

# **COSC2436: Recursion**

# Recursion

What is the output of fun(4)?

```
void fun(int x) {  
    if (x >= 1) {  
        fun(--x) ;  
        --x ;  
        fun(x-2) ;  
        cout << x << endl ;  
    }  
}
```

# Recursion

What is the output of fun(4)?

```
void fun(int x) {  
    if (x >= 1) {  
        fun(--x);  
        --x;  
        fun(x-2);  
        cout << x << endl;  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT:

-1

0

1

2

# Recursion

For the function below, what values of  $n$  will cause an infinite loop?

```
int fun(int n) {  
    if(n % 2 == 1)  
        return n;  
    return fun(n/2) ;  
}
```

# Recursion

For the function below, what values of  $n$  will cause an infinite loop?

```
int fun(int n) {  
    if(n % 2 == 1)  
        return n;  
    return fun(n/2) ;  
}
```

**ANSWER: When  $n \leq 0$**

# Recursion

**Write a recursive function to find the sum of the first n natural numbers. Example: Given 4, the function would return 10 since  $1+2+3+4 = 10$ .**

```
int getSum(int n) {  
  
  
  
  
  
  
}
```

# Recursion

**Write a recursive function to find the sum of the first n natural numbers. Example: Given 4, the function would return 10 since  $1+2+3+4 = 10$ .**

```
int getSum(int n) {  
    if (n == 1)  
        return 1;  
    return n + getSum(n-1) ;  
}
```

# Recursion

**Write the function *factorial* which returns the factorial for a given number *n*.**

```
int factorial(int n) {
```

}



# Recursion

Write the function *factorial* which returns the factorial for a given number *n*.

```
int factorial(int n) {  
    if(n == 0 || n == 1)  
        return 1;  
    return n * factorial(n-1) ;  
}
```

# Recursion

Write the function *fibonacci* which returns the *n*th fibonacci of a given number *n*.

```
int fibonacci(int n) {
```

```
}
```

# Recursion

Write the function *fibonacci* which returns the *n*th fibonacci of a given number *n*.

```
int fibonacci(int n) {  
    if(n <= 1)  
        return n;  
    return fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2) ;  
}
```

# Recursion

Given a positive integer, write the function *sumOfDigits* which uses recursion to find the sum of the digits of a given integer *x*.

```
int sumOfDigits(int x) {
```

```
}
```

# Recursion

Given a positive integer, write the function *sumOfDigits* which uses recursion to find the sum of the digits of a given integer *x*.

```
int sumOfDigits(int x) {  
    if(n < 10)  
        return n;  
    return n % 10 + sumOfDigits(n/10) ;  
}
```

# Recursion

**You are climbing a staircase that takes  $n$  steps to reach the top. You can either climb 1 or 2 steps at a time. Write the function *climbStairs* which returns the number of distinct ways in which you can climb to the top of a staircase with  $n$  stairs.**

```
int climbStairs(int n) {
```

# Recursion

You are climbing a staircase that takes  $n$  steps to reach the top. You can either climb 1 or 2 steps at a time. Write the function *climbStairs* which returns the number of distinct ways in which you can climb to the top of a staircase with  $n$  stairs.

```
int climbStairs(int n) {  
    if (n <= 0)  
        return 1;  
    return climbStairs(n-1) + climbStairs(n-2);  
}
```

# Recursion

**Write the function *printBackwards* which prints a given string *str* backwards.**

```
void printBackwards (string str, int size) {
```

}



# Recursion

Write the function *printBackwards* which prints a given string *str* backwards.

```
void printBackwards(string str, int size) {  
    if(size == 0)  
        return;  
    cout << str[size-1];  
    printBackwards(str, size-1);  
}
```

# Recursion

# Write a recursive function to find the minimum element of an array.

```
int getMin(int arr[ ], int size){
```

}

# Recursion

**Write a recursive function to find the minimum element of an array.**

```
int getMin(int arr[ ], int size){  
    if(size == 1)  
        return arr[0];  
    else if(arr[size-1] < getMin(arr, size-1))  
        return arr[size-1];  
    return getMin(arr, size-1);  
}
```