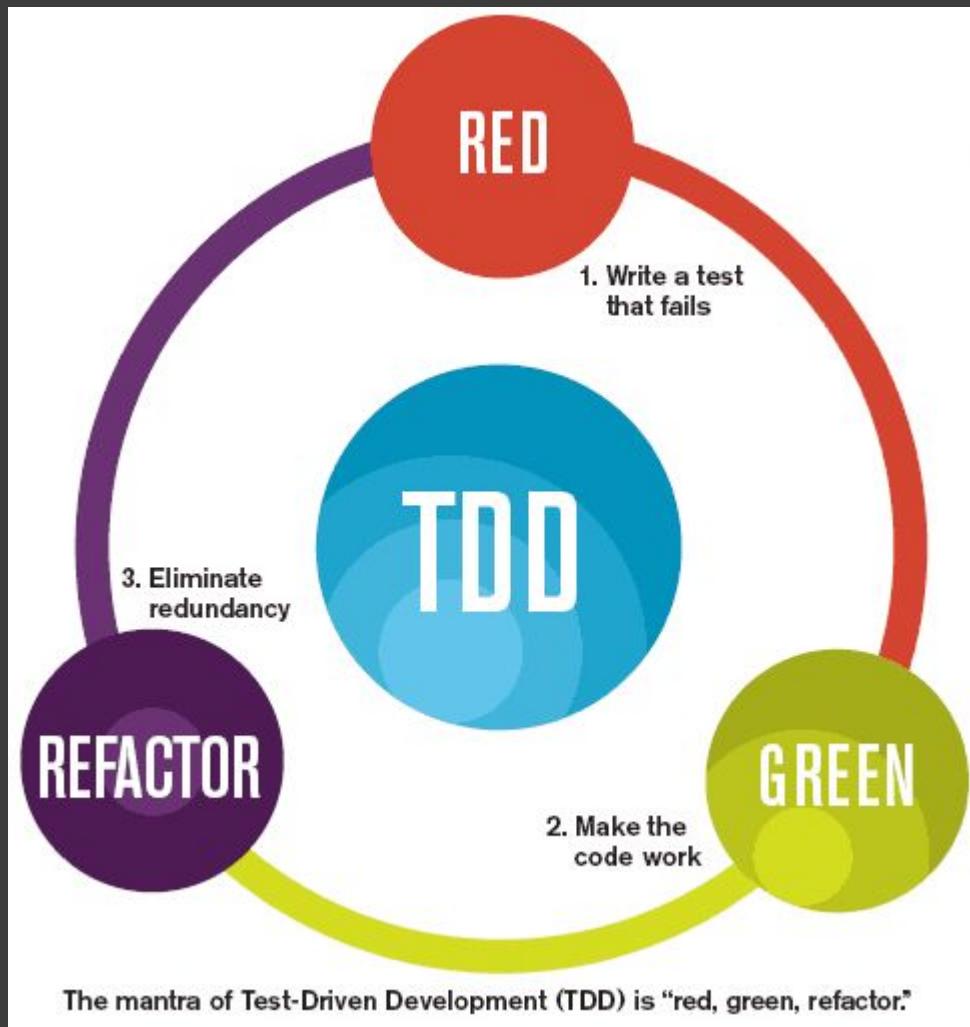
- héritage de *eXtreme Programming*

revues de codes, tests unitaires, cycles très courts, *test-first*

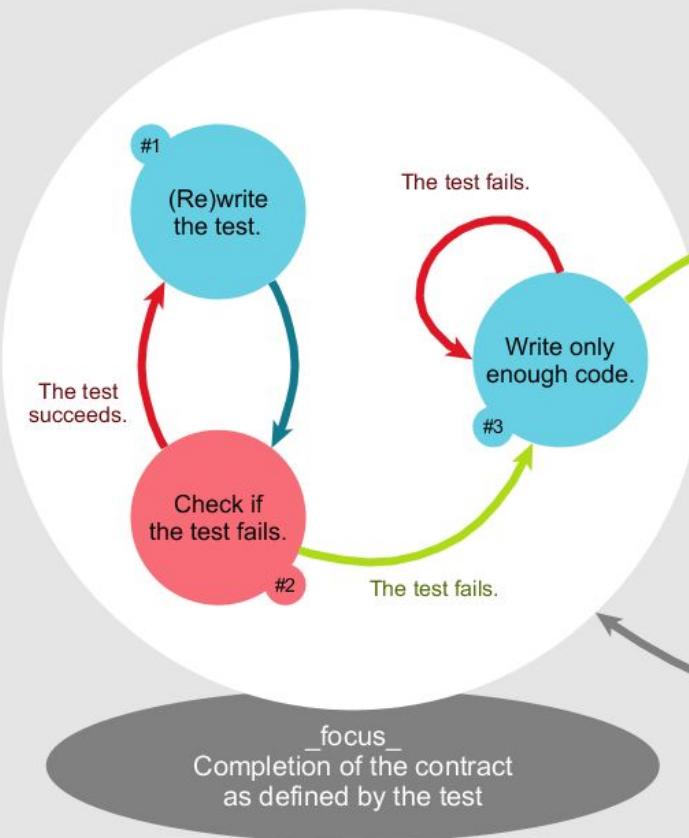
- *Test Driven Development: By Example, Kent Beck*

*Addison-Wesley Longman, 2002, ISBN 0-321-14653-0, ISBN 978-0321146533*

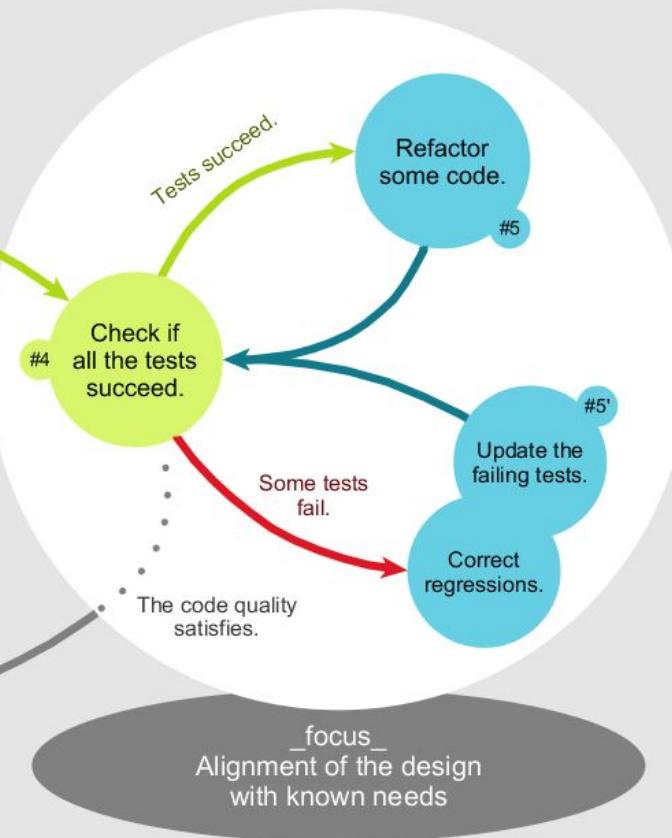
- proche du programme  
JUnit, Espresso, QUnit, UnitJS, Mocha, ...
- vise le code source, l'implémentation  
bas niveau, côté développeurs



## TEST-FIRST DEVELOPMENT



## REFACTORING



# Behaviour-Driven Development

- méthodologie de projet

Dan North, 2003

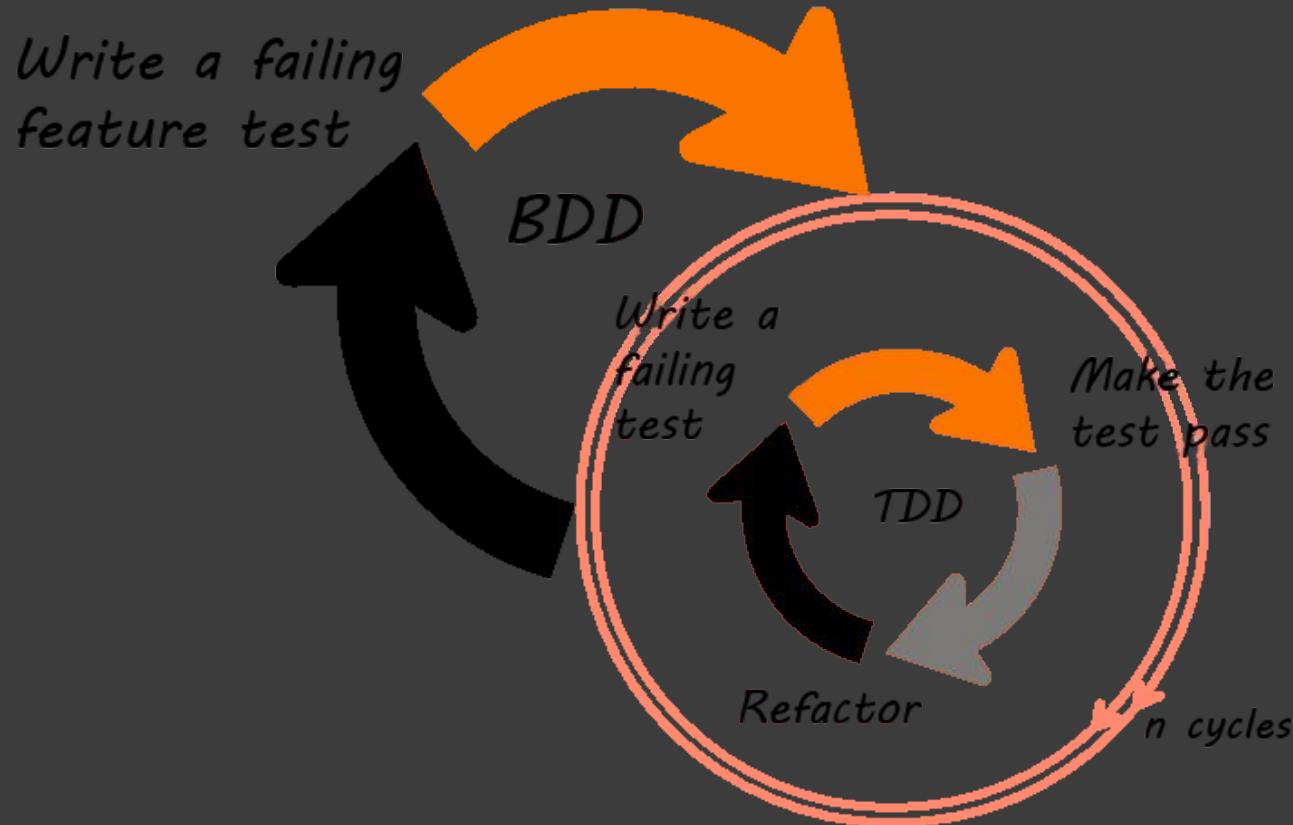
- héritage de *Test-Driven Development*

mélange de *XP*, *TDD*, *YAGNI*, *domain driven design*, *DSL*

- basé sur des *stories* et vise les specifications

*Cucumber*, *Gherkin*

- proche des fonctionnalités
- vise le comportement du produit  
*et ne considère pas d'abord l'implémentation*



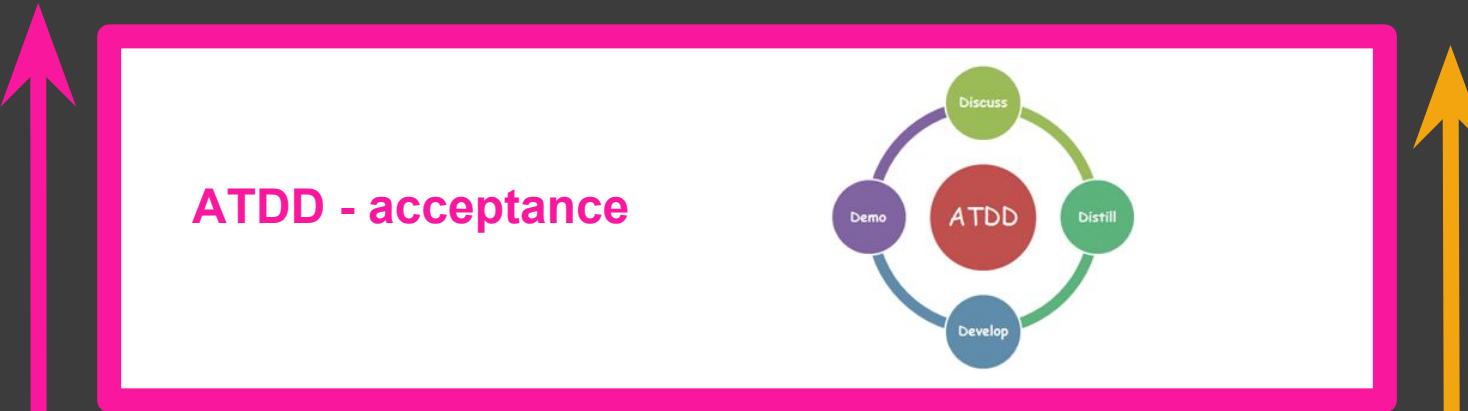
# Acceptance Test-Driven Development

- méthodologie de projet
- héritage de *Behaviour-Driven Development*  
mélange de *BDD*, *TDD*
- basé sur des *stories*  
*Robot Framework*

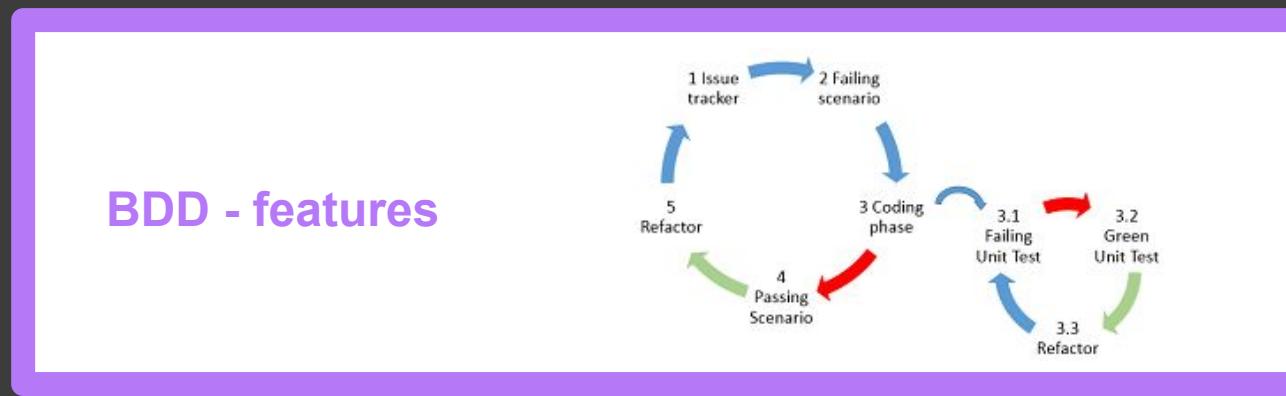
- proche de l'utilisateur
- vise l'*acceptance* du produit
- permet de guider le développement  
*implique tous les membres du projet qui savent ce qui doit être fait*

{T | B | AT} DD

products



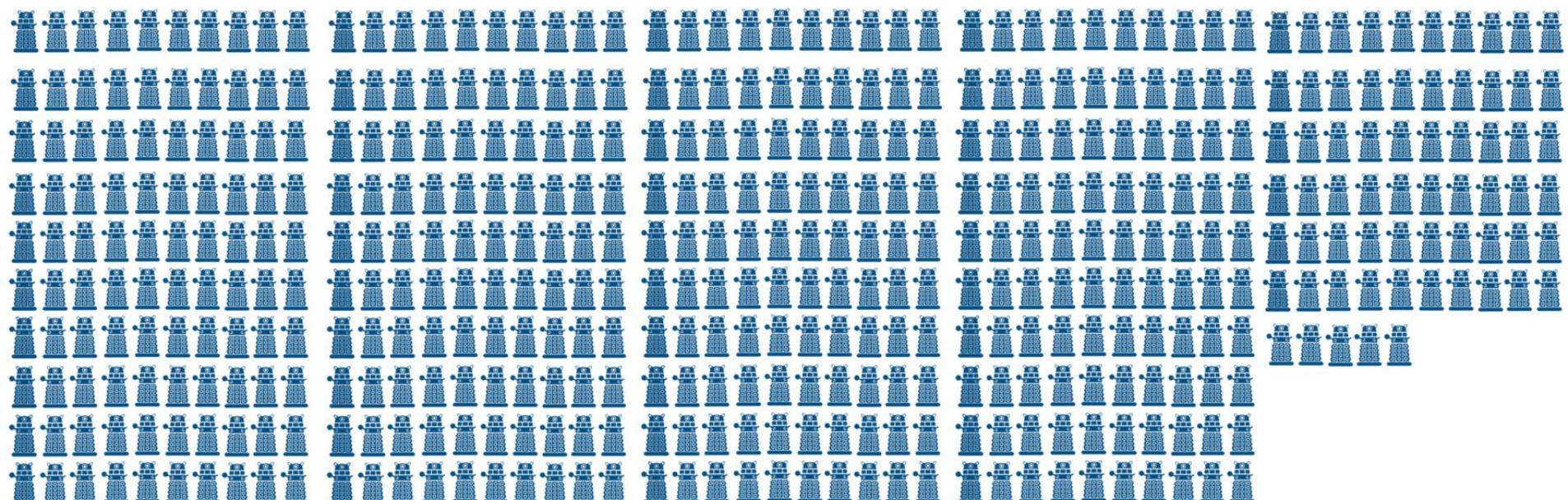
abstraction



programs



# **la (grosse) boîte à outils**





Robotium



UI TESTING FOR ANDROID  
espresso



appium

JUnit  
catch

Qu QUnit  
js unit testing

cucumber



Android  
uiautomator

@UiCK

et bien d'autres encore...

project  
lifecycle



tasks  
scheduler



Acceptance  
Test-Driven  
Development



instrumented tests



Android  
uiautomator



unit tests



JUnit



# JUnit

```
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;  
  
import org.junit.Test;  
  
public class MyTests {  
  
    @Test  
    public void multiplicationOfZeroIntegersShouldReturnZero() {  
  
        // MyClass is tested  
        MyClass tester = new MyClass();  
  
        // assert statements  
        assertEquals("10 x 0 must be 0", 0, tester.multiply(10, 0));  
        assertEquals("0 x 10 must be 0", 0, tester.multiply(0, 10));  
        assertEquals("0 x 0 must be 0", 0, tester.multiply(0, 0));  
    }  
  
}
```



```
@RunWith(RobolectricTestRunner.class)
public class WelcomeActivityTest {

    // Robolectric is a unit-testing framework we can check intentsn the LoginActivity will not start really
    @Test
    public void clickingLogin_shouldStartLoginActivity() {
        WelcomeActivity activity = Robolectric.setupActivity(WelcomeActivity.class);
        activity.findViewById(R.id.login).performClick();
        Intent expectedIntent = new Intent(activity, LoginActivity.class);
        assertThat(shadowOf(activity).getNextStartedActivity()).isEqualTo(expectedIntent);
    }

}
```



```
@RunWith(AndroidJUnit4.class)
public class MainActivityEspressoTest {

    @Rule
    public ActivityTestRule<MainActivity> mActivityRule =
        new ActivityTestRule<>(MainActivity.class);

    @Test
    public void ensureTextChangesWork() {
        // Type text and then press the button.
        onView(withId(R.id.inputField))
            .perform(typeText("HELLO"), closeSoftKeyboard());
        onView(withId(R.id.changeText)).perform(click());

        // Check that the text was changed.
        onView(withId(R.id.inputField)).check(matches(withText("Lalala")));
    }

    @Test
    public void changeText_newActivity() {
        // Type text and then press the button.
        onView(withId(R.id.inputField)).perform(typeText("NewText"),
            closeSoftKeyboard());
        onView(withId(R.id.switchActivity)).perform(click());

        // This view is in a different Activity, no need to tell Espresso.
        onView(withId(R.id.resultView)).check(matches(withText("NewText")));
    }
}
```

```
private UiDevice mDevice;

@Before
public void startMainActivityFromHomeScreen() {
    // Initialize UiDevice instance
    mDevice = UiDevice.getInstance(getInstrumentation());
    // Start from the home screen
    mDevice.pressHome();
    // Wait for launcher
    final String launcherPackage = mDevice.getLauncherPackageName();
    assertThat(launcherPackage, notNullValue());
    mDevice.wait(Until.hasObject(By.pkg(launcherPackage).depth(0)), LAUNCH_TIMEOUT_MS);
    // Launch the app
    Context context = InstrumentationRegistry.getContext();
    final Intent intent = context.getPackageManager().getLaunchIntentForPackage(PACKAGE_APP_PATH);
    // Clear out any previous instances
    intent.addFlags(Intent.FLAG_ACTIVITY_CLEAR_TASK);
    context.startActivity(intent);
    // Wait for the app to appear
    mDevice.wait(Until.hasObject(By.pkg(PACKAGE_APP_PATH).depth(0)), LAUNCH_TIMEOUT_MS);
}

@Test
public void testClicksAndCheckResult() throws UiObjectNotFoundException {

    // Different ways to get components...
    UiObject bt5 = mDevice.findObject(new UiSelector().text("5"));
    UiObject btAdd = mDevice.findObject(new UiSelector().text("+").className("android.widget.Button"));
    UiObject bt7 = mDevice.findObject(new UiSelector().text("7"));
    UiObject btEq = mDevice.findObject(new UiSelector().resourceId(PACKAGE_APP_PATH+":id/buttonEqual"));

    bt5.click();
    btAdd.longClick();
    bt7.click();

    // Some controls are available on picked components
    if ( btEq.exists() && btEq.isEnabled() && btEq.isClickable() ) btEq.click();

    UiObject result = mDevice.findObject(new UiSelector().resourceId(PACKAGE_APP_PATH + ":id/tvScore"));
    assertEquals("12.0", result.getText()); // Thanks JUnit !
}
```



Monkey

```
adb shell monkey -p com.package.myApp --throttle 300 -s 123456 10
```

```
:Monkey: Seed=123456 count=10
:AllowPackage com.package.myApp
:IncludeCategory: android.intent.category.LAUNCHER
:IncludeCategory: android.intent.category.MONKEY
// Event percentages:
// 0: 15.0%
// 1: 10.0%
// 2: 2.0%
// 3: 15.0%
// 4: -0.0%
// 5: 25.0%
// 6: 15.0%
// 7: 2.0%
// 8: 2.0%
// 9: 1.0%
// 10: 13.0%
:Switch: #Intent;action=android.intent.action.MAIN;category=android.intent.category.LAUNCHER;launchFlags=0x10200000;component=com.package.myApp/.views
    // Allowing start of Intent { act=android.intent.action.MAIN cat=[android.intent.category.LAUNCHER] cmp=com.package.myApp/.views }
    .views
:Sending Touch (ACTION_DOWN): 0:(177.0,736.0)
:Sending Touch (ACTION_UP): 0:(165.56677,739.5863)
:Sending Trackball (ACTION_MOVE): 0:(-1.0,1.0)
Events injected: 10
:Sending rotation degree=0, persist=false
:Dropped: keys=0 pointers=0 trackballs=0 flips=0 rotations=0
## Network stats: elapsed time=1287ms (0ms mobile, 0ms wifi, 1287ms not connected)
// Monkey finished
```

```
adb shell monkey -p com.package.myApp --pct-touch 50 -pct-motion 25 --pct-trackball 25 10000
```



## Monkeyrunner

```
# Imports the monkeyrunner modules used by this program
from com.android.monkeyrunner import MonkeyRunner, MonkeyDevice

# Connects to the current device, returning a MonkeyDevice object
device = MonkeyRunner.waitForConnection()

# Installs the Android package. Notice that this method returns a boolean, so you can test
# to see if the installation worked.
device.installPackage('myproject/bin/MyApplication.apk')

# sets a variable with the package's internal name
package = 'com.example.android.myapplication'

# sets a variable with the name of an Activity in the package
activity = 'com.example.android.myapplication.MainActivity'

# sets the name of the component to start
runComponent = package + '/' + activity

# Runs the component
device.startActivity(component=runComponent)

# Presses the Menu button
device.press('KEYCODE_MENU', MonkeyDevice.DOWN_AND_UP)

# Takes a screenshot
result = device.takeSnapshot()

# Writes the screenshot to a file
result.writeToFile('myproject/shot1.png', 'png')
```



```
public class TestSample extends AppiumConfigTestSample /* <-- custom class with configuration */ {

    /**
     * Tests the swipe : from right to left and left to right
     */
    @org.junit.Test
    public void doSomeTests() throws Exception {

        // Swipe from right to left
        Dimension size = driver.manage().window().getSize();
        int startx = (int) (size.width * 0.9);
        int endx = (int) (size.width * 0.1);
        int startY = size.height / 2;
        driver.swipe(startx, startY, endx, startY, 1000 /*duration*/);

        try { Thread.sleep(1000); } catch ( InterruptedException ie ){}

        // Get items and click on them
        List<String> cell_names = new ArrayList<String>();
        for (WebElement cell : tags("android.widget.TextView")) {
            cell_names.add(cell.getAttribute("text"));
        }
        for (String cell_name : cell_names) {
            wait(for_text(cell_name)).click();
        }

        // A simple click
        new TouchAction(driver).tap(element(By.id("mypackage.myapp:id/fab"))).perform();
        wait(for_text("A dummy text to wait for"));

        // A long press
        new TouchAction(driver).longPress(element(By.id("mypackage.myapp:id/fab"))).perform();

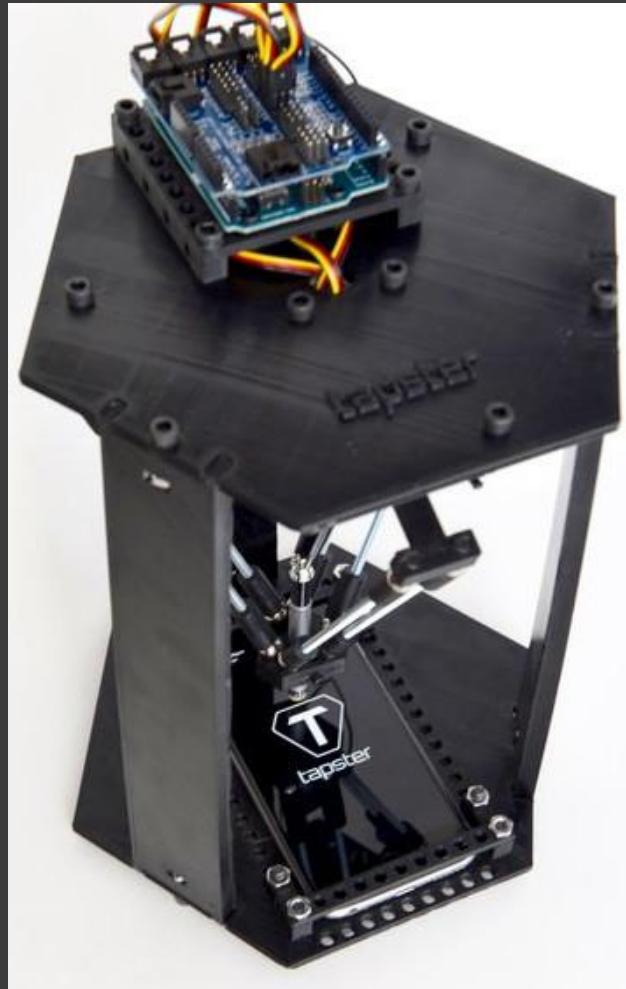
        // Find the activity "Dummy Activity", android:exported should be to true in the manifest
        driver.startActivity("mypackage.myapp", "mypackage.myapp.MyActivity");

        new TouchAction(driver).tap(element(for_find("An item's text !"))).perform();

        // Plays with seekbars...
        new TouchAction(driver).longPress(element(By.id("aleajactatest.appiumcalculator:id/seekBar"))).moveTo(100, 0).perform();

        // Open the menu
        driver.sendKeyEvent(AndroidKeyCode.MENU);
        // Open the notifications panel
        driver.openNotifications();
        // Locks the screen
        driver.lockScreen(3);

    }
}
```



```
# features/link_click.feature
Feature: Link Click

@javascript
Scenario: User clicks the link
Given I am on the homepage
When I click the provided link
Then I should see the link click confirmation

# features/step_definitions/link_click_steps.rb
Given(/^I am on the homepage$/) do
  visit root_path
end

When(/^I click the provided link$/) do
  click_on "js-click-me"
end

Then(/^I should see the link click confirmation$/) do
  expect(page).to have_content("Link Clicked")
end
```



```
*** Settings ***
Documentation Example test case using the gherkin syntax.

...
This test has a workflow similar to the keyword-driven examples. The difference is that the keywords use higher abstraction level and their arguments are embedded into the keyword names.

...
This kind of _gherkin_ syntax has been made popular by [http://cukes.info|Cucumber]. It works well especially when tests act as examples that need to be easily understood also by the business people.

Library CalculatorLibrary.py

*** Test Cases ***
Addition
Given calculator has been cleared
When user types "1 + 1"
and user pushes equals
Then result is "2"

*** Keywords ***
Calculator has been cleared
Push button    C

User types "${expression}"
Push buttons   ${expression}

User pushes equals
Push button    =

Result is "${result}"
Result should be ${result}
```

```
class CalculatorLibrary(object):
    """Test library for testing *Calculator* business logic.

Interacts with the calculator directly using its ``push`` method.

"""

def __init__(self):
    self._calc = Calculator()
    self._result = ''

def push_button(self, button):
    """Pushes the specified ``button``.

The given value is passed to the calculator directly. Valid buttons are everything that the calculator accepts.

Examples:
| Push Button | 1 |
| Push Button | C |

Use `Push Buttons` if you need to input longer expressions.
"""
    self._result = self._calc.push(button)

def push_buttons(self, buttons):
    """Pushes the specified ``buttons``.

Uses `Push Button` to push all the buttons that must be given as a single string. Possible spaces are ignored.

Example:
| Push Buttons | 1 + 2 = |
"""
    for button in buttons.replace(' ', ''):
        self.push_button(button)

def result_should_be(self, expected):
    """Verifies that the current result is ``expected``.

Example:
| Push Buttons | 1 + 2 = |
| Result Should Be | 3 |
"""
    if self._result != expected:
        raise AssertionError('%s != %s' % (self._result, expected))
```



```
describe("A spec (with setup and tear-down)", function() {
  var foo;

  beforeEach(function() {
    foo = 0;
    foo += 1;
  });

  afterEach(function() {
    foo = 0;
  });

  it("is just a function, so it can contain any code", function() {
    expect(foo).toEqual(1);
  });

  it("can have more than one expectation", function() {
    expect(foo).toEqual(1);
    expect(true).toEqual(true);
  });
});
```

```
// The dummy function to test
function isEven(val) {
    return val % 2 === 0;
}

// Let's test this function
test('isEven()', function() {
    ok(isEven(0), 'Zero is an even number');
    ok(isEven(2), 'So is two');
    ok(isEven(-4), 'So is negative four');
    ok(!isEven(1), 'One is not an even number');
    ok(!isEven(-7), 'Neither does negative seven');

    // Fails
    ok(isEven(3), 'Three is an even number');
})
```

## QUnit Test Suite

Hide passed tests  Hide missing tests (untested code is broken code)

Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US; rv:1.9.1.7)  
Gecko/20091221 Firefox/3.5.7

1. isEven() (1, 5, 6)

- 1. Zero is an even number
- 2. So is two
- 3. So is negative four
- 4. One is not an even number
- 5. Neither does negative seven
- 6. Three is an even number

Tests completed in 13 milliseconds.  
5 tests of 6 passed, 1 failed.



DolphinSpec.swift

Sea | Build Sea: Succeeded | Today at 10:33 PM

Nimble-iOSTests  
16 tests

Nimble-OSXTests  
16 tests

Quick-iOSTests  
0 tests

QuickTests  
0 tests

SeaTests  
2 tests, 1 failing

DolphinSpec

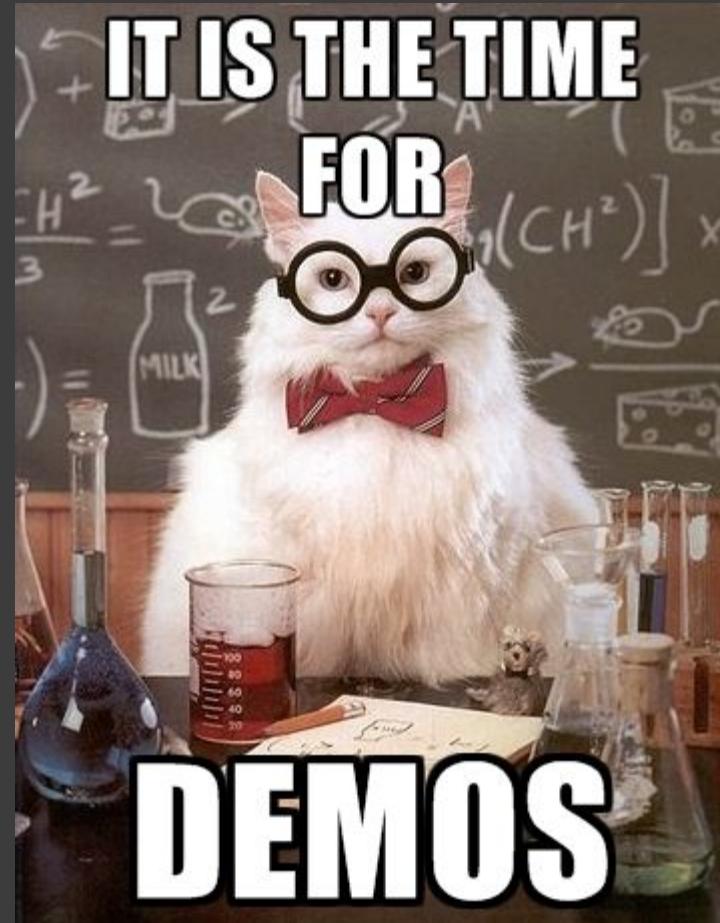
- a\_dolphin\_click\_when\_i... ✘
- a\_dolphin\_click\_when\_i... ✓

```
// DolphinSpec.swift
//
// import Quick
// import Nimble
// import Sea

class DolphinSpec: QuickSpec {
    override func spec() {
        describe("a dolphin") {
            var dolphin: Dolphin!
            beforeEach {
                let position = Position(longitude: 78.304129, latitude: 28.291769, depth: 20.0)
                dolphin = Dolphin(position: position)
                Ocean.sharedOcean.add(dolphin)
            }

            describe("click") {
                context("when it's not near anything interesting") {
                    it("emits only one click") {
                        expect(dolphin.click()).to(equal("Click!"))
                    }
                }

                context("when it's near something interesting") {
                    beforeEach {
                        let position = Position(longitude: 78.304129, latitude: 28.291769, depth: 20.0)
                        Ocean.sharedOcean.add(SunkenShip(position: position))
                    }
                    it("emits a series of clicks") {
                        expect(dolphin.click()).to(equal("Click, click, click!"))
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```



**IT IS THE TIME  
FOR  
DEMONS**

# one more slide

- les tests sont indispensables
- les développeurs sont de bons testeurs du code
- les utilisateurs sont de bons testeurs du produit
- ce ne sont pas les outils qui manquent...

# Merci !

[pylapp.github.io](http://pylapp.github.io)

Dura test, sed test. Alea jacta test !

# **HOW TO GET**



# **FUN LINKS?**

- Des frameworks de tests
  - Appium
    - <http://appium.io/>
  - Catch
    - <https://github.com/phlsquared/Catch>
  - Espresso
    - <https://google.github.io/android-testing-support-library/docs/espresso/>
  - Jasmine
    - <http://jasmine.github.io/>
  - JSUnit
    - <http://www.jsunit.net/>
  - JUnit
    - <http://junit.org/>
  - Mocha
    - <https://mochajs.org/>
  - Quick
    - <https://github.com/Quick/Quick>
  - QUnit
    - <https://qunitjs.com/>
  - Selendroid
    - <http://selendroid.io/>
  - Selenium
    - <http://www.seleniumhq.org/>
  - Robot Framework
    - <http://robotframework.org/>
  - Robolectric
    - <http://robolectric.org/>
  - Robotium
    - <http://robotium.com/>
  - UI Automator
    - <http://developer.android.com/tools/testing-support-library/index.html#UIAutomator>
  - UnitJS
    - <http://unitjs.com/>

- Des plateformes de tests
  - Google Cloud Test Lab
    - <https://developers.google.com/cloud-test-lab/>
  - Sauce Labs
    - <http://saucelabs.com/>
- Des robots de tests
  - Chrome Touch Bot
    - [http://www.frandroid.com/marques/google/291985\\_chrome-touchbot-robot-teste-reactivite-appareils-de-google](http://www.frandroid.com/marques/google/291985_chrome-touchbot-robot-teste-reactivite-appareils-de-google)
  - Rob5X
    - <http://www.keolabs.com/automation.html>
  - Tapster
    - <http://www.tapster.io/>
- Des ordonnanceurs
  - Jenkins
    - <https://jenkins-ci.org/>
  - Hudson
    - <http://hudson-ci.org/>
- D'autres outils
  - HP Quality Center
    - <https://saas.hpe.com/fr-fr/software/quality-center>
  - HP Application Lifecycle Management
    - <https://saas.hpe.com/fr-fr/software/application-lifecycle-management>

- D'autres liens chouettes
  - <http://fr.slideshare.net/tfrommen/an-introduction-to-software-testing>
  - <http://www.slideshare.net/UdayaSree/software-testing-life-cycle-presentation>
  - <http://blog.hubstaff.com/why-you-should-write-unit-tests/>
  - <http://blog.hubstaff.com/survey-many-developers-write-unit-tests/>
  - <http://artofunittesting.com/>
  - <http://programmers.stackexchange.com/questions/21133/how-to-write-good-unit-tests>
  - <http://blog.stevensanderson.com/2009/08/24/writing-great-unit-tests-best-and-worst-practises/>
  - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_unit\\_testing\\_frameworks](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_unit_testing_frameworks)
  - <http://android-developers.blogspot.fr/2015/12/leveraging-product-flavors-in-android.html>
  - <http://www.journaldugeek.com/2015/05/28/un-bug-qui-permet-a-un-sms-de-redemarrer-votre-iphone/>
  - <http://www.numerama.com/tech/135593-snfc-empeche-achat-de-billets-train-ter-sous-linux.html>
  - [https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Logiciel\\_unique\\_%C3%A0\\_vocation\\_interarm%C3%A9es\\_de\\_la\\_sold](https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Logiciel_unique_%C3%A0_vocation_interarm%C3%A9es_de_la_sold)
  - [http://www.marmiton.org/recettes/recette\\_pate-a-crepes-des-plus-raffinees\\_49665.aspx](http://www.marmiton.org/recettes/recette_pate-a-crepes-des-plus-raffinees_49665.aspx)
  - <http://radonc.wikidot.com/radiation-accident-therac25>
  - [http://users.csc.calpoly.edu/~jdalbey/SWE/Papers/att\\_collapse.html](http://users.csc.calpoly.edu/~jdalbey/SWE/Papers/att_collapse.html)
  - [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\\_p3QxI4736A](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_p3QxI4736A)
  - [https://www.nirgal.net/mco\\_end.html](https://www.nirgal.net/mco_end.html)
  - <https://google.github.io/android-testing-support-library/>
  - <https://google.github.io/android-testing-support-library/docs/androidjunitrunner-guide/index.html>
  - <https://github.com/googlesamples/android-testing>
  - <https://developer.android.com/tools/testing-support-library/index.html>
  - <https://medium.com/@nileshjarad/how-to-do-tdd-in-android-90f013d91d7f#.dhvrjw8ug>
  - <https://medium.com/@nileshjarad/why-developers-scared-to-refactor-code-47efd1b854e7#.ojtyerioc>
  - <https://developer.android.com/studio/test/monkey.html>
  - <https://developer.android.com/studio/test/monkeyrunner/index.html>
  - <https://cucumber.io/>
  - <http://blog.soat.fr/2011/06/introduction-au-behavior-driven-development/>
  - <https://dannorth.net/introducing-bdd/>
  - <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/tdd-vs-atdd-bdd-vahid-farahmandian>
  - <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/agile-development-difference-between-tddatdbdd-komal-sureka>
  - <https://gaboesquivel.com/blog/2014/differences-between-tdd-atdd-and-bdd/>

