

Quick Sort

Friday, October 27, 2023 9:35 AM

EXAMPLE ONE

LeftIndex - Keeps incrementing until it finds value **larger** than pivot

RightIndex - Keep decrementing until it finds value **smaller than** pivot

```
[3, 12, 15, 9, 6, 2, 10]
[3, 12, 15, 9, 6, 2, 10] <-swap
[3, 2, 15, 9, 6, 12, 10]
[3, 2, 15, 9, 6, 12, 10] <-swap
[3, 2, 6, 9, 15, 12, 10] <- first round of quick sort is complete
[3, 2, 6, 9, 15, 12, 10] <-rightIndex > leftIndex (condition to stop)
```

[3, 2, 6] and [9, 15, 12, 10] <- partitions

```
[3, 2, 6]
[3, 2, 6] <-swap
[2, 3, 6]
[2, 3, 6] <-rightIndex > leftIndex (condition to stop)
```

```
[9, 15, 12, 10]
[9, 15, 12, 10] <- swap
[9, 10, 12, 15]
[9, 10, 12, 15] <-rightIndex > leftIndex (condition to stop)
```

EXAMPLE TWO

```
[15, 5, 24, 8, 1, 3, 16, 10] <-swap
[10, 5, 24, 8, 1, 3, 16, 15]
[10, 5, 24, 8, 1, 3, 16, 15]
[10, 5, 24, 8, 1, 3, 16, 15] <- swap
[10, 5, 3, 8, 1, 24, 16, 15]
[10, 5, 3, 8, 1, 24, 16, 15] <- swap
[10, 5, 3, 1, 8, 24, 16, 15]
[10, 5, 3, 1, 8, 24, 16, 15] <-rightIndex > leftIndex (condition to stop)
```

[10, 5, 3, 1] and [8, 24, 16, 15] <- partitions

```
[10, 5, 3, 1] <- swap
[1, 5, 3, 10]
[1, 5, 3, 10] <- swap
[1, 3, 5, 10]
[1, 3, 5, 10] <-rightIndex > leftIndex (condition to stop)
```

```
[8, 24, 16, 15]
[8, 24, 16, 15] <-swap
```

[8,15,16,24]

[8,15,16,24] <-rightIndex > leftIndex (condition to stop)

StackAsArray

maxSize

Constructor:

Int* stack = new int[maxSize]

top = -1

Pop(){

// checking if stack is not empty

if(top >= 0)

top--;

}

Push(int x){

// checking if stack is full

if(top+1 < maxSize){

Top++

Arr[top] = x

}

}