

Reg. No.: 23MCA1030

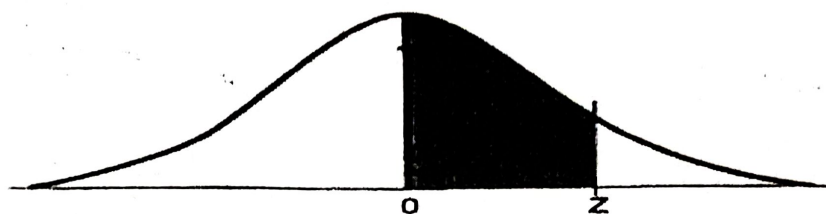
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**VIT**Vellore Institute of Technology
(Approved by the Council for Higher Education, India, Act 1956)**Continuous Assessment Test II – October 2023**

Programme	: MCA	Semester	: Fall 2023-2024
Course Title	: Probability and Statistics	Code	: PMAT501L
		Slot	: E1+TE1
Faculty	: Dr. Saroj Kumar Dash	Class No.	: CH2023240101711
Time	: 90 Minutes	Max. Marks	: 50

Answer ALL the Questions (5x10 = 50)

Q.No.	Sub. Sec.	Question Description	Marks
1.	G.2	Suppose X follows <u>uniform distribution</u> from 10 to 50. (i) Define the PDF and CDF for this X . And draw these two functions. (ii) Determine $P(X < 23 X > 15)$.	[4+6]
2.	G.2 G.4	The length of life, in hours, of a drill bit in a mechanical operation has <u>Weibull distribution</u> with parameters α and β . (i) Find the values of α and β if the failure rate of the given Weibull distribution is: $Z(t) = \frac{1}{t^{2/3}}$. (ii) Find the probability that the bit will work even after 10 hours of usage.	[4+6]
3.	G.2 G.4	Suppose the <u>random variable</u> $X \sim \text{Beta}(\alpha, \beta)$, such that $\alpha + \beta = 5$ and the standard deviation of X , $\sigma = \frac{1}{5}$. (i) Find the values of α, β and the $E[X]$. (ii) And also find the probability that $X > \frac{1}{3}$.	[6+4]
4.	G.2	A controlled satellite is known to have an error (distance from the target) that is <u>normally distributed</u> with mean 2 feet and standard deviation 4 feet. The satellite mission defines a success if the satellite comes within 10 feet of the target. (i) Compute the probability that the mission fails. (ii) Compute the probability that out of 5 mission at most one mission fails.	[5+5]
5.	G.2	The traveller A's travel time follows <u>Normal</u> (15, 3) in minutes to reach the place B. (i) To get 99% success to reach the place B at 9am, what time the traveller A must start. (ii) To get 99% failure to reach the place B at 9am, what time the traveller A must start.	[5+5]



This table presents the area between the mean and the Z score. When $Z=1.96$, the shaded area is 0.4750.

Areas Under the Standard Normal Curve

Z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0.0	0.0000	0.0040	0.0080	0.0120	0.0160	0.0199	0.0239	0.0279	0.0319	0.0359
0.1	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0753
0.2	.0793	.0832	.0871	.0910	.0948	.0987	.1026	.1064	.1103	.1141
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
0.4	.1554	.1591	.1628	.1664	.1700	.1736	.1772	.1808	.1844	.1879
0.5	.1915	.1950	.1985	.2019	.2054	.2088	.2123	.2157	.2190	.2224
0.6	.2257	.2291	.2324	.2357	.2389	.2422	.2454	.2486	.2517	.2549
0.7	.2580	.2611	.2642	.2673	.2704	.2734	.2764	.2794	.2823	.2852
0.8	.2881	.2910	.2939	.2967	.2995	.3023	.3051	.3078	.3106	.3133
0.9	.3159	.3186	.3212	.3238	.3264	.3289	.3315	.3340	.3365	.3389
1.0	.3413	.3438	.3461	.3485	.3508	.3531	.3554	.3577	.3599	.3621
1.1	.3643	.3665	.3686	.3708	.3729	.3749	.3770	.3790	.3810	.3830
1.2	.3849	.3869	.3888	.3907	.3925	.3944	.3962	.3980	.3997	.4015
1.3	.4032	.4049	.4066	.4082	.4099	.4115	.4131	.4147	.4162	.4177
1.4	.4192	.4207	.4222	.4236	.4251	.4265	.4279	.4292	.4306	.4319
1.5	.4332	.4345	.4357	.4370	.4382	.4394	.4406	.4418	.4429	.4441
1.6	.4452	.4463	.4474	.4484	.4495	.4505	.4515	.4525	.4535	.4545
1.7	.4554	.4564	.4573	.4582	.4591	.4599	.4608	.4616	.4625	.4633
1.8	.4641	.4649	.4656	.4664	.4671	.4678	.4686	.4693	.4699	.4706
1.9	.4713	.4719	.4726	.4732	.4738	.4744	.4750	.4756	.4761	.4767
2.0	.4772	.4778	.4783	.4788	.4793	.4798	.4803	.4808	.4812	.4817
2.1	.4821	.4826	.4830	.4834	.4838	.4842	.4846	.4850	.4854	.4857
2.2	.4861	.4864	.4868	.4871	.4875	.4878	.4881	.4884	.4887	.4890
2.3	.4893	.4896	.4898	.4901	.4904	.4906	.4909	.4911	.4913	.4916
2.4	.4918	.4920	.4922	.4925	.4927	.4929	.4931	.4932	.4934	.4936
2.5	.4938	.4940	.4941	.4943	.4945	.4946	.4948	.4949	.4951	.4952
2.6	.4953	.4955	.4956	.4957	.4959	.4960	.4961	.4962	.4963	.4964
2.7	.4965	.4966	.4967	.4968	.4969	.4970	.4971	.4972	.4973	.4974
2.8	.4974	.4975	.4976	.4977	.4977	.4978	.4979	.4979	.4980	.4981
2.9	.4981	.4982	.4982	.4983	.4984	.4984	.4985	.4985	.4986	.4986
3.0	.4987	.4987	.4987	.4988	.4988	.4989	.4989	.4989	.4990	.4990
3.1	.4990	.4991	.4991	.4991	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4993	.4993
3.2	.4993	.4993	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4995	.4995
3.3	.4995	.4995	.4995	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4997
3.4	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4998
3.6	.4998	.4998	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999
3.9	.5000									

Source: Adapted by permission from *Statistical Methods* by George W. Snedecor and William G. Cochran, sixth edition © 1967 by The Iowa State University Press, Ames, Iowa, p. 548.

