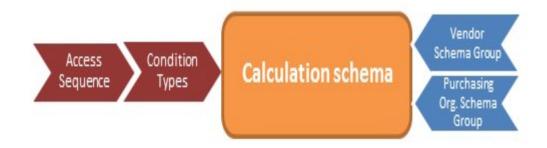
PRICING PROCEDURE

The main concept of pricing procedure is combination of different pricing parameters.

Example Gross price, discount, freight & Surcharges etc,



Steps Involved in the Pricing procedure:

Step 1: Maintain Condition table

Step 2: Define Access Sequence

Step 3 : Define Condition Types

Step 4: Define calculation Schema

Step 5 : Define schema group

Step 6: Define schema of Determination

Step 7: Assign schema of vendor to Normal vendor

Step 8: Maintain condition record

Step 9 : Create Purchase order

Path to customize the pricing procedure are as follows:

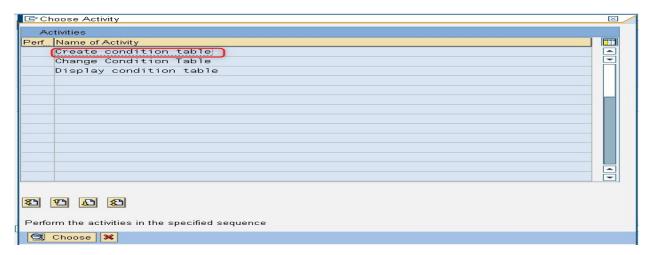
SPRO => Materials Management => Purchasing => Conditions => Define Price determination process



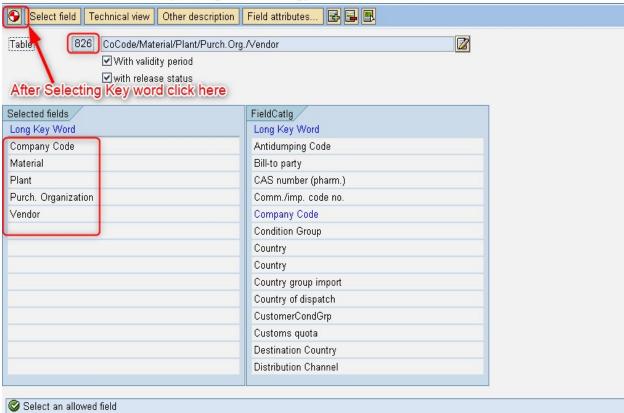
Step 1: Maintain Condition Table:

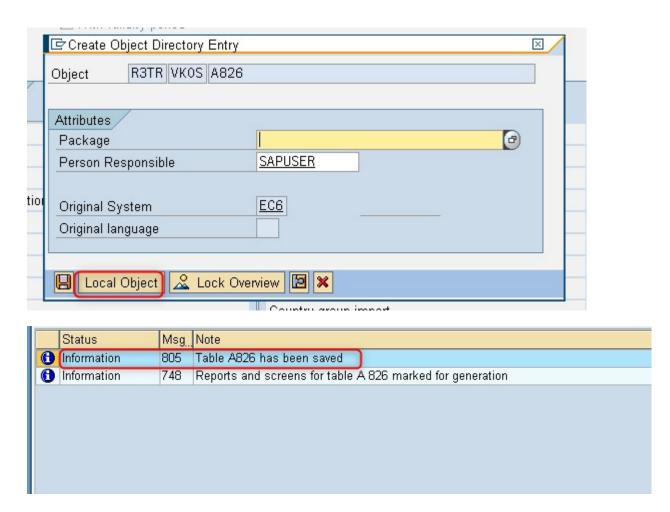
In this table we can save the all fields with combination for individual condition record.

Note: Create a condition table apart from the SAP standards.



Create Condition Table (Pricing Purchasing): Field Overview





Hence we save this Condition table it takes the table number as 826 as shown in figure.

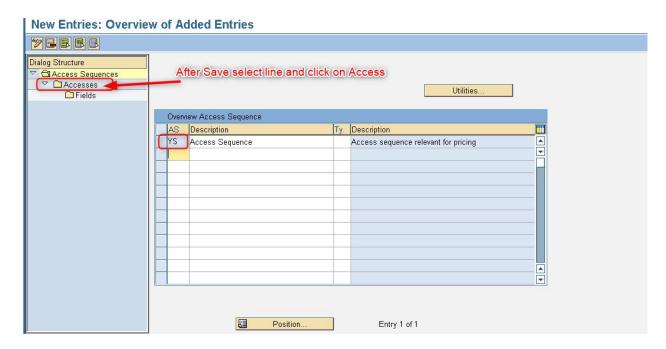
Step 2: Define Access Sequence:

The main thing of access sequence is it search condition record for condition type from condition table.

One access sequence contains many condition table.

The main function of access sequence it helps to determine the condition type wrt vendor & purchase organization.

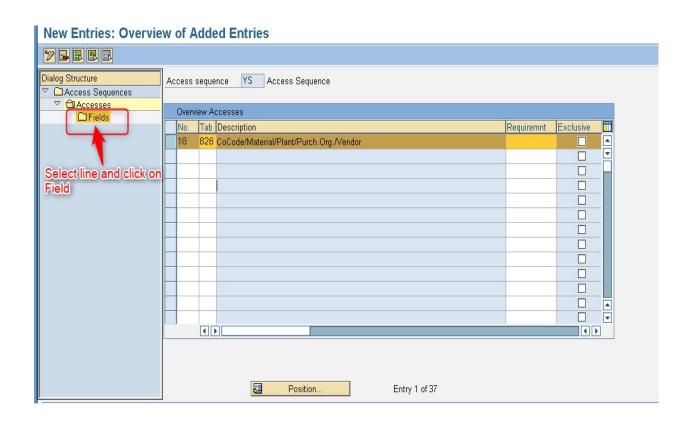
Click On Define Access sequence => New Entries

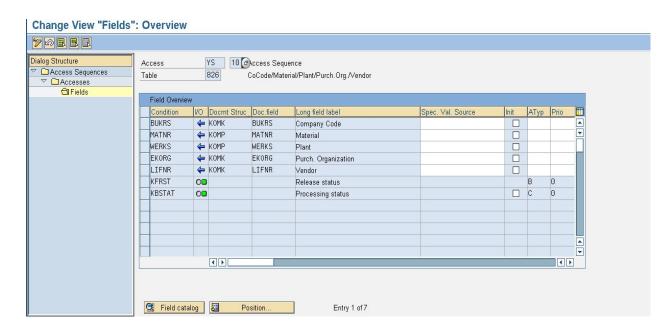


In this process will add the Condition table & their fields in the existing access sequence.

I.e. we will add Condition Table 826 in the Access sequence YS.





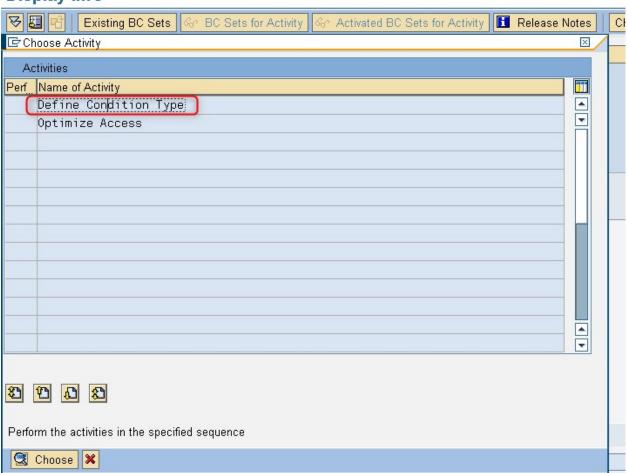


Step 3: Define Condition Types:

Condition type is used for different types of charges like Gross price , Discount , Freight , & Surcharges Etc,

We can have our own condition type by creating new entries or copying from other as per business requirement, In our case we are using the New Condition Types for Gross price, Freight & Surcharges by copying from SAP standards

Display IMG



i) Create Gross price condition type
Copy from PB00 and define Y001 and assign to access sequence YS

Condit. type	Y001 Gross Price	Access seq.	YS 🗗 oss Price
	,		Records for access
Control data 1			
Cond. class	B Prices		Plus/minus positive a
Calculat.type	C Quantity		
Cond.category	H Basic price		
Rounding rule	Commercial		
StrucCond.			
Group condition			
Group cond.		GrpCond.routine	
RoundDiffComp			
Changes which can	be made		
Manual entries	No limitations		
Header condit.		✓ Amount/percent	t ☑ Qty relation
✓ Item condition	☐ Delete	□Value	Calculat.type
Master data	_		
valid from	Today's date	PricingProc	RM0002
Valid to	31.12.9999	delete fr. DB	Do not delete (set the deletion fla 🖺
Specify target e	ntries		

ii) Create Freight % condition typeCopy from FRA1 and define SLYF and assign to access sequence YS.

Change View "Conditions: Condition Types": Details of Selected Set SLYF Freight % Access seq. YS 3 Condit. type Records for access Control data 1 A Discount or surcharge Cond. class Plus/minus positive a Calculat.type A Percentage Cond.category B Delivery costs Rounding rule Commercial StrucCond. Group condition Group cond. GrpCond.routine RoundDiffComp Changes which can be made Manual entries No limitations ✓ Amount/percent Qty relation Header condit. ✓ Item condition ✓ Delete □Value Calculat.type Master data valid from Today's date PricingProc Valid to 31.12.9999 delete fr. DB Do not delete (set the deletion fla 🖺

Note: While defining Freight condition type we check mark on the Accruals as below shown in figure

Control data 2			A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A -
Currency conv.	Promotion Cond.	Exclusion	
✓ Accruals	☐ Variant cond.		
☐ Inv.list cond.	Qty conversion	Vendor in GR	No entry possible
☐ Int-comBillCond	Copy shp. costs	Rel.Acc.Assig	Relevant for account ass

iii) Create Surcharge % on Gross condition type Copy from ZA01 and define SLYS and assign to access sequence YS.

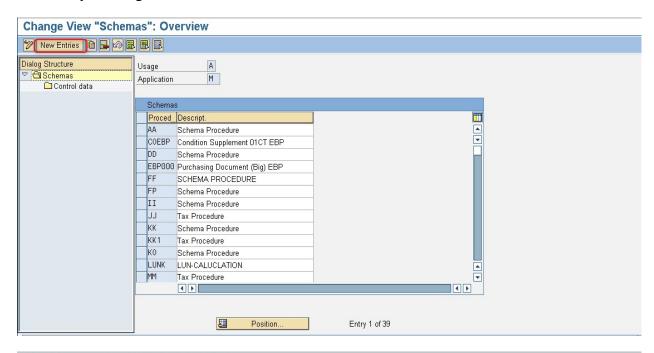
Change View "Conditions: Condition Types": Details of Selected Set

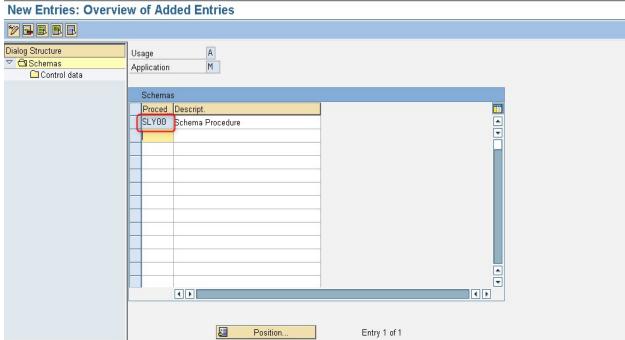
3	and the second of the second s	71	
Condit. type	SLYS Surcharge % on Gross	Access seq.	YS 🗗
			Records for access
Control data 1			
Cond. class	A Discount or surcharge		Plus/minus positive a
Calculat.type	A Percentage		
Cond.category	C Insurance		
Rounding rule	Commercial		
StrucCond.			
Group condition			
Group cond.		GrpCond.routine	
RoundDiffComp)		
'			
Changes which ca	n he made		
Manual entries	No limitations		
✓ Header condit.		✓ Amount/percent	Qty relation
✓ Item condition	✓ Delete	□Value	☐ Calculat.type
Master data			
valid from	Today's date	PricingProc	
Valid to	31.12.9999	delete fr. DB	Do not delete (set the deletion fla 🖺
		30.0.0 0.0	

Step 4: Define calculation Schema:

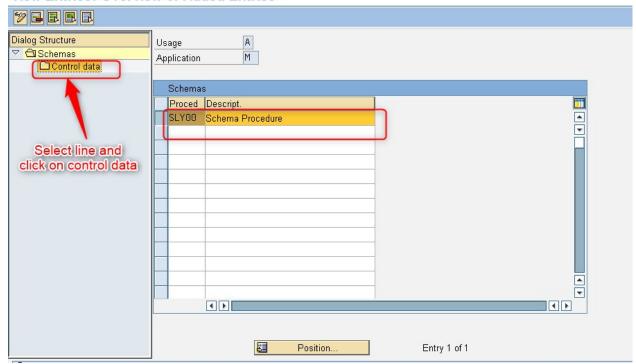
Here we maintain the sequence for the pricing calculation

We have created the new Calculation Schema SLY00 as shown in figure, we can create as per our own by clicking in New Entries Tab

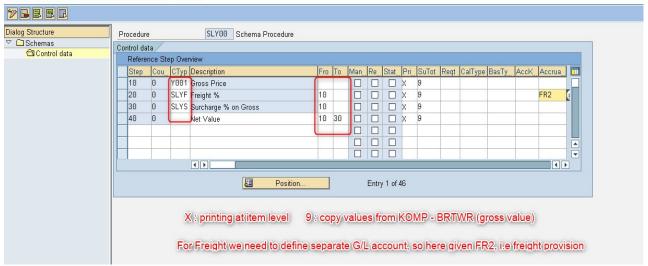




New Entries: Overview of Added Entries



New Entries: Overview of Added Entries



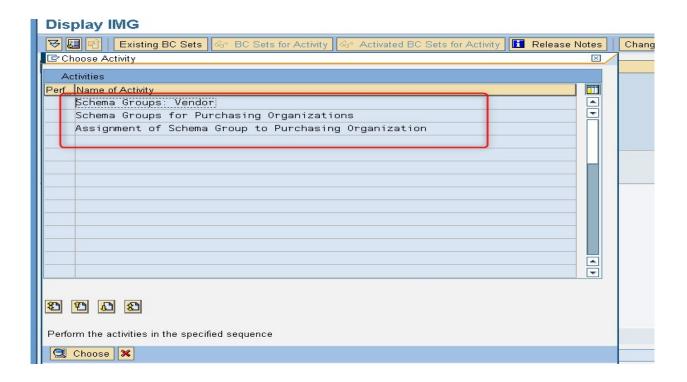
Step 5: Define schema group:

In this step we will define the schema group for vendor & the purchase organization. Then we will assign to respective vendors and purchase organization.

This further divided into sub steps as shown in figure below:

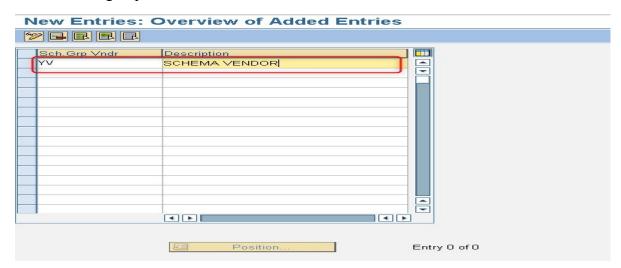
a. Schema Groups: Vendor

- b. Schema Groups for Purchasing Organizations
- c. Assignment of Schema Group to Purchasing Organization.



i) Schema group vendor

New Schema group vendor created as YV



ii) Schema Groups for Purchasing OrganizationsSchema Groups for Purchasing Organizations as YP



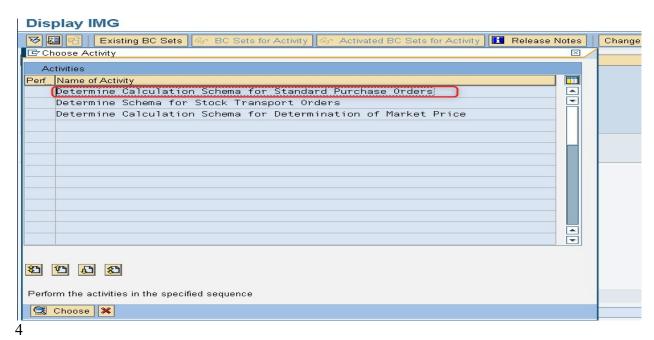
iii) Assignment of Schema Group to Purchasing Organization

We will assign Purchasing Organization 1000 to Schema Group YP

Change View "Assignment of Schema Group to Purchasing Organ POrg Desc. Pur. Org Sch. Grp Pur. Org 1000 IDES Deutschland 1500 Purch org EKORG 2 2000 IDES UK 2100 IDES Portugal 2200 IDES France 2300 IDES Spanien 2400 IDES Italien 2500 IDES Niederlande 2700 IDES Schweiz 2800 Purch org 3000 IDES USA 3001 IDES USA ED 3010 Euro Subsidiary - Be 3050 LIDES UK 3111 OEM US **4** 4 b **3** Position. Entry 7 of 100

Step 6: Define schema of Determination:

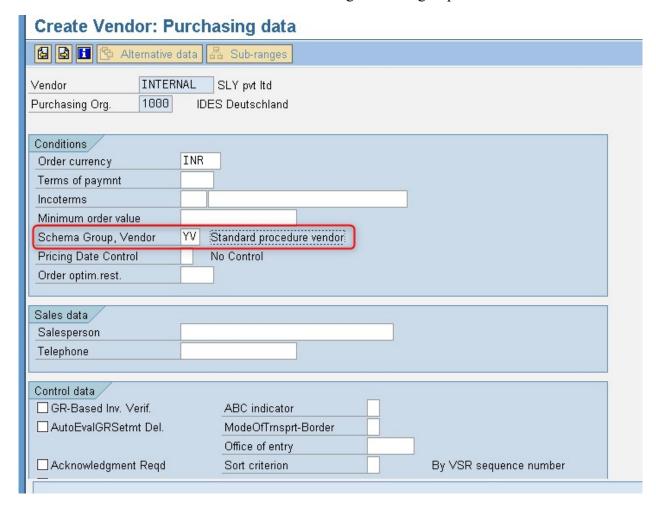
In this Step we will assign the Calculation schema and schema groups together for Purchase Order functioning

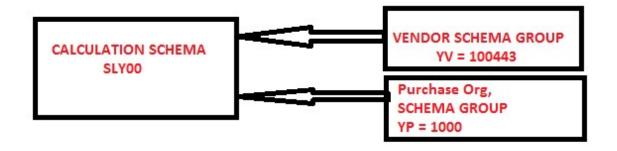


Step 7: Assign schema of vendor to Normal vendor:

Now we will assign the schema group vendor in its master data of the vendors. This is to be assigned in the purchasing view of the Vendor master data.

In this Case we will take vendor as 100443 and assign schema group vendor YV in it.





Referring the above Configurations, updating the flow chart

Step 8: Maintain condition record:

Tcode: MEK1

Path:

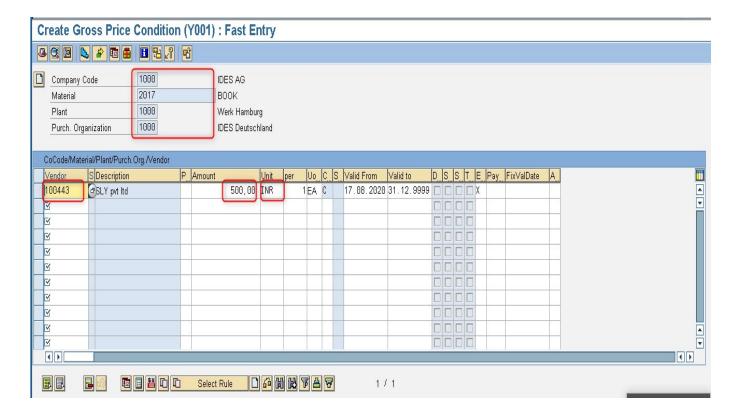
Logistics → Materials Management → Purchasing → Master Data → Conditions →

Other → Create

We created a new condition table 826; now let us put the condition values for condition type

i) Gross Price – Y001

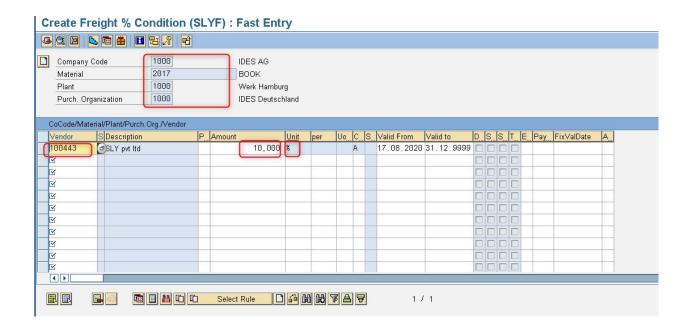




ii) Freight % - SLYF

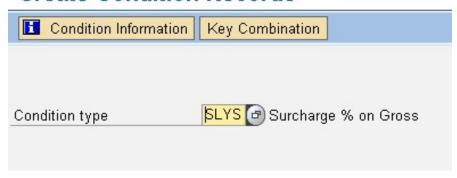
Create Condition Records

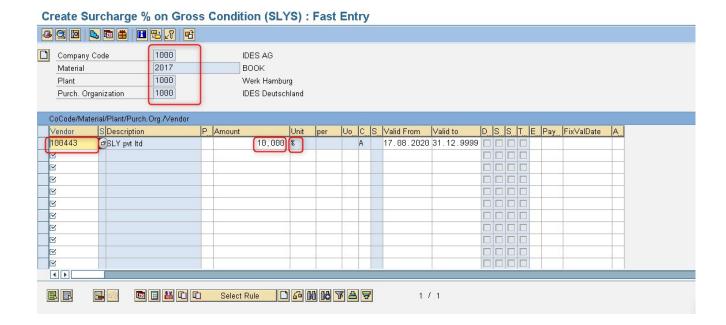




iii) Surcharges % on gross – SLYS

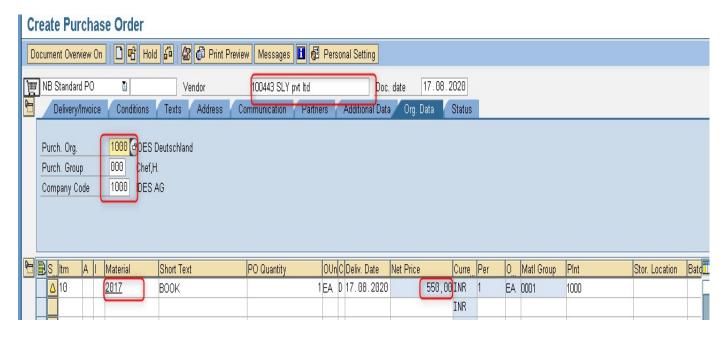
Create Condition Records

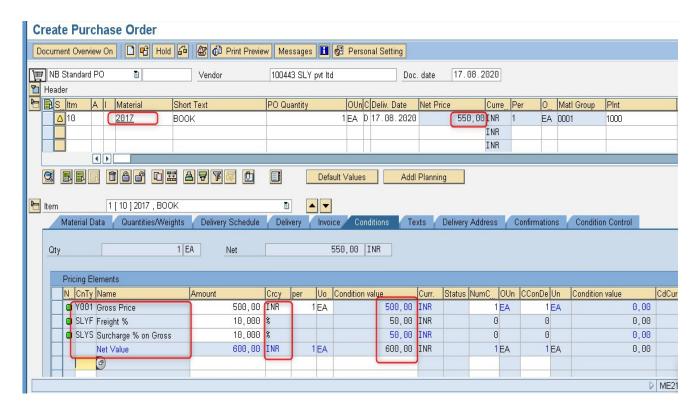




Step 9: Create Purchase order:

Now we will create the PO using the Vendor & Purchase Organization combination & observe the Pricing Procedure as per our customization.





The Pricing of the material can be seen in the item level Condition type then go to the analysis tab as shown in above figure

Standard PO created under the number 4500017387

Summary: To learn about the Pricing Procedure in Purchase order, we created the new Condition table & assigned the value in its field & observed from which price is triggered from Condition table. Also we saw Customization of the Pricing Procedure