

TC39 스펙에 대한 주관적 참견 시점
서 재원(@ENvironmentSet)

Making Programming Language

Standard

JavaScript

- 넷스케이프의 엔지니어 '브랜던 아이크'
- Mocha → LiveScript → JavaScript
- 넷스케이프 네비게이터 2.0 베타에서 공개

JScript

- 마이크로소프트
- JavaScript → Jscript
- 인터넷 익스플로러 3.0 에서 공개

ECMAScript

- ECMA 재단 'TC(Technical Committee) 39'
- JavaScript + Jscript → ECMAScript
- ECMA-262 1판에서 공개

Proposal

The TC39 Process

- Stage 0, Strawman - 아이디어
- Stage 1, Proposal - 제안서
- Stage 2, Draft - 불완전한 명세
- Stage 3, Candidate - 완전한 명세
- Stage 4, Finished - 표준

Contribute

컨트리뷰트 할 대상 찾기

- TC39 github (github.com/tc39)
- tc39/ecma262 (현재 표준)
- tc39/proposals (proposal들)

tc39/ecma262

- 최신 자바스크립트 표준 문서가 보관되어있는 저장소
- 현재 표준에 있는 문제점이 주 이슈

tc39/proposals

- tc39에 제출된 모든 proposal 들이 보관되어있는 저장소
- 모든 proposal 들의 진행 사항을 한 눈에 볼 수 있다

proposal-xxxxxx

- tc39에 제출된 proposal의 전용 저장소
- 문제점, 추가 기능 등이 주 된 이슈

decorator

proposal-decorators

- 자바스크립트에 데코레이터를 추가하는 proposal
- 다른 여러 proposal 들에 기반하여 제작되었다
- Class fields(클래스의 필드를 정의하는 문법 추가)
- Private methods(클래스의 private 메서드를 정의하는 문법 추가)
- Orthogonal Classes(클래스와 관련된 좋은 문법들을 만드는 방법)

ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation

2.11 Runtime Semantics: ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation

With parameters *placement* and *homeObject*.

FieldDefinition : *ClassElementName* *Initializer*

1. Let *fieldName* be the result of evaluating *ClassElementName*.
2. ReturnIfAbrupt(*fieldName*).
3. If *Initializer_{opt}* is present,
 - a. Let *lex* be the Lexical Environment of the running execution context.
 - b. Let *formalParameterList* be an instance of the production *FormalParameters* : [empty] .
 - c. Let *initializer* be FunctionCreate(*Method*, *formalParameterList*, *Initializer*, *lex*, *true*).
 - d. Perform MakeMethod(*initializer*, *homeObject*).
 - e. Let *isAnonymousFunctionDefinition* be IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition(*Initializer*).
4. Else,
 - a. Let *initializer* be empty.
 - b. Let *isAnonymousFunctionDeclaration* be *false*.
5. If *key* is a Private Name,
 - a. Let *enumerable* be *false*.
 - b. Let *configurable* be *false*.
 - c. Let *writable* be *false*.
6. Else,
 - a. Let *enumerable* be *true*.
 - b. Let *configurable* be *true*.
 - c. Let *writable* be *true*.
7. Let *desc* be the PropertyDescriptor {[[Value]]: *closure*, [[Writable]]: *writable*, [[Enumerable]]: *enumerable*, [[Configurable]]: *configurable*}.
8. Return a List containing Record { [[Name]]: *fieldName*, [[Initializer]]: *initializer*, [[Descriptor]]: *desc* [[Placement]]: *placement*, [[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]: *isAnonymousFunctionDefinition* }.

- 클래스 필드 선언을 평가하는 서브루틴
- 평가된 클래스 필드의 정보들을 모아 둔 객체를 반환한다.

ClassElementEvaluation

3.2 Runtime Semantics: ClassElementEvaluation

With parameters *homeObject*, *enumerable* and *placement*.

ClassElementEvaluation returns a List of *ElementDescriptor* Records.

ClassElement : *DecoratorList* *MethodDefinition*

1. If *DecoratorList* is present, let *decorators* be the result of performing *DecoratorListEvaluation* of *DecoratorList*.
2. **ReturnLet** *elements* be ? *ClassElementEvaluation* of *MethodDefinition* with arguments ! *Get*(*homeObject*, "prototype"), *enumerable*, and "prototype".
3. If *DecoratorList* is present, for *element* in *elements*, set *element*[[*Decorators*]] to *decorators*.
4. **Return** *elements*.

ClassElement : *DecoratorList* **static** *MethodDefinition*

1. If *DecoratorList* is present, let *decorators* be the result of performing *DecoratorListEvaluation* of *DecoratorList*.
2. **ReturnLet** *elements* be ? *ClassElementEvaluation* of *MethodDefinition* with arguments *homeObject*, *enumerable* and "static".
3. If *DecoratorList* is present, for *element* in *elements*, set *element*[[*Decorators*]] to *decorators*.
4. **Return** *elements*.

ClassElement : *DecoratorList* **static** *FieldDefinition* ;

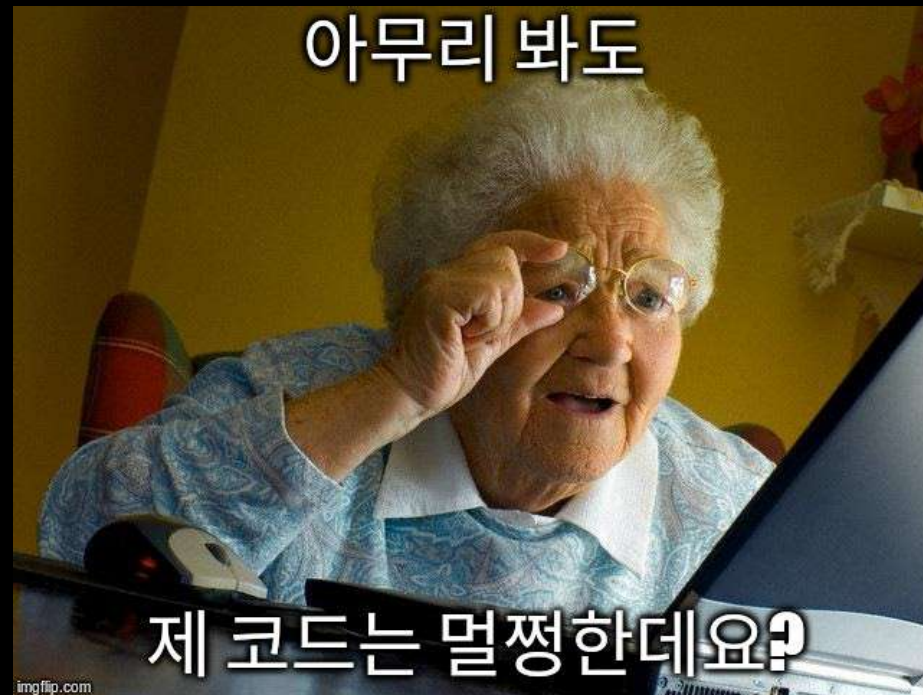
1. If *DecoratorList* is present, let *decorators* be the result of performing *DecoratorListEvaluation* of *DecoratorList*.
2. **ReturnLet** *elements* be ? *ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation* of *FieldDefinition* with parameters "static" and *homeObject*.
3. If *DecoratorList* is present, for *element* in *elements*, set *element*[[*Decorators*]] to *decorators*.
4. **Return** *elements*.

ClassElement : *DecoratorList* *FieldDefinition* ;

1. If *DecoratorList* is present, let *decorators* be the result of performing *DecoratorListEvaluation* of *DecoratorList*.
2. **ReturnLet** *elements* be ? *ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation* of *FieldDefinition* with parameters "own" and ! *Get*(*homeObject*, "prototype").
3. If *DecoratorList* is present, for *element* in *elements*, set *element*[[*Decorators*]] to *decorators*.
4. **Return** *elements*.

- 클래스의 엘리먼트 선언을 평가하는 서브루틴
- *ClassFieldDefintionEvaluation* 을 호출하고 그 결과를 조금 가공해서 반환하고 있다.

그래서 뭐가 문제죠?



다시 살펴봅시다

ClassElementEvaluation returns a List of ElementDescriptor Records.

ElementDescriptor

2.1.1 The ElementDescriptor Specification Type

The *ElementDescriptor* is a [Record](#) used to represent class elements at runtime. Values of the `ElementDescriptor` type are [Record](#) values whose fields are defined as by [Table 1](#). Unless otherwise specified, every field is always present.

[Permalink](#) [Pin](#) [References \(1\)](#)

Table 1: `ElementDescriptor` fields

Field Name	Value
[[Kind]]	One of "method" or "field"
[[Key]]	A Property Key or <code>%PrivateName%</code> object
[[Descriptor]]	A Property Descriptor
[[Placement]]	One of "static" , "prototype" , or "own"
[[Initializer]]	A function or empty. This field can be absent.
[[Decorators]]	A List of ECMAScript language values. This field can be absent.

ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation

Return a `List` containing `Record` { `[[Name]]`: *fieldName*, `[[Initializer]]`: *initializer*, `[[Descriptor]]`: *desc* `[[Placement]]`: *placement*, `[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]`: *isAnonymousFunctionDefinition* }.

엇갈린 서브루틴

- ClassElementEvaluation 은 ElementDescriptor를 반환한다
- ClassElementEvaluation 은 ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation의 반환값을 조작하여 사용한다
- ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation 은 ElementDescriptor를 반환하지 않는다
- 두 서브루틴의 동작이 어긋났다!

문제를 고쳐 봅시다



Issue #107

ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation of FieldDefinitionList doesn't return List of ElementDescriptor Record #107



EnvironmentSet opened this issue on 23 May · 4 comments



EnvironmentSet commented on 23 May · edited

Contributor



[ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation](#) in [Private Method proposal spec](#)

In line 5 of [ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation](#).

```
5. Return a List containing Record { [[Name]]: fieldName, [[Initializer]]: initializer, [[Pla
```

and it is also return value of [ClassElementEvaluation](#)

And, [ClassElementEvaluation](#) returns only List of [ElementDescriptor](#).

[ClassElementEvaluation](#) returns a List of [ElementDescriptor](#) Records.

But, In [ElementDescriptor](#) Record. There is only `[[Key]]` field, not `[[Name]]`
(and [ElementDescriptor](#) requires `[[Descriptor]]` field either)

It's seems need change step of [ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation](#).
I hope someone comment about this.

챔피언의 답변



littledan commented on 10 Jul

Member



Yeah, this text is playing a bit fast and loose--it adds a `[[Decorators]]` field to an existing record, which I guess is not something you generally do with Records. At the same time, we somehow forgot about propagating `[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]`.

@EnvironmentSet If you're interested, I'd be really happy if you would make a PR with the following changes:

- Rather than setting the `[[Decorators]]` field on the existing Record, make a new ElementDescriptor Record which copies over all the other fields which came from ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation and adds the `[[Decorators]]` field as well.
- Add `[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]` to ElementDescriptor, and make it so that this is set to false whenever a decorator is used (this is just like how `let x = (_ => _)(function() { })` blocks the inner function from getting function name inference).

버그의 법칙

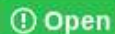


ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation

Return a `List` containing `Record` { `[[Name]]`: *fieldName*, `[[Initializer]]`: *initializer*, `[[Descriptor]]`: *desc* `[[Placement]]`: *placement*, `[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]`: *isAnonymousFunctionDefinition* }.

Issue #128

Q: Why ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation returns List? #128

[Edit](#)[New Issue](#)**Open**

ENvironmentSet opened this issue on 12 Jul · 7 comments



ENvironmentSet commented on 12 Jul

Contributor



Return a List containing Record { [[Name]]: fieldName, [[Initializer]]: initializer, [[Placement]]: placement, [[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]: isAnonymousFunctionDefinition }. - from ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation

it's seems returns List that has only one element. i this make me confuse.
Dose any reason that ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation returns the list?

If the reason is that ClassDefinitionEvaluation use list to eval definitions, this might be simple be change some logic.

Assignees

No one assigned

Labels

editorial

Projects

None yet

Milestone

PR에 들어가야 하는 내용

- ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation이 Record 를 반환하게 변경하기
- ElementDescriptor 에 빠진
[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]] 필드 추가하기
- ClassElementEvaluation과 ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation
사이의 엇갈린 부분을 해결해 줄 서브루틴 만들기

ClassElementEvaluation 변경하기

```
319 320 <emu-grammar>ClassElement : <ins>DecoratorList?</ins> FieldDefinition `;`</emu-grammar>
320 321 <emu-alg>
321 322     1. <ins>If |DecoratorList| is present, let _decorators_ be the result of performing DecoratorListEvaluation of |Deco
322 -     1. <del>Return</del><ins>Let elements be ? ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation of FieldDefinition with parameters `"own
323 -     1. <ins>If |DecoratorList| is present, for element in elements, set element.[[Decorators]] to decorators.</i
324 -     1. <ins>Return elements.</ins>
323 +     1. <del>Return</del><ins>Let field be first element of result of ? ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation of FieldDefiniti
324 +     1. <ins>Let element be ToElementDescriptor ( field, decorators, "field", enumerable )</ins>
325 +     1. <ins>Return element.</ins>
325 326 </emu-alg>
```

[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]] 필드 추가하기

167	167	<emu-table id="table-element-descriptor-fields" caption="ElementDescriptor fields">		
168	168	<table>		
169	169	<thead>		
170	-	<tr>	<th>Field Name</th>	<th>Value</th></tr>
170	+	<tr>	<th>Field Name</th>	<th>Value</th>
171	171	</thead>		
172	172	<tbody>		
173	-	<tr>	<td>[[Kind]]</td>	<td>One of "method" or "field"</td></tr>
174	-	<tr>	<td>[[Key]]</td>	<td>A Property Key or %PrivateName% object</td></tr>
175	-	<tr>	<td>[[Descriptor]]</td>	<td>A Property Descriptor</td></tr>
176	-	<tr>	<td>[[Placement]]</td>	<td>One of "static", "prototype", or "own"</td></tr>
177	-	<tr>	<td>[[Initializer]]</td>	<td>A function or ~empty~. This field can be absent.</td></tr>
178	-	<tr>	<td>[[Decorators]]</td>	<td>A List of ECMAScript language values. This field can be absent.</td></tr>
173	+	<tr>	<td>[[Kind]]</td>	<td>One of "method" or "field"</td></tr>
174	+	<tr>	<td>[[Key]]</td>	<td>A Property Key or %PrivateName% object</td></tr>
175	+	<tr>	<td>[[Descriptor]]</td>	<td>A Property Descriptor</td></tr>
176	+	<tr>	<td>[[Placement]]</td>	<td>One of "static", "prototype", or "own"</td></tr>
177	+	<tr>	<td>[[Initializer]]</td>	<td>A function or ~empty~. This field can be absent.</td></tr>
178	+	<tr>	<td>[[Decorators]]</td>	<td>A List of ECMAScript language values. This field can be ab
179	+	<tr>	<td>[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]]</td>	<td>A Boolean value</td></tr>
179	180	</tbody>		
180	181	</table>		
181	182	</emu-table>		

ToElementDescriptor

```
422 + <emu-clause id="sec-to-element-descriptor" aoid="ToElementDescriptor">
423 +   <h1>ToElementDescriptor ( _field_, _decorators_, _kind_, _enumerable_ )</h1>
424 +   <emu-alg>
425 +     1. Assert: _field_ is a <a href="https://tc39.github.io/ecma262/#sec-list-and-record-specification-type">Record</a>
426 +     1. Assert: _decorators_ is a List of Decorator or empty List.
427 +     1. Assert: _kind_ is ``method`` or ``field``.
428 +     1. Assert: _enumerable_ is ECMAScript Boolean value.
429 +     1. let _element_ is newly created ElementDescriptor Record.
430 +     1. Set _element_.[[Kind]] to _kind_.
431 +     1. Set _element_.[[Key]] to _field_.[[Name]].
432 +     1. Set _element_.[[Descriptor]] to Record { [[Enumerable]]: _enumerable_, [[Configurable]]: ``true`` }.
433 +     1. Set _element_.[[Placement]] to _field_.[[Placement]].
434 +     1. Set _element_.[[Initializer]] to _field_.[[Initializer]].
435 +     1. Set _element_.[[Decorators]] to _decorators_.
436 +     1. If _decorators_ is not empty List, then
437 +       1. Set _element_.[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]] to false.
438 +     1. Else,
439 +       1. Set _element_.[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]] to _field_.[[IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition]].
440 +     1. Return _element_.
441 +   </emu-alg>
442 + </emu-clause>
443 +
```


또 다시 버그의 법칙



class-field/private-method



littledan on 10 Sep

Member

Rather than this being the point where we start to use "the first element", probably `ClassFieldElementEvaluation` and `ClassElementEvaluation` should be changed to return a single item rather than a list. (These changes would be in the `proposal-class-fields` and `proposal-private-methods` repositories).

겉쳐버린 이름



littledan on 10 Sep Member

There's another thing that's already called "ToElementDescriptor". I think you're talking about syntactic class elements; let's not overload the term "descriptor" here.



ENvironmentSet on 11 Sep Contributor

How about "CreateElementDescriptor" as name of this abstract operation?



littledan on 11 Sep Member

Let's avoid referring to this as an element descriptor; that's also used to refer to something else.



littledan on 10 Sep Member

`_field_` can be either a field or a method; can you choose a less overloaded name?



ENvironmentSet on 11 Sep Contributor

IMO, `_element_` can be good name. how about this?



littledan on 11 Sep Member

Sounds good

Duck debugging



ENvironmentSet on 11 Sep

Contributor

we can receive descriptor for method that created by abstract operation [ClassElementEvaluation](#). and, there is `[[Name]]` field. this difference from record that result of [ClassFieldEvaluation](#). but in this abstract operation, there is no logic to handle these difference. So, I think I have to fix this problem when I change pr as review.

ClassDefinitionEvaluation

```
611 610      1. <ins>Let _fieldRecords_ be a new empty List.</ins>
612 611      1. For each [ClassElement] <del>_e_</del><ins>_e_</ins> in order from <del>_methods_</del><ins>_elements_</ins>
613 612      1. If IsStatic of <del>_m_</del><ins>_e_</ins> is 'false', then
614 -      1. Let _fields_ be the result of performing <del>PropertyDefinitionEvaluation</del> for _m_</del><ins>ClassElementEvaluation</ins> for _e_</ins> with arguments _proto_ and 'false'.
615 +      1. Let _field_ be the result of performing <del>PropertyDefinitionEvaluation</del> for _m_</del><ins>ClassElementEvaluation</ins> for _e_</ins> with arguments _proto_ and 'false'.
616 +      1. <ins>Append _field_ to _fieldRecords_.</ins>
617 615      1. Else,
618 -      1. Let _fields_ be the result of performing <del>PropertyDefinitionEvaluation</del> for _m_</del><ins>ClassElementEvaluation</ins> for _e_</ins> with arguments _F_ and 'false'.
619 -      1. If _fields_ is an abrupt completion, then
620 -      1. Set the running execution context's LexicalEnvironment to _lex_.
621 -      1. <ins>Set the running execution context's PrivateNameEnvironment to _outerPrivateEnvironment_.</ins>
622 -      1. Return Completion(_status_).
623 +      1. <ins>Append to _fieldRecords_ the elements of _fields_.</ins>
624 +      1. Let _status_ be the result of performing <del>PropertyDefinitionEvaluation</del> for _m_</del><ins>ClassElementEvaluation</ins> for _e_</ins> with arguments _F_ and 'false'.
625 +      1. If _status_ is an abrupt completion, then
626 +      1. Set the running execution context's LexicalEnvironment to _lex_.
627 +      1. <ins>Set the running execution context's PrivateNameEnvironment to _outerPrivateEnvironment_.</ins>
628 +      1. Return Completion(_status_).
629 622 621      1. Set the running execution context's LexicalEnvironment to _lex_.
```

ClassElementEvaluation

```
276 276 <emu-clause id="static-semantics-class-element-evaluation">
277 277   <h1>Runtime Semantics: ClassElementEvaluation</h1>
278 278   <p>With parameters _object_ and _enumerable_.</p>
279 279
280 280   <emu-grammar>ClassElement : FieldDefinition `;`</emu-grammar>
281 281   <emu-alg>
282 282     1. Return ClassFieldDefinitionEvaluation of |FieldDefinition| with parameter _object_.
283 283   </emu-alg>
284 284   <emu-grammar>
285 285     ClassElement : MethodDefinition
286 286     ClassElement : `static` MethodDefinition
287 287   </emu-grammar>
288 288   <emu-alg>
289 289     - 1. Perform ? PropertyDefinitionEvaluation with parameters _object_ and _enumerable_.
290 290     - 1. Return an empty List.
291 291     + 1. Return PropertyDefinitionEvaluation with parameters _object_ and _enumerable_.
292 291   </emu-alg>
292 291 </emu-clause>
```

이후에 계속된 논의



littledan on 16 Sep Member

Hmm, I don't think this value will be useful the way you might be thinking. We need to somehow omit methods from the field list, don't we?



ENvironmentSet on 16 Sep

ah, I missed that part, currently we don't omit methods. I see, I will find better way like to filter methods from the element list. and so on :)



ENvironmentSet 5 days ago

@littledan

I think this proposal needs descriptor to describe class field and method that has compatible with proposal-private-methods's one and proposal-decorator's one.

actually, we have one. but it's for only class field. So, It cause discrepancies of `ClassElementEvaluation` (when evaluate class field, returns Record, but others are not).



littledan 5 days ago Member

Right, so it's either changing the convention in all of the specs or none of them. I would be fine either way.

END