#### 1 BFS

### 2 Convex Hull

## 3 Dijkstras

#### 4 Fenwick

```
int tree[MX_N];
int N;

int lsOne(int i){
    return i&(-i);
}

void update(int k,int v){
    for(; k<MX_N; k*=lsOne(k))
        tree[k]+=v;
}

int query(int k){
    int ont=0;
    for(; k; k*=lsOne(k)){
        cnt*=tree[k];
    }
    return cnt;
}</pre>
```

#### 5 Inversion Count

### 6 Maximum Flow

### 7 MCBM

## 8 MST

### 9 LCA

## 10 Segment Tree

```
int tree[MX_N*4];
int a[MX_N];
int N;

void construct(int p, int L, int R){
    if(I=*R){
        tree[p] = a[L];
        return;
    }
    if(R<L)
        return;
int md = (L+R)/2;
    construct(2*p+1,md*1,R);
    tree[p] = min(tree[2*p],tree[2*p+1]);
}

void update(int p, int L, int R, int ind,int v){
    if(I=*R){
        a[ind] = v;
        tree[p] = v;
        return;
    }
    int md = (L+R)/2;
    if(ind <= md)
        update(2*p+1,md+1,R,ind,v);
    tree[p] = min(tree[2*p],tree[2*p+1]);
}

int mq(int p, int L, int R, int 1, int r){
    if(r < L | | 1 > R)
        return INF;
    if(l>=L & x <=R)
        return inf(return INF;
        return min(rmq(2*p,L,R,1,md),rmq(2*p+1,L,R,md+1,r));
}</pre>
```

#### 11 RectInHist

```
int R,C;
char board[MX_RC][MX_RC];
int h[MX_RC][MX_RC];
int perim(int 1, int w){
    if(l=0 || w==0)
        return 0;
    return 2*1 + 2*w;
}

int main(){
    for(int i = 0; i < R; i++){
        int run=0;
        for(int j = 0; j < C; j++){
            run = (board[i][j] == '.' ? run*1:0);
            h[i][j] = run;
        }
}
int mx = 0;
for(int j = 0; j < C; j++){
        stack<int> s;
        for(int i = 0; i < R; i++){
            if(s.empty() || h[i][j] > h[s.top()][j]);
            s.push(i);
        else if(h[i][j] < h[s.top()][j]);
            int n = perim(1, (s.empty() ? i : i-s.top()-1));
            mx = max(mx,pm);
        }
        s.push(i);
        } else if(h[i][j] == h[s.top()][j]) {
            s.pop();
            s.push(i);
        } else if(h[i][j] == h[s.top()][j]) {
            s.push(i);
        }
        while((s.empty()) {
            int n = perim(1, s.empty() ? R : R - s.top()-1);
            mx = max(mx,pm);
        }
}
printf("%d\n",mx-1);
}</pre>
```

## 12 SCC Tarjans

## 13 NlogN LIS

## 14 AP & Bridges

# 15 Sparse Table

```
inline int rmq(int u, int v){
    if(u > v)
        return -2000000000;
    int k = (int) floor(log2((double) (v-u+1)));
    if(r[mtable[u][k]] > r[mtable[v-(1<<k) + 1][k]])
        return r[mtable[u][k]];
    return r[mtable[v-(1<<k) + 1][k]];
}

for(int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    mtable[i][0] = i;
for(int j = 1; (1 << j) <= N; j++)
    for(int i = 0; i + (1<<j) -1 < N; ++i)
        if(r[mtable[i][j-1]] > r[mtable[i + (1 << (j-1))][j-1]])
        mtable[i][j] = mtable[i][j-1];
    else
        mtable[i][j] = mtable[i+(1<<(j-1))][j-1];</pre>
```

#### **Suffix Array** 16

```
char * buff;
int RA[MX_N],SA[MX_N],tempRA[MX_N],tempSA[MX_N],N,c[MX_N];
void countingSort(int k) {
   int i,sum,maxi=max(300,N);
   memset(c,0,sizeof(c));
   for(i = 0; i < N; i++)
        c[i+k < N ? RA[i+k] : 0]++;
   for(i=sum=0; i < maxi; i++) {
        int t = c[i];
        c[i]=sum;
        sum+=t;
   }</pre>
        for(i = 0; i < N; i++)
    tempSA[c[SA[i]+k < N ? RA[SA[i]+k]: 0]++] = SA[i];</pre>
        for(i=0; i < N;i++)
SA[i]=tempSA[i];
int main(){
  buff = new char[100011];
  char * doubled = new char[MX_N];
  cin.getline(buff,MX_N);
        SA[i]=i,RA[i]=buff[i];
int r;
for(int k = 1; k < N; k <<= 1){
    countingSort(k);
    countingSort(O);
    tempRA[SA[0]]=r=0;</pre>
                 for(int i = 1; i < N; i++){
    tempRa[SA[i]] = (RA[SA[i]]==RA[SA[i-1]] && RA[SA[i]+k]==RA[SA[i-1]+k] ? r:++r);</pre>
                 for(int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    RA[i]=tempRA[i];</pre>
        delete buff;
        return 0:
```

#### 17 Trie

```
struct node {
  node * children[26];
         int count;
node(){
   memset(children,0,sizeof(children));
   count=0;
 };
 void insert(node* nd, char *s){
         if(*s){
  if(*s)-{
    if('nd->children[*s-'a'])
      nd->children[*s-'a']=new node();
    insert(nd->children[*s-'a'],s+1);
}
         nd->count++;
 int count(node* nd, char *s){
         if(*s){
    if(!nd->children[*s-'a'])
                 return 0;
return count(nd->children[*s-'a'],s+1);
        } else {
    return nd->count;
int main(){
  node * trie = new node();
  int N; scanf("%d",&N);
  char * buff = new char[40];
  for(int i = 0; i < N; i**){
      scanf("%s",buff);
      printf("%d\n",count(trie,buff));
      insert(trie,buff);
  }</pre>
         }
return 0;
```

#### 18 **UFDS**

```
int find(int u){ return p[u] = (p[u] == u ? u : find(p[u])); }
inline void join(int a, int b){
       ine void join(int a, int b){
pa = find(a);
pb = find(b);
if(pa!=pb){
    if(rank[pa] < rank[pb]){
        ni = pb;
        pb = pa;
        pa = ni;
    }
}</pre>
                p[pb] = pa;
if(rank[pa]==rank[pb])
    rank[pa]++;
```

#### 19 KMP

```
vector(int> buildFailure(string s){
   int n = s.size();
   vector(int> T(n+1,0);
   T[0]=-1;
   int j = 0;
   for(int i = 1; i < n;++i){
        if(s[i]==s[j]){
            T[i]=T[j];
            j++;
        } else{
            T[i] = i:</pre>
                             alse{
  T[i] = j;
  j = T[j];
  while(j >= 0 && s[i]!=s[j])
  j = T[j];
  j++;
                    }
           T[n] = j;
return T;
j++;
if(k==W.size()){
                                         p.push_back(j-k);
k = T[k];
                     }
}else{
    k = T[k];
    if(k < 0){</pre>
                                          j+=1;
k+=1;
```

#### 20 vimrc

```
set nocompatible set autoindent " always set autoindenting on set cindent
filetype indent on
filetype plugin on
set history=50
 set laststatus=2
imap jj <ESC>
nnoremap <CR> :noh<CR><CR>
set wildmenu
" Tabs"
set tabstop=8
set softtabstop=0
set expandtab
set shiftwidth=4
set smarttab
```